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(54) **COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS RELATED TO PROTEIN A (SPA) ANTIBODIES AS AN ENHANCER OF IMMUNE RESPONSE**

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None
See application file for complete search history.

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(57) **ABSTRACT**

The present invention concerns methods and compositions for treating or preventing a bacterial infection, particularly infection by a *Staphylococcus* bacterium. The invention provides methods and compositions for stimulating an immune response against the bacteria. In certain embodiments, the methods and compositions involve a non-toxicigenic Protein A (SpA) variant or an antibody directed thereto.

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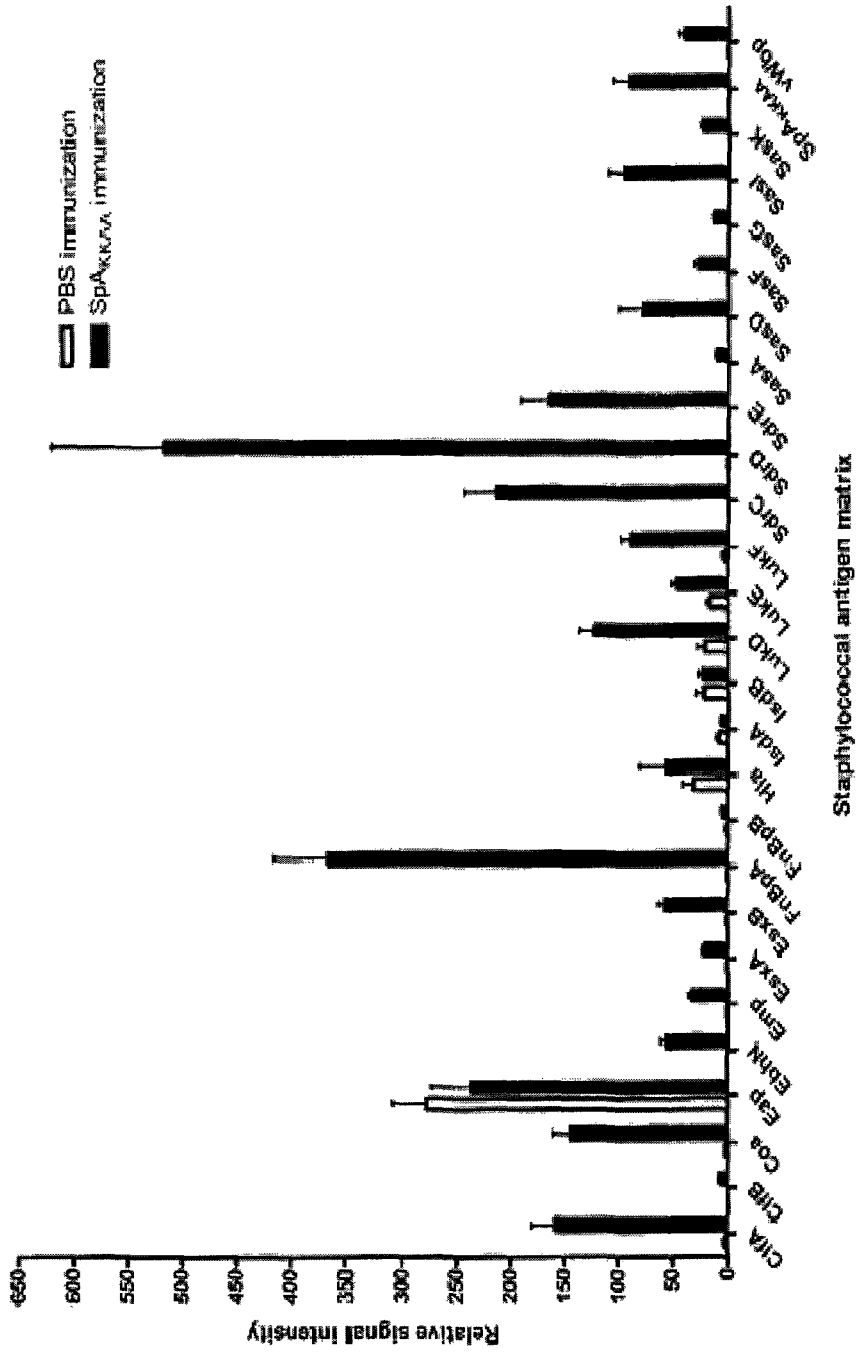
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COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS RELATED TO PROTEIN A (SPA) ANTIBODIES AS AN ENHANCER OF IMMUNE RESPONSE

This application is a national phase application under 35 U.S.C. §371 of International Application No. PCT/US2011/031213 filed Apr. 5, 2011, which claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Ser. No. 61/321,050 filed Apr. 5, 2010, both of which are incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

This invention was made with government support under AI057153, AI75258, AI052474, and GM007281 awarded by the National Institutes of Health. The United States government has certain rights in the invention.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

I. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates generally to the fields of immunology, microbiology, and pathology. More particularly, it concerns methods and compositions for enhancing an immune response against a bacterial antigen.

II. Background

The number of both community acquired and hospital acquired infections have increased over recent years with the increased use of intravascular devices. Hospital acquired (nosocomial) infections are a major cause of morbidity and mortality, more particularly in the United States, where it affects more than 2 million patients annually. The most frequent infections are urinary tract infections (33% of the infections), followed by pneumonia (15.5%), surgical site infections (14.8%) and primary bloodstream infections (13%) (Emorl and Gaynes, 1993).

The major nosocomial pathogens include *Staphylococcus aureus*, coagulase-negative Staphylococci (mostly *Staphylococcus epidermidis*), *enterococcus* spp., *Escherichia coli* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. Although these pathogens cause approximately the same number of infections, the severity of the disorders they can produce combined with the frequency of antibiotic resistant isolates balance this ranking towards *S. aureus* and *S. epidermidis* as being the most significant nosocomial pathogens.

Staphylococci can cause a wide variety of diseases in humans and other animals through either toxin production or invasion. Staphylococcal toxins are also a common cause of food poisoning, as the bacteria can grow in improperly-stored food.

Staphylococcus epidermidis is a normal skin commensal, which is also an important opportunistic pathogen responsible for infections of impaired medical devices and infections at sites of surgery. Medical devices infected by *S. epidermidis* include cardiac pacemakers, cerebrospinal fluid shunts, continuous ambulatory peritoneal dialysis catheters, orthopedic devices and prosthetic heart valves.

Staphylococcus aureus is the most common cause of nosocomial infections with a significant morbidity and mortality. It is the cause of some cases of osteomyelitis, endocarditis, septic arthritis, pneumonia, abscesses, and toxic shock syndrome. *S. aureus* can survive on dry surfaces, increasing the chance of transmission. Any *S. aureus* infection can cause the staphylococcal scalded skin syndrome, a cutaneous reaction to exotoxin absorbed into the bloodstream. It can also cause a type of septicemia called pyaemia that can be life-threatening. Problematically, Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) has become a major cause of hospital-acquired infections.

S. aureus and *S. epidermidis* infections are typically treated with antibiotics, with penicillin being the drug of choice, whereas vancomycin is used for methicillin resistant isolates. The percentage of staphylococcal strains exhibiting wide-spectrum resistance to antibiotics has become increasingly prevalent, posing a threat for effective antimicrobial therapy. In addition, the recent emergence of vancomycin resistant *S. aureus* strain has aroused fear that MRSA strains are emerging and spreading for which no effective therapy is available.

An alternative to antibiotic treatment for staphylococcal infections is under investigation that uses antibodies directed against staphylococcal antigens. This therapy involves administration of polyclonal antisera (WO00/15238, WO00/12132) or treatment with monoclonal antibodies against lipoteichoic acid (WO98/57994).

An alternative approach would be the use of active vaccination to generate an immune response against staphylococci. The *S. aureus* genome has been sequenced and many of the coding sequences have been identified (WO02/094868, EP0786519), which can lead to the identification of potential antigens. The same is true for *S. epidermidis* (WO01/34809). As a refinement of this approach, others have identified proteins that are recognized by hyperimmune sera from patients who have suffered staphylococcal infection (WO01/98499, WO02/059148).

S. aureus secretes a plethora of virulence factors into the extracellular milieu (Archer, 1998; Dinges et al., 2000; Foster, 2005; Shaw et al., 2004; Sibbald et al., 2006). Like most secreted proteins, these virulence factors are translocated by the Sec machinery across the plasma membrane. Proteins secreted by the Sec machinery bear an N-terminal leader peptide that is removed by leader peptidase once the pre-protein is engaged in the Sec translocon (Dalbey and Wickner, 1985; van Wely et al., 2001). Recent genome analysis suggests that Actinobacteria and members of the Firmicutes encode an additional secretion system that recognizes a subset of proteins in a Sec-independent manner (Pallen, 2002). ESAT-6 (early secreted antigen target 6 kDa) and CFP-10 (culture filtrate antigen 10 kDa) of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* represent the first substrates of this novel secretion system termed ESX-1 or 5 nm in *M. tuberculosis* (Andersen et al., 1995; Hsu et al., 2003; Pym et al., 2003; Stanley et al., 2003). In *S. aureus*, two ESAT-6 like factors designated EsxA and EsxB are secreted by the Ess pathway (ESAT-6 secretion system) (Burts et al., 2005).

The first generation of vaccines targeted against *S. aureus* or against the exoproteins it produces have met with limited success (Lee, 1996). There remains a need to develop effective vaccines against staphylococcal infections. Additional compositions for treating staphylococcal infections are also needed.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Protein A (SpA) (SEQ ID NO:33), a cell wall anchored surface protein of *Staphylococcus aureus*, provides for bacterial evasion from innate and adaptive immune responses. Protein A binds immunoglobulins at their Fc portion, interacts with the VH3 domain of B cell receptors inappropriately stimulating B cell proliferation and apoptosis, binds to von Willebrand factor A1 domains to activate intracellular clotting, and also binds to the TNF Receptor-1 to contribute to the pathogenesis of staphylococcal pneumonia. Due to the fact that Protein A captures immunoglobulin and displays toxic attributes, the possibility that this surface molecule may function as a vaccine in humans has not been rigorously pursued.

Here the inventors demonstrate that antibodies specific for Protein A stimulate or enhance an immune response to other bacterial antigens.

Embodiments include the use of antibodies that specifically bind Protein A and peptides that elicit such antibodies in methods and compositions for the treatment, attenuation, or prevention of bacterial and/or staphylococcal infection and/or pathological conditions resulting from such an infection. Furthermore, the present invention provides methods and compositions that can be used to treat (e.g., limiting staphylococcal abscess formation and/or persistence in a subject), attenuate, or prevent bacterial infection or pathological conditions resulting from such infection.

In certain aspects, methods for stimulating or enhancing an immune response involve administering to the subject an effective amount of an isolated protein A (SpA) specific antibody and a bacterial antigen. The bacterial antigen or immunogenic fragment can be administered before, after, and/or concurrently with the protein A specific antibody. The bacterial antigen or immunogenic fragment and the Protein A specific antibody can be administered in the same or a separate composition.

In a further aspect, the methods include stimulating or enhancing an immune response involving administering an SpA polypeptide variant prior to or after the administration of one or more bacterial antigens. The SpA polypeptide variant can be administered 12, 24, 48, 72 hours, or 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 days before or after administration of one or more bacterial antigen. In certain aspects, a subject administered a SpA polypeptide variant can be evaluated for production of SpA specific antibodies prior to administration of one or more bacterial antigens or bacteria. In certain embodiments a SpA polypeptide variant can be administered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or more times prior to or after administration of one or more bacterial antigen or bacteria. In certain embodiments the SpA variant is a full length SpA variant comprising a variant A, B, C, D, and/or E domain. In certain aspects, the SpA variant comprises or consists of the amino acid sequence that is 80, 90, 95, 98, 99, or 100% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:34. In other embodiments the SpA variant comprises a segment of SpA. The SpA segment can comprise at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or more IgG binding domains. The IgG domains can be at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or more variant A, B, C, D, or E domains. In certain aspects the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant A domains. In a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant B domains. In still a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant C domains. In yet a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant D domains. In certain aspects the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant E domains. In a further aspect the SpA variant comprises a combination of A, B, C, D, and E domains in various combinations and permutations. The combinations can include all or part of a SpA signal peptide segment, a SpA region X segment, and/or a SpA sorting signal segment. In other aspects the SpA variant does not include a SpA signal peptide segment, a SpA region X segment, and/or a SpA sorting signal segment. In certain aspects a variant A domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:4. In another aspect a variant B domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:6. In still another aspect a variant C domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:5. In certain aspects a variant D domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 9, 10, 36, and/or 37 of

SEQ ID NO:2. In a further aspect a variant E domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 6, 7, 33, and/or 34 of SEQ ID NO:3. In certain aspects, an SpA domain D variant or its equivalent can comprise a mutation at position 9 and 36; 9 and 37; 9 and 10; 36 and 37; and 36; 10 and 37; 9, 36, and 37; 10, 36, and 37, 9, 10 and 36; or 9, 10 and 37 of SEQ ID NO:2. In a further aspect, analogous mutations can be included in one or more of domains A, B, C, or E. In further aspects, the amino acid glutamine (Q) at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or its analogous amino acid in other SpA domains) can be replaced with an alanine (A), an asparagine (N), an aspartic acid (D), a cysteine (C), a glutamic acid (E), a phenylalanine (F), a glycine (G), a histidine (H), an isoleucine (I), a lysine (K), a leucine (L), a methionine (M), a proline (P), a serine (S), a threonine (T), a valine (V), a tryptophane (W), or a tyrosine (Y). In some aspects the glutamine at position 9 can be substituted with an arginine (R). In a further aspect, the glutamine at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2, or its equivalent, can be substituted with a lysine or a glycine. Any 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more of the substitutions can be explicitly excluded. In another aspect, the amino acid glutamine (Q) at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or its analogous amino acid in other SpA domains) can be replaced with an alanine (A), an asparagine (N), an aspartic acid (D), a cysteine (C), a glutamic acid (E), a phenylalanine (F), a glycine (G), a histidine (H), an isoleucine (I), a lysine (K), a leucine (L), a methionine (M), a proline (P), a serine (S), a threonine (T), a valine (V), a tryptophane (W), or a tyrosine (Y). In some aspects the glutamine at position 10 can be substituted with an arginine (R). In a further aspect, the glutamine at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2, or its equivalent, can be substituted with a lysine or a glycine. Any 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more of the substitutions can be explicitly excluded. In certain aspects, the aspartic acid (D) at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or its analogous amino acid in other SpA domains) can be replaced with an alanine (A), an asparagine (N), an arginine (R), a cysteine (C), a phenylalanine (F), a glycine (G), a histidine (H), an isoleucine (I), a lysine (K), a leucine (L), a methionine (M), a proline (P), a glutamine (Q), a serine (S), a threonine (T), a valine (V), a tryptophane (W), or a tyrosine (Y). In some aspects the aspartic acid at position 36 can be substituted with a glutamic acid (E). In certain aspects, an aspartic acid at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2, or its equivalent, can be substituted with an alanine or a serine. Any 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more of the substitutions can be explicitly excluded. In another aspect, the aspartic acid (D) at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or its analogous amino acid in other SpA domains) can be replaced with an alanine (A), an asparagine (N), an arginine (R), a cysteine (C), a phenylalanine (F), a glycine (G), a histidine (H), an isoleucine (I), a lysine (K), a leucine (L), a methionine (M), a proline (P), a glutamine (Q), a serine (S), a threonine (T), a valine (V), a tryptophane (W), or a tyrosine (Y). In some aspects the aspartic acid at position 37 can be substituted with a glutamic acid (E). In certain aspects, an aspartic acid at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2, or its equivalent, can be substituted with an alanine or a serine. Any 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more of the substitutions can be explicitly excluded. In a particular embodiment the amino at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or an analogous amino acid in another SpA domain) is replaced by an alanine (A), a glycine (G), an isoleucine (I), a leucine (L), a proline (P), a serine (S), or a valine (V). In certain aspects the amino acid at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a glycine. In a further aspect the amino acid at position 9 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a lysine. In a particular embodiment the amino at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or an analogous amino acid in another SpA domain) is replaced by an alanine (A), a glycine (G), an

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isoleucine (I), a leucine (L), a proline (P), a serine (S), or a valine (V). In certain aspects the amino acid at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a glycine. In a further aspect the amino acid at position 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a lysine. In a particular embodiment the amino acid at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or an analogous amino acid in another SpA domain) is replaced by an alanine (A), a glycine (G), an isoleucine (I), a leucine (L), a proline (P), a serine (S), or a valine (V). In certain aspects the amino acid at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a serine. In a further aspect the amino acid at position 36 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by an alanine. In a particular embodiment the amino acid at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or an analogous amino acid in another SpA domain) is replaced by an alanine (A), a glycine (G), an isoleucine (I), a leucine (L), a proline (P), a serine (S), or a valine (V). In certain aspects the amino acid at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by a serine. In a further aspect the amino acid at position 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 is replaced by an alanine. In certain aspects the SpA variant includes a substitution of (a) one or more amino acid substitution in an IgG Fc binding sub-domain of SpA domain A, B, C, D, and/or E that disrupts or decreases binding to IgG Fc, and (b) one or more amino acid substitution in a V_H3 binding sub-domain of SpA domain A, B, C, D, and/or E that disrupts or decreases binding to V_H3 . In still further aspects the amino acid sequence of a SpA variant comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, or 100% identical, including all values and ranges there between, to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs:2-6. In a further aspect the SpA variant includes (a) one or more amino acid substitution in an IgG Fc binding sub-domain of SpA domain D, or at a corresponding amino acid position in other IgG domains, that disrupts or decreases binding to IgG Fc, and (b) one or more amino acid substitution in a V_H3 binding sub-domain of SpA domain D, or at a corresponding amino acid position in other IgG domains, that disrupts or decreases binding to V_H3 . In certain aspects amino acid residue F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31, and/or K35 (SEQ ID NO:2, QQNNFNKDDQSAFYEILNMPNLNEAQRNG-FIQSLKDDPSQSTNVLGEAKKLNES) of the IgG Fc binding sub-domain of domain D are modified or substituted. In certain aspects amino acid residue Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, and/or E47 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the V_H3 binding sub-domain of domain D are modified or substituted such that binding to Fc or V_H3 is attenuated. In further aspects corresponding modifications or substitutions can be engineered in corresponding positions of the domain A, B, C, and/or E. Corresponding positions are defined by alignment of the domain D amino acid sequence with one or more of the amino acid sequences from other IgG binding domains of SpA. In certain aspects the amino acid substitution can be any of the other 20 amino acids. In a further aspect conservative amino acid substitutions can be specifically excluded from possible amino acid substitutions. In other aspects only non-conservative substitutions are included. In any event, any substitution or combination of substitutions that reduces the binding of the domain such that SpA toxicity is significantly reduced is contemplated. The significance of the reduction in binding refers to a variant that produces minimal to no toxicity when introduced into a subject and can be assessed using in vitro methods described herein. In certain embodiments, a variant SpA comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more variant SpA domain D peptides. In certain aspects 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, or 19 or more amino acid residues of the variant SpA are substituted or modified—including but not limited to amino acids F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31, and/or K35

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(SEQ ID NO:2) of the IgG Fc binding sub-domain of domain D and amino acid residue Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, and/or E47 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the V_H3 binding sub-domain of domain D. In one aspect of the invention glutamine residues at position 9 and/or 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or corresponding positions in other domains) are mutated. In another aspect, aspartic acid residues 36 and/or 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or corresponding positions in other domains) are mutated. In a further aspect, glutamine 9 and 10, and aspartic acid residues 36 and 37 are mutated. Purified non-toxicogenic SpA or SpA-D mutants/variants described herein are no longer able to significantly bind (i.e., demonstrate attenuated or disrupted binding affinity) Fcγ or F(ab)₂ V_H3 and also do not stimulate B cell apoptosis. These non-toxicogenic Protein A variants can be used to enhance or stimulate an immune response against a bacterial antigen, thereby raising humoral immune responses that confer protective immunity against *S. aureus* challenge. Compared to wild-type full-length Protein A or the wild-type SpA-domain D, immunization with SpA-D variants resulted in an increase in Protein A specific antibody. Using a mouse model of staphylococcal challenge and abscess formation, it was observed that immunization with the non-toxicogenic Protein A variants generated significant protection from staphylococcal infection and abscess formation. As virtually all *S. aureus* strains express Protein A, immunization of humans with the non-toxicogenic Protein A variants can neutralize this virulence factor and thereby establish protective immunity. In certain aspects the protective immunity protects or ameliorates infection by drug resistant strains of *Staphylococcus*, such as USA300 and other MRSA strains. In certain embodiments 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 10 or more SpA variants can be specifically excluded from the claimed invention.

Bacterial antigens include, but are not limited to (i) a secreted virulence factor, and/or a cell surface protein or peptide, or (ii) a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a secreted virulence factor, and/or a cell surface protein or peptide. The bacterial antigen can include one or more of at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, or 19 additional staphylococcal antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, including, but not limited to FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD (GI:2765304), LukE (GI:2765303), LukF (GI:12231006), SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh, 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa (GenBank CAC80837), Aap (GenBank accession AJ249487), Ant (GenBank accession NP_372518), autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (EbpS), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnbA, FnbB, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor, Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg2+ transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/Fig (WO 00/12689), SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein (see PCT publications WO2007/113222, WO2007/113223, WO2006/032472, WO2006/032475, WO2006/032500, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in their entirety). In certain aspects, the bacterial antigen is a staphylococcal antigen.

The staphylococcal antigen can be selected from the group consisting of: FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh and immunogenic fragments thereof. In certain aspects the bacterial antigens include one or more of sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid (SEQ ID NO:155) polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof (see PCT publication WO/2010/119343, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety).

In certain embodiments, the claimed invention specifically excludes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 or more of FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD (GI:2765304), LukE (GI:2765303), LukF (GI:12231006), SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh, 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa (GenBank CAC80837), Aap (GenBank accession AJ249487), Ant (GenBank accession NP_372518), autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (Ebps), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnbA, FnbB, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor, Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg²⁺ transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/Fig (WO 00/12689), SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein (see PCT publications WO2007/113222, WO2007/113223, WO2006/032472, WO2006/032475, WO2006/032500, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in their entirety). In certain aspects, the bacterial antigen is a staphylococcal antigen. The staphylococcal antigen can be selected from the group consisting of: FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh and immunogenic fragments thereof. In certain aspects the bacterial antigens include one or more of sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048,

sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

Certain embodiments are directed to an immunogenic composition comprising an isolated Protein A (SpA) specific antibody and a bacterial antigen, wherein the Protein A specific antibody enhances an immune response to the bacterial antigen. In certain aspects, the antibody is a polyclonal antibody, a monoclonal antibody, or an antibody fragment. In still further aspects, the bacterial antigen is comprised in or on a bacteria. The bacteria can be an attenuated bacteria, in particular an attenuated staphylococcal bacteria.

In certain embodiments a subject is administered an SpA polypeptide variant (before or after administering one or more bacterial antigens) or administered a protein A specific antibody in combination with one or more bacterial antigens selected from: FnBpA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, FnBpB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, LukD antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, LukE antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, LukF antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasD antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasG antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasI antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasK antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SpA (and variants thereof) antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Eap antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Ebh antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Emp antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, EsaB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, EsaC antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, EsxA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, EsxB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SdrC antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SdrD antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SdrE antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, IsdA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, IsdB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, ClfA antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, ClfB antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Coa antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants) antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, IsdC antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, SasF antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, vWbp antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, vWh antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta001 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta002 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta003 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta004 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta005 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta006 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta007 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta008 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta009 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta010 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta011 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta012 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta013 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta014 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta015 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta016 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta017 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta018 antigen or immunogenic fragment thereof, sta019 antigen or immunogenic fragment

sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

In other aspects, a subject is administered an SpA polypeptide variant (before or after one or more bacterial antigens) or administered a protein A antibody (before, concurrently or after one or more bacterial antigens) in combination with SasF and 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, or more bacterial antigens selected from FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh, sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

In other aspects, a subject is administered an SpA polypeptide variant (before or after one or more bacterial antigens) or administered a protein A antibody (before, concurrently or after one or more bacterial antigens) in combination with vWbp and 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, or more bacterial antigens selected from FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWh, sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

In other aspects, a subject is administered an SpA polypeptide variant (before or after one or more bacterial antigens) or administered a protein A antibody (before, concurrently or after one or more bacterial antigens) in combination with vWh and 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, or more bacterial antigens selected from FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

Certain embodiments are directed to the above listed antibody and bacterial antigen combinations comprised in a vaccine composition having a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.

Further embodiments include methods of making a vaccine comprising the steps of mixing antibody and antigens to make the compositions described herein.

Still further embodiments include methods of preventing or treating staphylococcal infection comprising the step of administering the vaccine as described herein to a patient in need thereof.

Certain embodiments are directed to use of the compositions described herein in the treatment or prevention of bacterial or staphylococcal infection. Certain embodiments are directed to use of the compositions described herein in the treatment or prevention of pathological conditions resulting from bacterial or staphylococcal infection.

A further embodiment includes methods for treating a bacterial infection in a subject comprising providing to a subject having, suspected of having or at risk of developing a bacterial infection effective amounts of an isolated Protein A (SpA) specific antibody and one or more bacterial antigens. In certain aspects, the one or more bacterial antigens are comprised in or on a bacteria, or are isolated recombinant polypeptides or peptides. In a further aspect the bacteria comprising the antigens is an attenuated bacteria, in a particular aspect the attenuated bacteria is a staphylococcal bacteria. In certain aspects the subject is diagnosed with a staphylococcal infection. In various aspects described above, the bacterial antigen is a staphylococcal antigen. The staphylococcal antigen can be selected from the group consisting of: FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh and immunogenic fragments thereof.

The methods further include steps wherein two or more bacterial antigens are provided to the subject. In certain aspects the Protein A (SpA) specific antibody is provided before, after, and/or concurrently with the bacterial antigen. In certain aspects, the Protein A (SpA) specific antibody and

the one or more bacterial antigens are provided in the same composition. In a further aspect, the subject is a mammal, particularly human.

Embodiments include methods for enhancing an immune response against a bacterium in a subject. In certain aspects the methods include providing to the subject effective amounts of an isolated Protein A (SpA) specific antibody and one or more antigens from the bacterium. In a further aspect the methods include pre-immunization with an SpA polypeptide variant followed by administration of one or more antigens from the bacterium. Still further aspects include administration of an SpA polypeptide variant after administration of one or more antigens from the bacterium. In certain aspects, one or more bacterial antigens are comprised in or on or produced by a bacteria, or are isolated recombinant polypeptides or peptides. In a further aspect the bacteria comprising the antigens is an attenuated bacteria, in a particular aspect the attenuated bacteria is a staphylococcal bacteria. In certain aspects the subject is diagnosed with a staphylococcal infection. In various aspects described above, the bacterial antigen is a staphylococcal antigen. The staphylococcal antigen can be selected from the group consisting of: FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh and immunogenic fragments thereof. In certain aspects the *staphylococcus* bacterium is a *S. aureus* bacterium. In a further aspect, the *staphylococcus* bacterium is resistant to one or more treatments, such as methicillin resistant. In certain aspects the composition is administered more than one time to the subject.

In certain aspects, a bacterium delivering a composition of the invention will be limited or attenuated with respect to prolonged or persistent growth or abscess formation. In yet a further aspect, bacterial antigens can be overexpressed in an attenuated bacterium to further enhance or supplement an immune response or vaccine formulation.

The term "FnBpA protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type FnBpA polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria FnBpA proteins.

The term "FnBpB protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type FnBpB polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria FnBpB proteins.

The term "LukD protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type LukD polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria LukD proteins.

The term "LukE protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type LukE polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria LukE proteins.

The term "LukF protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type LukF polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria LukF proteins.

The term "SasA protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SasA polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SasA proteins.

The term "SasD protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SasD polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SasD proteins.

The term "SasG protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SasG polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SasG proteins.

The term "SasI protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SasI polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SasI proteins.

The term "SasK protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SasK polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SasK proteins.

The term "EsxA protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type EsxA polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria EsxA proteins.

The term "EsxB protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type EsxB polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria EsxB proteins.

The term "SdrD protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SdrD polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SdrD proteins.

The term "SdrE protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SdrE polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SdrE proteins.

The term "IsdA protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type IsdA polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria IsdA proteins.

The term "IsdB protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type IsdB polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria IsdB proteins.

The term "Eap protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type Eap polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria Eap proteins.

The term "Ebh protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type Ebh polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria Ebh proteins.

The term "Emp protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type Emp polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria Emp proteins.

The term "EsaB protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type EsaB polypeptides from *staphylococcus*

bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria EsaB proteins.

The term "EsaC protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type EsaC polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria EsaC proteins.

The term "SdrC protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SdrC polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SdrC proteins.

The term "ClfA protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type ClfA polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria ClfA proteins.

The term "ClfB protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type ClfB polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria ClfB proteins.

The term "Coa protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type Coa polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria Coa proteins.

The term "Hla protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type Hla polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria Hla proteins.

The term "IsdC protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type IsdC polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria IsdC proteins.

The term "SasF protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type SasF polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria SasF proteins.

The term "vWbp protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type vWbp (von Willebrand factor binding protein) polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria vWbp proteins.

The term "vWh protein" refers to a protein that includes isolated wild-type vWh (von Willebrand factor binding protein homolog) polypeptides from *staphylococcus* bacteria and segments thereof, as well as variants that stimulate an immune response against *staphylococcus* bacteria vWh proteins.

An immune response refers to a humoral response, a cellular response, or both a humoral and cellular response in an organism. An immune response can be measured by assays that include, but are not limited to, assays measuring the presence or amount of antibodies that specifically recognize a protein or cell surface protein, assays measuring T-cell activation or proliferation, and/or assays that measure modulation in terms of activity or expression of one or more cytokines.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a FnBpA protein. In certain

aspects the FnBpA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number A32192/GI:97812.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an FnBpB protein. In certain aspects the FnBpB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number A32192/GI:97812.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an LukD protein. In certain aspects the LukD protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number CAA73668/GI:2765304.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an LukE protein. In certain aspects the LukE protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number CAA73667.1/GI:2765303.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an LukF protein. In certain aspects the LukF protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number AAC60446.1/GI:410007.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasA protein. In certain aspects the SasA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number Q06904.2/GI:93141309.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasD protein. In certain aspects the SasD protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number AAR15215.1/GI:38259745.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasG protein. In certain aspects the SasG protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number Q2G2B2.1/GI:122540575.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasI protein. In certain aspects the SasI protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number AAR15295.1/GI:38259905.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SasK protein. In certain aspects the SasK protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of accession number ZP_06340589.1/GI:283767674.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an EsxA protein. In certain aspects the EsxA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:11.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or

99% identical or similar to an EsxB protein. In certain aspects the EsxB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:12.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SdrD protein. In certain aspects the SdrD protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:13.

In further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an SdrE protein. In certain aspects the SdrE protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:14.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an IsdA protein. In certain aspects the IsdA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:15.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an IsdB protein. In certain aspects the IsdB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:16.

Embodiments of the invention include compositions that include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a EsaB protein. In certain aspects the EsaB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:17.

In a further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a ClfB protein. In certain aspects the ClfB protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:18.

In still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an IsdC protein. In certain aspects the IsdC protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:19.

In yet further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a SasF protein. In certain aspects the SasF protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a SdrC protein. In certain aspects the SdrC protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:21.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a ClfA protein. In certain aspects the ClfA protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:22.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%,

or 99% identical or similar to an Eap protein. In certain aspects the Eap protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:23.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an Ebh protein. In certain aspects the Ebh protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:24.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an Emp protein. In certain aspects the Emp protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:25.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to an EsaC protein. In certain aspects the EsaC protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:26. Sequence of EsaC polypeptides can be found in the protein databases and include, but are not limited to accession numbers ZP_02760162 (GI:168727885), NP_645081.1 (GI:21281993), and NP_370813.1 (GI:15923279), each of which is incorporated herein by reference as of the priority date of this application.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a Coa protein. In certain aspects the Coa protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:27.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a Hla protein. In certain aspects the Hla protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:28.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a vWw protein. In certain aspects the vWw protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:29.

In yet still further embodiments of the invention a composition may include a polypeptide, peptide, or protein that is or is at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% identical or similar to a vWbp protein. In certain aspects the vWbp protein will have all or part of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:32.

In certain aspects, a polypeptide or segment/fragment can have a sequence that is at least 85%, at least 90%, at least 95%, at least 98%, or at least 99% or more identical to the amino acid sequence of the reference polypeptide. The term "similarity" refers to a polypeptide that has a sequence that has a certain percentage of amino acids that are either identical with the reference polypeptide or constitute conservative substitutions with the reference polypeptides.

The 'sta001' antigen is annotated as '5'-nucleotidase family protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta001 is SAOUHSC_00025 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:35 (GI:88193846). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_0022 (GI:151220234). It has also been referred to as AdsA and SasH and SA0024.

Useful sta001 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:35 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having

50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO: 35; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 35, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta001 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO: 35. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO: 35. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO: 35 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO: 35. The final 34 C-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 35 can usefully be omitted. The first 38 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 35 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The sta002 antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta002 is SAOUHSC 00356 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:36 (GI:88194155). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_0364 (GI:151220576).

Useful sta002 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:36 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:36; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:36, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta002 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:36. Preferred 5 fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:36. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:36 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:36. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:36 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains. sta002₁₉₋₁₈₇ and sta002₁₉₋₁₂₄ are two useful fragments of SEQ ID NO:36 which reduce the antigen's similarity with human proteins.

The 'sta003' antigen is annotated as 'surface protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta003 is SAOUHSC_00400 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:37 (GI:88194195). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_0401 (GI:151220613).

Useful sta003 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:37 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:37; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:37, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta003 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:37. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:37. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:37 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:37. The first 32 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:37 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta004' antigen is annotated as 'Siderophore binding protein FatB'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta004 is SAOU-

HSC_00749 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:38 (GI:88194514). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_0705 (GI:151220917).

Useful sta004 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:38 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:38; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:38, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta004 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:38. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:38. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:38 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:38. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:38 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta005' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta005 is 10 SAOUHSC_01127 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:39 (GI:88194870). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_1077 (GI:151221289).

Useful sta005 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:39 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:39; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:39, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta005 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:39. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:39. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:39 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:39. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:39 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta006' antigen is annotated as 'ferrichrome-binding protein', and has also been referred to as 25 'FhuD2' in the literature. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta006 is SAOUHSC_02554 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:40 (GI:88196199). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_2185 (GI:151222397).

Useful sta006 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:40 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:40; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:40, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta006 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:40. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:40. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of

SEQ ID NO:40 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:40. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:40 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains. A sta006 antigen may be lipidated e.g. with an acylated N-terminus cysteine. One useful sta006 sequence

The 'sta007' antigen is annotated as 'secretory antigen precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta007 is SAOUHSC_02571 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:41 (GI:88196215). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_2199 (GI:151222411). Proteomic analysis has revealed that this protein is secreted or surface-exposed.

Useful sta007 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:41 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:41; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:41, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta007 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:41. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:41. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:41 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:41. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:41 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta008' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta008 is SAOUHSC_02650 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:42 (GI:88196290). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_2270 (GI:151222482).

Useful sta008 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:42 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:42; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:42, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta008 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:42. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:42. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:42 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:42. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:42 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta009' antigen is annotated as 'immunoglobulin G-binding protein Sbi'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta009 is SAOUHSC_02706 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:43 (GI:88196346). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_2317 (GI:151222529).

Useful sta009 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:43 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:43; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:43, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30,

35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta009 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:43. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:43. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:43 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:43. The first 29 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:43 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta010' antigen is annotated as 'immunodominant antigen A'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta010 is SAOUHSC_02887 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:44 (GI:88196515). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_2469 (GI:151222681). Proteomic analysis has revealed that this protein is secreted or surface-exposed.

Useful sta010 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:44 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:44; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:44, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta010 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:44. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:44. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:44 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:44. The first 29 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:44 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta011' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta011 is SAOUHSC_00052 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:45 (GI:88193872).

Useful sta011 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:45 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:45; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:45, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta011 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:45. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:45. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:45 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:45. The first 23 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:45 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains. A sta011 antigen may be lipidated e.g. with an acylated N-terminus cysteine.

The 'sta012' antigen is annotated as 'protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta012 is SAOUHSC_00106 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:46 (GI:88193919).

Useful sta012 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:46 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or

more) to SEQ ID NO:46; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:46, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta012 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:46. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:46. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:46 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:46. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:46 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta013' antigen is annotated as 'poly-gamma-glutamate capsule biosynthesis protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain staOB is SAOUHSC_00107 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:47 (GI:88193920).

Useful sta013 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:47 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:47; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:47, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta013 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:47. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:47. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:47 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:47. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta014' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta014 is SAOUHSC_00137 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:48 (GI:88193950).

Useful sta014 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:48 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:48; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:48, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta014 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:48. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:48. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:48 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:48. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:48 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta015' antigen is annotated as 'extracellular solute-binding protein; ROD containing lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta015 is SAOUHSC_00170 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:49 (GI:88193980).

Useful sta015 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:49 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:49; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of

at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:49, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta015 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:49. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:49. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:49 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:49. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:49 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta016' antigen is annotated as 'gamma-glutamyl-transpeptidase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta016 is SAOUHSC_00171 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:50 (GI:88193981).

Useful sta016 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:50 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:50; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:50, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta016 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:50. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:50. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:50 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:50. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta017' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta017 is SAOUHSC_00186 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:51 (GI:88193996).

Useful sta017 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:51 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:51; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:51, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta017 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:51. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:51. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:51 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:51. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:51 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta018' antigen is annotated as 'extracellular solute-binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta018 is SAOUHSC_00201 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:52 (GI:88194011).

Useful sta018 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:52 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:52; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:52,

wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta018 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:52. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:52. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:52 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:52. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta019' antigen is annotated as 'peptidoglycan hydrolyase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta019 is SAOUHSC_00248 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:53 (GI:88194055). In the Newman strain it is nwmm_0210 (GI:151220422).

Useful sta019 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:53 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:53; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:53, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta019 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:53. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:53. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:53 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:53. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:53 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

Sta019 does not adsorb well to aluminium hydroxide adjuvants, so Sta019 present in a composition may be unadsorbed or may be adsorbed to an alternative adjuvant e.g. to an aluminium phosphate.

The 'sta020' antigen is annotated as 'exported protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta020 is SAOUHSC_00253 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:54 (GI:88194059).

Useful sta020 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:54 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:54; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:54, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta020 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:54. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:54. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:54 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:54. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:54 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta021' antigen is annotated as 'secretory antigen SsaA-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta021 is SAOUHSC_00256 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:55 (GI:88194062).

Useful sta021 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:55 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%,

91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:55; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:55, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta021 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:55. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:55. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:55 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:55. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:55 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta022' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta022 is SAOUHSC_00279 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:56 (GI:88194083).

Useful sta022 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:56 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:56; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:56, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta022 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:56. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:56. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:56 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:56. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:56 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta023' antigen is annotated as '5'-nucleotidase; lipoprotein e(P4) family'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta023 is SAOUHSC_00284 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:57 (GI:88194087).

Useful sta023 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:57 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:57; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:57, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta023 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:57. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:57. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:57 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:57. The first 31 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:57 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta024' antigen is annotated as 'lipase precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta024 is SAOUHSC_00300 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:58 (GI:88194101).

Useful sta024 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:58 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more

identity to SEQ ID NO:58; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:58, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta024 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:58. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:58. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:58 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:58. The first 37 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:58 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta025' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta025 is SAOUHSC_00362 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:59 (GI:88194160).

Useful sta025 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:59 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:59; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:59, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta025 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:59. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:59. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:59 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:59. The first 19 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:59 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta026' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta026 is SAOUHSC_00404 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:60 (GI:88194198).

Useful sta026 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:60 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:60; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:60, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta026 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:60. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:60. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:60 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:60. The first 22 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:60 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta027' antigen is annotated as 'probable lipase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta027 is SAOUHSC_00661 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:61 (GI:88194426).

Useful sta027 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:61 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:61; and/or (b) comprising a fragment

of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:61, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta027 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:61. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:61. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:61 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:61. The first 23 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:61 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta028' antigen is annotated as 'secretory antigen SsaA-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta028 is SAOUHSC_00671 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:62 (GI:88194436). In the Newman strain it is nwmm_0634 (GI:151220846).

Useful sta028 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:62 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:62; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:62, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta028 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:62. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:62. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:62 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:62. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:62 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta029' antigen is annotated as 'ferrichrome binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta029 is SAOUHSC_00754 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:63 (GI:88194518).

Useful sta029 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:63 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:63; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:63, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta029 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:63. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:63. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:63 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:63. The final 25 C-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:63 can usefully be omitted. The first 19 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:63 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta030' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta030 is SAOUHSC_00808 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:64 (GI:88194568).

Useful sta030 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:64 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having

50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:64; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:64, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta030 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:64. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:64. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:64 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:64. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:64 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta031' antigen is annotated as '5-nucleotidase family protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta031 is SAOUHSC_00860 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:65 (GI:88194617).

Useful sta031 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:65 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:65; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:65, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta031 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:65. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:65. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:65 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:65. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta032' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease HtrA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta032 is SAOUHSC 00958 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:66 (GI:88194715).

Useful sta032 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:66 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:66; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:66, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta032 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:66. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:66. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:66 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:66. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta033' antigen is annotated as 'cysteine protease precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta033 is SAOUHSC_00987 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:67 (GI:88194744).

Useful sta033 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:67 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:67; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of

at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:67, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta033 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:67. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:67. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:67 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:67. The first 29 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:67 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta034' antigen is annotated as 'glutamyl endopeptidase precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta034 is SAOUHSC_00988 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:68 (GI:88194745).

Useful sta034 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:68 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:68; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:68, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta034 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:68. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:68. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:68 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:68. The first 29 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:68 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta035' antigen is annotated as 'fint protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta035 is SAOUHSC_00998 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:69 (GI:88194754).

Useful sta035 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:69 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:69; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:69, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta035 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:69. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:69. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:69 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:69. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:69 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta036' antigen is annotated as 'iron-regulated protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta036 is SAOUHSC_01084 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:70 (GI:88194831).

Useful sta036 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:70 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more

identity to SEQ ID NO:70; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:70, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta036 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:70. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:70. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:70 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:70. The first 27 C-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:70 can usefully be omitted. The first 32 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:70 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta037' antigen is annotated as 'iron ABC transporter; iron-binding protein IsdE'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta037 is SAOUHSC 01085 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:71 (GI:88194832).

Useful sta037 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:71 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:71; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:71, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta037 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:71. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:71. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:71 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:71. The first 9 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:71 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta038' antigen is annotated as 'NPQTN specific sortase B'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta038 is SAOUHSC_01088 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:72 (GI:88194835).

Useful sta038 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:72 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:72; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:72, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta038 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:72. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:72. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:72 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:72. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:72 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta039' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta039 is SAOUHSC_01124 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:73 (GI:88194868).

Useful sta039 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:73

and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:73; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:73, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta039 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:73. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:73. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:73 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:73. The first 22 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:73 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta040' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta040 is SAOUHSC_011125 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:74 (GI:88194869). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_1076 (GI:151221288).

Useful sta040 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:74 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:74; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:74, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta040 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:74. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:74. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:74 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:74. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:74 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta041' antigen is annotated as 'fibronectin-binding protein A-related'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta041 is SAOUHSC_011175 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:75 (GI:88194914).

Useful sta041 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:75 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:75; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:75, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta041 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:75. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:75. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:75 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:75. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta042' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta042 is SAOUHSC_011180 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:76 (GI:88194919).

Useful sta042 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:76

and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:76; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:76, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta042 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:76. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:76. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:76 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:76. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:76 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta043', antigen is annotated as 'cell wall hydrolase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta043 is SAOUHSC_01219 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:77 (GI:88194955).

Useful sta043 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:77 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:77; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:77, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta043 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:77. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:77. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:77 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:77. The first 38 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:77 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta044' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta044 is SAOUHSC_01508 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:78 (GI:88195223).

Useful sta044 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:78 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:78; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:78, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta044 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:78. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:78. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:78 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:78. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:78 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta045' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta045 is SAOUHSC_01627 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:79 (GI:88195337).

Useful sta045 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:79 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%

or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:79; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:79, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta045 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:79. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:79. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:79 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:79. The first 16 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:79 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta046' antigen is annotated as 'Excalibur protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta046 is SAOUHSC_01918 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:80 (GI:88195613).

Useful sta046 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:80 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:80; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:80, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta046 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:80. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:80. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:80 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:80. The first 53 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:80 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta047' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta047 is SAOUHSC_01920 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:81 (GI:88195615).

Useful sta047 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:81 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:81; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:81, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta047 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:81. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:81. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:81 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:81. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:81 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta048' antigen is annotated as 'intracellular serine protease'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta048 is SAOUHSC_01949 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:82 (GI:88195642).

Useful sta048 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:82 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having

50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:82; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:82, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta048 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:82. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:82. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:82 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:82. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:82 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta049' antigen is annotated as 'protein export protein PrsA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta049 is SAOUHSC_01972 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:83 (GI:88195663). In the Newman strain it is nwmm_I733 (GI:151221945).

Useful sta049 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:83 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:83; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:83, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta049 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:83. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:83. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:83 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:83. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:83 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta050' antigen is annotated as 'staphopain thiol protease'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta050 is SAOUHSC_02127 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:84 (GI:88195808).

Useful sta050 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:84 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:84; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:84, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta050 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:84. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:84. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:84 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:84. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:84 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta051' antigen is annotated as 'protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta051 is SAOUHSC_02147 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:85 (GI:88195827).

Useful sta051 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:85

and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:85; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:85, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta051 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:85. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:85. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:85 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:85. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:85 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta052' antigen is annotated as 'ferric hydroxamate receptor I'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta052 is SAOUHSC_02246 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:86 (GI:88195918).

Useful sta052 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:86 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:86; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:86, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta052 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:86. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:86. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:86 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:86. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:86 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta053' antigen is annotated as 'srdH family protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta053 is SAOUHSC_02257 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:87 (GI:88195928).

Useful sta053 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:87 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:87; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:87, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta053 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:87. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:87. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:87 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:87. The first 26 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:87 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta054' antigen is annotated as 'Probable transglycosylase isaA precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta054 is SAOUHSC_02333 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:88 (GI:88195999).

Useful sta054 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:88 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:88; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:88, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta054 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:88. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:88. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:88 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:88. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:88 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta055' antigen is annotated as 'surface hydrolase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta055 is SAOUHSC_02448 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:89 (GI:88196100).

Useful sta055 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:89 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:89; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:89, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta055 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:89. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:89. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:89 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:89. The first 31 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:89 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta056' antigen is annotated as 'hyaluronate lyase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta056 is SAOUHSC_02463 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:90 (GI:88196115).

Useful sta056 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:90 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:90; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:90, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta056 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:90. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:90. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:90 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:90. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:90 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta057' antigen is annotated as 'secretory antigen precursor SsaA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta057 is SAOU-

HSC_02576 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:91 (GI:88 196220). In the Newman strain it is nwmm_2203 (GI:151222415).

Useful sta057 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:91 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:91; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:91, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta057 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:91. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:91. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:91 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:91. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:91 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta058' antigen is annotated as 'Zn-binding lipoprotein adca-like'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta058 is SAOUHSC_02690 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:92 (GI:88196330).

Useful sta058 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:92 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:92; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:92, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta058 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:92. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:92. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:92 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:92. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:92 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta059' antigen is annotated as 'gamma-hemolysin h-gamma-ii subunit'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta059 is SAOUHSC_02708 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:93 (GI:88196348).

Useful sta059 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:93 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:93; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:93, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta059 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:93. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:93. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:93 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID

NO:93. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ In NO:93 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta060' antigen is annotated as 'peptide ABC transporter; peptide-binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta060 IS SAOUHSC 02767 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:94 (GI:88196403).

Useful sta060 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:94 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ In NO:94; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ In NO:94, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta060 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:94. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ In NO:94. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:94 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ In NO:94. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ In NO:94 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta061' antigen is annotated as 'protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta061 is SAOUHSC_02783 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:95 (GI:88196419).

Useful sta061 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ In NO:95 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:95; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:95, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta061 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:95. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:95. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:95 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:95. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:95 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta062' antigen is annotated as 'protein with leader'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta062 is SAOUHSC_02788 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:96 (GI:88 196424).

Useful sta062 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:96 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:96; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:96, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta062 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:96. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:96. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:96 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID

NO:96. The first 22 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:96 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta063, antigen is annotated as 'aureolysin'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta063 is SAOUHSC_02971 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:97 (GI:88196592).

Useful sta063 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:97 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:97; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:97, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta063 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:97. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:97. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:97 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:97. The first 16 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:97 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta064' antigen is annotated as 'lipase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta064 is SAOUHSC_03006 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:98 (GI:88 196625). In the Newman strain it is nwmn 2569 (GI:151222781).

Useful sta064 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:98 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:98; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:98, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta064 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:98. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:98. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:98 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:98. The first 34 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:98 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta065' antigen is annotated as '1-phosphatidylinositol phosphodiesterase precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta065 is SAOUHSC 00051 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:99 (GI:88193871).

Useful sta065 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:99 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:99; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:99, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta065 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:99. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:99. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ

ID NO:99 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:99. The first 26 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:99 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta066' antigen is annotated as 'protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta066 is SAOUHSC_00172 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:100 (GI:88193982).

Useful sta066 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:100 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:100; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:100, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta066 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:100. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:100. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:100 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:100. The first 21 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:100 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta067' antigen is annotated as 'bacterial extracellular solute-binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta067 is SAOUHSC_00176 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:101 (GI:88 193986).

Useful sta067 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:101 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:101; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:101, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta067 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:101. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:101. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:101 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:101. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:101 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta068' antigen is annotated as 'iron permease FTRI'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta068 is SAOUHSC_00327 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:102 (GI:88194127).

Useful sta068 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:102 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:102; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:102, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta068 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:102. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:102. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of

SEQ ID NO:102 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:102. The final 20 C-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:102 can usefully be omitted. The first 14 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:102 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta069' antigen is annotated as 'autolysin precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta069 is SAOUHSC_00427 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:103 (GI:88194219).

Useful sta069 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:103 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:103; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:103, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta069 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:103. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:103. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:103 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:103. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:103 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta070' antigen is annotated as 'immunogenic secreted precursor-like protein (truncated)'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta070 is SAOUHSC_00773 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:104 (GI:88194535).

Useful sta070 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:104 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:104; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:104, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta070 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:104. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:104. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:104 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:104. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:104 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta071' antigen is annotated as 'hemolysin'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta071 is SAOUHSC_00854 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:105 (GI:88194612).

Useful sta071 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:105 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:105; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:105, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta071 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:105. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:105. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4,

5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:105 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:105. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:105 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta072' antigen is annotated as 'extramembranal protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta072 is SAOUHSC_00872 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:106 (GI:88194629).

Useful sta072 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:106 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:106; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:106, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta072 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:106. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:106. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:106 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:106. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:106 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta073' antigen is annotated as 'bifunctional autolysin precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta073 is SAOUHSC_00994 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:107 (GI:88194750). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_0922 (GI:151221134). Proteomic analysis has revealed that this protein is secreted or surface-exposed.

Useful sta073 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:107 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:107; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:107, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta073 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:107. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:107. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:107 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:107. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:107 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

A Sta073 antigen can usefully be included in a composition in combination with a Sta12. Sta073 does not adsorb well to aluminium hydroxide adjuvants, so Sta073 present in a composition may be unadsorbed or may be adsorbed to an alternative adjuvant e.g. to an aluminium phosphate.

The 'sta074' antigen is annotated as 'factor essential for methicillin resistance'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta074 is SAOUHSC_01220 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:108 (GI:88194956).

Useful sta074 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:108 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or

more) to SEQ ID NO:108; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:108, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta074 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:108. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:108. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:108 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:108. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta075' antigen is annotated as 'insulysin; peptidase family M16'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta075 is SAOUHSC_01256 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:109 (GI:88194989).

Useful sta075 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:109 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:109; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:109, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta075 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:109. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:109. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:109 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:109. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta076' antigen is annotated as 'hydrolase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta076 is SAOUHSC_01263 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:110 (GI:88194996).

Useful sta076 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:110 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:110; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:110, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta076 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:110. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:110. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:110 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:110. The first 24 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:110 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta077' antigen is annotated as 'protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta077 is SAOUHSC_01317 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:111 (GI:88195047). Proteomic analysis has revealed that this protein is secreted or surface-exposed.

Useful sta077 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:111 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or

more) to SEQ ID NO:111; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:111, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta077 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:111. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:111. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:111 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:111. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:111 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta078' antigen is annotated as 'FtsK/SpoIIIE family protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta078 is SAOUHSC_01857 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:112 (GI:88195555).

Useful sta078 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:112 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:112; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:112, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta078 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:112. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:112. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:112 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:112. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta079' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SpIF'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta079 is SAOUHSC_01935 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:113 (GI:88195630).

Useful sta079 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:113 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:113; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:113, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta079 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:113. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:113. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the 35 C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:113 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:113. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:113 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta080' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SpIE'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta080 is SAOUHSC_01936 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:114 (GI:88195631).

Useful sta080 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:114 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:114; and/or (b) comprising a fragment

of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:114, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta080 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:114. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:114. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:114 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:114. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:114 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta081' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SpID (EC:3.4.21.19)'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta081 is SAOUHSC_01938 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:154 (GI:88195633).

Useful sta081 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:154 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%, 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more identity to SEQ ID NO:154; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:154, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta081 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:154. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:154. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:154 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:154. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:154 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta082' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SpIC'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta082 is SAOUHSC_01939 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:115 (GI:88195634).

Useful sta082 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:115 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:115; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:115, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta082 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:115. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:115. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:115 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:115. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:115 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta083' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SpIB'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta083 is SAOUHSC_01941 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:116 (GI:88195635).

Useful sta083 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:116 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:116; and/or (b) comprising a fragment

of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:116, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta083 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:116. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:116. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:116 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:116. The first 36 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:116 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta084' antigen is annotated as 'serine protease SplA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta084 is SAOUHSC_01942 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:117 (GI:88195636).

Useful sta084 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:117 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:117; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:117, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta084 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:117. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:117. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:117 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:117. The first N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:117 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta085' antigen is annotated as 'staphylokinase precursor'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta085 is SAOUHSC_02171 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:118 (GI:88195848).

Useful sta085 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:118 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:118; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:118, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta085 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:118. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:118. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:118 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:118. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:118 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or 20 more protein domains.

The 'sta086' antigen is annotated as 'OxaA-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta086 is SAOUHSC_02327 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:119 (GI:88195993).

Useful sta086 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:119 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:119; and/or (b) comprising a fragment

of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:119, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta086 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:119. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:119. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:119 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:119. The first 19 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:119 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta087' antigen is annotated as 'teicoplanin resistance protein TcaA'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta087 is SAOUHSC_02635 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:120 (GI:88196276).

Useful sta087 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:120 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:120; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:120, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta087 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:120. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:120. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:120 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:120. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta088' antigen is annotated as 'esterase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta088 is SAOUHSC_02844 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:121 (GI:88196477).

Useful sta088 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:121 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:121; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:121, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta088 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:121. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:121. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:121 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:121. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:121 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta089' antigen is annotated as 'LysM domain protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta089 is SAOUHSC_02855 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:122 (GI:88196486).

Useful sta089 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:122 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:122; and/or (b) comprising a fragment

of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:122, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta089 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:122. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:122. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:122 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:122. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:122 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta090' antigen is annotated as 'LysM domain protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta090 is SAOUHSC_02883 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:123 (GI:88196512).

Useful sta090 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:123 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:123; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:123, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta090 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:123. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:123. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:123 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:123. The first 26 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:123 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta091' antigen is annotated as 'lipoprotein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta091 is SAOUHSC_00685 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:124 (GI:88194450).

Useful sta091 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:124 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:124; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:124, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta091 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:124. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:124. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:124 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:124. The first 15 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:124 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta092' antigen is annotated as 'M23/M37 peptidase domain protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta092 is SAOUHSC_00174 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:125 (GI:88193984).

Useful sta092 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:125 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or

more) to SEQ ID NO:125; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:125, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta092 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:125. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:125. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:125 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:125. The first 25 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:125 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta093' antigen is annotated as 'protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta093 is SAOUHSC_01854 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:126 (GI:88195552).

Useful sta093 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:126 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:126; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:126, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta093 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:126. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:126. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:126 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:126. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta094' antigen is annotated as 'protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta094 is SAOUHSC_01512 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:127 (GI:88195226).

Useful sta094 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:127 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:127; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:127, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta094 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:127. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:127. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:127 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:127. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:127 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta095' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta095 is SAOUHSC_00383 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:128 (GI:88194180). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_0388 (GI:151220600).

Useful sta095 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:128 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or

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more) to SEQ ID NO:128; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:128, wherein is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 20 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta095 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:128. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:128. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:128 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:128. The first 32 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:128 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta096' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta096 is SAOUHSC_00384 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:129 (GI: 88194181). Useful sta096 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:129 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:129; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:129, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 35 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta096 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:129. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:129. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:129 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:129. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:129 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta097' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 stain sta097 is SAOUHSC_00386 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:130 (GI: 88194182).

Useful sta097 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:130 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:130; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:130, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta097 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:130. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:130. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:130 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:130. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:130 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta098' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta098 is SAOUHSC_00389 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:131 (GI: 88194184). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_0391 (GI: 151220603).

Useful sta098 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:131 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50%

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or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:131; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:131, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta098 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:131. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:131. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:131 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:131. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:131 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta099' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein 5'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta099 is SAOUHSC_00390 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:132 (GI: 88194185).

Useful sta099 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:132 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:132; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:132, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta099 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:132. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:132. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:132 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:132. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:132 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta100' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta100 is SAOUHSC_00391 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:133 (GI: 88194186).

Useful sta100 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:133 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:133; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:133, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta100 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:133. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:133. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:133 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:133. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:133 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta101' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein 7'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta101 is SAOUHSC_00392 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:134 (GI: 88194187). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_0394 (GI: 151220606).

Useful sta101 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:134 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:134; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:134, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more).

These sta101 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:134. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:134. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:134 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:134. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:134 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta102' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta102 is SAOUHSC_00393 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:135 (GI: 88194188).

Useful sta102 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:135 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:135; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:135, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta102 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:135. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:135. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:135 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:135. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:135 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta103' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta103 is SAOUHSC_00394 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:136 (GI: 88194189).

Useful sta103 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:136 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:136; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:136, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta103 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:136. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:136. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:136 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:136. The first 23 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:136 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta104' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta104 is SAOUHSC_00395 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:137 (GI: 88194190).

Useful sta104 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:137 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:137; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:137, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta104 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:137. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:137. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:137 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:137. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta105' antigen is annotated as 'superantigen-like protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta105 is 20 SAOUHSC_00399 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:138 (GI: 88194194). In the Newman strain it is nwmn_0400 (GI: 151220612).

Useful sta105 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:138 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:138; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:138, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta105 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:138. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:138. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:138 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:138. The first 30 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:138 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta106' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta106 is SAOUHSC_01115 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:139 (GI:88194861).

Useful sta106 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:139 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:139; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:139, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta106 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:139. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:139. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:139 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:139. The

first 16 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:139 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta107' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta107 is SAOUHSC_00354 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:140 (GI:88194153).

Useful sta107 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:140 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:140; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:140, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta107 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:140. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:140. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:140 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:140. The first 35 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:140 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta108' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta108 is SAOUHSC_00717 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:141 (GI:88194482).

Useful sta108 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:141 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:141; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:141, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta108 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:141. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:141. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:141 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:141. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:141 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta109' antigen is annotated as 'N-acetylmuramoyl-L-alanine amidase'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta109 is SAOUHSC_02979 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:142 (GI:88196599).

Useful sta109 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:142 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:142; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:142, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta109 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:142. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:142. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:142 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ

ID NO:142. The first 27 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:142 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta110' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta110 is SAOUHSC_01039 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:143 (GI:88194791).

Useful sta110 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:143 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:143; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:143, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200 or more). These sta110 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:143. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:143. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:143 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:143. The first 19 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:143 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta111' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta111 is SAOUHSC_01005 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:144 (GI:88194760).

Useful sta111 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:144 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:144; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:144, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta111 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:144. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:144. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:144 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:144. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:144 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta112' antigen is annotated as a putative 'ABC transporter, substrate-binding protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta112 is SAOUHSC_00634 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:145 (GI:88194402).

Useful sta112 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:145 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:145; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:145, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These sta112 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:145. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:145. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:145 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ

ID NO:145. The first 17 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:145 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'stal13' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta113 is SAOUHSC_00728 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:146 (GI:88194493).

Useful stal13 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:146 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:146; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:146, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These stal13 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:146. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:146. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:146 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:146. The first 173 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:146 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'stal14' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta114 is SAOUHSC_00810 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:147 (GI:88194570).

Useful stal14 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:147 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:147; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:147, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These stal14 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:147. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:147. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:147 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:147. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'stal15' antigen is annotated as 'hypothetical protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta115 is SAOUHSC_00817 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:148 (GI:88194576).

Useful stal15 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:148 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:148; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:148, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These stal15 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:148. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:148. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:148 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:148. The first 18 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:148 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'stal16' antigen is annotated as 'formyl peptide receptor-like 1 inhibitory protein'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta116 is SAOUHSC_01112 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:149 (GI:88194858).

Useful stal16 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:149 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:149; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:149, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These stal16 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:149. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:149. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:149 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:149. The first 20 N-terminal amino acids of SEQ ID NO:149 can usefully be omitted. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'stal17' antigen is annotated as 'truncated beta-hemolysin'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta117 is SAOUHSC_02240 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:150 (GI:88195913).

Useful stal17 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:150 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:150; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:150, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These stal17 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:150. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:150. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:150 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:150. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'stal18' antigen is annotated as 'cell division protein FtsZ'. In the NCTC 8325 strain stall 8 is SAOUHSC_01150 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:151 (GI:88194892).

Useful stal18 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:151 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:151; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:151, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150, 200, 250 or more). These stal18 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:151. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:151. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:151 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:151. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta119' antigen is annotated as 'thioredoxin'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta119 is SAOUHSC_01100 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:152 (GI:88194846).

Useful sta119 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:152 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:152; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:152, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or more). These sta119 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:152. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:152. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:152 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:152. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The 'sta120' antigen is annotated as 'alkyl hydroperoxide reductase subunit c'. In the NCTC 8325 strain sta120 is SAOUHSC_00365 and has amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:153 (GI:88194163).

Useful sta120 antigens can elicit an antibody (e.g. when administered to a human) that recognizes SEQ ID NO:153 and/or may comprise an amino acid sequence: (a) having 50% or more identity (e.g. 60%, 65%, 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, 99%, 99.5% or more) to SEQ ID NO:153; and/or (b) comprising a fragment of at least 'n' consecutive amino acids of SEQ ID NO:153, wherein 'n' is 7 or more (e.g. 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 150 or more). These sta120 proteins include variants of SEQ ID NO:153. Preferred fragments of (b) comprise an epitope from SEQ ID NO:153. Other preferred fragments lack one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the C-terminus and/or one or more amino acids (e.g. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20, 25 or more) from the N-terminus of SEQ ID NO:153 while retaining at least one epitope of SEQ ID NO:153. Other fragments omit one or more protein domains.

The polypeptides described herein may include 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, or more variant amino acids within at least, or at most 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 300, 400, 500, 550, 1000 or more contiguous amino acids, or any range derivable therein, of SEQ ID NO:2-30, or SEQ ID NO:32-155.

A polypeptide segment or immunogenic fragment as described herein may include 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13,

14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 300, 400, 500, 550, 1000 or more contiguous amino acids, or any range derivable therein, of SEQ ID NO:2-30, or SEQ ID NO:33-155.

The immunogenic compositions of the invention may further comprise capsular polysaccharides including one or more of PIA (also known as PNAG) and/or *S. aureus* Type V and/or type VIII capsular polysaccharide and/or *S. epidermidis* Type I, and/or Type II and/or Type III capsular polysaccharide.

The compositions may be formulated in a pharmaceutically acceptable composition. In certain aspects of the invention the *staphylococcus* bacterium is an *S. aureus* bacterium.

In further aspects, a composition may be administered more than one time to the subject, and may be administered 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 20 or more times. The administration of the compositions include, but is not limited to oral, parenteral, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous, or various combinations thereof, including inhalation or aspiration.

In still further embodiments, a composition comprises a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide described herein or segments/fragments thereof. Typically a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide described herein contains a heterologous promoter. In certain aspects, a recombinant nucleic acid molecule of the invention is a vector, in still other aspects the vector is a plasmid. In certain embodiments the vector is a viral vector. In certain aspects a composition includes a recombinant, non-*staphylococcus* bacterium containing or expressing a polypeptide described herein. In particular aspects the recombinant non-*staphylococcus* bacteria is *Salmonella* or another gram-positive bacteria. A composition is typically administered to mammals, such as human subjects, but administration to other animals that are capable of eliciting an immune response is contemplated. In further aspects the *staphylococcus* bacterium containing or expressing the polypeptide is *Staphylococcus aureus*. In further embodiments the immune response is a protective immune response.

In further embodiments a composition comprises a recombinant nucleic acid molecule encoding all or part of one or more of a SpA, SpA polypeptide variant, Eap, Ehb, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla, IsdC, SasF, SpA, vWbp, or vWh protein or peptide or variant thereof. Additional staphylococcal antigens that can be used in combination with the polypeptides described herein include, but are not limited to 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa, Aap, Ant, autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (EbpS), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein

(U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnbA, FnbB, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor, Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg2+ transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/ Fig (WO 00/12689), SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein. In particular aspects, a bacteria is a recombinant non-staphylococcus bacteria, such as a *Salmonella* or other gram-positive bacteria. Certain embodiments include compositions comprising recombinant nucleic acid molecules encoding all or part of one or more of, sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof.

Compositions of the invention are typically administered to human subjects, but administration to other animals that are capable of eliciting an immune response to a bacterium, e.g., a *staphylococcus* bacterium, is contemplated, particularly cattle, horses, goats, sheep and other domestic animals, i.e., mammals.

In certain aspects the *staphylococcus* bacterium is a *Staphylococcus aureus*. In further embodiments the immune response is a protective immune response. In still further aspects, the methods and compositions of the invention can be used to prevent, ameliorate, reduce, or treat infection of tissues or glands, e.g., mammary glands, particularly mastitis and other infections. Other methods include, but are not limited to prophylactically reducing bacterial burden in a subject not exhibiting signs of infection, particularly those subjects suspected of or at risk of being colonized by a target bacteria, e.g., patients that are or will be at risk or susceptible to infection during a hospital stay, treatment, and/or recovery.

Any embodiment discussed with respect to one aspect of the invention applies to other aspects of the invention as well. In particular, any embodiment discussed in the context of a SpA variant polypeptide, peptide, nucleic acid, or antibody may specifically exclude one or more of Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla, IsdC, SasF, vWbp, vWh, 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa, Aap, Ant, autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (EbpS), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnbA, FnbB, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor, Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg2+ transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/ Fig (WO 00/12689),

SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein (or nucleic acids), sta001, sta002, sta003, sta004, sta005, sta006, sta007, sta008, sta009, sta010, sta011, sta012, sta013, sta014, sta015, sta016, sta017, sta018, sta019, sta020, sta021, sta022, sta023, sta024, sta025, sta026, sta027, sta028, sta029, sta030, sta031, sta032, sta033, sta034, sta035, sta036, sta037, sta038, sta039, sta040, sta041, sta042, sta043, sta044, sta045, sta046, sta047, sta048, sta049, sta050, sta051, sta052, sta053, sta054, sta055, sta056, sta057, sta058, sta059, sta060, sta061, sta062, sta063, sta064, sta065, sta066, sta067, sta068, sta069, sta070, sta071, sta072, sta073, sta074, sta075, sta076, sta077, sta078, sta079, sta080, sta081, sta082, sta083, sta084, sta085, sta086, sta087, sta088, sta089, sta090, sta091, sta092, sta093, sta094, sta095, sta096, sta097, sta098, sta099, sta100, sta101, sta102, sta103, sta104, sta105, sta106, sta107, sta108, sta109, sta110, sta111, sta112, sta113, sta114, sta115, sta116, sta117, sta118, sta119, sta120, or EsxAB hybrid polypeptide or immunogenic fragment thereof and vice versa.

Embodiments of the invention include compositions that contain or do not contain a bacterium. A composition may or may not include an attenuated or viable or intact staphylococcal bacterium. In certain aspects, the composition comprises a bacterium that is not a staphylococcal bacterium or does not contain staphylococcal bacteria. In certain embodiments a bacterial composition comprises an isolated or recombinantly expressed staphylococcal Protein A variant or a nucleotide encoding the same. The composition may be or include a recombinantly engineered *staphylococcus* bacterium that has been altered in a way that comprises specifically altering the bacterium with respect to a secreted virulence factor or cell surface protein. For example, the bacteria may be recombinantly modified to express more of the virulence factor or cell surface protein than it would express if unmodified.

The term "isolated" can refer to a nucleic acid or polypeptide that is substantially free of cellular material, bacterial material, viral material, or culture medium (when produced by recombinant DNA techniques) of their source of origin, or chemical precursors or other chemicals (when chemically synthesized). Moreover, an isolated compound refers to one that can be administered to a subject as an isolated compound; in other words, the compound may not simply be considered "isolated" if it is adhered to a column or embedded in an agarose gel. Moreover, an "isolated nucleic acid fragment" or "isolated peptide" is a nucleic acid or protein fragment that is not naturally occurring as a fragment and/or is not typically in the functional state.

Moieties of the invention, such as polypeptides, peptides, antigens, or immunogens, may be conjugated or linked covalently or noncovalently to other moieties such as adjuvants, proteins, peptides, supports, fluorescence moieties, or labels. The term "conjugate" or "immunoconjugate" is broadly used to define the operative association of one moiety with another agent and is not intended to refer solely to any type of operative association, and is particularly not limited to chemical "conjugation." Recombinant fusion proteins are particularly contemplated. Compositions of the invention may further comprise an adjuvant or a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient. An adjuvant may be covalently or noncovalently coupled to a polypeptide or peptide of the invention. In certain aspects, the adjuvant is chemically conjugated to a protein, polypeptide, or peptide.

The term "providing" is used according to its ordinary meaning to indicate "to supply or furnish for use." In some embodiments, the protein is provided directly by administer-

ing the protein, while in other embodiments, the protein is effectively provided by administering a nucleic acid that encodes the protein. In certain aspects the invention contemplates compositions comprising various combinations of nucleic acid, antigens, peptides, and/or epitopes.

The subject will have (e.g., are diagnosed with a staphylococcal infection), will be suspected of having, or will be determined to be at risk of developing a staphylococcal infection. Compositions of the present invention include immunogenic compositions wherein the antigen(s) or epitope(s) are contained in an amount effective to achieve the intended purpose. More specifically, an effective amount means an amount of active ingredients necessary to stimulate or elicit an immune response, or provide resistance to, amelioration of, or mitigation of infection. In more specific aspects, an effective amount prevents, alleviates or ameliorates symptoms of disease or infection, or prolongs the survival of the subject being treated. Determination of the effective amount is well within the capability of those skilled in the art, especially in light of the detailed disclosure provided herein. For any preparation used in the methods of the invention, an effective amount or dose can be estimated initially from *in vitro* studies, cell culture, and/or animal model assays. For example, a dose can be formulated in animal models to achieve a desired immune response or circulating antibody concentration or titer. Such information can be used to more accurately determine useful doses in humans.

The use of the term “or” in the claims is used to mean “and/or” unless explicitly indicated to refer to alternatives only or the alternatives are mutually exclusive, although the disclosure supports a definition that refers to only alternatives and “and/or.” It is also contemplated that anything listed using the term “or” may also be specifically excluded.

Throughout this application, the term “about” is used to indicate that a value includes the standard deviation of error for the device or method being employed to determine the value.

Following long-standing patent law, the words “a” and “an,” when used in conjunction with the word “comprising” in the claims or specification, denotes one or more, unless specifically noted.

Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description. It should be understood, however, that the detailed description and the specific examples, while indicating specific embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only, since various changes and modifications within the spirit and scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

So that the matter in which the above-recited features, advantages and objects of the invention as well as others which will become clear are attained and can be understood in detail, more particular descriptions and certain embodiments of the invention briefly summarized above are illustrated in the appended drawings. These drawings form a part of the specification. It is to be noted, however, that the appended drawings illustrate certain embodiments of the invention and therefore are not to be considered limiting in their scope.

FIG. 1 Immunization with SpA_{KKAA} modifies host immune responses to staphylococcal infection. Cohorts of BALB/c mice (n=15) were immunized with SpA_{KKAA} or with PBS/adjuvant control (mock) and then challenged by intravenous inoculation with 5×10⁶ CFU *S. aureus* USA300 LAC. Thirty

days after infection, animals were bled and serum samples were analyzed for antibody responses to staphylococcal antigens. Twenty-seven recombinant, six-histidyl tagged staphylococcal proteins (ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Eap, Ehb, Emp, EsxA, EsxB, FnbpA, FnbpB, Hla, IsdA, IsdB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, SasA, SasD, SasF, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA_{KKAA} and vWbp) were purified by Ni-NTA affinity chromatography and immobilized on nitrocellulose membrane at 2 μg. Signal intensities in sera from mice were quantified and normalized by infrared imaging. Data are the means, and error bars represent SEM (±).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Staphylococcus aureus is a commensal of the human skin and nares, and the leading cause of bloodstream, skin and soft tissue infections (Klevens et al., 2007). Recent dramatic increases in the mortality of staphylococcal diseases are attributed to the spread of methicillin-resistant *S. aureus* (MRSA) strains often not susceptible to antibiotics (Kennedy et al., 2008). In a large retrospective study, the incidence of MRSA infections was 4.6% of all hospital admissions in the United States (Klevens et al., 2007). The annual health care costs for 94,300 MRSA infected individuals in the United States exceed \$2.4 billion (Klevens et al., 2007). The current MRSA epidemic has precipitated a public health crisis that needs to be addressed by development of a preventive vaccine (Boucher and Corey, 2008). To date, an FDA licensed vaccine that prevents *S. aureus* diseases is not available.

The inventors describe here the use of Protein A, a cell wall anchored surface protein of staphylococci, for the generation of variants that can serve as subunit vaccines. The pathogenesis of staphylococcal infections is initiated as bacteria invade the skin or blood stream via trauma, surgical wounds, or medical devices (Lowy, 1998). Although the invading pathogen may be phagocytosed and killed, staphylococci can also escape innate immune defenses and seed infections in organ tissues, inducing inflammatory responses that attract macrophages, neutrophils, and other phagocytes (Lowy, 1998). The responsive invasion of immune cells to the site of infection is accompanied by liquefaction necrosis as the host seeks to prevent staphylococcal spread and allow for removal of necrotic tissue debris (Lam et al., 1963). Such lesions can be observed by microscopy as hypercellular areas containing necrotic tissue, leukocytes, and a central nidus of bacteria (Lam et al., 1963). Unless staphylococcal abscesses are surgically drained and treated with antibiotics, disseminated infection and septicemia produce a lethal outcome (Sheagren, 1984).

I. STAPHYLOCOCCAL ANTIGENS

A. Staphylococcal Protein A (SpA)

All *Staphylococcus aureus* strains express the structural gene for Protein A (*spa*) (Jensen, 1958; Said-Salim et al., 2003), a well characterized virulence factor whose cell wall anchored surface protein product (SpA) encompasses five highly homologous immunoglobulin binding domains designated E, D, A, B, and C (Sjodahl, 1977). These domains display ~80% identity at the amino acid level, are 56 to 61 residues in length, and are organized as tandem repeats (Uhlen et al., 1984). SpA is synthesized as a precursor protein with an N-terminal YSIRK/GS signal peptide and a C-terminal LPXTG motif sorting signal (DeDent et al., 2008; Schneewind et al., 1992). Cell wall anchored Protein A is displayed in great abundance on the staphylococcal surface (DeDent et al., 2007; Sjoquist et al., 1972). Each of its immu-

noglobulin binding domains is composed of anti-parallel α -helices that assemble into a three helix bundle and bind the Fc domain of immunoglobulin G (IgG) (Deisenhofer, 1981; Deisenhofer et al., 1978), the VH3 heavy chain (Fab) of IgM (i.e., the B cell receptor) (Graille et al., 2000), the von Willibrand factor at its A1 domain [vWF A1 is a ligand for platelets] (O'Seaghda et al., 2006) and the tumor necrosis factor α (TNF- α) receptor I (TNFRI) (Gomez et al., 2006), which is displayed on surfaces of airway epithelia (Gomez et al., 2004; Gomez et al., 2007).

SpA impedes neutrophil phagocytosis of staphylococci through its attribute of binding the Fc component of IgG (Jensen, 1958; Uhlen et al., 1984). Moreover, SpA is able to activate intravascular clotting via its binding to von Willibrand factor AI domains (Hartleib et al., 2000). Plasma proteins such as fibrinogen and fibronectin act as bridges between staphylococci (C1fA and C1fB) and the platelet integrin GPIIb/IIIa (O'Brien et al., 2002), an activity that is supplemented through Protein A association with vWF AI, which allows staphylococci to capture platelets via the GPIIb- α platelet receptor (Foster, 2005; O'Seaghda et al., 2006). SpA also binds TNFR1 and this interaction contributes to the pathogenesis of staphylococcal pneumonia (Gomez et al., 2004). SpA activates proinflammatory signaling through TNFR1 mediated activation of TRAF2, the p38/c-Jun kinase, mitogen activate protein kinase (MAPK) and the Rel-transcription factor NF-KB. SpA binding further induces TNFR1 shedding, an activity that appears to require the TNF-converting enzyme (TACE) (Gomez et al., 2007). All of the aforementioned SpA activities are mediated through its five IgG binding domains and can be perturbed by the same amino acid substitutions, initially defined by their requirement for the interaction between Protein A and human IgG1 (Cedergren et al., 1993).

SpA also functions as a B cell superantigen by capturing the Fab region of VH3 bearing IgM, the B cell receptor (Gomez et al., 2007; Goodyear et al., 2003; Goodyear and Silverman, 2004; Roben et al., 1995). Following intravenous challenge, staphylococcal Protein A (SpA) mutations show a reduction in staphylococcal load in organ tissues and dramatically diminished ability to form abscesses (described herein). During infection with wildtype *S. aureus*, abscesses are formed within forty-eight hours and are detectable by light microscopy of hematoxylin-eosin stained, thin-sectioned kidney tissue, initially marked by an influx of polymorphonuclear leukocytes (PMNs). On day 5 of infection, abscesses increase in size and enclosed a central population of staphylococci, surrounded by a layer of eosinophilic, amorphous material and a large cuff of PMNs. Histopathology revealed massive necrosis of PMNs in proximity to the staphylococcal nidus at the center of abscess lesions as well as a mantle of healthy phagocytes. The inventors also observed a rim of necrotic PMNs at the periphery of abscess lesions, bordering the eosinophilic pseudocapsule that separated healthy renal tissue from the infectious lesion. Staphylococcal variants lacking Protein A are unable to establish the histopathology features of abscesses and are cleared during infection.

In previous studies, Cedergren et al. (1993) engineered five individual substitutions in the Fc fragment binding sub-domain of the B domain of SpA, L17D, N28A, I31A and K35A. These authors created these proteins to test data gathered from a three dimensional structure of a complex between one domain of SpA and Fc₁. Cedergren et al. determined the effects of these mutations on stability and binding, but did not contemplate use of such substitutions for the production of a vaccine antigen.

Brown et al. (1998) describe studies designed to engineer new proteins based on SpA that allow the use of more favorable elution conditions when used as affinity ligands. The mutations studied included single mutations of Q13A, Q14H, N15A, N15H, F17H, Y18F, L21H, N32H, or K39H. Brown et al. report that Q13A, N15A, N15H, and N32H substitutions made little difference to the dissociation constant values and that the Y18F substitution resulted in a 2 fold decrease in binding affinity as compared to wild type SpA. Brown et al. also report that L21H and F17H substitutions decrease the binding affinity by five-fold and a hundred-fold respectively. The authors also studied analogous substitutions in two tandem domains. Thus, the Brown et al. studies were directed to generating a SpA with a more favorable elution profile, hence the use of His substitutions to provide a pH sensitive alteration in the binding affinity. Brown et al. is silent on the use of SpA as a vaccine antigen.

Graille et al. (2000) describe a crystal structure of domain D of SpA and the Fab fragment of a human IgM antibody. Graille et al. define by analysis of a crystal structure the D domain amino acid residues that interact with the Fab fragment as residues Q26, G29, F30, Q32, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, E47, or L51, as well as the amino acid residues that form the interface between the domain D sub-domains. Graille et al. define the molecular interactions of these two proteins, but is silent in regard to any use of substitutions in the interacting residues in producing a vaccine antigen.

O'Seaghda et al. (2006) describe studies directed at elucidating which sub-domain of domain D binds vWF. The authors generated single mutations in either the Fc or VH3 binding sub-domains, i.e., amino acid residues F5A, Q9A, Q10A, F13A, Y14A, L17A, N28A, I31A, K35A, G29A, F30A, S33A, D36A, D37A, Q40A, E47A, or Q32A. The authors discovered that vWF binds the same sub-domain that binds Fc. O'Seaghda et al. define the sub-domain of domain D responsible for binding vWF, but is silent in regard to any use of substitutions in the interacting residues in producing a vaccine antigen.

Gomez et al. (2006) describe the identification of residues responsible for activation of the TNFR1 by using single mutations of F5A, F13A, Y14A, L17A, N21A, I31A, Q32A, and K35A. Gomez et al. is silent in regard to any use of substitutions in the interacting residues in producing a vaccine antigen.

Recombinant affinity tagged Protein A, a polypeptide encompassing the five IgG domains (EDCAB) (Sjodahl, 1977) but lacking the C-terminal Region X (Guss et al., 1984), was purified from recombinant *E. coli* and used as a vaccine antigen (Stranger-Jones et al., 2006). Because of the attributes of SpA in binding the Fc portion of IgG, a specific humoral immune response to Protein A could not be measured (Stranger-Jones et al., 2006). The inventors have overcome this obstacle through the generation of SpA-DQ9, 10K; D36,37A. BALB/c mice immunized with recombinant Protein A (SpA) displayed significant protection against intravenous challenge with *S. aureus* strains: a 2.951 log reduction in staphylococcal load as compared to the wild-type ($P > 0.005$; Student's t-test) (Stranger-Jones et al., 2006). SpA specific antibodies may cause phagocytic clearance prior to abscess formation and/or impact the formation of the aforementioned eosinophilic barrier in abscesses that separate staphylococcal communities from immune cells since these do not foam during infection with Protein A mutant strains. Each of the five SpA domains (i.e., domains formed from three helix bundles designated E, D, A, B, and C) exerts similar binding properties (Jansson et al., 1998). The solution and crystal structure of the domain D has been solved both with and

without the Fc and VH3 (Fab) ligands, which bind Protein A in a non-competitive manner at distinct sites (Graille et al., 2000). Mutations in residues known to be involved in IgG binding (F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31 and K35) are also required for vWF A1 and TNFR1 binding (Cedergren et al., 1993; Gomez et al., 2006; O'Seaghda et al., 2006), whereas residues important for the VH3 interaction (Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, E47) appear to have no impact on the other binding activities (Graille et al., 2000; Jansson et al., 1998). SpA specifically targets a subset of B cells that express VH3 family related IgM on their surface, i.e., VH3 type B cell receptors (Roben et al., 1995). Upon interaction with SpA, these B cells proliferate and commit to apoptosis, leading to preferential and prolonged deletion of innate-like B lymphocytes (i.e., marginal zone B cells and follicular B2 cells) (Goodyear et al., 2003; Goodyear et al., 2004).

Molecular Basis of Protein a Surface Display and Function.

Protein A is synthesized as a precursor in the bacterial cytoplasm and secreted via its YSIRK signal peptide at the cross wall, i.e. the cell division septum of staphylococci (FIG. 1) (DeDent et al., 2007; DeDent et al., 2008). Following cleavage of the C-terminal LPXTG sorting signal, Protein A is anchored to bacterial peptidoglycan crossbridges by sortase A (Mazmanian et al., 1999; Schneewind et al., 1995; Mazmanian et al., 2000). Protein A is the most abundant surface protein of staphylococci; the molecule is expressed by virtually all *S. aureus* strains (Cespedes et al., 2005; Kennedy et al., 2008; Said-Salim et al., 2003). Staphylococci turn over 15-20% of their cell wall per division cycle (Navarre and Schneewind, 1999). Murine hydrolases cleave the glycan strands and wall peptides of peptidoglycan, thereby releasing Protein A with its attached C-terminal cell wall disaccharide tetrapeptide into the extracellular medium (Ton-That et al., 1999). Thus, by physiological design, Protein A is both anchored to the cell wall and displayed on the bacterial surface but also released into surrounding tissues during host infection (Marraffini et al., 2006).

Protein A captures immunoglobulins on the bacterial surface and this biochemical activity enables staphylococcal escape from host innate and acquired immune responses (Jensen, 1958; Goodyear et al., 2004). Interestingly, region X of Protein A (Guss et al., 1984), a repeat domain that tethers the IgG binding domains to the LPXTG sorting signal /cell wall anchor, is perhaps the most variable portion of the staphylococcal genome (Said-Salim, 2003; Schneewind et al., 1992). Each of the five immunoglobulin binding domains of Protein A (SpA), formed from three helix bundles and designated E, D, A, B, and C, exerts similar structural and functional properties (Sjodahl, 1977; Jansson et al., 1998). The solution and crystal structure of the domain D has been solved both with and without the Fc and V_H3 (Fab) ligands, which bind Protein A in a non-competitive manner at distinct sites (Graille 2000).

In the crystal structure complex, the Fab interacts with helix II and helix III of domain D via a surface composed of four VH region β -strands (Graille 2000). The major axis of helix II of domain D is approximately 50° to the orientation of the strands, and the interhelical portion of domain D is most proximal to the CO strand. The site of interaction on Fab is remote from the Ig light chain and the heavy chain constant region. The interaction involves the following domain D residues: Asp-36 of helix II, Asp-37 and Gln-40 in the loop between helix II and helix III and several other residues (Graille 2000). Both interacting surfaces are composed predominantly of polar side chains, with three negatively

charged residues on domain D and two positively charged residues on the 2A2 Fab buried by the interaction, providing an overall electrostatic attraction between the two molecules. Of the five polar interactions identified between Fab and domain D, three are between side chains. A salt bridge is foamed between Arg-H19 and Asp-36 and two hydrogen bonds are made between Tyr-H59 and Asp-37 and between Asn-H82a and Ser-33. Because of the conservation of Asp-36 and Asp-37 in all five IgG binding domains of Protein A, the inventors mutated these residues.

The SpA-D sites responsible for Fab binding are structurally separate from the domain surface that mediates Fc γ binding. The interaction of Fc γ with domain D primarily involves residues in helix I with lesser involvement of helix II (Gouda et al., 1992; Deisenhofer, 1981). With the exception of the Gln-32, a minor contact in both complexes, none of the residues that mediate the Fc γ interaction are involved in Fab binding. To examine the spatial relationship between these different Ig-binding sites, the SpA domains in these complexes have been superimposed to construct a model of a complex between Fab, the SpA-domain D, and the Fc γ molecule. In this ternary model, Fab and Fc γ form a sandwich about opposite faces of the helix II without evidence of steric hindrance of either interaction. These findings illustrate how, despite its small size (i.e., 56-61 aa), an SpA domain can simultaneously display both activities, explaining experimental evidence that the interactions of Fab with an individual domain are noncompetitive. Residues for the interaction between SpA-D and Fc γ are Gln-9 and Gln-10.

In contrast, occupancy of the Fc portion of IgG on the domain D blocks its interaction with vWF A1 and probably also TNFR1 (O'Seaghda et al., 2006). Mutations in residues essential for IgG Fc binding (F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31 and K35) are also required for vWF A1 and TNFR1 binding (O'Seaghda et al., 2006; Cedergren et al., 1993; Gomez et al., 2006), whereas residues critical for the VH3 interaction (Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, E47) have no impact on the binding activities of IgG Fc, vWF A1 or TNFR1 (Jansson et al., 1998; Graille et al., 2000). The Protein A immunoglobulin Fab binding activity targets a subset of B cells that express V_H3 family related IgM on their surface, i.e., these molecules function as VH3 type B cell receptors (Roben et al., 1995). Upon interaction with SpA, these B cells rapidly proliferate and then commit to apoptosis, leading to preferential and prolonged deletion of innate-like B lymphocytes (i.e., marginal zone B cells and follicular B2 cells) (Goodyear and Silverman, 2004; Goodyear and Silverman, 2003). More than 40% of circulating B cells are targeted by the Protein A interaction and the V_H3 family represents the largest family of human B cell receptors to impart protective humoral responses against pathogens (Goodyear and Silverman, 2004; Goodyear and Silverman, 2003). Thus, Protein A functions analogously to staphylococcal superantigens (Roben et al., 1995), albeit that the latter class of molecules, for example SEB, TSST-1, TSST-2, form complexes with the T cell receptor to inappropriately stimulate host immune responses and thereby precipitating characteristic disease features of staphylococcal infections (Roben et al., 1995; Tiedemann et al., 1995). Together these findings document the contributions of Protein A in establishing staphylococcal infections and in modulating host immune responses.

In sum, Protein A domains can viewed as displaying two different interfaces for binding with host molecules and any development of Protein A based vaccines must consider the generation of variants that do not perturb host cell signaling, platelet aggregation, sequestration of immunoglobulins or the induction of B cell proliferation and apoptosis. Such Protein

A variants should also be useful in analyzing vaccines for the ability of raising antibodies that block the aforementioned SpA activities and occupy the five repeat domains at their dual binding interfaces. This goal is articulated and pursued here for the first time and methods are described in detail for the generation of Protein A variants that can be used as a safe vaccine for humans. To perturb IgG Fc γ , vWF A1 and TNFR1 binding, glutamine (Q) 9 and 10 [numbering derived from the SpA domain D as described in Uhlen et al., 1984] were mutated, and generated lysine substitutions for both glutamines with the expectation that these abolish the ligand attributes at the first binding interface. To perturb IgM Fab VH3 binding, aspartate (D) 36 and 37 were mutated, each of which is required for the association with the B cell receptor. D36 and D37 were both substituted with alanine. Q9, 10K and D36,37A mutations are here combined in the recombinant molecule SpA-DQ9, 10K; D36,37A and tested for the binding attributes of Protein A. Further, SpA-D and SpA-DQ9, 10K; D36,37A are subjected to immunization studies in mice and rabbits and analyzed for [1] the production of specific antibodies (SpA-D Ab); [2] the ability of SpA-D Ab to block the association between Protein A and its four different ligands; and, [3] the attributes of SpA-D Ab to generate protective immunity against staphylococcal infections.

In certain embodiments the SpA variant is a full length SpA variant comprising a variant A, B, C, D, and E domain. In certain aspects, the SpA variant comprises or consists of the amino acid sequence that is 80, 90, 95, 98, 99, or 100% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:34. In other embodiments the SpA variant comprises a segment of SpA. The SpA segment can comprise at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or more IgG binding domains. The IgG domains can be at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or more variant A, B, C, D, or E domains. In certain aspects the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant A domains. In a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant B domains. In still a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant C domains. In yet a further aspect the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant D domains. In certain aspects the SpA variant comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or more variant E domains. In a further aspect the SpA variant comprises a combination of A, B, C, D, and E domains in various combinations and permutations. The combinations can include all or part of a SpA signal peptide segment, a SpA region X segment, and/or a SpA sorting signal segment. In other aspects the SpA variant does not include a SpA signal peptide segment, a SpA region X segment, and/or a SpA sorting signal segment. In certain aspects a variant A domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:4. In another aspect a variant B domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:6. In still another aspect a variant C domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 7, 8, 34, and/or 35 of SEQ ID NO:5. In certain aspects a variant D domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 9, 10, 37, and/or 38 of SEQ ID NO:2. In a further aspect a variant E domain comprises a substitution at position(s) 6, 7, 33, and/or 34 of SEQ ID NO:3.

In certain aspects the SpA variant includes a substitution of (a) one or more amino acid substitution in an IgG Fc binding sub-domain of SpA domain A, B, C, D, and/or E that disrupts or decreases binding to IgG Fc, and (b) one or more amino acid substitution in a V_{H3} binding sub-domain of SpA domain A, B, C, D, and/or E that disrupts or decreases binding to V_{H3}. In still further aspects the amino acid sequence of a SpA variant comprises an amino acid sequence that is at least

50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, 90%, 95%, or 100% identical, including all values and ranges there between, to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NOs:2-6.

In a further aspect the SpA variant includes (a) one or more amino acid substitution in an IgG Fc binding sub-domain of SpA domain D, or at a corresponding amino acid position in other IgG domains, that disrupts or decreases binding to IgG Fc, and (b) one or more amino acid substitution in a V_{H3} binding sub-domain of SpA domain D, or at a corresponding amino acid position in other IgG domains, that disrupts or decreases binding to V_{H3}. In certain aspects amino acid residue F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31, and/or K35 (SEQ ID NO:2, QQNNFNKDDQSSAFYEILNMPNL-NEAQRNGFIQSLKDDPSQSTNVLGEAKKLNES) of the IgG Fc binding sub-domain of domain D are modified or substituted. In certain aspects amino acid residue Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, and/or E47 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the V_{H3} binding sub-domain of domain D are modified or substituted such that binding to Fc or V_{H3} is attenuated. In further aspects corresponding modifications or substitutions can be engineered in corresponding positions of the domain A, B, C, and/or E. Corresponding positions are defined by alignment of the domain D amino acid sequence with one or more of the amino acid sequences from other IgG binding domains of SpA. In certain aspects the amino acid substitution can be any of the other 20 amino acids. In a further aspect conservative amino acid substitutions can be specifically excluded from possible amino acid substitutions. In other aspects only non-conservative substitutions are included. In any event, any substitution or combination of substitutions that reduces the binding of the domain such that SpA toxicity is significantly reduced is contemplated. The significance of the reduction in binding refers to a variant that produces minimal to no toxicity when introduced into a subject and can be assessed using in vitro methods described herein.

In certain embodiments, a variant SpA comprises at least or at most 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, or more variant SpA domain D peptides. In certain aspects 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, or 19 or more amino acid residues of the variant SpA are substituted or modified—including but not limited to amino acids F5, Q9, Q10, S11, F13, Y14, L17, N28, I31, and/or K35 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the IgG Fc binding sub-domain of domain D and amino acid residue Q26, G29, F30, S33, D36, D37, Q40, N43, and/or E47 (SEQ ID NO:2) of the V_{H3} binding sub-domain of domain D. In one aspect of the invention glutamine residues at position 9 and/or 10 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or corresponding positions in other domains) are mutated. In another aspect, aspartic acid residues 36 and/or 37 of SEQ ID NO:2 (or corresponding positions in other domains) are mutated. In a further aspect, glutamine 9 and 10, and aspartic acid residues 36 and 37 are mutated. Purified non-toxicogenic SpA or SpA-D mutants/variants described herein are no longer able to significantly bind (i.e., demonstrate attenuated or disrupted binding affinity) Fc γ or F(ab)₂ V_{H3} and also do not stimulate B cell apoptosis. These non-toxicogenic Protein A variants can be used as subunit vaccines and raise humoral immune responses and confer protective immunity against *S. aureus* challenge. Compared to wild-type full-length Protein A or the wild-type SpA-domain D, immunization with SpA-D variants resulted in an increase in Protein A specific antibody. Using a mouse model of staphylococcal challenge and abscess formation, it was observed that immunization with the non-toxicogenic Protein A variants generated significant protection from staphylococcal infection and abscess formation. As virtually all *S. aureus* strains express Protein A, immunization of humans with the non-toxicogenic Protein A variants can neutralize this virulence

factor and thereby establish protective immunity. In certain aspects the protective immunity protects or ameliorates infection by drug resistant strains of *Staphylococcus*, such as USA300 and other MRSA strains.

In still further aspects, the bacterial antigen is multimerized, e.g., dimerized or a linear fusion of two or more polypeptides or peptide segments. In certain aspects of the invention, a composition comprises multimers or concatamers of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 or more isolated cell surface proteins or segments thereof. Concatamers are linear polypeptides having one or more repeating peptide units. Bacterial antigens or fragments can be consecutive or separated by a spacer or other peptide sequences, e.g., one or more additional bacterial peptide. In a further aspect, the other polypeptides or peptides contained in the multimer or concatamer can include, but are not limited to 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 of FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, Spa (and variants thereof), Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, CifA, CifB, Coa, Hla (e.g., H35 mutants), IsdC, SasF, vWbp, or vWh or immunogenic fragments thereof. Additional staphylococcal antigens that can be used including, but are not limited to 52 kDa vitronectin binding protein (WO 01/60852), Aaa, Aap, Ant, autolysin glucosaminidase, autolysin amidase, Cna, collagen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214), EFB (FIB), Elastin binding protein (EbpS), EPB, FbpA, fibrinogen binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341), Fibronectin binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846), FnB, FnBB, GehD (US 2002/0169288), HarA, HBP, Immunodominant ABC transporter, IsaA/PisA, laminin receptor, Lipase GehD, MAP, Mg²⁺ transporter, MHC II analogue (U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240), MRPII, Npase, RNA III activating protein (RAP), SasA, SasB, SasC, SasD, SasK, SBI, SdrF (WO 00/12689), SdrG/Fig (WO 00/12689), SdrH (WO 00/12689), SEA exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SEB exotoxins (WO 00/02523), SitC and Ni ABC transporter, SitC/MntC/saliva binding protein (U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234), SsaA, SSP-1, SSP-2, and/or Vitronectin binding protein.

Yet still further embodiments include vaccines comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable composition having a combination or permutation of protein(s) or peptide(s) described herein, wherein the composition is capable of stimulating and/or enhancing an immune response against a *staphylococcus* bacterium. The vaccine may comprise an isolated protein(s) or peptide(s) described. In certain aspects of the invention the bacterial antigen, or any other combination or permutation of protein(s) or peptide(s) described are multimerized, e.g., dimerized or concatamerized. In a further aspect, the vaccine composition is contaminated by less than about 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0.5, 0.25, 0.05% (or any range derivable therein) of other Staphylococcal proteins. A composition may further comprise an isolated protein A specific antibody or fragment thereof.

B. Staphylococcal Coagulases

Coagulases are enzymes produced by *Staphylococcus* bacteria that convert fibrinogen to fibrin. Coa and vW_n activate prothrombin without proteolysis (Friedrich et al., 2003). The coagulase•prothrombin complex recognizes fibrinogen as a specific substrate, converting it directly into fibrin. The crystal structure of the active complex revealed binding of the D1 and D2 domains to prothrombin and insertion of its Ile1-Val² N-terminus into the Ile¹⁶ pocket, inducing a functional active site in the zymogen through conformational change (Friedrich et al., 2003). Exosite I of α -thrombin, the fibrinogen recognition site, and proexosite I on prothrombin are blocked by the D2 of Coa (Friedrich et al., 2003). Neverthe-

less, association of the tetrameric (Coa•prothrombin)₂ complex binds fibrinogen at a new site with high affinity (Panizzi et al., 2006). This model explains the coagulant properties and efficient fibrinogen conversion by coagulase (Panizzi et al., 2006).

Fibrinogen is a large glycoprotein (Mr ~340,000), formed by three pairs of α -, β -, and γ -chains covalently linked to form a "dimer of trimers," where A and B designate the fibrinopeptides released by thrombin cleavage (Panizzi et al., 2006). The elongated molecule folds into three separate domains, a central fragment E that contains the N-termini of all six chains and two flanking fragments D formed mainly by the C-termini of the β - and γ -chains. These globular domains are connected by long triple-helical structures. Coagulase-prothrombin complexes, which convert human fibrinogen to the self-polymerizing fibrin, are not targeted by circulating thrombin inhibitors (Panizzi et al., 2006). Thus, staphylococcal coagulases bypass the physiological blood coagulation pathway.

All *S. aureus* strains secrete coagulase and vWbp (Bjerker-torp et al., 2004; Field and Smith, 1945). Although early work reported important contributions of coagulase to the pathogenesis of staphylococcal infections (Ekstedt and Yotis, 1960; Smith et al., 1947), more recent investigations with molecular genetics tools challenged this view by observing no virulence phenotypes with endocarditis, skin abscess and mastitis models in mice (Moreillon et al., 1995; Phonimdaeng et al., 1990). Generating isogenic variants of *S. aureus* Newman, a fully virulent clinical isolate (Duthie et al., 1952), it is described herein that coa mutants indeed display virulence defects in a lethal bacteremia and renal abscess model in mice. In the inventors experience, *S. aureus* 8325-4 is not fully virulent and it is presumed that mutational lesions in this strain may not be able to reveal virulence defects in vivo. Moreover, antibodies raised against Coa or vWbp perturb the pathogenesis of *S. aureus* Newman infections to a degree mirroring the impact of gene deletions. Coa and vWbp contribute to staphylococcal abscess formation and lethal bacteremia and may also function as protective antigens in subunit vaccines.

Biochemical studies document the biological value of antibodies against Coa and vWbp. By binding to antigen and blocking its association with clotting factors, the antibodies prevent the formation of Coa•prothrombin and vWbp•prothrombin complexes. Passive transfer studies revealed protection of experimental animals against staphylococcal abscess formation and lethal challenge by Coa and vWbp antibodies. Thus, Coa and vWbp neutralizing antibodies generate immune protection against staphylococcal disease.

Earlier studies revealed a requirement of coagulase for resisting phagocytosis in blood (Smith et al., 1947) and the inventors observed a similar phenotype for Δ coa mutants in lepirudin-treated mouse blood (see Example 3 below). As vWbp displays higher affinity for human prothrombin than the mouse counterpart, it is suspected the same may be true for Δ vWbp variants in human blood. Further, expression of Coa and vWbp in abscess lesions as well as their striking distribution in the eosinophilic pseudocapsule surrounding (staphylococcal abscess communities (SACs) or the peripheral fibrin wall, suggest that secreted coagulases contribute to the establishment of these lesions. This hypothesis was tested and, indeed, Δ coa mutants were defective in the establishment of abscesses. A corresponding test, blocking Coa function with specific antibodies, produced the same effect. Consequently, it is proposed that the clotting of fibrin is a critical event in the establishment of staphylococcal abscesses that can be targeted for the development of protective vaccines.

Due to their overlapping function on human prothrombin, both Coa and vWbp are considered excellent candidates for vaccine development.

C. Other Staphylococcal Antigens

Research over the past several decades identified *S. aureus* exotoxins, surface proteins and regulatory molecules as important virulence factors (Foster, 2005; Mazmanian et al., 2001; Novick, 2003). Much progress has been achieved regarding the regulation of these genes. For example, staphylococci perform a bacterial census via the secretion of auto-inducing peptides that bind to a cognate receptor at threshold concentration, thereby activating phospho-relay reactions and transcriptional activation of many of the exotoxin genes (Novick, 2003). The pathogenesis of staphylococcal infections relies on these virulence factors (secreted exotoxins, exopolysaccharides, and surface adhesins). The development of staphylococcal vaccines is hindered by the multifaceted nature of staphylococcal invasion mechanisms. It is well established that live attenuated microorganisms are highly effective vaccines; immune responses elicited by such vaccines are often of greater magnitude and of longer duration than those produced by non-replicating immunogens. One explanation for this may be that live attenuated strains establish limited infections in the host and mimic the early stages of natural infection. Embodiments of the invention are directed to compositions and methods including variant SpA polypeptides and peptides, as well as other immunogenic extracellular proteins, polypeptides, and peptides (including both secreted and cell surface proteins or peptides) of gram positive bacteria for the use in mitigating or immunizing against infection. In particular embodiments the bacteria is a *staphylococcus* bacteria. Extracellular proteins, polypeptides, or peptides include, but are not limited to secreted and cell surface proteins of the targeted bacteria.

The human pathogen *S. aureus* secretes EsxA and EsxB, two ESAT-6 like proteins, across the bacterial envelope (Burts et al., 2005, which is incorporated herein by reference). Staphylococcal *esxA* and *esxB* are clustered with six other genes in the order of transcription: *esxA esaA essA esaB essB essC esaC esxB*. The acronyms *esa*, *ess*, and *esx* stand for ESAT-6 secretion accessory, system, and extracellular, respectively, depending whether the encoded proteins play an accessory (*esa*) or direct (*ess*) role for secretion, or are secreted (*esx*) in the extracellular milieu. The entire cluster of eight genes is herein referred to as the Ess cluster. EsxA, EsxB, *esaA*, *essB*, and *essC* are all required for synthesis or secretion of EsxA and EsxB. Mutants that fail to produce EsxA, EsxB, and *EssC* display defects in the pathogenesis of *S. aureus* murine abscesses, suggesting that this specialized secretion system may be a general strategy of human bacterial pathogenesis. Secretion of non-WXG100 substrates by the ESX-1 pathway has been reported for several antigens including *EspA*, *EspB*, *Rv3483c*, and *Rv3615c* (Fortune et al., 2005; MacGurn et al., 2005; McLaughlin et al., 2007; Xu et al., 2007). The alternate ESX-5 pathway has also been shown to secrete both WXG100 and non-WXG100 proteins in pathogenic mycobacteria (Abdallah et al., 2007; Abdallah et al., 2006).

The *Staphylococcus aureus* Ess pathway can be viewed as a secretion module equipped with specialized transport components (*Ess*), accessory factors (*Esa*) and cognate secretion substrates (*Esx*). *EssA*, *EssB* and *EssC* are required for EsxA and EsxB secretion. Because *EssA*, *EssB* and *EssC* are predicted to be transmembrane proteins, it is contemplated that these proteins form a secretion apparatus. Some of the proteins in the *ess* gene cluster may actively transport secreted substrates (acting as motor) while others may regulate transport (regulator). Regulation may be achieved, but need not be

limited to, transcriptional or post-translational mechanisms for secreted polypeptides, sorting of specific substrates to defined locations (e.g., extracellular medium or host cells), or timing of secretion events during infection. At this point, it is unclear whether all secreted *Esx* proteins function as toxins or contribute indirectly to pathogenesis.

Staphylococci rely on surface protein mediated-adhesion to host cells or invasion of tissues as a strategy for escape from immune defenses. Furthermore, *S. aureus* utilize surface proteins to sequester iron from the host during infection. The majority of surface proteins involved in staphylococcal pathogenesis carry C-terminal sorting signals, i.e., they are covalently linked to the cell wall envelope by sortase. Further, staphylococcal strains lacking the genes required for surface protein anchoring, i.e., sortase A and B, display a dramatic defect in the virulence in several different mouse models of disease. Thus, surface protein antigens represent a validated vaccine target as the corresponding genes are essential for the development of staphylococcal disease and can be exploited in various embodiments of the invention. The sortase enzyme superfamily are Gram-positive transpeptidases responsible for anchoring surface protein virulence factors to the peptidoglycan cell wall layer. Two sortase isoforms have been identified in *Staphylococcus aureus*, SrtA and SrtB. These enzymes have been shown to recognize a LPXTG motif in substrate proteins. The SrtB isoform appears to be important in heme iron acquisition and iron homeostasis, whereas the SrtA isoform plays a critical role in the pathogenesis of Gram-positive bacteria by modulating the ability of the bacterium to adhere to host tissue via the covalent anchoring of adhesins and other proteins to the cell wall peptidoglycan. In certain embodiments the SpA variants described herein can be used in combination with other staphylococcal proteins such as Coa, Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaC, EsaB, EsxA, EsxB, Hla, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, IsdC, SasF, vWbp, and/or vWh proteins.

Certain aspects of the invention include methods and compositions concerning proteinaceous compositions including polypeptides, peptides, or nucleic acid encoding SpA variant(s) and other staphylococcal antigens such as other proteins transported by the *Ess* pathway, or sortase substrates. These proteins may be modified by deletion, insertion, and/or substitution.

The *Esx* polypeptides include the amino acid sequence of *Esx* proteins from bacteria in the *Staphylococcus* genus. The *Esx* sequence may be from a particular *staphylococcus* species, such as *Staphylococcus aureus*, and may be from a particular strain, such as Newman. In certain embodiments, the *EsxA* sequence is SAV0282 from strain Mu50 (which is the same amino acid sequence for Newman) and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number Q99WU4 (gi|68565539), which is hereby incorporated by reference. In other embodiments, the *EsxB* sequence is SAV0290 from strain Mu50 (which is the same amino acid sequence for Newman) and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number Q99WT7 (gi|68565532), which is hereby incorporated by reference. In further embodiments, other polypeptides transported by the *Ess* pathway may be used, the sequences of which may be identified by one of skill in the art using databases and internet accessible resources.

The sortase substrate polypeptides include, but are not limited to the amino acid sequence of SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, IsdC or SasF proteins from bacteria in the *Staphylococcus* genus. The sortase substrate polypeptide sequence may be from a particular *staphylococcus* species, such as *Staphylococcus aureus*, and may be from a particular strain, such as Newman. In certain embodiments,

the SdrD sequence is from strain N315 and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number NP_373773.1 (gil15926240), which is incorporated by reference. In other embodiments, the SdrE sequence is from strain N315 and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number NP_373774.1 (gil15926241), which is incorporated by reference. In other embodiments, the IsdA sequence is SAV1130 from strain Mu50 (which is the same amino acid sequence for Newman) and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number NP_371654.1 (gil15924120), which is incorporated by reference. In other embodiments, the IsdB sequence is SAV1129 from strain Mu50 (which is the same amino acid sequence for Newman) and can be accessed using Genbank Accession Number NP_371653.1 (gil15924119), which is incorporated by reference. In further embodiments, other polypeptides transported by the Ess pathway or processed by sortase may be used, the sequences of which may be identified by one of skill in the art using databases and internet accessible resources.

Examples of various proteins that can be used in the context of the present invention can be identified by analysis of database submissions of bacterial genomes, including but not limited to accession numbers NC_002951 (GI:57650036 and GenBank CP000046), NC_002758 (GI:57634611 and GenBank BA000017), NC_002745 (GI:29165615 and GenBank BA000018), NC_003923 (GI:21281729 and GenBank BA000033), NC_002952 (GI:49482253 and GenBank BX571856), NC_002953 (GI:49484912 and GenBank BX571857), NC_007793 (GI:87125858 and GenBank CP000255), NC_007795 (GI:87201381 and GenBank CP000253) each of which are incorporated by reference.

As used herein, a "protein" or "polypeptide" refers to a molecule comprising at least ten amino acid residues. In some embodiments, a wild-type version of a protein or polypeptide are employed, however, in many embodiments of the invention, a modified protein or polypeptide is employed to generate an immune response. The terms described above may be used interchangeably. A "modified protein" or "modified polypeptide" or a "variant" refers to a protein or polypeptide whose chemical structure, particularly its amino acid sequence, is altered with respect to the wild-type protein or polypeptide. In some embodiments, a modified/variant protein or polypeptide has at least one modified activity or function (recognizing that proteins or polypeptides may have multiple activities or functions). It is specifically contemplated that a modified/variant protein or polypeptide may be altered with respect to one activity or function yet retain a wild-type activity or function in other respects, such as immunogenicity.

In certain embodiments the size of a protein or polypeptide (wild-type or modified) may comprise, but is not limited to, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 275, 300, 325, 350, 375, 400, 425, 450, 475, 500, 525, 550, 575, 600, 625, 650, 675, 700, 725, 750, 775, 800, 825, 850, 875, 900, 925, 950, 975, 1000, 1100, 1200, 1300, 1400, 1500, 1750, 2000, 2250, 2500 amino molecules or greater, and any range derivable therein, or derivative of a corresponding amino sequence described or referenced herein. It is contemplated that polypeptides may be mutated by truncation, rendering them shorter than their corresponding wild-type form, but also they might be altered by fusing or conjugating a heter-

ologous protein sequence with a particular function (e.g., for targeting or localization, for enhanced immunogenicity, for purification purposes, etc.).

As used herein, an "amino molecule" refers to any amino acid, amino acid derivative, or amino acid mimic known in the art. In certain embodiments, the residues of the proteinaceous molecule are sequential, without any non-amino molecule interrupting the sequence of amino molecule residues. In other embodiments, the sequence may comprise one or more non-amino molecule moieties. In particular embodiments, the sequence of residues of the proteinaceous molecule may be interrupted by one or more non-amino molecule moieties.

Accordingly, the term "proteinaceous composition" encompasses amino molecule sequences comprising at least one of the 20 common amino acids in naturally synthesized proteins, or at least one modified or unusual amino acid.

Proteinaceous compositions may be made by any technique known to those of skill in the art, including (i) the expression of proteins, polypeptides, or peptides through standard molecular biological techniques, (ii) the isolation of proteinaceous compounds from natural sources, or (iii) the chemical synthesis of proteinaceous materials. The nucleotide as well as the protein, polypeptide, and peptide sequences for various genes have been previously disclosed, and may be found in the recognized computerized databases. One such database is the National Center for Biotechnology Information's Genbank and GenPept databases (on the World Wide Web at ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/). The coding regions for these genes may be amplified and/or expressed using the techniques disclosed herein or as would be known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Amino acid sequence variants of SpA, coagulases and other polypeptides of the invention can be substitutional, insertional, or deletion variants. A variation in a polypeptide of the invention may affect 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, or more non-contiguous or contiguous amino acids of the polypeptide, as compared to wild-type. A variant can comprise an amino acid sequence that is at least 50%, 60%, 70%, 80%, or 90%, including all values and ranges there between, identical to any sequence provided or referenced herein, e.g., SEQ ID NO:2-8 or SEQ ID NO:11-30. A variant can include 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, or more substitute amino acids. A polypeptide processed or secreted by the Ess pathway or other surface proteins (see Table 1) or sortase substrates from any *staphylococcus* species and strain are contemplated for use in compositions and methods described herein.

Deletion variants typically lack one or more residues of the native or wild-type protein. Individual residues can be deleted or a number of contiguous amino acids can be deleted. A stop codon may be introduced (by substitution or insertion) into an encoding nucleic acid sequence to generate a truncated protein. Insertional mutants typically involve the addition of material at a non-terminal point in the polypeptide. This may include the insertion of one or more residues. Terminal additions, called fusion proteins, may also be generated. These fusion proteins include multimers or concatamers of one or more peptide or polypeptide described or referenced herein.

Substitutional variants typically contain the exchange of one amino acid for another at one or more sites within the protein, and may be designed to modulate one or more properties of the polypeptide, with or without the loss of other functions or properties. Substitutions may be conservative, that is, one amino acid is replaced with one of similar shape and charge. Conservative substitutions are well known in the

art and include, for example, the changes of: alanine to serine; arginine to lysine; asparagine to glutamine or histidine; aspartate to glutamate; cysteine to serine; glutamine to asparagine; glutamate to aspartate; glycine to proline; histidine to asparagine or glutamine; isoleucine to leucine or valine; leucine to valine or isoleucine; lysine to arginine; methionine to leucine or isoleucine; phenylalanine to tyrosine, leucine or methionine; serine to threonine; threonine to serine; tryptophan to tyrosine; tyrosine to tryptophan or phenylalanine; and valine to isoleucine or leucine. Alternatively, substitutions may be non-conservative such that a function or activity of the polypeptide is affected. Non-conservative changes typically involve substituting a residue with one that is chemically dissimilar, such as a polar or charged amino acid for a non-polar or uncharged amino acid, and vice versa.

TABLE 1

Exemplary surface proteins of <i>S. aureus</i> strains.								
SAV #	SA#	Surface	MW2	Mu50	N315	Newman	MRSA252*	MSSA476*
SAV0111	SA0107	Spa	492	450	450	520	516	492
SAV2503	SA2291	FnBPA	1015	1038	1038	741	—	1015
SAV2502	SA2290	FnBPP	943	961	961	677	965	957
SAV0811	SA0742	ClfA	946	935	989	933	1029	928
SAV2630	SA2423	ClfB	907	877	877	913	873	905
Np	Np	Cna	1183	—	—	—	1183	1183
SAV0561	SA0519	SdrC	955	953	953	947	906	957
SAV0562	SA0520	SdrD	1347	1385	1385	1315	—	1365
SAV0563	SA0521	SdrE	1141	1141	1141	1166	1137	1141
Np	Np	Pls	—	—	—	—	—	—
SAV2654	SA2447	SasA	2275	2271	2271	2271	1351	2275
SAV2160	SA1964	SasB	686	2481	2481	2481	2222	685
	SA1577	SasC	2186	213	2186	2186	2189	2186
SAV0134	SA0129	SasD	241	241	241	241	221	241
SAV1130	SA0977	SasE/IsdA	350	350	350	350	354	350
SAV2646	SA2439	SasF	635	635	635	635	627	635
SAV2496		SasG	1371	525	927	—	—	1371
SAV0023	SA0022	SasH	772	—	772	772	786	786
SAV1731	SA1552	SasI	895	891	891	891	534	895
SAV1129	SA0976	SasJ/IsdB	645	645	645	645	652	645
	SA2381	SasK	198	211	211	—	—	197
	Np	SasL	—	232	—	—	—	—
SAV1131	SA0978	IsdC	227	227	227	227	227	227

Proteins of the invention may be recombinant, or synthesized in vitro. Alternatively, a non-recombinant or recombinant protein may be isolated from bacteria. It is also contemplated that a bacteria containing such a variant may be implemented in compositions and methods of the invention. Consequently, a protein need not be isolated.

The term “functionally equivalent codon” is used herein to refer to codons that encode the same amino acid, such as the six codons for arginine or serine, and also refers to codons that encode biologically equivalent amino acids (see Table 2, below).

TABLE 2

Codon Table			
Amino Acids		Codons	
Alanine	Ala	A	GCA GCC GCG GCU
Cysteine	Cys	C	UGC UGU
Aspartic acid	Asp	D	GAC GAU
Glutamic acid	Glu	E	GAA GAG
Phenylalanine	Phe	F	UUC UUU

TABLE 2-continued

Codon Table			
Amino Acids		Codons	
Glycine	Gly	G	GGA GGC GGG GGU
Histidine	His	H	CAC CAU
Isoleucine	Ile	I	AUA AUC AUU
Lysine	Lys	K	AAA AAG
Leucine	Leu	L	UUA UUG CUA CUC CUG CUU

TABLE 2-continued

Codon Table			
Amino Acids		Codons	
Methionine	Met	M	AUG
Asparagine	Asn	N	AAC AAU
Proline	Pro	P	CCA CCC CCG CCU
Glutamine	Gln	Q	CAA CAG
Arginine	Arg	R	AGA AGG CGA CGC CGG CGU
Serine	Ser	S	AGC AGU UCA UCC UCG UCU
Threonine	Thr	T	ACA ACC ACG ACU
Valine	Val	V	GUA GUC GUG GUU
Tryptophan	Trp	W	UGG
Tyrosine	Tyr	Y	UAC UAU

It also will be understood that amino acid and nucleic acid sequences may include additional residues, such as additional N- or C-terminal amino acids, or 5' or 3' sequences, respectively, and yet still be essentially as set forth in one of the

sequences disclosed herein, so long as the sequence meets the criteria set forth above, including the maintenance of biological protein activity (e.g., immunogenicity) where protein expression is concerned. The addition of terminal sequences particularly applies to nucleic acid sequences that may, for example, include various non-coding sequences flanking either of the 5' or 3' portions of the coding region.

The following is a discussion based upon changing of the amino acids of a protein to create a variant polypeptide or peptide. For example, certain amino acids may be substituted for other amino acids in a protein structure with or without appreciable loss of interactive binding capacity with structures such as, for example, antigen-binding regions of antibodies or binding sites on substrate molecules. Since it is the interactive capacity and nature of a protein that defines that protein's functional activity, certain amino acid substitutions can be made in a protein sequence, and in its underlying DNA coding sequence, and nevertheless produce a protein with a desirable property. It is thus contemplated by the inventors that various changes may be made in the DNA sequences of genes.

It is contemplated that in compositions of the invention, there is between about 0.001 mg and about 10 mg of total polypeptide, peptide, and/or protein per ml. The concentration of protein in a composition can be about, at least about or at most about 0.001, 0.010, 0.050, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0 mg/ml or more (or any range derivable therein). Of this, about, at least about, or at most about 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100% may be an SpA variant or a coagulase, and may be used in combination with other peptides or polypeptides, such as other bacterial peptides and/or antigens.

The present invention contemplates the administration of variant SpA polypeptides or peptides to effect a preventative therapy or therapeutic effect against the development of a disease or condition associated with infection by a *staphylococcus* pathogen.

In certain aspects, combinations of staphylococcal antigens are used in the production of an immunogenic composition that is effective at treating or preventing staphylococcal infection. Staphylococcal infections progress through several different stages. For example, the staphylococcal life cycle involves commensal colonization, initiation of infection by accessing adjoining tissues or the bloodstream, and/or anaerobic multiplication in the blood. The interplay between *S. aureus* virulence determinants and the host defense mechanisms can induce complications such as endocarditis, metastatic abscess formation, and sepsis syndrome. Different molecules on the surface of the bacterium are involved in different steps of the infection cycle. Combinations of certain antigens can elicit an immune response which protects against multiple stages of staphylococcal infection. The effectiveness of the immune response can be measured either in animal model assays and/or using an opsonophagocytic assay.

D. Polypeptides and Polypeptide Production

The present invention describes polypeptides, peptides, and proteins and immunogenic fragments thereof for use in various embodiments of the present invention. For example, specific polypeptides are assayed for or used to elicit an immune response. In specific embodiments, all or part of the proteins of the invention can also be synthesized in solution or

on a solid support in accordance with conventional techniques. Various automatic synthesizers are commercially available and can be used in accordance with known protocols. See, for example, Stewart and Young, (1984); Tam et al., (1983); Merrifield, (1986); and Barany and Merrifield (1979), each incorporated herein by reference.

Alternatively, recombinant DNA technology may be employed wherein a nucleotide sequence which encodes a peptide of the invention is inserted into an expression vector, transformed or transfected into an appropriate host cell and cultivated under conditions suitable for expression.

One embodiment of the invention includes the use of gene transfer to cells, including microorganisms, for the production and/or presentation of polypeptides or peptides. The gene for the polypeptide or peptide of interest may be transferred into appropriate host cells followed by culture of cells under the appropriate conditions. The generation of recombinant expression vectors, and the elements included therein, are well known in the art and briefly discussed herein. Alternatively, the protein to be produced may be an endogenous protein normally synthesized by the cell that is isolated and purified.

Another embodiment of the present invention uses autologous B lymphocyte cell lines, which are transfected with a viral vector that expresses an immunogen product, and more specifically, a protein having immunogenic activity. Other examples of mammalian host cell lines include, but are not limited to Vero and HeLa cells, other B- and T-cell lines, such as CEM, 721.221, H9, Jurkat, Raji, as well as cell lines of Chinese hamster ovary, W138, BHK, COS-7, 293, HepG2, 3T3, RIN and MDCK cells. In addition, a host cell strain may be chosen that modulates the expression of the inserted sequences, or that modifies and processes the gene product in the manner desired. Such modifications (e.g., glycosylation) and processing (e.g., cleavage) of protein products may be important for the function of the protein. Different host cells have characteristic and specific mechanisms for the post-translational processing and modification of proteins. Appropriate cell lines or host systems can be chosen to ensure the correct modification and processing of the foreign protein expressed.

A number of selection systems may be used including, but not limited to HSV thymidine kinase, hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase, and adenine phosphoribosyltransferase genes, in tk-, hgprt- or aprt-cells, respectively. Also, anti-metabolite resistance can be used as the basis of selection: for dhfr, which confers resistance to trimethoprim and methotrexate; gpt, which confers resistance to mycophenolic acid; neo, which confers resistance to the aminoglycoside G418; and hygromycin, which confers resistance to hygromycin.

Animal cells can be propagated in vitro in two modes: as non-anchorage-dependent cells growing in suspension throughout the bulk of the culture or as anchorage-dependent cells requiring attachment to a solid substrate for their propagation (i.e., a monolayer type of cell growth).

Non-anchorage dependent or suspension cultures from continuous established cell lines are the most widely used means of large scale production of cells and cell products. However, suspension cultured cells have limitations, such as tumorigenic potential and lower protein production than adherent cells.

Where a protein is specifically mentioned herein, it is preferably a reference to a native or recombinant protein or optionally a protein in which any signal sequence has been removed. The protein may be isolated directly from the staphylococcal strain or produced by recombinant DNA tech-

niques. Immunogenic fragments of the protein may be incorporated into the immunogenic composition of the invention. These are fragments comprising at least 10 amino acids, 20 amino acids, 30 amino acids, 40 amino acids, 50 amino acids, or 100 amino acids, including all values and ranges there between, taken contiguously from the amino acid sequence of the protein. In addition, such immunogenic fragments are immunologically reactive with antibodies generated against the Staphylococcal proteins or with antibodies generated by infection of a mammalian host with Staphylococci. Immunogenic fragments also include fragments that when administered at an effective dose, (either alone or as a hapten bound to a carrier), elicit a protective or therapeutic immune response against Staphylococcal infection, in certain aspects it is protective against *S. aureus* and/or *S. epidermidis* infection. Such an immunogenic fragment may include, for example, the protein lacking an N-terminal leader sequence, and/or a transmembrane domain and/or a C-terminal anchor domain. In a preferred aspect the immunogenic fragment according to the invention comprises substantially all of the extracellular domain of a protein which has at least 80% identity, at least 85% identity, at least 90% identity, at least 95% identity, or at least 97-99% identity, including all values and ranges there between, to a sequence selected segment of a polypeptide described or referenced herein.

Also included in immunogenic compositions of the invention are fusion proteins composed of one or more Staphylococcal proteins, or immunogenic fragments of staphylococcal proteins. Such fusion proteins may be made recombinantly and may comprise one portion of at least 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 staphylococcal proteins or segments. Alternatively, a fusion protein may comprise multiple portions of at least 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 staphylococcal proteins. These may combine different Staphylococcal proteins and/or multiples of the same protein or protein fragment, or immunogenic fragments in the same protein (forming a multimer or a concatamer). Alternatively, the invention also includes individual fusion proteins of Staphylococcal proteins or immunogenic fragments thereof, as a fusion protein with heterologous sequences such as a provider of T-cell epitopes or purification tags, for example: β -galactosidase, glutathione-S-transferase, green fluorescent proteins (GFP), epitope tags such as FLAG, myc tag, poly histidine, or viral surface proteins such as influenza virus haemagglutinin, or bacterial proteins such as tetanus toxoid, diphtheria toxoid, or CRM197.

II. NUCLEIC ACIDS

In certain embodiments, the present invention concerns recombinant polynucleotides encoding the proteins, polypeptides, peptides of the invention. The nucleic acid sequences for SpA, coagulases and other bacterial proteins are included, all of which are incorporated by reference, and can be used to prepare peptides or polypeptides.

As used in this application, the term "polynucleotide" refers to a nucleic acid molecule that either is recombinant or has been isolated free of total genomic nucleic acid. Included within the term "polynucleotide" are oligonucleotides (nucleic acids of 100 residues or less in length), recombinant vectors, including, for example, plasmids, cosmids, phage, viruses, and the like. Polynucleotides include, in certain aspects, regulatory sequences, isolated substantially away from their naturally occurring genes or protein encoding sequences. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be RNA, DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic), analogs thereof, or a combi-

nation thereof. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide.

In this respect, the term "gene," "polynucleotide," or "nucleic acid" is used to refer to a nucleic acid that encodes a protein, polypeptide, or peptide (including any sequences required for proper transcription, post-translational modification, or localization). As will be understood by those in the art, this term encompasses genomic sequences, expression cassettes, cDNA sequences, and smaller engineered nucleic acid segments that express, or may be adapted to express, proteins, polypeptides, domains, peptides, fusion proteins, and mutants. A nucleic acid encoding all or part of a polypeptide may contain a contiguous nucleic acid sequence of 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 441, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000, 1010, 1020, 1030, 1040, 1050, 1060, 1070, 1080, 1090, 1095, 1100, 1500, 2000, 2500, 3000, 3500, 4000, 4500, 5000, 5500, 6000, 6500, 7000, 7500, 8000, 9000, 10000, or more nucleotides, nucleosides, or base pairs, including all values and ranges therebetween, of a polynucleotide encoding one or more amino acid sequence described or referenced herein. It also is contemplated that a particular polypeptide may be encoded by nucleic acids containing variations having slightly different nucleic acid sequences but, nonetheless, encode the same or substantially similar protein (see Table 2 above).

In particular embodiments, the invention concerns isolated nucleic acid segments and recombinant vectors incorporating nucleic acid sequences that encode a variant SpA or coagulase. The term "recombinant" may be used in conjunction with a polynucleotide or polypeptide and generally refers to a polypeptide or polynucleotide produced and/or manipulated in vitro or that is a replication product of such a molecule.

In other embodiments, the invention concerns isolated nucleic acid segments and recombinant vectors incorporating nucleic acid sequences that encode a variant SpA or coagulase polypeptide or peptide to generate an immune response in a subject. In various embodiments the nucleic acids of the invention may be used in genetic vaccines.

The nucleic acid segments used in the present invention can be combined with other nucleic acid sequences, such as promoters, polyadenylation signals, additional restriction enzyme sites, multiple cloning sites, other coding segments, and the like, such that their overall length may vary considerably. It is therefore contemplated that a nucleic acid fragment of almost any length may be employed, with the total length preferably being limited by the ease of preparation and use in the intended recombinant nucleic acid protocol. In some cases, a nucleic acid sequence may encode a polypeptide sequence with additional heterologous coding sequences, for example to allow for purification of the polypeptide, transport, secretion, post-translational modification, or for therapeutic benefits such as targeting or efficacy. As discussed above, a tag or other heterologous polypeptide may be added to the modified polypeptide-encoding sequence, wherein "heterologous" refers to a polypeptide that is not the same as the modified polypeptide.

In certain other embodiments, the invention concerns isolated nucleic acid segments and recombinant vectors that include within their sequence a contiguous nucleic acid sequence from SEQ ID NO:1 (SpA domain D) or SEQ ID

NO:3 (SpA) or any other nucleic acid sequences encoding coagulases or other secreted virulence factors and/or surface proteins including proteins transported by the Ess pathway, processed by sortase, or proteins incorporated herein by reference.

In certain embodiments, the present invention provides polynucleotide variants having substantial identity to the sequences disclosed herein; those comprising at least 70%, 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% or higher sequence identity, including all values and ranges there between, compared to a polynucleotide sequence of this invention using the methods described herein (e.g., BLAST analysis using standard parameters).

The invention also contemplates the use of polynucleotides which are complementary to all the above described polynucleotides.

A. Vectors

Polypeptides of the invention may be encoded by a nucleic acid molecule comprised in a vector. The term "vector" is used to refer to a carrier nucleic acid molecule into which a heterologous nucleic acid sequence can be inserted for introduction into a cell where it can be replicated and expressed. A nucleic acid sequence can be "heterologous," which means that it is in a context foreign to the cell in which the vector is being introduced or to the nucleic acid in which is incorporated, which includes a sequence homologous to a sequence in the cell or nucleic acid but in a position within the host cell or nucleic acid where it is ordinarily not found. Vectors include DNAs, RNAs, plasmids, cosmids, viruses (bacteriophage, animal viruses, and plant viruses), and artificial chromosomes (e.g., YACs). One of skill in the art would be well equipped to construct a vector through standard recombinant techniques (for example Sambrook et al., 2001; Ausubel et al., 1996, both incorporated herein by reference). In addition to encoding a variant SpA polypeptide the vector can encode other polypeptide sequences such as a one or more other bacterial peptide, a tag, or an immunogenicity enhancing peptide. Useful vectors encoding such fusion proteins include pIN vectors (Inouye et al., 1985), vectors encoding a stretch of histidines, and pGEX vectors, for use in generating glutathione S-transferase (GST) soluble fusion proteins for later purification and separation or cleavage.

The term "expression vector" refers to a vector containing a nucleic acid sequence coding for at least part of a gene product capable of being transcribed. In some cases, RNA molecules are then translated into a protein, polypeptide, or peptide. Expression vectors can contain a variety of "control sequences," which refer to nucleic acid sequences necessary for the transcription and possibly translation of an operably linked coding sequence in a particular host organism. In addition to control sequences that govern transcription and translation, vectors and expression vectors may contain nucleic acid sequences that serve other functions as well and are described herein.

1. Promoters and Enhancers

A "promoter" is a control sequence. The promoter is typically a region of a nucleic acid sequence at which initiation and rate of transcription are controlled. It may contain genetic elements at which regulatory proteins and molecules may bind such as RNA polymerase and other transcription factors. The phrases "operatively positioned," "operatively linked," "under control," and "under transcriptional control" mean that a promoter is in a correct functional location and/or orientation in relation to a nucleic acid sequence to control transcriptional initiation and expression of that sequence. A promoter may or may not be used in conjunction with an

"enhancer," which refers to a cis-acting regulatory sequence involved in the transcriptional activation of a nucleic acid sequence.

Naturally, it may be important to employ a promoter and/or enhancer that effectively directs the expression of the DNA segment in the cell type or organism chosen for expression. Those of skill in the art of molecular biology generally know the use of promoters, enhancers, and cell type combinations for protein expression (see Sambrook et al., 2001, incorporated herein by reference). The promoters employed may be constitutive, tissue-specific, or inducible and in certain embodiments may direct high level expression of the introduced DNA segment under specified conditions, such as large-scale production of recombinant proteins or peptides.

Various elements/promoters may be employed in the context of the present invention to regulate the expression of a gene. Examples of such inducible elements, which are regions of a nucleic acid sequence that can be activated in response to a specific stimulus, include but are not limited to Immunoglobulin Heavy Chain (Banerji et al., 1983; Gilles et al., 1983; Grosschedl et al., 1985; Atchinson et al., 1986, 1987; Imler et al., 1987; Weinberger et al., 1984; Kiledjian et al., 1988; Porton et al.; 1990), Immunoglobulin Light Chain (Queen et al., 1983; Picard et al., 1984), T Cell Receptor (Luria et al., 1987; Winoto et al., 1989; Redondo et al.; 1990), HLA DQ α and/or DQ β (Sullivan et al., 1987), β Interferon (Goodbourn et al., 1986; Fujita et al., 1987; Goodbourn et al., 1988), Interleukin-2 (Greene et al., 1989), Interleukin-2 Receptor (Greene et al., 1989; Lin et al., 1990), MHC Class II 5 (Koch et al., 1989), MHC Class II HLA-DR α (Sherman et al., 1989), β -Actin (Kawamoto et al., 1988; Ng et al.; 1989), Muscle Creatine Kinase (MCK) (Jaynes et al., 1988; Horlick et al., 1989; Johnson et al., 1989), Prealbumin (Transthyretin) (Costa et al., 1988), Elastase I (Ornitz et al., 1987), Metallothionein (MTII) (Karin et al., 1987; Culotta et al., 1989), Collagenase (Pinkert et al., 1987; Angel et al., 1987), Albumin (Pinkert et al., 1987; Tronche et al., 1989, 1990), α -Fetoprotein (Godbout et al., 1988; Campere et al., 1989), γ -Globin (Bodine et al., 1987; Perez-Stable et al., 1990), β -Globin (Trudel et al., 1987), c-fos (Cohen et al., 1987), c-Ha-Ras (Triesman, 1986; Deschamps et al., 1985), Insulin (Edlund et al., 1985), Neural Cell Adhesion Molecule (NCAM) (Hirsh et al., 1990), α 1-Antitrypsin (Latimer et al., 1990), H2B (TH2B) Histone (Hwang et al., 1990), Mouse and/or Type I Collagen (Ripe et al., 1989), Glucose-Regulated Proteins (GRP94 and GRP78) (Chang et al., 1989), Rat Growth Hormone (Larsen et al., 1986), Human Serum Amyloid A (SAA) (Edbrooke et al., 1989), Troponin I (TN I) (Yutzey et al., 1989), Platelet-Derived Growth Factor (PDGF) (Pech et al., 1989), Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy (Klamut et al., 1990), SV40 (Banerji et al., 1981; Moreau et al., 1981; Sleigh et al., 1985; Firak et al., 1986; Herr et al., 1986; Imbra et al., 1986; Kadesch et al., 1986; Wang et al., 1986; Ondek et al., 1987; Kuhl et al., 1987; Schaffner et al., 1988), Polyoma (Swartzendruber et al., 1975; Vasseur et al., 1980; Katinka et al., 1980, 1981; Tyndell et al., 1981; Dandolo et al., 1983; de Villiers et al., 1984; Hen et al., 1986; Satake et al., 1988; Campbell et al., 1988), Retroviruses (Kriegler et al., 1982, 1983; Levinson et al., 1982; Kriegler et al., 1983, 1984a, b, 1988; Bosze et al., 1986; Miksicek et al., 1986; Celander et al., 1987; Thiesen et al., 1988; Celander et al., 1988; Choi et al., 1988; Reisman et al., 1989), Papilloma Virus (Campo et al., 1983; Lusky et al., 1983; Spandidos and Wilkie, 1983; Spalholz et al., 1985; Lusky et al., 1986; Cripe et al., 1987; Gloss et al., 1987; Hirochika et al., 1987; Stephens et al., 1987), Hepatitis B Virus (Bulla et al., 1986; Jameel et al., 1986; Shaul et al., 1987; Spandau et al., 1988; Vannice et al.,

1988), Human Immunodeficiency Virus (Muesing et al., 1987; Hauber et al., 1988; Jakobovits et al., 1988; Feng et al., 1988; Takebe et al., 1988; Rosen et al., 1988; Berkhout et al., 1989; Laspia et al., 1989; Sharp et al., 1989; Braddock et al., 1989), Cytomegalovirus (CMV) IE (Weber et al., 1984; Boshart et al., 1985; Foecking et al., 1986), Gibbon Ape Leukemia Virus (Holbrook et al., 1987; Quinn et al., 1989).

Inducible elements include, but are not limited to MT II—Phorbol Ester (TFA)/Heavy metals (Palmiter et al., 1982; Haslinger et al., 1985; Searle et al., 1985; Stuart et al., 1985; Imagawa et al., 1987; Karin et al., 1987; Angel et al., 1987b; McNeall et al., 1989); MMTV (mouse mammary tumor virus)—Glucocorticoids (Huang et al., 1981; Lee et al., 1981; Majors et al., 1983; Chandler et al., 1983; Lee et al., 1984; Ponta et al., 1985; Sakai et al., 1988); β -Interferon—poly(rI) x/poly(rc) (Tavernier et al., 1983); Adenovirus 5 E2-E1A (Imperiale et al., 1984); Collagenase—Phorbol Ester (TPA) (Angel et al., 1987a); Stromelysin—Phorbol Ester (TPA) (Angel et al., 1987b); SV40—Phorbol Ester (TPA) (Angel et al., 1987b); Murine MX Gene—Interferon, Newcastle Disease Virus (Hug et al., 1988); GRP78 Gene—A23187 (Resendez et al., 1988); α -2-Macroglobulin—IL-6 (Kunz et al., 1989); Vimentin—Serum (Rittling et al., 1989); MHC Class I Gene H-2kb—Interferon (Blanar et al., 1989); HSP70—E1A/SV40 Large T Antigen (Taylor et al., 1989, 1990a, 1990b); Proliferin—Phorbol Ester/TPA (Mordacq et al., 1989); Tumor Necrosis Factor—PMA (Hensel et al., 1989); and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone α Gene—Thyroid Hormone (Chatterjee et al., 1989).

The particular promoter that is employed to control the expression of peptide or protein encoding polynucleotide of the invention is not believed to be critical, so long as it is capable of expressing the polynucleotide in a targeted cell, preferably a bacterial cell. Where a human cell is targeted, it is preferable to position the polynucleotide coding region adjacent to and under the control of a promoter that is capable of being expressed in a human cell. Generally speaking, such a promoter might include either a bacterial, human or viral promoter.

In embodiments in which a vector is administered to a subject for expression of the protein, it is contemplated that a desirable promoter for use with the vector is one that is not down-regulated by cytokines or one that is strong enough that even if down-regulated, it produces an effective amount of a variant SpA for eliciting an immune response. Non-limiting examples of these are CMV IE and RSV LTR. Tissue specific promoters can be used, particularly if expression is in cells in which expression of an antigen is desirable, such as dendritic cells or macrophages. The mammalian MHC I and MHC II promoters are examples of such tissue-specific promoters.

2. Initiation Signals and Internal Ribosome Binding Sites (IRES)

A specific initiation signal also may be required for efficient translation of coding sequences. These signals include the ATG initiation codon or adjacent sequences. Exogenous translational control signals, including the ATG initiation codon, may need to be provided. One of ordinary skill in the art would readily be capable of determining this and providing the necessary signals.

In certain embodiments of the invention, the use of internal ribosome entry sites (IRES) elements are used to create multigene, or polycistronic, messages. IRES elements are able to bypass the ribosome scanning model of 5' methylated Cap dependent translation and begin translation at internal sites (Pelletier and Sonenberg, 1988; Macejak and Sarnow, 1991). IRES elements can be linked to heterologous open reading frames. Multiple open reading frames can be transcribed

together, each separated by an IRES, creating polycistronic messages. Multiple genes can be efficiently expressed using a single promoter/enhancer to transcribe a single message (see U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,925,565 and 5,935,819, herein incorporated by reference).

3. Selectable and Screenable Markers

In certain embodiments of the invention, cells containing a nucleic acid construct of the present invention may be identified *in vitro* or *in vivo* by encoding a screenable or selectable marker in the expression vector. When transcribed and translated, a marker confers an identifiable change to the cell permitting easy identification of cells containing the expression vector. Generally, a selectable marker is one that confers a property that allows for selection. A positive selectable marker is one in which the presence of the marker allows for its selection, while a negative selectable marker is one in which its presence prevents its selection. An example of a positive selectable marker is a drug resistance marker.

B. Host Cells

As used herein, the terms "cell," "cell line," and "cell culture" may be used interchangeably. All of these terms also include their progeny, which is any and all subsequent generations. It is understood that all progeny may not be identical due to deliberate or inadvertent mutations. In the context of expressing a heterologous nucleic acid sequence, "host cell" refers to a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell, and it includes any transformable organism that is capable of replicating a vector or expressing a heterologous gene encoded by a vector. A host cell can, and has been, used as a recipient for vectors or viruses. A host cell may be "transfected" or "transformed," which refers to a process by which exogenous nucleic acid, such as a recombinant protein-encoding sequence, is transferred or introduced into the host cell. A transformed cell includes the primary subject cell and its progeny.

Host cells may be derived from prokaryotes or eukaryotes, including bacteria, yeast cells, insect cells, and mammalian cells for replication of the vector or expression of part or all of the nucleic acid sequence(s). Numerous cell lines and cultures are available for use as a host cell, and they can be obtained through the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), which is an organization that serves as an archive for living cultures and genetic materials (www.atcc.org).

C. Expression Systems

Numerous expression systems exist that comprise at least a part or all of the compositions discussed above. Prokaryote- and/or eukaryote-based systems can be employed for use with the present invention to produce nucleic acid sequences, or their cognate polypeptides, proteins and peptides. Many such systems are commercially and widely available.

The insect cell/baculovirus system can produce a high level of protein expression of a heterologous nucleic acid segment, such as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,871,986, 4,879,236, both herein incorporated by reference, and which can be bought, for example, under the name MAXBAC® 2.0 from INVITROGEN® and BACPACK™ BACULOVIRUS EXPRESSION SYSTEM FROM CLONTECH®.

In addition to the disclosed expression systems of the invention, other examples of expression systems include STRATAGENE®'s COMPLETE CONTROL™ Inducible Mammalian Expression System, which involves a synthetic ecdysone-inducible receptor, or its pET Expression System, an *E. coli* expression system. Another example of an inducible expression system is available from INVITROGEN®, which carries the T-REX™ (tetracycline-regulated expression) System, an inducible mammalian expression system that uses the full-length CMV promoter. INVITROGEN® also provides a yeast expression system called the *Pichia*

methanolica Expression System, which is designed for high-level production of recombinant proteins in the methylotrophic yeast *Pichia methanolica*. One of skill in the art would know how to express a vector, such as an expression construct, to produce a nucleic acid sequence or its cognate polypeptide, protein, or peptide.

III. POLYSACCHARIDES

The immunogenic compositions of the invention may further comprise capsular polysaccharides including one or more of PIA (also known as PNAG) and/or *S. aureus* Type V and/or type VIII capsular polysaccharide and/or *S. epidermidis* Type I, and/or Type II and/or Type III capsular polysaccharide.

A. PIA (PNAG)

It is now clear that the various forms of staphylococcal surface polysaccharides identified as PS/A, PIA and SAA are the same chemical entity—PNAG (Maira-Litran et al., 2004). Therefore the term PIA or PNAG encompasses all these polysaccharides or oligosaccharides derived from them.

PIA is a polysaccharide intercellular adhesin and is composed of a polymer of β -(1 \rightarrow 6)-linked glucosamine substituted with N-acetyl and O-succinyl constituents. This polysaccharide is present in both *S. aureus* and *S. epidermidis* and can be isolated from either source (Joyce et al., 2003; Maira-Litran et al., 2002). For example, PNAG may be isolated from *S. aureus* strain MN8m (WO04/43407). PIA isolated from *S. epidermidis* is an integral constituent of biofilm. It is responsible for mediating cell-cell adhesion and probably also functions to shield the growing colony from the host's immune response. The polysaccharide previously known as poly-N-succinyl- β -(1 \rightarrow 6)-glucosamine (PNSG) was recently shown not to have the expected structure since the identification of N-succinylation was incorrect (Maira-Litran et al., 2002). Therefore the polysaccharide formally known as PNSG and now found to be PNAG is also encompassed by the term PIA.

PIA (or PNAG) may be of different sizes varying from over 400 kDa to between 75 and 400 kDa to between 10 and 75 kDa to oligosaccharides composed of up to 30 repeat units (of β -(1 \rightarrow 6)-linked glucosamine substituted with N-acetyl and O-succinyl constituents). Any size of PIA polysaccharide or oligosaccharide may be used in an immunogenic composition of the invention, in one aspect the polysaccharide is over 40 kDa. Sizing may be achieved by any method known in the art, for instance by microfluidization, ultrasonic irradiation or by chemical cleavage (WO 03/53462, EP497524, EP497525). In certain aspects PIA (PNAG) is at least or at most 40-400 kDa, 40-300 kDa, 50-350 kDa, 60-300 kDa, 50-250 kDa and 60-200 kDa.

PIA (PNAG) can have different degree of acetylation due to substitution on the amino groups by acetate. PIA produced in vitro is almost fully substituted on amino groups (95-100%). Alternatively, a deacetylated PIA (PNAG) can be used having less than 60%, 50%, 40%, 30%, 20%, 10% acetylation. Use of a deacetylated PIA (PNAG) is preferred since non-acetylated epitopes of PNAG are efficient at mediating opsonic killing of Gram positive bacteria, preferably *S. aureus* and/or *S. epidermidis*. In certain aspects, the PIA (PNAG) has a size between 40 kDa and 300 kDa and is deacetylated so that less than 60%, 50%, 40%, 30% or 20% of amino groups are acetylated.

The term deacetylated PNAG (dPNAG) refers to a PNAG polysaccharide or oligosaccharide in which less than 60%, 50%, 40%, 30%, 20% or 10% of the amino groups are acetylated. In certain aspects, PNAG is deacetylated to form

dPNAG by chemically treating the native polysaccharide. For example, the native PNAG is treated with a basic solution such that the pH rises to above 10. For instance the PNAG is treated with 0.1-5 M, 0.2-4 M, 0.3-3 M, 0.5-2 M, 0.75-1.5 M or 1 M NaOH, KOH or NH_4OH . Treatment is for at least 10 to 30 minutes, or 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 15 or 20 hours at a temperature of 20-100, 25-80, 30-60 or 30-50 or 35-45° C. dPNAG may be prepared as described in WO 04/43405.

The polysaccharide(s) can be conjugated or unconjugated to a carrier protein.

B. Type 5 and Type 8 Polysaccharides from *S. aureus*

Most strains of *S. aureus* that cause infection in man contain either Type 5 or Type 8 polysaccharides. Approximately 60% of human strains are Type 8 and approximately 30% are Type 5. The structures of Type 5 and Type 8 capsular polysaccharide antigens are described in Moreau et al., (1990) and Fournier et al., (1984). Both have FucNAc in their repeat unit as well as ManNAcA which can be used to introduce a sulfhydryl group. The structures are:

Type 5
 $\rightarrow 4$)- β -D-ManNAcA(3OAc)-(1 \rightarrow 4)- α -L-FucNAc
 (1 \rightarrow 3)- β -D-FucNAc-(1 \rightarrow

Type 8
 $\rightarrow 3$)- β -D-ManNAcA(4OAc)-(1 \rightarrow 3)- α -L-FucNAc
 (1 \rightarrow 3)- β -D-FucNAc-(1 \rightarrow

Recently (Jones, 2005) NMR spectroscopy revised the structures to:

Type 5
 $\rightarrow 4$)- β -D-ManNAcA-(1 \rightarrow 4)- α -L-FucNAc(3OAc)-
 (1 \rightarrow 3)- β -D-FucNAc-(1 \rightarrow

Type 8
 $\rightarrow 3$)- β -D-ManNAcA(4OAc)-(1 \rightarrow 3)- α -L-FucNAc
 (1 \rightarrow 3)- α -D-FucNAc(1 \rightarrow

Polysaccharides may be extracted from the appropriate strain of *S. aureus* using method well known to of skill in the art, See U.S. Pat. No. 6,294,177. For example, ATCC 12902 is a Type 5 *S. aureus* strain and ATCC 12605 is a Type 8 *S. aureus* strain.

Polysaccharides are of native size or alternatively may be sized, for instance by microfluidisation, ultrasonic irradiation, or by chemical treatment. The invention also covers oligosaccharides derived from the type 5 and 8 polysaccharides from *S. aureus*. The type 5 and 8 polysaccharides included in the immunogenic composition of the invention are preferably conjugated to a carrier protein as described below or are alternatively unconjugated. The immunogenic compositions of the invention alternatively contains either type 5 or type 8 polysaccharide.

C. *S. aureus* 336 Antigen

In an embodiment, the immunogenic composition of the invention comprises the *S. aureus* 336 antigen described in U.S. Pat. No. 6,294,177. The 336 antigen comprises β -linked hexosamine, contains no O-acetyl groups, and specifically binds to antibodies to *S. aureus* Type 336 deposited under ATCC 55804. In an embodiment, the 336 antigen is a polysaccharide which is of native size or alternatively may be sized, for instance by microfluidisation, ultrasonic irradiation, or by chemical treatment. The invention also covers oligosaccharides derived from the 336 antigen. The 336 antigen can be unconjugated or conjugated to a carrier protein.

D. Type I, II and III Polysaccharides from *S. epidermidis*

Amongst the problems associated with the use of polysaccharides in vaccination, is the fact that polysaccharides per se are poor immunogens. It is preferred that the polysaccharides utilized in the invention are linked to a protein carrier which provide bystander T-cell help to improve immunogenicity. Examples of such carriers which may be conjugated to

polysaccharide immunogens include the Diphtheria and Tetanus toxoids (DT, DT CRM197 and TT respectively), Keyhole Limpet Haemocyanin (KLH), and the purified protein derivative of Tuberculin (PPD), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* exoprotein A (rEPA), protein D from *Haemophilus influenzae*, pneumolysin or fragments of any of the above. Fragments suitable for use include fragments encompassing T-helper epitopes. In particular the protein D fragment from *H. influenzae* will preferably contain the N-terminal 1/3 of the protein. Protein D is an IgD-binding protein from *Haemophilus influenzae* (EP 0 594 610 B1) and is a potential immunogen. In addition, staphylococcal proteins may be used as a carrier protein in the polysaccharide conjugates of the invention.

A carrier protein that would be particularly advantageous to use in the context of a staphylococcal vaccine is staphylococcal alpha toxoid. The native form may be conjugated to a polysaccharide since the process of conjugation reduces toxicity. Preferably genetically detoxified alpha toxins such as the His35Leu or His35Arg variants are used as carriers since residual toxicity is lower. Alternatively the alpha toxin is chemically detoxified by treatment with a cross-linking reagent, formaldehyde or glutaraldehyde. A genetically detoxified alpha toxin is optionally chemically detoxified, preferably by treatment with a cross-linking reagent, formaldehyde or glutaraldehyde to further reduce toxicity.

The polysaccharides may be linked to the carrier protein(s) by any known method (for example those methods described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,372,945, 4,474,757, and 4,356,170). Preferably, CDAP conjugation chemistry is carried out (see WO95/08348). In CDAP, the cyanating reagent 1-cyanodimethylaminopyridinium tetrafluoroborate (CDAP) is preferably used for the synthesis of polysaccharide-protein conjugates. The cyanilation reaction can be performed under relatively mild conditions, which avoids hydrolysis of the alkaline sensitive polysaccharides. This synthesis allows direct coupling to a carrier protein.

Conjugation preferably involves producing a direct linkage between the carrier protein and polysaccharide. Optionally a spacer (such as adipic dihydride (ADH)) may be introduced between the carrier protein and the polysaccharide.

IV. IMMUNE RESPONSE AND ASSAYS

As discussed above, the invention concerns evoking or inducing an immune response in a subject against a variant SpA or coagulase peptide. In one embodiment, the immune response can protect against or treat a subject having, suspected of having, or at risk of developing an infection or related disease, particularly those related to staphylococci. One use of the immunogenic compositions of the invention is to prevent nosocomial infections by inoculating a subject prior to undergoing procedures in a hospital or other environment having an increased risk of infection.

A. Immunoassays

The present invention includes the implementation of serological assays to evaluate whether and to what extent an immune response is induced or evoked by compositions of the invention. There are many types of immunoassays that can be implemented. Immunoassays encompassed by the present invention include, but are not limited to, those described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,367,110 (double monoclonal antibody sandwich assay) and U.S. Pat. No. 4,452,901 (western blot). Other assays include immunoprecipitation of labeled ligands and immunocytochemistry, both in vitro and in vivo.

Immunoassays generally are binding assays. Certain preferred immunoassays are the various types of enzyme linked

immunosorbent assays (ELISAs) and radioimmunoassays (RIA) known in the art. Immunohistochemical detection using tissue sections is also particularly useful. In one example, antibodies or antigens are immobilized on a selected surface, such as a well in a polystyrene microtiter plate, dipstick, or column support. Then, a test composition suspected of containing the desired antigen or antibody, such as a clinical sample, is added to the wells. After binding and washing to remove non specifically bound immune complexes, the bound antigen or antibody may be detected. Detection is generally achieved by the addition of another antibody, specific for the desired antigen or antibody, that is linked to a detectable label. This type of ELISA is known as a "sandwich ELISA." Detection also may be achieved by the addition of a second antibody specific for the desired antigen, followed by the addition of a third antibody that has binding affinity for the second antibody, with the third antibody being linked to a detectable label.

Competition ELISAs are also possible implementations in which test samples compete for binding with known amounts of labeled antigens or antibodies. The amount of reactive species in the unknown sample is determined by mixing the sample with the known labeled species before or during incubation with coated wells. The presence of reactive species in the sample acts to reduce the amount of labeled species available for binding to the well and thus reduces the ultimate signal. Irrespective of the format employed, ELISAs have certain features in common, such as coating, incubating or binding, washing to remove non specifically bound species, and detecting the bound immune complexes.

Antigen or antibodies may also be linked to a solid support, such as in the form of plate, beads, dipstick, membrane, or column matrix, and the sample to be analyzed is applied to the immobilized antigen or antibody. In coating a plate with either antigen or antibody, one will generally incubate the wells of the plate with a solution of the antigen or antibody, either overnight or for a specified period. The wells of the plate will then be washed to remove incompletely-adsorbed material. Any remaining available surfaces of the wells are then "coated" with a nonspecific protein that is antigenically neutral with regard to the test antisera. These include bovine serum albumin (BSA), casein, and solutions of milk powder. The coating allows for blocking of nonspecific adsorption sites on the immobilizing surface and thus reduces the background caused by nonspecific binding of antisera onto the surface.

B. Diagnosis of Bacterial Infection

In addition to the use of proteins, polypeptides, and/or peptides, as well as antibodies binding these polypeptides, proteins, and/or peptides, to treat or prevent infection as described above, the present invention contemplates the use of these polypeptides, proteins, peptides, and/or antibodies in a variety of ways, including the detection of the presence of Staphylococci to diagnose an infection, whether in a patient or on medical equipment which may also become infected. In accordance with the invention, a preferred method of detecting the presence of infections involves the steps of obtaining a sample suspected of being infected by one or more staphylococcal bacteria species or strains, such as a sample taken from an individual, for example, from one's blood, saliva, tissues, bone, muscle, cartilage, or skin. Following isolation of the sample, diagnostic assays utilizing the polypeptides, proteins, peptides, and/or antibodies of the present invention may be carried out to detect the presence of staphylococci, and such assay techniques for determining such presence in a sample are well known to those skilled in the art and include methods such as radioimmunoassay, western blot analysis

and ELISA assays. In general, in accordance with the invention, a method of diagnosing an infection is contemplated wherein a sample suspected of being infected with staphylococci has added to it the polypeptide, protein, peptide, antibody, or monoclonal antibody in accordance with the present invention, and staphylococci are indicated by antibody binding to the polypeptides, proteins, and/or peptides, or polypeptides, proteins, and/or peptides binding to the antibodies in the sample.

Accordingly, antibodies in accordance with the invention may be used for the prevention of infection from staphylococcal bacteria (i.e., passive immunization), for the treatment of an ongoing infection, or for use as research tools. The term "antibodies" as used herein includes monoclonal, polyclonal, chimeric, single chain, bispecific, simianized, and humanized or primatized antibodies as well as Fab fragments, such as those fragments which maintain the binding specificity of the antibodies, including the products of an Fab immunoglobulin expression library. Accordingly, the invention contemplates the use of single chains such as the variable heavy and light chains of the antibodies. Generation of any of these types of antibodies or antibody fragments is well known to those skilled in the art. Specific examples of the generation of an antibody to a bacterial protein can be found in U.S. Patent Application Pub. No. 20030153022, which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

Any of the above described polypeptides, proteins, peptides, and/or antibodies may be labeled directly with a detectable label for identification and quantification of staphylococcal bacteria. Labels for use in immunoassays are generally known to those skilled in the art and include enzymes, radioisotopes, and fluorescent, luminescent and chromogenic substances, including colored particles such as colloidal gold or latex beads. Suitable immunoassays include enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays (ELISA).

C. Protective Immunity

In some embodiments of the invention, proteinaceous compositions confer protective immunity to a subject. Protective immunity refers to a body's ability to mount a specific immune response that protects the subject from developing a particular disease or condition that involves the agent against which there is an immune response. An immunogenically effective amount is capable of conferring protective immunity to the subject.

As used herein in the specification and in the claims section that follows, the term polypeptide or peptide refer to a stretch of amino acids covalently linked there amongst via peptide bonds. Different polypeptides have different functionalities according to the present invention. While according to one aspect, a polypeptide is derived from an immunogen designed to induce an active immune response in a recipient, according to another aspect of the invention, a polypeptide is derived from an antibody which results following the elicitation of an active immune response in, for example, an animal, and which can serve to induce a passive immune response in the recipient. In both cases, however, the polypeptide is encoded by a polynucleotide according to any possible codon usage.

As used herein the phrase "immune response" or its equivalent "immunological response" refers to the development of a humoral (antibody mediated), cellular (mediated by antigen-specific T cells or their secretion products) or both humoral and cellular response directed against a protein, peptide, carbohydrate, or polypeptide of the invention in a recipient patient. Such a response can be an active response induced by administration of immunogen or a passive response induced by administration of antibody, antibody containing material, or primed T-cells. A cellular immune response is

elicited by the presentation of polypeptide epitopes in association with Class I or Class II MHC molecules, to activate antigen-specific CD4 (+) T helper cells and/or CD8 (+) cytotoxic T cells. The response may also involve activation of monocytes, macrophages, NK cells, basophils, dendritic cells, astrocytes, microglia cells, eosinophils or other components of innate immunity. As used herein "active immunity" refers to any immunity conferred upon a subject by administration of an antigen.

As used herein "passive immunity" refers to any immunity conferred upon a subject without administration of an antigen to the subject. "Passive immunity" therefore includes, but is not limited to, administration of activated immune effectors including cellular mediators or protein mediators (e.g., monoclonal and/or polyclonal antibodies) of an immune response. A monoclonal or polyclonal antibody composition may be used in passive immunization for the prevention or treatment of infection by organisms that carry the antigen recognized by the antibody. An antibody composition may include antibodies that bind to a variety of antigens that may in turn be associated with various organisms. The antibody component can be a polyclonal antiserum. In certain aspects the antibody or antibodies are affinity purified from an animal or second subject that has been challenged with an antigen(s). Alternatively, an antibody mixture may be used, which is a mixture of monoclonal and/or polyclonal antibodies to antigens present in the same, related, or different microbes or organisms, such as gram-positive bacteria, gram-negative bacteria, including but not limited to *staphylococcus* bacteria.

Passive immunity may be imparted to a patient or subject by administering to the patient immunoglobulins (Ig) and/or other immune factors obtained from a donor or other non-patient source having a known immunoreactivity. In other aspects, an antigenic composition of the present invention can be administered to a subject who then acts as a source or donor for globulin, produced in response to challenge with the antigenic composition ("hyperimmune globulin"), that contains antibodies directed against *Staphylococcus* or other organism. A subject thus treated would donate plasma from which hyperimmune globulin would then be obtained, via conventional plasma-fractionation methodology, and administered to another subject in order to impart resistance against or to treat *staphylococcus* infection. Hyperimmune globulins according to the invention are particularly useful for immunocompromised individuals, for individuals undergoing invasive procedures or where time does not permit the individual to produce their own antibodies in response to vaccination. See U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,936,258, 6,770,278, 6,756,361, 5,548,066, 5,512,282, 4,338,298, and 4,748,018, each of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety, for exemplary methods and compositions related to passive immunity.

For purposes of this specification and the accompanying claims the terms "epitope" and "antigenic determinant" are used interchangeably to refer to a site on an antigen to which B and/or T cells respond or recognize. B-cell epitopes can be formed both from contiguous amino acids or noncontiguous amino acids juxtaposed by tertiary folding of a protein. Epitopes formed from contiguous amino acids are typically retained on exposure to denaturing solvents whereas epitopes formed by tertiary folding are typically lost on treatment with denaturing solvents. An epitope typically includes at least 3, and more usually, at least 5 or 8-10 amino acids in a unique spatial conformation. Methods of determining spatial conformation of epitopes include, for example, x-ray crystallography and 2-dimensional nuclear magnetic resonance. See, e.g., Epitope Mapping Protocols (1996). Antibodies that recognize the same epitope can be identified in a simple immunoas-

say showing the ability of one antibody to block the binding of another antibody to a target antigen. T-cells recognize continuous epitopes of about nine amino acids for CD8 cells or about 13-15 amino acids for CD4 cells. T cells that recognize the epitope can be identified by in vitro assays that measure antigen-dependent proliferation, as determined by ³H-thymidine incorporation by primed T cells in response to an epitope (Burke et al., 1994), by antigen-dependent killing (cytotoxic T lymphocyte assay, Tigges et al., 1996) or by cytokine secretion.

The presence of a cell-mediated immunological response can be determined by proliferation assays (CD4 (+) T cells) or CTL (cytotoxic T lymphocyte) assays. The relative contributions of humoral and cellular responses to the protective or therapeutic effect of an immunogen can be distinguished by separately isolating IgG and T-cells from an immunized syngeneic animal and measuring protective or therapeutic effect in a second subject.

As used herein and in the claims, the terms "antibody" or "immunoglobulin" are used interchangeably and refer to any of several classes of structurally related proteins that function as part of the immune response of an animal or recipient, which proteins include IgG, IgD, IgE, IgA, IgM and related proteins.

Under normal physiological conditions antibodies are found in plasma and other body fluids and in the membrane of certain cells and are produced by lymphocytes of the type denoted B cells or their functional equivalent. Antibodies of the IgG class are made up of four polypeptide chains linked together by disulfide bonds. The four chains of intact IgG molecules are two identical heavy chains referred to as H-chains and two identical light chains referred to as L-chains.

In order to produce polyclonal antibodies, a host, such as a rabbit or goat, is immunized with the antigen or antigen fragment, generally with an adjuvant and, if necessary, coupled to a carrier. Antibodies to the antigen are subsequently collected from the sera of the host. The polyclonal antibody can be affinity purified against the antigen rendering it monospecific.

Monoclonal antibodies can be produced by hyperimmunization of an appropriate donor with the antigen or ex-vivo by use of primary cultures of splenic cells or cell lines derived from spleen (Anavi, 1998; Huston et al., 1991; Johnson et al., 1991; Mernaugh et al., 1995).

As used herein and in the claims, the phrase "an immunological portion of an antibody" includes a Fab fragment of an antibody, a Fv fragment of an antibody, a heavy chain of an antibody, a light chain of an antibody, a heterodimer consisting of a heavy chain and a light chain of an antibody, a variable fragment of a light chain of an antibody, a variable fragment of a heavy chain of an antibody, and a single chain variant of an antibody, which is also known as scFv. In addition, the term includes chimeric immunoglobulins which are the expression products of fused genes derived from different species, one of the species can be a human, in which case a chimeric immunoglobulin is said to be humanized. Typically, an immunological portion of an antibody competes with the intact antibody from which it was derived for specific binding to an antigen.

Optionally, an antibody or preferably an immunological portion of an antibody, can be chemically conjugated to, or expressed as, a fusion protein with other proteins. For purposes of this specification and the accompanying claims, all such fused proteins are included in the definition of antibodies or an immunological portion of an antibody.

As used herein the terms "immunogenic agent" or "immunogen" or "antigen" are used interchangeably to describe a molecule capable of inducing an immunological response against itself on administration to a recipient, either alone, in conjunction with an adjuvant, or presented on a display vehicle.

D. Treatment Methods

A method of the present invention includes treatment for a disease or condition caused by a *staphylococcus* pathogen. An immunogenic polypeptide of the invention can be given to induce an immune response in a person infected with *staphylococcus* or suspected of having been exposed to *staphylococcus*. Methods may be employed with respect to individuals who have tested positive for exposure to *staphylococcus* or who are deemed to be at risk for infection based on possible exposure.

In particular, the invention encompasses a method of treatment for staphylococcal infection, particularly hospital acquired nosocomial infections. The immunogenic compositions and vaccines of the invention are particularly advantageous to use in cases of elective surgery. Such patients will know the date of surgery in advance and could be inoculated in advance. The immunogenic compositions and vaccines of the invention are also advantageous to use to inoculate health care workers.

In some embodiments, the treatment is administered in the presence of adjuvants or carriers or other staphylococcal antigens. Furthermore, in some examples, treatment comprises administration of other agents commonly used against bacterial infection, such as one or more antibiotics.

The use of peptides for vaccination can require, but not necessarily, conjugation of the peptide to an immunogenic carrier protein, such as hepatitis B surface antigen, keyhole limpet hemocyanin, or bovine serum albumin. Methods for performing this conjugation are well known in the art.

V. VACCINE AND OTHER PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

A. Vaccines

The present invention includes methods for preventing or ameliorating staphylococcal infections, particularly hospital acquired nosocomial infections. As such, the invention contemplates vaccines for use in both active and passive immunization embodiments. Immunogenic compositions, proposed to be suitable for use as a vaccine, may be prepared from immunogenic SpA polypeptide(s), such as a SpA domain D variant, or immunogenic coagulases. In other embodiments SpA or coagulases can be used in combination with other secreted virulence proteins, surface proteins or immunogenic fragments thereof. In certain aspects, antigenic material is extensively dialyzed to remove undesired small molecular weight molecules and/or lyophilized for more ready formulation into a desired vehicle.

Other options for a protein/peptide-based vaccine involve introducing nucleic acids encoding the antigen(s) as DNA vaccines. In this regard, recent reports described construction of recombinant vaccinia viruses expressing either 10 contiguous minimal CTL epitopes (Thomson, 1996) or a combination of B cell, cytotoxic T-lymphocyte (CTL), and T-helper (Th) epitopes from several microbes (An, 1997), and successful use of such constructs to immunize mice for priming protective immune responses. Thus, there is ample evidence in the literature for successful utilization of peptides, peptide-pulsed antigen presenting cells (APCs), and peptide-encoding constructs for efficient in vivo priming of protective

immune responses. The use of nucleic acid sequences as vaccines is exemplified in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,958,895 and 5,620,896.

The preparation of vaccines that contain polypeptide or peptide sequence(s) as active ingredients is generally well understood in the art, as exemplified by U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,608,251; 4,601,903; 4,599,231; 4,599,230; 4,596,792; and 4,578,770, all of which are incorporated herein by reference. Typically, such vaccines are prepared as injectables either as liquid solutions or suspensions: solid forms suitable for solution in or suspension in liquid prior to injection may also be prepared. The preparation may also be emulsified. The active immunogenic ingredient is often mixed with excipients that are pharmaceutically acceptable and compatible with the active ingredient. Suitable excipients are, for example, water, saline, dextrose, glycerol, ethanol, or the like and combinations thereof. In addition, if desired, the vaccine may contain amounts of auxiliary substances such as wetting or emulsifying agents, pH buffering agents, or adjuvants that enhance the effectiveness of the vaccines. In specific embodiments, vaccines are formulated with a combination of substances, as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,793,923 and 6,733,754, which are incorporated herein by reference.

Vaccines may be conventionally administered parenterally, by injection, for example, either subcutaneously or intramuscularly. Additional formulations which are suitable for other modes of administration include suppositories and, in some cases, oral formulations. For suppositories, traditional binders and carriers may include, for example, polyalkylene glycols or triglycerides: such suppositories may be formed from mixtures containing the active ingredient in the range of about 0.5% to about 10%, preferably about 1% to about 2%. Oral formulations include such normally employed excipients as, for example, pharmaceutical grades of mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, cellulose, magnesium carbonate and the like. These compositions take the form of solutions, suspensions, tablets, pills, capsules, sustained release formulations or powders and contain about 10% to about 95% of active ingredient, preferably about 25% to about 70%.

The polypeptides and polypeptide-encoding DNA constructs may be formulated into a vaccine as neutral or salt forms. Pharmaceutically-acceptable salts include the acid addition salts (formed with the free amino groups of the peptide) and those that are formed with inorganic acids such as, for example, hydrochloric or phosphoric acids, or such organic acids as acetic, oxalic, tartaric, mandelic, and the like.

Typically, vaccines are administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation, and in such amount as will be therapeutically effective and immunogenic. The quantity to be administered depends on the subject to be treated, including the capacity of the individual's immune system to synthesize antibodies and the degree of protection desired. Precise amounts of active ingredient required to be administered depend on the judgment of the practitioner. However, suitable dosage ranges are of the order of several hundred micrograms of active ingredient per vaccination. Suitable regimes for initial administration and booster shots are also variable, but are typified by an initial administration followed by subsequent inoculations or other administrations.

The manner of application may be varied widely. Any of the conventional methods for administration of a vaccine are applicable. These are believed to include oral application within a solid physiologically acceptable base or in a physiologically acceptable dispersion, parenterally, by injection

and the like. The dosage of the vaccine will depend on the route of administration and will vary according to the size and health of the subject.

In certain instances, it will be desirable to have multiple administrations of the vaccine, e.g., 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or more administrations. The vaccinations can be at 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, to 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 twelve week intervals, including all ranges there between. Periodic boosters at intervals of 1-5 years will be desirable to maintain protective levels of the antibodies. The course of the immunization may be followed by assays for antibodies against the antigens, as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,791,932; 4,174,384 and 3,949,064.

1. Carriers

A given composition may vary in its immunogenicity. It is often necessary therefore to boost the host immune system, as may be achieved by coupling a peptide or polypeptide to a carrier. Exemplary and preferred carriers are keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) and bovine serum albumin (BSA). Other albumins such as ovalbumin, mouse serum albumin, or rabbit serum albumin can also be used as carriers. Means for conjugating a polypeptide to a carrier protein are well known in the art and include glutaraldehyde, m-maleimidobenzoyl-N-hydroxysuccinimide ester, carbodiimide, and bis-biazotized benzidine.

2. Adjuvants

The immunogenicity of polypeptide or peptide compositions can be enhanced by the use of non-specific stimulators of the immune response, known as adjuvants. Suitable adjuvants include all acceptable immunostimulatory compounds, such as cytokines, toxins, or synthetic compositions. A number of adjuvants can be used to enhance an antibody response against a variant SpA polypeptide or coagulase, or any other bacterial protein or combination contemplated herein. Adjuvants can (1) trap the antigen in the body to cause a slow release; (2) attract cells involved in the immune response to the site of administration; (3) induce proliferation or activation of immune system cells; or (4) improve the spread of the antigen throughout the subject's body.

Adjuvants include, but are not limited to, oil-in-water emulsions, water-in-oil emulsions, mineral salts, polynucleotides, and natural substances. Specific adjuvants that may be used include IL-1, IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-12, γ -interferon, GMCSF, BCG, aluminum salts, such as aluminum hydroxide or other aluminum compound, MDP compounds, such as thur-MDP and nor-MDP, CGP (MTP-PE), lipid A, and monophosphoryl lipid A (MPL). RIBI, which contains three components extracted from bacteria, MPL, trehalose dimycolate (TDM), and cell wall skeleton (CWS) in a 2% squalene/Tween 80 emulsion. MHC antigens may even be used. Others adjuvants or methods are exemplified in U.S. Pat. Nos. 6,814,971, 5,084,269, 6,656,462, each of which is incorporated herein by reference).

Various methods of achieving adjuvant affect for the vaccine includes use of agents such as aluminum hydroxide or phosphate (alum), commonly used as about 0.05 to about 0.1% solution in phosphate buffered saline, admixture with synthetic polymers of sugars (Carbopol®) used as an about 0.25% solution, aggregation of the protein in the vaccine by heat treatment with temperatures ranging between about 70° to about 101° C. for a 30-second to 2-minute period, respectively. Aggregation by reactivating with pepsin-treated (Fab) antibodies to albumin; mixture with bacterial cells (e.g., *C. parvum*), endotoxins or lipopolysaccharide components of Gram-negative bacteria; emulsion in physiologically acceptable oil vehicles (e.g., mannide mono-oleate (Aracel A)); or

emulsion with a 20% solution of a perfluorocarbon (Fluosol-DA®) used as a block substitute may also be employed to produce an adjuvant effect.

Examples of and often preferred adjuvants include complete Freund's adjuvant (a non-specific stimulator of the immune response containing killed *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*), incomplete Freund's adjuvants, and aluminum hydroxide.

In some aspects, it is preferred that the adjuvant be selected to be a preferential inducer of either a Th1 or a Th2 type of response. High levels of Th1-type cytokines tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to a given antigen, while high levels of Th2-type cytokines tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses to the antigen.

The distinction of Th1 and Th2-type immune response is not absolute. In reality an individual will support an immune response which is described as being predominantly Th1 or predominantly Th2. However, it is often convenient to consider the families of cytokines in terms of that described in murine CD4+ T cell clones by Mosmann and Coffman (Mosmann, and Coffman, 1989). Traditionally, Th1-type responses are associated with the production of the INF- γ and IL-2 cytokines by T-lymphocytes. Other cytokines often directly associated with the induction of Th1-type immune responses are not produced by T-cells, such as IL-12. In contrast, Th2-type responses are associated with the secretion of IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10.

In addition to adjuvants, it may be desirable to co-administer biologic response modifiers (BRM) to enhance immune responses. BRMs have been shown to upregulate T cell immunity or downregulate suppressor cell activity. Such BRMs include, but are not limited to, Cimetidine (CIM; 1200 mg/d) (Smith/Kline, PA); or low-dose Cyclophosphamide (CYP; 300 mg/m²) (Johnson/Mead, NJ) and cytokines such as γ -interferon, IL-2, or IL-12 or genes encoding proteins involved in immune helper functions, such as B-7.

B. Lipid Components and Moieties

In certain embodiments, the present invention concerns compositions comprising one or more lipids associated with a nucleic acid or a polypeptide/peptide. A lipid is a substance that is insoluble in water and extractable with an organic solvent. Compounds other than those specifically described herein are understood by one of skill in the art as lipids, and are encompassed by the compositions and methods of the present invention. A lipid component and a non-lipid may be attached to one another, either covalently or non-covalently.

A lipid may be a naturally occurring lipid or a synthetic lipid. However, a lipid is usually a biological substance. Biological lipids are well known in the art, and include for example, neutral fats, phospholipids, phosphoglycerides, steroids, terpenes, lysolipids, glycosphingolipids, glucolipids, sulphatides, lipids with ether and ester-linked fatty acids and polymerizable lipids, and combinations thereof.

A nucleic acid molecule or a polypeptide/peptide, associated with a lipid may be dispersed in a solution containing a lipid, dissolved with a lipid, emulsified with a lipid, mixed with a lipid, combined with a lipid, covalently bonded to a lipid, contained as a suspension in a lipid or otherwise associated with a lipid. A lipid or lipid-poxvirus-associated composition of the present invention is not limited to any particular structure. For example, they may also simply be interspersed in a solution, possibly forming aggregates which are not uniform in either size or shape. In another example, they may be present in a bilayer structure, as micelles, or with a "collapsed" structure. In another non-limiting example, a lipofectamine (Gibco BRL)-poxvirus or Superfect (Qiagen)-poxvirus complex is also contemplated.

In certain embodiments, a composition may comprise about 1%, about 2%, about 3%, about 4%, about 5%, about 6%, about 7%, about 8%, about 9%, about 10%, about 11%, about 12%, about 13%, about 14%, about 15%, about 16%, about 17%, about 18%, about 19%, about 20%, about 21%, about 22%, about 23%, about 24%, about 25%, about 26%, about 27%, about 28%, about 29%, about 30%, about 31%, about 32%, about 33%, about 34%, about 35%, about 36%, about 37%, about 38%, about 39%, about 40%, about 41%, about 42%, about 43%, about 44%, about 45%, about 46%, about 47%, about 48%, about 49%, about 50%, about 51%, about 52%, about 53%, about 54%, about 55%, about 56%, about 57%, about 58%, about 59%, about 60%, about 61%, about 62%, about 63%, about 64%, about 65%, about 66%, about 67%, about 68%, about 69%, about 70%, about 71%, about 72%, about 73%, about 74%, about 75%, about 76%, about 77%, about 78%, about 79%, about 80%, about 81%, about 82%, about 83%, about 84%, about 85%, about 86%, about 87%, about 88%, about 89%, about 90%, about 91%, about 92%, about 93%, about 94%, about 95%, about 96%, about 97%, about 98%, about 99%, or any range therebetween, of a particular lipid, lipid type, or non-lipid component such as an adjuvant, antigen, peptide, polypeptide, sugar, nucleic acid or other material disclosed herein or as would be known to one of skill in the art. In a non-limiting example, a composition may comprise about 10% to about 20% neutral lipids, and about 33% to about 34% of a cerebroside, and about 1% cholesterol. In another non-limiting example, a liposome may comprise about 4% to about 12% terpenes, wherein about 1% of the micelle is specifically lycopene, leaving about 3% to about 11% of the liposome as comprising other terpenes; and about 10% to about 35% phosphatidyl choline, and about 1% of a non-lipid component. Thus, it is contemplated that compositions of the present invention may comprise any of the lipids, lipid types or other components in any combination or percentage range.

C. Combination Therapy

The compositions and related methods of the present invention, particularly administration of a secreted virulence factor or surface protein, including a variant SpA polypeptide or peptide, and/or other bacterial peptides or proteins to a patient/subject, may also be used in combination with the administration of traditional therapies. These include, but are not limited to, the administration of antibiotics such as streptomycin, ciprofloxacin, doxycycline, gentamycin, chloramphenicol, trimethoprim, sulfamethoxazole, ampicillin, tetracycline or various combinations of antibiotics.

In one aspect, it is contemplated that a polypeptide vaccine and/or therapy is used in conjunction with antibacterial treatment. Alternatively, the therapy may precede or follow the other agent treatment by intervals ranging from minutes to weeks. In embodiments where the other agents and/or a proteins or polynucleotides are administered separately, one would generally ensure that a significant period of time did not expire between the time of each delivery, such that the agent and antigenic composition would still be able to exert an advantageously combined effect on the subject. In such instances, it is contemplated that one may administer both modalities within about 12-24 h of each other or within about 6-12 h of each other. In some situations, it may be desirable to extend the time period for administration significantly, where several days (2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7) to several weeks (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8) lapse between the respective administrations.

Various combinations may be employed, for example antibiotic therapy is "A" and the immunogenic molecule given as part of an immune therapy regime, such as an antigen, is "B":

A/B/A	B/A/B	B/B/A	A/A/B	A/B/B	B/A/A	A/B/B/B	B/A/B/B
B/B/B/A	B/B/A/B	A/A/B/B	A/B/A/B	A/B/A/B	A/B/B/A	B/B/A/A	B/B/A/A
B/A/B/A	B/A/A/B	A/A/A/B	B/A/A/A	A/B/A/A	A/A/B/A		

Administration of the immunogenic compositions of the present invention to a patient/subject will follow general protocols for the administration of such compounds, taking into account the toxicity, if any, of the SpA composition, or other compositions described herein. It is expected that the treatment cycles would be repeated as necessary. It also is contemplated that various standard therapies, such as hydration, may be applied in combination with the described therapy.

D. General Pharmaceutical Compositions

In some embodiments, pharmaceutical compositions are administered to a subject. Different aspects of the present invention involve administering an effective amount of a composition to a subject. In some embodiments of the present invention, staphylococcal antigens, members of the Ess pathway, including polypeptides or peptides of the Esa or Esx class, and/or members of sortase substrates may be administered to the patient to protect against infection by one or more *staphylococcus* pathogens. Alternatively, an expression vector encoding one or more such polypeptides or peptides may be given to a patient as a preventative treatment. Additionally, such compounds can be administered in combination with an antibiotic or an antibacterial. Such compositions will generally be dissolved or dispersed in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or aqueous medium.

In addition to the compounds formulated for parenteral administration, such as those for intravenous or intramuscular injection, other pharmaceutically acceptable forms include, e.g., tablets or other solids for oral administration; time release capsules; and any other form currently used, including creams, lotions, mouthwashes, inhalants and the like.

The active compounds of the present invention can be formulated for parenteral administration, e.g., formulated for injection via the intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or even intraperitoneal routes. The preparation of an aqueous composition that contains a compound or compounds that increase the expression of an MHC class I molecule will be known to those of skill in the art in light of the present disclosure. Typically, such compositions can be prepared as injectables, either as liquid solutions or suspensions; solid forms suitable for use to prepare solutions or suspensions upon the addition of a liquid prior to injection can also be prepared; and, the preparations can also be emulsified.

Solutions of the active compounds as free base or pharmaceutically acceptable salts can be prepared in water suitably mixed with a surfactant, such as hydroxypropylcellulose. Dispersions can also be prepared in glycerol, liquid polyethylene glycols, and mixtures thereof and in oils. Under ordinary conditions of storage and use, these preparations contain a preservative to prevent the growth of microorganisms.

The pharmaceutical forms suitable for injectable use include sterile aqueous solutions or dispersions; formulations including sesame oil, peanut oil, or aqueous propylene glycol; and sterile powders for the extemporaneous preparation of sterile injectable solutions or dispersions. In all cases the form must be sterile and must be fluid to the extent that it may be easily injected. It also should be stable under the conditions of manufacture and storage and must be preserved against the contaminating action of microorganisms, such as bacteria and fungi.

The proteinaceous compositions may be formulated into a neutral or salt form. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts, include the acid addition salts (formed with the free amino

groups of the protein) and which are formed with inorganic acids such as, for example, hydrochloric or phosphoric acids, or such organic acids as acetic, oxalic, tartaric, mandelic, and the like. Salts formed with the free carboxyl groups can also be derived from inorganic bases such as, for example, sodium, potassium, ammonium, calcium, or ferric hydroxides, and such organic bases as isopropylamine, trimethylamine, histidine, procaine and the like.

The carrier also can be a solvent or dispersion medium containing, for example, water, ethanol, polyol (for example, glycerol, propylene glycol, and liquid polyethylene glycol, and the like), suitable mixtures thereof, and vegetable oils. The proper fluidity can be maintained, for example, by the use of a coating, such as lecithin, by the maintenance of the required particle size in the case of dispersion, and by the use of surfactants. The prevention of the action of microorganisms can be brought about by various antibacterial and antifungal agents, for example, parabens, chlorobutanol, phenol, sorbic acid, thimerosal, and the like. In many cases, it will be preferable to include isotonic agents, for example, sugars or sodium chloride. Prolonged absorption of the injectable compositions can be brought about by the use in the compositions of agents delaying absorption, for example, aluminum monostearate and gelatin.

Sterile injectable solutions are prepared by incorporating the active compounds in the required amount in the appropriate solvent with various of the other ingredients enumerated above, as required, followed by filtered sterilization. Generally, dispersions are prepared by incorporating the various sterilized active ingredients into a sterile vehicle which contains the basic dispersion medium and the required other ingredients from those enumerated above. In the case of sterile powders for the preparation of sterile injectable solutions, the preferred methods of preparation are vacuum-drying and freeze-drying techniques, which yield a powder of the active ingredient, plus any additional desired ingredient from a previously sterile-filtered solution thereof.

Administration of the compositions according to the present invention will typically be via any common route. This includes, but is not limited to oral, nasal, or buccal administration. Alternatively, administration may be by orthotopic, intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intraperitoneal, intranasal, or intravenous injection. In certain embodiments, a vaccine composition may be inhaled (e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 6,651,655, which is specifically incorporated by reference). Such compositions would normally be administered as pharmaceutically acceptable compositions that include physiologically acceptable carriers, buffers or other excipients. As used herein, the term "pharmaceutically acceptable" refers to those compounds, materials, compositions, and/or dosage forms which are, within the scope of sound medical judgment, suitable for contact with the tissues of human beings and animals without excessive toxicity, irritation, allergic response, or other problem complications commensurate with a reasonable benefit/risk ratio. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier," means a pharmaceutically acceptable material, composition or vehicle, such as a liquid or solid filler, diluent, excipient, solvent or encapsulating material, involved in carrying or transporting a chemical agent.

For parenteral administration in an aqueous solution, for example, the solution should be suitably buffered, if necessary, and the liquid diluent first rendered isotonic with sufficient saline or glucose. These particular aqueous solutions are especially suitable for intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, and intraperitoneal administration. In this connection, sterile aqueous media which can be employed will be known

to those of skill in the art in light of the present disclosure. For example, one dosage could be dissolved in isotonic NaCl solution and either added to hypodermoclysis fluid or injected at the proposed site of infusion, (see for example, Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 1990). Some variation in dosage will necessarily occur depending on the condition of the subject. The person responsible for administration will, in any event, determine the appropriate dose for the individual subject.

An effective amount of therapeutic or prophylactic composition is determined based on the intended goal. The term "unit dose" or "dosage" refers to physically discrete units suitable for use in a subject, each unit containing a predetermined quantity of the composition calculated to produce the desired responses discussed above in association with its administration, i.e., the appropriate route and regimen. The quantity to be administered, both according to number of treatments and unit dose, depends on the protection desired. It is contemplated that in compositions of the invention, there is between about 0.001 mg and about 10 mg of total antigen, antibody, polypeptide, peptide, and/or protein per ml. The concentration of protein in a composition can be about, at least about or at most about 0.001, 0.010, 0.050, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0 mg/ml or more (or any range derivable therein). Of this, about, at least about, or at most about 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100% may be an SpA variant or an antibody that specifically binds SpA. In certain embodiments a dose of about, at least about or at most about 0.001, 0.010, 0.050, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5, 5.0, 5.5, 6.0, 6.5, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.5, 9.0, 9.5, 10.0 mg/kg or more, including all values and ranges there between are administered to a subject.

Precise amounts of the composition also depend on the judgment of the practitioner and are peculiar to each individual. Factors affecting dose include physical and clinical state of the subject, route of administration, intended goal of treatment (alleviation of symptoms versus cure), and potency, stability, and toxicity of the particular composition.

Upon formulation, solutions will be administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation and in such amount as is therapeutically or prophylactically effective. The formulations are easily administered in a variety of dosage forms, such as the type of injectable solutions described above.

E. In Vitro, Ex Vivo, or In Vivo Administration

As used herein, the term in vitro administration refers to manipulations performed on cells removed from or outside of a subject, including, but not limited to cells in culture. The term ex vivo administration refers to cells which have been manipulated in vitro, and are subsequently administered to a subject. The term in vivo administration includes all manipulations performed within a subject.

In certain aspects of the present invention, the compositions may be administered either in vitro, ex vivo, or in vivo. In certain in vitro embodiments, autologous B-lymphocyte cell lines are incubated with a virus vector of the instant invention for 24 to 48 hours or with a variant SpA and/or coagulase and/or any other composition described herein for two hours. The transduced cells can then be used for in vitro analysis, or alternatively for ex vivo administration. U.S. Pat.

Nos. 4,690,915 and 5,199,942, both incorporated herein by reference, disclose methods for ex vivo manipulation of blood mononuclear cells and bone marrow cells for use in therapeutic applications.

F. Antibodies and Passive Immunization

Another aspect of the invention is a method of preparing an immunoglobulin for use in prevention or treatment of staphylococcal infection comprising the steps of immunizing a recipient or donor with the vaccine of the invention and isolating immunoglobulin from the recipient or donor. An immunoglobulin prepared by this method is a further aspect of the invention. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the immunoglobulin of the invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier is a further aspect of the invention which could be used in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prevention of staphylococcal disease. A method for treatment or prevention of staphylococcal infection comprising a step of administering to a patient an effective amount of the pharmaceutical preparation of the invention is a further aspect of the invention.

Inocula for polyclonal antibody production are typically prepared by dispersing the antigenic composition in a physiologically tolerable diluent such as saline or other adjuvants suitable for human use to form an aqueous composition. An immunostimulatory amount of inoculum is administered to a mammal and the inoculated mammal is then maintained for a time sufficient for the antigenic composition to induce protective antibodies.

The antibodies can be isolated to the extent desired by well known techniques such as affinity chromatography (Harlow and Lane, 1988). Antibodies can include antiserum preparations from a variety of commonly used animals; e.g. goats, primates, donkeys, swine, horses, guinea pigs, rats or man.

An immunoglobulin produced in accordance with the present invention can include whole antibodies, antibody fragments or subfragments. Antibodies can be whole immunoglobulins of any class (e.g., IgG, IgM, IgA, IgD or IgE), chimeric antibodies or hybrid antibodies with dual specificity to two or more antigens of the invention. They may also be fragments (e.g., F(ab')₂, Fab', Fab, Fv and the like) including hybrid fragments. An immunoglobulin also includes natural, synthetic, or genetically engineered proteins that act like an antibody by binding to specific antigens to form a complex.

A vaccine of the present invention can be administered to a recipient who then acts as a source of immunoglobulin, produced in response to challenge from the specific vaccine. A subject thus treated would donate plasma from which hyperimmune globulin would be obtained via conventional plasma fractionation methodology. The hyperimmune globulin would be administered to another subject in order to impart resistance against or treat staphylococcal infection. Hyperimmune globulins of the invention are particularly useful for treatment or prevention of staphylococcal disease in infants, immune compromised individuals, or where treatment is required and there is no time for the individual to produce antibodies in response to vaccination.

An additional aspect of the invention is a pharmaceutical composition comprising two or more monoclonal antibodies (or fragments thereof; preferably human or humanised) reactive against at least two constituents of the immunogenic composition of the invention, which could be used to treat or prevent infection by Gram positive bacteria, preferably staphylococci, more preferably *S. aureus* or *S. epidermidis*. Such pharmaceutical compositions comprise monoclonal antibodies that can be whole immunoglobulins of any class, chimeric antibodies, or hybrid antibodies with specificity to two or

more antigens of the invention. They may also be fragments (e.g., F(ab')₂, Fab', Fab, Fv and the like) including hybrid fragments.

Methods of making monoclonal antibodies are well known in the art and can include the fusion of splenocytes with myeloma cells (Kohler and Milstein, 1975; Harlow and Lane, 1988). Alternatively, monoclonal Fv fragments can be obtained by screening a suitable phage display library (Vaughan et al., 1998). Monoclonal antibodies may be humanized or part humanized by known methods.

VI. EXAMPLES

The following examples are given for the purpose of illustrating various embodiments of the invention and are not meant to limit the present invention in any fashion. One skilled in the art will appreciate readily that the present invention is well adapted to carry out the objects and obtain the ends and advantages mentioned, as well as those objects, ends and advantages inherent herein. The present examples, along with the methods described herein are presently representative of preferred embodiments, are exemplary, and are not intended as limitations on the scope of the invention. Changes therein and other uses which are encompassed within the spirit of the invention as defined by the scope of the claims will occur to those skilled in the art.

Example 1

Immunization with SpA_{KKAA} Modifies Host Immune Responses to Staphylococcal Infection

The model of immune evasion during *S. aureus* infections includes the initial activation of B cells via IgM receptor crosslinking by cell wall anchored or secreted protein A—up to 20% of peptidoglycan with attached surface protein is released during each bacterial division event (Ton-That et al., 1999). In the absence of specific antigen stimuli, activated B cells undergo apoptotic collapse, thereby diminishing host antibody production against antigens that are presented during staphylococcal infection. If so, neutralizing SpA-specific antibodies may enable animals to develop humoral immune responses against many different staphylococcal antigens. This possibility was investigated by immunizing BALB/c mice with SpA_{KKAA} or an adjuvant (aluminum hydroxide) control followed by intravenous challenge with a sublethal dose of MRSA strain USA300. Serum samples were withdrawn thirty days after MRSA challenge and then analyzed by immunoblotting with 27 staphylococcal antigens immobilized on a membrane filter (FIG. 1). Naïve mice, which had not been infected with the MRSA strain USA300 LAC, did not harbor antibodies against ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Eap, Ehb, Emp, ExxA, ExxB, FnbpA, FnbpB, Hla, IsdA, IsdB, LukD, Luke, LukF, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, SasA, SasD, SasF, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA_{KKAA} or vWbp (data not shown). Mock immunized mice that had been subjected to USA300 infection developed high-titer antibodies against the Eap protein as well as low-titer antibodies against IsdA, IsdB, Hla, LukD, Luke and LukF (FIG. 1). Animals that been immunized and that elaborated SpA_{KKAA}-specific antibodies [IgG titer 2,907 (±357); P<0.001 SpA_{KKAA} vs. mock] mounted humoral immune responses against every one of the 27 antigens in response to a challenge with the MRSA strain USA300 (FIG. 1). With the exception of Eap, IsdA and IsdB antibodies, the serum of SpA_{KKAA}-immunized animals harbored higher anti-

body titers against each staphylococcal antigen when compared to mice that had been naïve at the time of challenge (FIG. 1).

REFERENCES

The following references, to the extent that they provide exemplary procedural or other details supplementary to those set forth herein, are specifically incorporated herein by reference.

- 10 U.S. Pat. No. 3,791,932
- U.S. Pat. No. 3,949,064
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,174,384
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,338,298
- 15 U.S. Pat. No. 4,356,170
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,367,110
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,372,945
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,452,901
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,474,757
- 20 U.S. Pat. No. 4,554,101
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,578,770
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,596,792
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,599,230
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,599,231
- 25 U.S. Pat. No. 4,601,903
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,608,251
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,683,195
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,683,202
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,684,611
- 30 U.S. Pat. No. 4,690,915
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,690,915
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,748,018
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,800,159
- U.S. Pat. No. 4,879,236
- 35 U.S. Pat. No. 4,952,500
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,084,269
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,199,942
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,221,605
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,238,808
- 40 U.S. Pat. No. 5,302,523
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,310,687
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,322,783
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,384,253
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,464,765
- 45 U.S. Pat. No. 5,512,282
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,512,282
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,538,877
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,538,880
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,548,066
- 50 U.S. Pat. No. 5,550,318
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,563,055
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,580,859
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,589,466
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,591,616
- 55 U.S. Pat. No. 5,610,042
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,620,896
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,648,240
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,656,610
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,702,932
- 60 U.S. Pat. No. 5,736,524
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,780,448
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,789,215
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,801,234
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,840,846
- 65 U.S. Pat. No. 5,843,650
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,846,709
- U.S. Pat. No. 5,846,783

U.S. Pat. No. 5,849,497
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,849,546
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,849,547
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,858,652
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,866,366
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,871,986
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,916,776
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,922,574
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,925,565
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,925,565
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,928,905
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,928,906
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,932,451
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,935,819
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,935,825
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,939,291
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,942,391
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,945,100
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,958,895
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,981,274
 U.S. Pat. No. 5,994,624
 U.S. Pat. No. 6,008,341
 U.S. Pat. No. 6,288,214
 U.S. Pat. No. 6,294,177
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Gln His Asp Glu Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Gln Val Leu Asn Met
 1             5             10             15
Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys
          20             25             30
Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Gln Lys Leu
          35             40             45
Asn Asp Ser
          50

```

-continued

<210> SEQ ID NO 4
 <211> LENGTH: 52
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 4

```

Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn
1           5           10           15
Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
           20           25           30
Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Lys Lys
           35           40           45
Leu Asn Glu Ser
           50
  
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 5
 <211> LENGTH: 52
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

```

Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu His
1           5           10           15
Leu Pro Asn Leu Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
           20           25           30
Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Val Ser Lys Glu Ile Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Lys
           35           40           45
Leu Asn Asp Ala
           50
  
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 6
 <211> LENGTH: 52
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 6

```

Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu His
1           5           10           15
Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
           20           25           30
Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Leu Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Lys
           35           40           45
Leu Asn Asp Ala
           50
  
```

<210> SEQ ID NO 7
 <211> LENGTH: 52
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (7)..(8)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa can be any naturally occurring amino acid
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (34)..(35)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa can be any naturally occurring amino acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

```

Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Asp Xaa Xaa Ser Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn
1           5           10           15
  
```

-continued

Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Ala Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
 20 25 30

Lys Xaa Xaa Pro Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Lys Lys
 35 40 45

Leu Asn Glu Ser
 50

<210> SEQ ID NO 8
 <211> LENGTH: 52
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp
 <220> FEATURE:
 <221> NAME/KEY: misc_feature
 <222> LOCATION: (7)..(8)
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa can be any naturally occurring amino acid

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Asp Xaa Xaa Ser Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn
 1 5 10 15

Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Ala Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
 20 25 30

Lys Tyr Tyr Pro Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Lys Lys
 35 40 45

Leu Asn Glu Ser
 50

<210> SEQ ID NO 9
 <211> LENGTH: 450
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

Met Lys Lys Lys Asn Ile Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Leu Gly Val Gly Ile
 1 5 10 15

Ala Ser Val Thr Leu Gly Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Gly Gly Val Thr Pro
 20 25 30

Ala Ala Asn Ala Ala Gln His Asp Glu Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr
 35 40 45

Gln Val Leu Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe
 50 55 60

Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Val Leu Gly
 65 70 75 80

Glu Ala Gln Lys Leu Asn Asp Ser Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Ala Gln
 85 90 95

Gln Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Asp Gln Gln Ser Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu
 100 105 110

Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Ala Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser
 115 120 125

Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Lys
 130 135 140

Lys Leu Asn Glu Ser Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys
 145 150 155 160

Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn
 165 170 175

Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser
 180 185 190

Gln Ser Ala Asn Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Lys Lys Leu Asn Glu Ser Gln
 195 200 205

-continued

Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe
 210 215 220

Tyr Glu Ile Leu His Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly
 225 230 235 240

Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Val Ser Lys Glu Ile Leu
 245 250 255

Ala Glu Ala Lys Lys Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln Ala Pro Lys Glu Glu Asp
 260 265 270

Asn Lys Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
 275 280 285

Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Lys Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
 290 295 300

Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
 305 310 315 320

Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Asn Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
 325 330 335

Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Lys Glu Asp
 340 345 350

Gly Asn Gly Val His Val Val Lys Pro Gly Asp Thr Val Asn Asp Ile
 355 360 365

Ala Lys Ala Asn Gly Thr Thr Ala Asp Lys Ile Ala Ala Asp Asn Lys
 370 375 380

Leu Ala Asp Lys Asn Met Ile Lys Pro Gly Gln Glu Leu Val Val Asp
 385 390 395 400

Lys Lys Gln Pro Ala Asn His Ala Asp Ala Asn Lys Ala Gln Ala Leu
 405 410 415

Pro Glu Thr Gly Glu Glu Asn Pro Phe Ile Gly Thr Thr Val Phe Gly
 420 425 430

Gly Leu Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Gly Arg Arg Arg
 435 440 445

Glu Leu
 450

<210> SEQ ID NO 10

<211> LENGTH: 450

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 10

Met Lys Lys Lys Asn Ile Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Leu Gly Val Gly Ile
 1 5 10 15

Ala Ser Val Thr Leu Gly Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Gly Gly Val Thr Pro
 20 25 30

Ala Ala Asn Ala Ala Gln His Asp Glu Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr
 35 40 45

Gln Val Leu Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe
 50 55 60

Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Asp Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Val Leu Gly
 65 70 75 80

Glu Ala Gln Lys Leu Asn Asp Ser Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Ala Gln
 85 90 95

Gln Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Asp Gln Gln Ser Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu
 100 105 110

Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Ala Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser

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115				120				125							
Leu	Lys	Asp	Asp	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ser	Thr	Asn	Val	Leu	Gly	Glu	Ala	Lys
130						135					140				
Lys	Leu	Asn	Glu	Ser	Gln	Ala	Pro	Lys	Ala	Asp	Asn	Asn	Phe	Asn	Lys
145					150					155					160
Glu	Gln	Gln	Asn	Ala	Phe	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Leu	Asn	Met	Pro	Asn	Leu	Asn
				165						170					175
Glu	Glu	Gln	Arg	Asn	Gly	Phe	Ile	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Asp	Asp	Pro	Ser
			180						185					190	
Gln	Ser	Ala	Asn	Leu	Leu	Ser	Glu	Ala	Lys	Lys	Leu	Asn	Glu	Ser	Gln
		195					200						205		
Ala	Pro	Lys	Ala	Asp	Asn	Lys	Phe	Asn	Lys	Glu	Gln	Gln	Asn	Ala	Phe
	210					215					220				
Tyr	Glu	Ile	Leu	His	Leu	Pro	Asn	Leu	Asn	Glu	Glu	Gln	Arg	Asn	Gly
225					230					235					240
Phe	Ile	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Asp	Asp	Pro	Ser	Val	Ser	Lys	Glu	Ile	Leu
				245						250					255
Ala	Glu	Ala	Lys	Lys	Leu	Asn	Asp	Ala	Gln	Ala	Pro	Lys	Glu	Glu	Asp
		260						265					270		
Asn	Lys	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp	Gly	Asn	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp
		275					280						285		
Gly	Asn	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp
	290					295					300				
Gly	Asn	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp	Asn	Asn	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp
305					310					315					320
Gly	Asn	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp	Asn	Asn	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp
				325						330					335
Gly	Asn	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp	Gly	Asn	Lys	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp
			340						345					350	
Gly	Asn	Gly	Val	His	Val	Val	Lys	Pro	Gly	Asp	Thr	Val	Asn	Asp	Ile
	355						360							365	
Ala	Lys	Ala	Asn	Gly	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asp	Lys	Ile	Ala	Ala	Asp	Asn	Lys
	370					375					380				
Leu	Ala	Asp	Lys	Asn	Met	Ile	Lys	Pro	Gly	Gln	Glu	Leu	Val	Val	Asp
385					390					395					400
Lys	Lys	Gln	Pro	Ala	Asn	His	Ala	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys	Ala	Gln	Ala	Leu
			405						410						415
Pro	Glu	Thr	Gly	Glu	Glu	Asn	Pro	Phe	Ile	Gly	Thr	Thr	Val	Phe	Gly
			420						425				430		
Gly	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ala	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ala	Gly	Arg	Arg	Arg
	435					440							445		
Glu	Leu														
450															

<210> SEQ ID NO 11

<211> LENGTH: 97

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 11

Met	Ala	Met	Ile	Lys	Met	Ser	Pro	Glu	Glu	Ile	Arg	Ala	Lys	Ser	Gln
1				5						10				15	

Ser	Tyr	Gly	Gln	Gly	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ile	Arg	Gln	Ile	Leu	Ser	Asp	Leu
			20						25					30	

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Thr Arg Ala Gln Gly Glu Ile Ala Ala Asn Trp Glu Gly Gln Ala Phe
 35 40 45
 Ser Arg Phe Glu Glu Gln Phe Gln Gln Leu Ser Pro Lys Val Glu Lys
 50 55 60
 Phe Ala Gln Leu Leu Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Gln Leu Asn Ser Thr Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Ala Val Gln Glu Gln Asp Gln Gln Leu Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly Leu
 85 90 95

Gln

<210> SEQ ID NO 12
 <211> LENGTH: 102
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 12

Met Gly Gly Tyr Lys Gly Ile Lys Ala Asp Gly Gly Lys Val Asn Gln
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Lys Gln Leu Ala Ala Lys Ile Ala Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Cys Gln
 20 25 30
 Lys Gln Thr Gln Gln Leu Ala Glu Tyr Ile Glu Gly Ser Asp Trp Glu
 35 40 45
 Gly Gln Phe Ala Asn Lys Val Lys Asp Val Leu Leu Ile Met Ala Lys
 50 55 60
 Phe Gln Glu Glu Leu Val Gln Pro Met Ala Asp His Gln Lys Ala Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Asn Leu Ser Gln Asn Leu Ala Lys Tyr Asp Thr Leu Ser Ile Lys
 85 90 95
 Gln Gly Leu Asp Arg Val
 100

<210> SEQ ID NO 13
 <211> LENGTH: 1385
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 13

Met Leu Asn Arg Glu Asn Lys Thr Ala Ile Thr Arg Lys Gly Met Val
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Asn Arg Leu Asn Lys Phe Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Thr Val Gly Thr
 20 25 30
 Ala Ser Ile Leu Val Gly Thr Thr Leu Ile Phe Gly Leu Gly Asn Gln
 35 40 45
 Glu Ala Lys Ala Ala Glu Ser Thr Asn Lys Glu Leu Asn Glu Ala Thr
 50 55 60
 Thr Ser Ala Ser Asp Asn Gln Ser Ser Asp Lys Val Asp Met Gln Gln
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Asn Gln Glu Asp Asn Thr Lys Asn Asp Asn Gln Lys Glu Met Val
 85 90 95
 Ser Ser Gln Gly Asn Glu Thr Thr Ser Asn Gly Asn Lys Ser Ile Glu
 100 105 110
 Lys Glu Ser Val Gln Ser Thr Thr Gly Asn Lys Val Glu Val Ser Thr
 115 120 125
 Ala Lys Ser Asp Glu Gln Ala Ser Pro Lys Ser Thr Asn Glu Asp Leu
 130 135 140
 Asn Thr Lys Gln Thr Ile Ser Asn Gln Glu Gly Leu Gln Pro Asp Leu

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145	150	155	160
Leu Glu Asn Lys Ser Val Val Asn Val Gln Pro Thr Asn Glu Glu Asn	165	170	175
Lys Lys Val Asp Ala Lys Thr Glu Ser Thr Thr Leu Asn Val Lys Ser	180	185	190
Asp Ala Ile Lys Ser Asn Ala Glu Thr Leu Val Asp Asn Asn Ser Asn	195	200	205
Ser Asn Asn Glu Asn Asn Ala Asp Ile Ile Leu Pro Lys Ser Thr Ala	210	215	220
Pro Lys Ser Leu Asn Thr Arg Met Arg Met Ala Ala Ile Gln Pro Asn	225	230	235
Ser Thr Asp Ser Lys Asn Val Asn Asp Leu Ile Thr Ser Asn Thr Thr	245	250	255
Leu Thr Val Val Asp Ala Asp Asn Ser Lys Thr Ile Val Pro Ala Gln	260	265	270
Asp Tyr Leu Ser Leu Lys Ser Gln Ile Thr Val Asp Asp Lys Val Lys	275	280	285
Ser Gly Asp Tyr Phe Thr Ile Lys Tyr Ser Asp Thr Val Gln Val Tyr	290	295	300
Gly Leu Asn Pro Glu Asp Ile Lys Asn Ile Gly Asp Ile Lys Asp Pro	305	310	315
Asn Asn Gly Glu Thr Ile Ala Thr Ala Lys His Asp Thr Ala Asn Asn	325	330	335
Leu Ile Thr Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asp Tyr Val Asp Arg Phe Asn Ser Val	340	345	350
Lys Met Gly Ile Asn Tyr Ser Ile Tyr Met Asp Ala Asp Thr Ile Pro	355	360	365
Val Asp Lys Lys Asp Val Pro Phe Ser Val Thr Ile Gly Asn Gln Ile	370	375	380
Thr Thr Thr Thr Ala Asp Ile Thr Tyr Pro Ala Tyr Lys Glu Ala Asp	385	390	395
Asn Asn Ser Ile Gly Ser Ala Phe Thr Glu Thr Val Ser His Val Gly	405	410	415
Asn Val Glu Asp Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Asn Gln Val Val Tyr Val Asn Pro	420	425	430
Met Asp Lys Asp Leu Lys Gly Ala Lys Leu Lys Val Glu Ala Tyr His	435	440	445
Pro Lys Tyr Pro Thr Asn Ile Gly Gln Ile Asn Gln Asn Val Thr Asn	450	455	460
Ile Lys Ile Tyr Arg Val Pro Glu Gly Tyr Thr Leu Asn Lys Gly Tyr	465	470	475
Asp Val Asn Thr Asn Asp Leu Val Asp Val Thr Asp Glu Phe Lys Asn	485	490	495
Lys Met Thr Tyr Gly Ser Asn Gln Ser Val Asn Leu Asp Phe Gly Asp	500	505	510
Ile Thr Ser Ala Tyr Val Val Met Val Asn Thr Lys Phe Gln Tyr Thr	515	520	525
Asn Ser Glu Ser Pro Thr Leu Val Gln Met Ala Thr Leu Ser Ser Thr	530	535	540
Gly Asn Lys Ser Val Ser Thr Gly Asn Ala Leu Gly Phe Thr Asn Asn	545	550	555
Gln Ser Gly Gly Ala Gly Gln Glu Val Tyr Lys Ile Gly Asn Tyr Val	565	570	575

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Trp Glu Asp Thr Asn Lys Asn Gly Val Gln Glu Leu Gly Glu Lys Gly
 580 585 590
 Val Gly Asn Val Thr Val Thr Val Phe Asp Asn Asn Thr Asn Thr Lys
 595 600 605
 Val Gly Glu Ala Val Thr Lys Glu Asp Gly Ser Tyr Leu Ile Pro Asn
 610 615 620
 Leu Pro Asn Gly Asp Tyr Arg Val Glu Phe Ser Asn Leu Pro Lys Gly
 625 630 635 640
 Tyr Glu Val Thr Pro Ser Lys Gln Gly Asn Asn Glu Glu Leu Asp Ser
 645 650 655
 Asn Gly Leu Ser Ser Val Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Lys Asp Asn Leu Ser
 660 665 670
 Ala Asp Leu Gly Ile Tyr Lys Pro Lys Tyr Asn Leu Gly Asp Tyr Val
 675 680 685
 Trp Glu Asp Thr Asn Lys Asn Gly Ile Gln Asp Gln Asp Glu Lys Gly
 690 695 700
 Ile Ser Gly Val Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Asp Glu Asn Gly Asn Val Leu
 705 710 715 720
 Lys Thr Val Thr Thr Asp Ala Asp Gly Lys Tyr Lys Phe Thr Asp Leu
 725 730 735
 Asp Asn Gly Asn Tyr Lys Val Glu Phe Thr Thr Pro Glu Gly Tyr Thr
 740 745 750
 Pro Thr Thr Val Thr Ser Gly Ser Asp Ile Glu Lys Asp Ser Asn Gly
 755 760 765
 Leu Thr Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Asn Gly Ala Asp Asn Met Thr Leu Asp
 770 775 780
 Ser Gly Phe Tyr Lys Thr Pro Lys Tyr Asn Leu Gly Asn Tyr Val Trp
 785 790 795 800
 Glu Asp Thr Asn Lys Asp Gly Lys Gln Asp Ser Thr Glu Lys Gly Ile
 805 810 815
 Ser Gly Val Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Asn Glu Asn Gly Glu Val Leu Gln
 820 825 830
 Thr Thr Lys Thr Asp Lys Asp Gly Lys Tyr Gln Phe Thr Gly Leu Glu
 835 840 845
 Asn Gly Thr Tyr Lys Val Glu Phe Glu Thr Pro Ser Gly Tyr Thr Pro
 850 855 860
 Thr Gln Val Gly Ser Gly Thr Asp Glu Gly Ile Asp Ser Asn Gly Thr
 865 870 875 880
 Ser Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Lys Asp Lys Asp Asn Asp Thr Ile Asp Ser
 885 890 895
 Gly Phe Tyr Lys Pro Thr Tyr Asn Leu Gly Asp Tyr Val Trp Glu Asp
 900 905 910
 Thr Asn Lys Asn Gly Val Gln Asp Lys Asp Glu Lys Gly Ile Ser Gly
 915 920 925
 Val Thr Val Thr Leu Lys Asp Glu Asn Asp Lys Val Leu Lys Thr Val
 930 935 940
 Thr Thr Asp Glu Asn Gly Lys Tyr Gln Phe Thr Asp Leu Asn Asn Gly
 945 950 955 960
 Thr Tyr Lys Val Glu Phe Glu Thr Pro Ser Gly Tyr Thr Pro Thr Ser
 965 970 975
 Val Thr Ser Gly Asn Asp Thr Glu Lys Asp Ser Asn Gly Leu Thr Thr
 980 985 990

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Thr	Gly	Val	Ile	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asp	Asn	Met	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ser	Gly	Phe
		995					1000					1005			
Tyr	Lys	Thr	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Val	Trp	Tyr	Asp	
	1010					1015					1020				
Ser	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys	Gln	Asp	Ser	Thr	Glu	Lys	Gly	Ile	Lys	
	1025					1030					1035				
Asp	Val	Lys	Val	Ile	Leu	Leu	Asn	Glu	Lys	Gly	Glu	Val	Ile	Gly	
	1040					1045					1050				
Thr	Thr	Lys	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Phe	Asp	Asn	Leu	
	1055					1060					1065				
Asp	Ser	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Val	Ile	Phe	Glu	Lys	Pro	Thr	Gly	Leu	
	1070					1075					1080				
Thr	Gln	Thr	Gly	Thr	Asn	Thr	Thr	Glu	Asp	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ala	Asp	
	1085					1090					1095				
Gly	Gly	Glu	Val	Asp	Val	Thr	Ile	Thr	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Phe	Thr	
	1100					1105					1110				
Leu	Asp	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Glu	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	
	1115					1120					1125				
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	
	1130					1135					1140				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	
	1145					1150					1155				
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	
	1160					1165					1170				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	
	1175					1180					1185				
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	
	1190					1195					1200				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	
	1205					1210					1215				
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	
	1220					1225					1230				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	
	1235					1240					1245				
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	
	1250					1255					1260				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	
	1265					1270					1275				
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	
	1280					1285					1290				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	
	1295					1300					1305				
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	
	1310					1315					1320				
Ser	Asp	Ala	Gly	Lys	His	Thr	Pro	Val	Lys	Pro	Met	Ser	Thr	Thr	
	1325					1330					1335				
Lys	Asp	His	His	Asn	Lys	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro	Glu	Thr	Gly	Asn	
	1340					1345					1350				
Glu	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asn	Asn	Ala	Thr	Leu	Phe	Gly	Gly	Leu	Phe	
	1355					1360					1365				
Ala	Ala	Leu	Gly	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Phe	Gly	Arg	Arg	Lys	Lys	Gln	
	1370					1375					1380				

Asn Lys

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1385

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<210> SEQ ID NO 14
<211> LENGTH: 1141
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

Met Ile Asn Arg Asp Asn Lys Lys Ala Ile Thr Lys Lys Gly Met Ile
 1           5           10          15

Ser Asn Arg Leu Asn Lys Phe Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Thr Val Gly Thr
 20          25          30

Ala Ser Ile Leu Val Gly Thr Thr Leu Ile Phe Gly Leu Gly Asn Gln
 35          40          45

Glu Ala Lys Ala Ala Glu Asn Thr Ser Thr Glu Asn Ala Lys Gln Asp
 50          55          60

Asp Ala Thr Thr Ser Asp Asn Lys Glu Val Val Ser Glu Thr Glu Asn
 65          70          75          80

Asn Ser Thr Thr Glu Asn Asp Ser Thr Asn Pro Ile Lys Lys Glu Thr
 85          90          95

Asn Thr Asp Ser Gln Pro Glu Ala Lys Glu Glu Ser Thr Thr Ser Ser
 100         105         110

Thr Gln Gln Gln Gln Asn Asn Val Thr Ala Thr Thr Glu Thr Lys Pro
 115         120         125

Gln Asn Ile Glu Lys Glu Asn Val Lys Pro Ser Thr Asp Lys Thr Ala
 130         135         140

Thr Glu Asp Thr Ser Val Ile Leu Glu Glu Lys Lys Ala Pro Asn Tyr
 145         150         155         160

Thr Asn Asn Asp Val Thr Thr Lys Pro Ser Thr Ser Glu Ile Gln Thr
 165         170         175

Lys Pro Thr Thr Pro Gln Glu Ser Thr Asn Ile Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro
 180         185         190

Gln Pro Thr Pro Ser Lys Val Asp Asn Gln Val Thr Asp Ala Thr Asn
 195         200         205

Pro Lys Glu Pro Val Asn Val Ser Lys Glu Glu Leu Lys Asn Asn Pro
 210         215         220

Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Leu Val Arg Asn Asp Asn Asn Thr Asp Arg Ser
 225         230         235         240

Thr Lys Pro Val Ala Thr Ala Pro Thr Ser Val Ala Pro Lys Arg Leu
 245         250         255

Asn Ala Lys Met Arg Phe Ala Val Ala Gln Pro Ala Ala Val Ala Ser
 260         265         270

Asn Asn Val Asn Asp Leu Ile Thr Val Thr Lys Gln Thr Ile Lys Val
 275         280         285

Gly Asp Gly Lys Asp Asn Val Ala Ala Ala His Asp Gly Lys Asp Ile
 290         295         300

Glu Tyr Asp Thr Glu Phe Thr Ile Asp Asn Lys Val Lys Lys Gly Asp
 305         310         315         320

Thr Met Thr Ile Asn Tyr Asp Lys Asn Val Ile Pro Ser Asp Leu Thr
 325         330         335

Asp Lys Asn Asp Pro Ile Asp Ile Thr Asp Pro Ser Gly Glu Val Ile
 340         345         350

Ala Lys Gly Thr Phe Asp Lys Ala Thr Lys Gln Ile Thr Tyr Thr Phe
 355         360         365

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Thr Asp Tyr Val Asp Lys Tyr Glu Asp Ile Lys Ala Arg Leu Thr Leu
 370 375 380

Tyr Ser Tyr Ile Asp Lys Gln Ala Val Pro Asn Glu Thr Ser Leu Asn
 385 390 395 400

Leu Thr Phe Ala Thr Ala Gly Lys Glu Thr Ser Gln Asn Val Ser Val
 405 410 415

Asp Tyr Gln Asp Pro Met Val His Gly Asp Ser Asn Ile Gln Ser Ile
 420 425 430

Phe Thr Lys Leu Asp Glu Asn Lys Gln Thr Ile Glu Gln Gln Ile Tyr
 435 440 445

Val Asn Pro Leu Lys Lys Thr Ala Thr Asn Thr Lys Val Asp Ile Ala
 450 455 460

Gly Ser Gln Val Asp Asp Tyr Gly Asn Ile Lys Leu Gly Asn Gly Ser
 465 470 475 480

Thr Ile Ile Asp Gln Asn Thr Glu Ile Lys Val Tyr Lys Val Asn Pro
 485 490 495

Asn Gln Gln Leu Pro Gln Ser Asn Arg Ile Tyr Asp Phe Ser Gln Tyr
 500 505 510

Glu Asp Val Thr Ser Gln Phe Asp Asn Lys Lys Ser Phe Ser Asn Asn
 515 520 525

Val Ala Thr Leu Asp Phe Gly Asp Ile Asn Ser Ala Tyr Ile Ile Lys
 530 535 540

Val Val Ser Lys Tyr Thr Pro Thr Ser Asp Gly Glu Leu Asp Ile Ala
 545 550 555 560

Gln Gly Thr Ser Met Arg Thr Thr Asp Lys Tyr Gly Tyr Tyr Asn Tyr
 565 570 575

Ala Gly Tyr Ser Asn Phe Ile Val Thr Ser Asn Asp Thr Gly Gly Gly
 580 585 590

Asp Gly Thr Val Lys Pro Glu Glu Lys Leu Tyr Lys Ile Gly Asp Tyr
 595 600 605

Val Trp Glu Asp Val Asp Lys Asp Gly Val Gln Gly Thr Asp Ser Lys
 610 615 620

Glu Lys Pro Met Ala Asn Val Leu Val Thr Leu Thr Tyr Pro Asp Gly
 625 630 635 640

Thr Thr Lys Ser Val Arg Thr Asp Ala Asn Gly His Tyr Glu Phe Gly
 645 650 655

Gly Leu Lys Asp Gly Glu Thr Tyr Thr Val Lys Phe Glu Thr Pro Ala
 660 665 670

Gly Tyr Leu Pro Thr Lys Val Asn Gly Thr Thr Asp Gly Glu Lys Asp
 675 680 685

Ser Asn Gly Ser Ser Ile Thr Val Lys Ile Asn Gly Lys Asp Asp Met
 690 695 700

Ser Leu Asp Thr Gly Phe Tyr Lys Glu Pro Lys Tyr Asn Leu Gly Asp
 705 710 715 720

Tyr Val Trp Glu Asp Thr Asn Lys Asp Gly Ile Gln Asp Ala Asn Glu
 725 730 735

Pro Gly Ile Lys Asp Val Lys Val Thr Leu Lys Asp Ser Thr Gly Lys
 740 745 750

Val Ile Gly Thr Thr Thr Thr Asp Ala Ser Gly Lys Tyr Lys Phe Thr
 755 760 765

Asp Leu Asp Asn Gly Asn Tyr Thr Val Glu Phe Glu Thr Pro Ala Gly
 770 775 780

Tyr Thr Pro Thr Val Lys Asn Thr Thr Ala Glu Asp Lys Asp Ser Asn

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785          790          795          800
Gly Leu Thr Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Lys Asp Ala Asp Asn Met Thr Leu
      805          810          815
Asp Ser Gly Phe Tyr Lys Thr Pro Lys Tyr Ser Leu Gly Asp Tyr Val
      820          825          830
Trp Tyr Asp Ser Asn Lys Asp Gly Lys Gln Asp Ser Thr Glu Lys Gly
      835          840          845
Ile Lys Asp Val Lys Val Thr Leu Leu Asn Glu Lys Gly Glu Val Ile
      850          855          860
Gly Thr Thr Lys Thr Asp Glu Asn Gly Lys Tyr Arg Phe Asp Asn Leu
      865          870          875          880
Asp Ser Gly Lys Tyr Lys Val Ile Phe Glu Lys Pro Ala Gly Leu Thr
      885          890          895
Gln Thr Val Thr Asn Thr Thr Glu Asp Asp Lys Asp Ala Asp Gly Gly
      900          905          910
Glu Val Asp Val Thr Ile Thr Asp His Asp Asp Phe Thr Leu Asp Asn
      915          920          925
Gly Tyr Phe Glu Glu Asp Thr Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
      930          935          940
Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
      945          950          955          960
Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
      965          970          975
Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
      980          985          990
Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
      995          1000          1005
Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
      1010          1015          1020
Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
      1025          1030          1035
Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
      1040          1045          1050
Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
      1055          1060          1065
Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ala Gly
      1070          1075          1080
Lys His Thr Pro Val Lys Pro Met Ser Thr Thr Lys Asp His His
      1085          1090          1095
Asn Lys Ala Lys Ala Leu Pro Glu Thr Gly Ser Glu Asn Asn Gly
      1100          1105          1110
Ser Asn Asn Ala Thr Leu Phe Gly Gly Leu Phe Ala Ala Leu Gly
      1115          1120          1125
Ser Leu Leu Leu Phe Gly Arg Arg Lys Lys Gln Asn Lys
      1130          1135          1140

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<210> SEQ ID NO 15

<211> LENGTH: 350

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

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Met Thr Lys His Tyr Leu Asn Ser Lys Tyr Gln Ser Glu Gln Arg Ser
1          5          10          15

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Ser Ala Met Lys Lys Ile Thr Met Gly Thr Ala Ser Ile Ile Leu Gly
 20 25 30
 Ser Leu Val Tyr Ile Gly Ala Asp Ser Gln Gln Val Asn Ala Ala Thr
 35 40 45
 Glu Ala Thr Asn Ala Thr Asn Asn Gln Ser Thr Gln Val Ser Gln Ala
 50 55 60
 Thr Ser Gln Pro Ile Asn Phe Gln Val Gln Lys Asp Gly Ser Ser Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Ser His Met Asp Asp Tyr Met Gln His Pro Gly Lys Val Ile Lys
 85 90 95
 Gln Asn Asn Lys Tyr Tyr Phe Gln Thr Val Leu Asn Asn Ala Ser Phe
 100 105 110
 Trp Lys Glu Tyr Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Asn Asn Gln Glu Leu Ala Thr
 115 120 125
 Thr Val Val Asn Asp Asn Lys Lys Ala Asp Thr Arg Thr Ile Asn Val
 130 135 140
 Ala Val Glu Pro Gly Tyr Lys Ser Leu Thr Thr Lys Val His Ile Val
 145 150 155 160
 Val Pro Gln Ile Asn Tyr Asn His Arg Tyr Thr Thr His Leu Glu Phe
 165 170 175
 Glu Lys Ala Ile Pro Thr Leu Ala Asp Ala Lys Pro Asn Asn Val
 180 185 190
 Lys Pro Val Gln Pro Lys Pro Ala Gln Pro Lys Thr Pro Thr Glu Gln
 195 200 205
 Thr Lys Pro Val Gln Pro Lys Val Glu Lys Val Lys Pro Thr Val Thr
 210 215 220
 Thr Thr Ser Lys Val Glu Asp Asn His Ser Thr Lys Val Val Ser Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Thr Thr Lys Asp Gln Thr Lys Thr Gln Thr Ala His Thr Val Lys
 245 250 255
 Thr Ala Gln Thr Ala Gln Glu Gln Asn Lys Val Gln Thr Pro Val Lys
 260 265 270
 Asp Val Ala Thr Ala Lys Ser Glu Ser Asn Asn Gln Ala Val Ser Asp
 275 280 285
 Asn Lys Ser Gln Gln Thr Asn Lys Val Thr Lys His Asn Glu Thr Pro
 290 295 300
 Lys Gln Ala Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Leu Pro Lys Thr Gly Leu Thr Ser
 305 310 315 320
 Val Asp Asn Phe Ile Ser Thr Val Ala Phe Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu
 325 330 335
 Gly Ser Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Phe Lys Arg Lys Glu Ser Lys
 340 345 350

<210> SEQ ID NO 16

<211> LENGTH: 645

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

Met Asn Lys Gln Gln Lys Glu Phe Lys Ser Phe Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Ser Leu Gly Val Ala Ser Val Ala Ile Ser Thr Leu Leu Leu Leu
 20 25 30
 Met Ser Asn Gly Glu Ala Gln Ala Ala Ala Glu Glu Thr Gly Gly Thr
 35 40 45

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Asn Thr Glu Ala Gln Pro Lys Thr Glu Ala Val Ala Ser Pro Thr Thr
 50 55 60
 Thr Ser Glu Lys Ala Pro Glu Thr Lys Pro Val Ala Asn Ala Val Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Val Ser Asn Lys Glu Val Glu Ala Pro Thr Ser Glu Thr Lys Glu Ala
 85 90 95
 Lys Glu Val Lys Glu Val Lys Ala Pro Lys Glu Thr Lys Ala Val Lys
 100 105 110
 Pro Ala Ala Lys Ala Thr Asn Asn Thr Tyr Pro Ile Leu Asn Gln Glu
 115 120 125
 Leu Arg Glu Ala Ile Lys Asn Pro Ala Ile Lys Asp Lys Asp His Ser
 130 135 140
 Ala Pro Asn Ser Arg Pro Ile Asp Phe Glu Met Lys Lys Glu Asn Gly
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Gln Gln Phe Tyr His Tyr Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Pro Ala Arg Val
 165 170 175
 Ile Phe Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Glu Ile Glu Leu Gly Leu Gln Ser Gly
 180 185 190
 Gln Phe Trp Arg Lys Phe Glu Val Tyr Glu Gly Asp Lys Lys Leu Pro
 195 200 205
 Ile Lys Leu Val Ser Tyr Asp Thr Val Lys Asp Tyr Ala Tyr Ile Arg
 210 215 220
 Phe Ser Val Ser Asn Gly Thr Lys Ala Val Lys Ile Val Ser Ser Thr
 225 230 235 240
 His Phe Asn Asn Lys Glu Glu Lys Tyr Asp Tyr Thr Leu Met Glu Phe
 245 250 255
 Ala Gln Pro Ile Tyr Asn Ser Ala Asp Lys Phe Lys Thr Glu Glu Asp
 260 265 270
 Tyr Lys Ala Glu Lys Leu Leu Ala Pro Tyr Lys Lys Ala Lys Thr Leu
 275 280 285
 Glu Arg Gln Val Tyr Glu Leu Asn Lys Ile Gln Asp Lys Leu Pro Glu
 290 295 300
 Lys Leu Lys Ala Glu Tyr Lys Lys Lys Leu Glu Asp Thr Lys Lys Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Asp Glu Gln Val Lys Ser Ala Ile Thr Glu Phe Gln Asn Val Gln
 325 330 335
 Pro Thr Asn Glu Lys Met Thr Asp Leu Gln Asp Thr Lys Tyr Val Val
 340 345 350
 Tyr Glu Ser Val Glu Asn Asn Glu Ser Met Met Asp Thr Phe Val Lys
 355 360 365
 His Pro Ile Lys Thr Gly Met Leu Asn Gly Lys Lys Tyr Met Val Met
 370 375 380
 Glu Thr Thr Asn Asp Asp Tyr Trp Lys Asp Phe Met Val Glu Gly Gln
 385 390 395 400
 Arg Val Arg Thr Ile Ser Lys Asp Ala Lys Asn Asn Thr Arg Thr Ile
 405 410 415
 Ile Phe Pro Tyr Val Glu Gly Lys Thr Leu Tyr Asp Ala Ile Val Lys
 420 425 430
 Val His Val Lys Thr Ile Asp Tyr Asp Gly Gln Tyr His Val Arg Ile
 435 440 445
 Val Asp Lys Glu Ala Phe Thr Lys Ala Asn Thr Asp Lys Ser Asn Lys
 450 455 460

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Lys Glu Gln Gln Asp Asn Ser Ala Lys Lys Glu Ala Thr Pro Ala Thr
 465 470 475 480
 Pro Ser Lys Pro Thr Pro Ser Pro Val Glu Lys Glu Ser Gln Lys Gln
 485 490 495
 Asp Ser Gln Lys Asp Asp Asn Lys Gln Leu Pro Ser Val Glu Lys Glu
 500 505 510
 Asn Asp Ala Ser Ser Glu Ser Gly Lys Asp Lys Thr Pro Ala Thr Lys
 515 520 525
 Pro Thr Lys Gly Glu Val Glu Ser Ser Ser Thr Thr Pro Thr Lys Val
 530 535 540
 Val Ser Thr Thr Gln Asn Val Ala Lys Pro Thr Thr Ala Ser Ser Lys
 545 550 555 560
 Thr Thr Lys Asp Val Val Gln Thr Ser Ala Gly Ser Ser Glu Ala Lys
 565 570 575
 Asp Ser Ala Pro Leu Gln Lys Ala Asn Ile Lys Asn Thr Asn Asp Gly
 580 585 590
 His Thr Gln Ser Gln Asn Asn Lys Asn Thr Gln Glu Asn Lys Ala Lys
 595 600 605
 Ser Leu Pro Gln Thr Gly Glu Glu Ser Asn Lys Asp Met Thr Leu Pro
 610 615 620
 Leu Met Ala Leu Leu Ala Leu Ser Ser Ile Val Ala Phe Val Leu Pro
 625 630 635 640
 Arg Lys Arg Lys Asn
 645

<210> SEQ ID NO 17
 <211> LENGTH: 80
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

Met Asn Gln His Val Lys Val Thr Phe Asp Phe Thr Asn Tyr Asn Tyr
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Thr Tyr Asp Leu Ala Val Pro Ala Tyr Leu Pro Ile Lys Asn Leu
 20 25 30
 Ile Ala Leu Val Leu Asp Ser Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Phe Asp Val Asn
 35 40 45
 Thr Gln Ile Lys Val Met Thr Lys Gly Gln Leu Leu Val Glu Asn Asp
 50 55 60
 Arg Leu Ile Asp Tyr Gln Ile Ala Asp Gly Asp Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu
 65 70 75 80

<210> SEQ ID NO 18
 <211> LENGTH: 877
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

Met Lys Lys Arg Ile Asp Tyr Leu Ser Asn Lys Gln Asn Lys Tyr Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Arg Arg Phe Thr Val Gly Thr Thr Ser Val Ile Val Gly Ala Thr
 20 25 30
 Ile Leu Phe Gly Ile Gly Asn His Gln Ala Gln Ala Ser Glu Gln Ser
 35 40 45
 Asn Asp Thr Thr Gln Ser Ser Lys Asn Asn Ala Ser Ala Asp Ser Glu
 50 55 60

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Lys Asn Asn Met Ile Glu Thr Pro Gln Leu Asn Thr Thr Ala Asn Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Ser Asp Ile Ser Ala Asn Thr Asn Ser Ala Asn Val Asp Ser Thr
 85 90 95
 Thr Lys Pro Met Ser Thr Gln Thr Ser Asn Thr Thr Thr Thr Glu Pro
 100 105 110
 Ala Ser Thr Asn Glu Thr Pro Gln Pro Thr Ala Ile Lys Asn Gln Ala
 115 120 125
 Thr Ala Ala Lys Met Gln Asp Gln Thr Val Pro Gln Glu Ala Asn Ser
 130 135 140
 Gln Val Asp Asn Lys Thr Thr Asn Asp Ala Asn Ser Ile Ala Thr Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Glu Leu Lys Asn Ser Gln Thr Leu Asp Leu Pro Gln Ser Ser Pro
 165 170 175
 Gln Thr Ile Ser Asn Ala Gln Gly Thr Ser Lys Pro Ser Val Arg Thr
 180 185 190
 Arg Ala Val Arg Ser Leu Ala Val Ala Glu Pro Val Val Asn Ala Ala
 195 200 205
 Asp Ala Lys Gly Thr Asn Val Asn Asp Lys Val Thr Ala Ser Asn Phe
 210 215 220
 Lys Leu Glu Lys Thr Thr Phe Asp Pro Asn Gln Ser Gly Asn Thr Phe
 225 230 235 240
 Met Ala Ala Asn Phe Thr Val Thr Asp Lys Val Lys Ser Gly Asp Tyr
 245 250 255
 Phe Thr Ala Lys Leu Pro Asp Ser Leu Thr Gly Asn Gly Asp Val Asp
 260 265 270
 Tyr Ser Asn Ser Asn Asn Thr Met Pro Ile Ala Asp Ile Lys Ser Thr
 275 280 285
 Asn Gly Asp Val Val Ala Lys Ala Thr Tyr Asp Ile Leu Thr Lys Thr
 290 295 300
 Tyr Thr Phe Val Phe Thr Asp Tyr Val Asn Asn Lys Glu Asn Ile Asn
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Gln Phe Ser Leu Pro Leu Phe Thr Asp Arg Ala Lys Ala Pro Lys
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Thr Tyr Asp Ala Asn Ile Asn Ile Ala Asp Glu Met Phe Asn
 340 345 350
 Asn Lys Ile Thr Tyr Asn Tyr Ser Ser Pro Ile Ala Gly Ile Asp Lys
 355 360 365
 Pro Asn Gly Ala Asn Ile Ser Ser Gln Ile Ile Gly Val Asp Thr Ala
 370 375 380
 Ser Gly Gln Asn Thr Tyr Lys Gln Thr Val Phe Val Asn Pro Lys Gln
 385 390 395 400
 Arg Val Leu Gly Asn Thr Trp Val Tyr Ile Lys Gly Tyr Gln Asp Lys
 405 410 415
 Ile Glu Glu Ser Ser Gly Lys Val Ser Ala Thr Asp Thr Lys Leu Arg
 420 425 430
 Ile Phe Glu Val Asn Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Ser Asp Ser Tyr Tyr Ala
 435 440 445
 Asp Pro Asn Asp Ser Asn Leu Lys Glu Val Thr Asp Gln Phe Lys Asn
 450 455 460
 Arg Ile Tyr Tyr Glu His Pro Asn Val Ala Ser Ile Lys Phe Gly Asp
 465 470 475 480
 Ile Thr Lys Thr Tyr Val Val Leu Val Glu Gly His Tyr Asp Asn Thr

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485					490					495					
Gly	Lys	Asn	Leu	Lys	Thr	Gln	Val	Ile	Gln	Glu	Asn	Val	Asp	Pro	Val
			500					505					510		
Thr	Asn	Arg	Asp	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Phe	Gly	Trp	Asn	Asn	Glu	Asn	Val	Val
		515					520					525			
Arg	Tyr	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Ala	Asp	Gly	Asp	Ser	Ala	Val	Asn	Pro	Lys
		530				535					540				
Asp	Pro	Thr	Pro	Gly	Pro	Pro	Val	Asp	Pro	Glu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Asp	Pro
545					550					555					560
Glu	Pro	Glu	Pro	Thr	Pro	Asp	Pro	Glu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Asp	Pro	Glu	Pro
				565					570					575	
Glu	Pro	Ser	Pro	Asp	Pro	Asp	Pro	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
		580						585					590		
Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser
		595				600						605			
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser
		610				615						620			
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
625					630					635					640
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
				645						650					655
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser
			660					665						670	
Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
		675				680						685			
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
		690				695						700			
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
705					710					715					720
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
				725						730					735
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
			740					745						750	
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
			755					760						765	
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
			770					775						780	
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser
785					790					795					800
Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Arg	Val	Thr	Pro	Pro	Asn	Asn	Glu	Gln	Lys	Ala	Pro
				805						810					815
Ser	Asn	Pro	Lys	Gly	Glu	Val	Asn	His	Ser	Asn	Lys	Val	Ser	Lys	Gln
			820					825						830	
His	Lys	Thr	Asp	Ala	Leu	Pro	Glu	Thr	Gly	Asp	Lys	Ser	Glu	Asn	Thr
			835					840					845		
Asn	Ala	Thr	Leu	Phe	Gly	Ala	Met	Met	Ala	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ser	Leu	Leu
			850				855					860			
Leu	Phe	Arg	Lys	Arg	Lys	Gln	Asp	His	Lys	Glu	Lys	Ala			
865						870					875				

<210> SEQ ID NO 19

<211> LENGTH: 227

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

Met Lys Asn Ile Leu Lys Val Phe Asn Thr Thr Ile Leu Ala Leu Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Ile Ile Ala Thr Phe Ser Asn Ser Ala Asn Ala Ala Asp Ser Gly
 20 25 30
 Thr Leu Asn Tyr Glu Val Tyr Lys Tyr Asn Thr Asn Asp Thr Ser Ile
 35 40 45
 Ala Asn Asp Tyr Phe Asn Lys Pro Ala Lys Tyr Ile Lys Lys Asn Gly
 50 55 60
 Lys Leu Tyr Val Gln Ile Thr Val Asn His Ser His Trp Ile Thr Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Met Ser Ile Glu Gly His Lys Glu Asn Ile Ile Ser Lys Asn Thr Ala
 85 90 95
 Lys Asp Glu Arg Thr Ser Glu Phe Glu Val Ser Lys Leu Asn Gly Lys
 100 105 110
 Ile Asp Gly Lys Ile Asp Val Tyr Ile Asp Glu Lys Val Asn Gly Lys
 115 120 125
 Pro Phe Lys Tyr Asp His His Tyr Asn Ile Thr Tyr Lys Phe Asn Gly
 130 135 140
 Pro Thr Asp Val Ala Gly Ala Asn Ala Pro Gly Lys Asp Asp Lys Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Ala Ser Gly Ser Asp Lys Gly Ser Asp Gly Thr Thr Thr Gly Gln
 165 170 175
 Ser Glu Ser Asn Ser Ser Asn Lys Asp Lys Val Glu Asn Pro Gln Thr
 180 185 190
 Asn Ala Gly Thr Pro Ala Tyr Ile Tyr Ala Ile Pro Val Ala Ser Leu
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Leu Ile Ala Ile Thr Leu Phe Val Arg Lys Lys Ser Lys Gly
 210 215 220
 Asn Val Glu
 225

<210> SEQ ID NO 20

<211> LENGTH: 635

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

Met Ala Lys Tyr Arg Gly Lys Pro Phe Gln Leu Tyr Val Lys Leu Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Cys Ser Thr Met Met Ala Ser Ser Ile Ile Leu Thr Asn Ile Leu Pro
 20 25 30
 Tyr Asp Ala Gln Ala Ala Ser Glu Lys Asp Thr Glu Ile Ser Lys Glu
 35 40 45
 Ile Leu Ser Lys Gln Asp Leu Leu Asp Lys Val Asp Lys Ala Ile Arg
 50 55 60
 Gln Ile Glu Gln Leu Lys Gln Leu Ser Ala Ser Ser Lys Ala His Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Ala Gln Leu Asn Glu Ala Lys Thr Ala Ser Gln Ile Asp Glu Ile
 85 90 95
 Ile Lys Arg Ala Asn Glu Leu Asp Ser Lys Glu Asn Lys Ser Ser His
 100 105 110
 Thr Glu Met Asn Gly Gln Ser Asp Ile Asp Ser Lys Leu Asp Gln Leu
 115 120 125

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Leu Lys Asp Leu Asn Glu Val Ser Ser Asn Val Asp Arg Gly Gln Gln
 130 135 140
 Ser Gly Glu Asp Asp Leu Asn Ala Met Lys Asn Asp Met Ser Gln Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Thr Thr Lys Tyr Gly Glu Lys Asp Asp Lys Asn Asp Glu Ala Met
 165 170 175
 Val Asn Lys Ala Leu Glu Asp Leu Asp His Leu Asn Gln Gln Ile His
 180 185 190
 Lys Ser Lys Asp Ala Leu Lys Asp Ala Ser Lys Asp Pro Ala Val Ser
 195 200 205
 Thr Thr Asp Ser Asn His Glu Val Ala Lys Thr Pro Asn Asn Asp Gly
 210 215 220
 Ser Gly His Val Val Leu Asn Lys Phe Leu Ser Asn Glu Glu Asn Gln
 225 230 235 240
 Ser His Ser Asn Gln Leu Thr Asp Lys Leu Gln Gly Ser Asp Lys Ile
 245 250 255
 Asn His Ala Met Ile Glu Lys Leu Ala Lys Ser Asn Ala Ser Thr Gln
 260 265 270
 His Tyr Thr Tyr His Lys Leu Asn Thr Leu Gln Ser Leu Asp Gln Arg
 275 280 285
 Ile Ala Asn Thr Gln Leu Pro Lys Asn Gln Lys Ser Asp Leu Met Ser
 290 295 300
 Glu Val Asn Lys Thr Lys Glu Arg Ile Lys Ser Gln Arg Asn Ile Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Glu Glu Leu Ala Arg Thr Asp Asp Lys Lys Tyr Ala Thr Gln Ser
 325 330 335
 Ile Leu Glu Ser Ile Phe Asn Lys Asp Glu Ala Asp Lys Ile Leu Lys
 340 345 350
 Asp Ile Arg Val Asp Gly Lys Thr Asp Gln Gln Ile Ala Asp Gln Ile
 355 360 365
 Thr Arg His Ile Asp Gln Leu Ser Leu Thr Thr Ser Asp Asp Leu Leu
 370 375 380
 Thr Ser Leu Ile Asp Gln Ser Gln Asp Lys Ser Leu Leu Ile Ser Gln
 385 390 395 400
 Ile Leu Gln Thr Lys Leu Gly Lys Ala Glu Ala Asp Lys Leu Ala Lys
 405 410 415
 Asp Trp Thr Asn Lys Gly Leu Ser Asn Arg Gln Ile Val Asp Gln Leu
 420 425 430
 Lys Lys His Phe Ala Ser Thr Gly Asp Thr Ser Ser Asp Asp Ile Leu
 435 440 445
 Lys Ala Ile Leu Asn Asn Ala Lys Asp Lys Lys Gln Ala Ile Glu Thr
 450 455 460
 Ile Leu Ala Thr Arg Ile Glu Arg Gln Lys Ala Lys Leu Leu Ala Asp
 465 470 475 480
 Leu Ile Thr Lys Ile Glu Thr Asp Gln Asn Lys Ile Phe Asn Leu Val
 485 490 495
 Lys Ser Ala Leu Asn Gly Lys Ala Asp Asp Leu Leu Asn Leu Gln Lys
 500 505 510
 Arg Leu Asn Gln Thr Lys Lys Asp Ile Asp Tyr Ile Leu Ser Pro Ile
 515 520 525
 Val Asn Arg Pro Ser Leu Leu Asp Arg Leu Asn Lys Asn Gly Lys Thr
 530 535 540

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Thr Asp Leu Asn Lys Leu Ala Asn Leu Met Asn Gln Gly Ser Asn Leu
545 550 555 560

Leu Asp Ser Ile Pro Asp Ile Pro Thr Pro Lys Pro Glu Lys Thr Leu
565 570 575

Thr Leu Gly Lys Gly Asn Gly Leu Leu Ser Gly Leu Leu Asn Ala Asp
580 585 590

Gly Asn Val Ser Leu Pro Lys Ala Gly Glu Thr Ile Lys Glu His Trp
595 600 605

Leu Pro Ile Ser Val Ile Val Gly Ala Met Gly Val Leu Met Ile Trp
610 615 620

Leu Ser Arg Arg Asn Lys Leu Lys Asn Lys Ala
625 630 635

<210> SEQ ID NO 21
 <211> LENGTH: 953
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 21

Met Asn Asn Lys Lys Thr Ala Thr Asn Arg Lys Gly Met Ile Pro Asn
1 5 10 15

Arg Leu Asn Lys Phe Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Ser Val Gly Thr Ala Ser
20 25 30

Ile Leu Val Gly Thr Thr Leu Ile Phe Gly Leu Ser Gly His Glu Ala
35 40 45

Lys Ala Ala Glu His Thr Asn Gly Glu Leu Asn Gln Ser Lys Asn Glu
50 55 60

Thr Thr Ala Pro Ser Glu Asn Lys Thr Thr Glu Lys Val Asp Ser Arg
65 70 75 80

Gln Leu Lys Asp Asn Thr Gln Thr Ala Thr Ala Asp Gln Pro Lys Val
85 90 95

Thr Met Ser Asp Ser Ala Thr Val Lys Glu Thr Ser Ser Asn Met Gln
100 105 110

Ser Pro Gln Asn Ala Thr Ala Ser Gln Ser Thr Thr Gln Thr Ser Asn
115 120 125

Val Thr Thr Asn Asp Lys Ser Ser Thr Thr Tyr Ser Asn Glu Thr Asp
130 135 140

Lys Ser Asn Leu Thr Gln Ala Lys Asn Val Ser Thr Thr Pro Lys Thr
145 150 155 160

Thr Thr Ile Lys Gln Arg Ala Leu Asn Arg Met Ala Val Asn Thr Val
165 170 175

Ala Ala Pro Gln Gln Gly Thr Asn Val Asn Asp Lys Val His Phe Thr
180 185 190

Asn Ile Asp Ile Ala Ile Asp Lys Gly His Val Asn Lys Thr Thr Gly
195 200 205

Asn Thr Glu Phe Trp Ala Thr Ser Ser Asp Val Leu Lys Leu Lys Ala
210 215 220

Asn Tyr Thr Ile Asp Asp Ser Val Lys Glu Gly Asp Thr Phe Thr Phe
225 230 235 240

Lys Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Phe Arg Pro Gly Ser Val Arg Leu Pro Ser Gln
245 250 255

Thr Gln Asn Leu Tyr Asn Ala Gln Gly Asn Ile Ile Ala Lys Gly Ile
260 265 270

Tyr Asp Ser Lys Thr Asn Thr Thr Thr Tyr Thr Phe Thr Asn Tyr Val
275 280 285

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Asp Gln Tyr Thr Asn Val Ser Gly Ser Phe Glu Gln Val Ala Phe Ala
 290 295 300
 Lys Arg Glu Asn Ala Thr Thr Asp Lys Thr Ala Tyr Lys Met Glu Val
 305 310 315 320
 Thr Leu Gly Asn Asp Thr Tyr Ser Lys Asp Val Ile Val Asp Tyr Gly
 325 330 335
 Asn Gln Lys Gly Gln Gln Leu Ile Ser Ser Thr Asn Tyr Ile Asn Asn
 340 345 350
 Glu Asp Leu Ser Arg Asn Met Thr Val Tyr Val Asn Gln Pro Lys Lys
 355 360 365
 Thr Tyr Thr Lys Glu Thr Phe Val Thr Asn Leu Thr Gly Tyr Lys Phe
 370 375 380
 Asn Pro Asp Ala Lys Asn Phe Lys Ile Tyr Glu Val Thr Asp Gln Asn
 385 390 395 400
 Gln Phe Val Asp Ser Phe Thr Pro Asp Thr Ser Lys Leu Lys Asp Val
 405 410 415
 Thr Gly Gln Phe Asp Val Ile Tyr Ser Asn Asp Asn Lys Thr Ala Thr
 420 425 430
 Val Asp Leu Leu Asn Gly Gln Ser Ser Ser Asp Lys Gln Tyr Ile Ile
 435 440 445
 Gln Gln Val Ala Tyr Pro Asp Asn Ser Ser Thr Asp Asn Gly Lys Ile
 450 455 460
 Asp Tyr Thr Leu Glu Thr Gln Asn Gly Lys Ser Ser Trp Ser Asn Ser
 465 470 475 480
 Tyr Ser Asn Val Asn Gly Ser Ser Thr Ala Asn Gly Asp Gln Lys Lys
 485 490 495
 Tyr Asn Leu Gly Asp Tyr Val Trp Glu Asp Thr Asn Lys Asp Gly Lys
 500 505 510
 Gln Asp Ala Asn Glu Lys Gly Ile Lys Gly Val Tyr Val Ile Leu Lys
 515 520 525
 Asp Ser Asn Gly Lys Glu Leu Asp Arg Thr Thr Thr Asp Glu Asn Gly
 530 535 540
 Lys Tyr Gln Phe Thr Gly Leu Ser Asn Gly Thr Tyr Ser Val Glu Phe
 545 550 555 560
 Ser Thr Pro Ala Gly Tyr Thr Pro Thr Thr Ala Asn Ala Gly Thr Asp
 565 570 575
 Asp Ala Val Asp Ser Asp Gly Leu Thr Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Lys Asp
 580 585 590
 Ala Asp Asn Met Thr Leu Asp Ser Gly Phe Tyr Lys Thr Pro Lys Tyr
 595 600 605
 Ser Leu Gly Asp Tyr Val Trp Tyr Asp Ser Asn Lys Asp Gly Lys Gln
 610 615 620
 Asp Ser Thr Glu Lys Gly Ile Lys Gly Val Lys Val Thr Leu Gln Asn
 625 630 635 640
 Glu Lys Gly Glu Val Ile Gly Thr Thr Glu Thr Asp Glu Asn Gly Lys
 645 650 655
 Tyr Arg Phe Asp Asn Leu Asp Ser Gly Lys Tyr Lys Val Ile Phe Glu
 660 665 670
 Lys Pro Ala Gly Leu Thr Gln Thr Gly Thr Asn Thr Thr Glu Asp Asp
 675 680 685
 Lys Asp Ala Asp Gly Gly Glu Val Asp Val Thr Ile Thr Asp His Asp
 690 695 700

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Asp Phe Thr Leu Asp Asn Gly Tyr Tyr Glu Glu Glu Thr Ser Asp Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 725 730 735
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 740 745 750
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 755 760 765
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Glu Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 770 775 780
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 785 790 795 800
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 805 810 815
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Asn Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 820 825 830
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 835 840 845
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 850 855 860
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser
 865 870 875 880
 Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ser Asp Ala Gly Lys
 885 890 895
 His Thr Pro Thr Lys Pro Met Ser Thr Val Lys Asp Gln His Lys Thr
 900 905 910
 Ala Lys Ala Leu Pro Glu Thr Gly Ser Glu Asn Asn Asn Ser Asn Asn
 915 920 925
 Gly Thr Leu Phe Gly Gly Leu Phe Ala Ala Leu Gly Ser Leu Leu Leu
 930 935 940
 Phe Gly Arg Arg Lys Lys Gln Asn Lys
 945 950

<210> SEQ ID NO 22

<211> LENGTH: 989

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 22

Met Asn Met Lys Lys Lys Glu Lys His Ala Ile Arg Lys Lys Ser Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Val Ala Ser Val Leu Val Gly Thr Leu Ile Gly Phe Gly Leu Leu
 20 25 30
 Ser Ser Lys Glu Ala Asp Ala Ser Glu Asn Ser Val Thr Gln Ser Asp
 35 40 45
 Ser Ala Ser Asn Glu Ser Lys Ser Asn Asp Ser Ser Ser Val Ser Ala
 50 55 60
 Ala Pro Lys Thr Asp Asp Thr Asn Val Ser Asp Thr Lys Thr Ser Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Thr Asn Asn Gly Glu Thr Ser Val Ala Gln Asn Pro Ala Gln Gln
 85 90 95
 Glu Thr Thr Gln Ser Ser Ser Thr Asn Ala Thr Thr Glu Glu Thr Pro
 100 105 110
 Val Thr Gly Glu Ala Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr Asn Gln Ala Asn Thr Pro
 115 120 125

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Ala Thr Thr Gln Ser Ser Asn Thr Asn Ala Glu Glu Leu Val Asn Gln
 130 135 140

Thr Ser Asn Glu Thr Thr Ser Asn Asp Thr Asn Thr Val Ser Ser Val
 145 150 155 160

Asn Ser Pro Gln Asn Ser Thr Asn Ala Glu Asn Val Ser Thr Thr Gln
 165 170 175

Asp Thr Ser Thr Glu Ala Thr Pro Ser Asn Asn Glu Ser Ala Pro Gln
 180 185 190

Asn Thr Asp Ala Ser Asn Lys Asp Val Val Ser Gln Ala Val Asn Pro
 195 200 205

Ser Thr Pro Arg Met Arg Ala Phe Ser Leu Ala Ala Val Ala Ala Asp
 210 215 220

Ala Pro Ala Ala Gly Thr Asp Ile Thr Asn Gln Leu Thr Asp Val Lys
 225 230 235 240

Val Thr Ile Asp Ser Gly Thr Thr Val Tyr Pro His Gln Ala Gly Tyr
 245 250 255

Val Lys Leu Asn Tyr Gly Phe Ser Val Pro Asn Ser Ala Val Lys Gly
 260 265 270

Asp Thr Phe Lys Ile Thr Val Pro Lys Glu Leu Asn Leu Asn Gly Val
 275 280 285

Thr Ser Thr Ala Lys Val Pro Pro Ile Met Ala Gly Asp Gln Val Leu
 290 295 300

Ala Asn Gly Val Ile Asp Ser Asp Gly Asn Val Ile Tyr Thr Phe Thr
 305 310 315 320

Asp Tyr Val Asp Asn Lys Glu Asn Val Thr Ala Asn Ile Thr Met Pro
 325 330 335

Ala Tyr Ile Asp Pro Glu Asn Val Thr Lys Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu
 340 345 350

Thr Thr Gly Ile Gly Thr Asn Thr Ala Ser Lys Thr Val Leu Ile Asp
 355 360 365

Tyr Glu Lys Tyr Gly Gln Phe His Asn Leu Ser Ile Lys Gly Thr Ile
 370 375 380

Asp Gln Ile Asp Lys Thr Asn Asn Thr Tyr Arg Gln Thr Ile Tyr Val
 385 390 395 400

Asn Pro Ser Gly Asp Asn Val Val Leu Pro Ala Leu Thr Gly Asn Leu
 405 410 415

Ile Pro Asn Thr Lys Ser Asn Ala Leu Ile Asp Ala Lys Asn Thr Asp
 420 425 430

Ile Lys Val Tyr Arg Val Asp Asn Ala Asn Asp Leu Ser Glu Ser Tyr
 435 440 445

Tyr Val Asn Pro Ser Asp Phe Glu Asp Val Thr Asn Gln Val Arg Ile
 450 455 460

Ser Phe Pro Asn Ala Asn Gln Tyr Lys Val Glu Phe Pro Thr Asp Asp
 465 470 475 480

Asp Gln Ile Thr Thr Pro Tyr Ile Val Val Val Asn Gly His Ile Asp
 485 490 495

Pro Ala Ser Thr Gly Asp Leu Ala Leu Arg Ser Thr Phe Tyr Gly Tyr
 500 505 510

Asp Ser Asn Phe Ile Trp Arg Ser Met Ser Trp Asp Asn Glu Val Ala
 515 520 525

Phe Asn Asn Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Asp Gly Ile Asp Lys Pro Val Val
 530 535 540

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Pro	Glu	Gln	Pro	Asp	Glu	Pro	Gly	Glu	Ile	Glu	Pro	Ile	Pro	Glu	Asp
545					550					555					560
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Pro	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asn	Ser	Asp
				565					570					575	
Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Thr	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp
			580					585					590		
Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp
	595						600						605		
Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala
	610						615				620				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
	625				630					635					640
Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp
				645					650						655
Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
			660						665					670	
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
	675						680						685		
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
	690						695				700				
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
	705				710					715					720
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
				725					730						735
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
			740						745					750	
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
			755				760						765		
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
	770						775					780			
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
	785				790					795					800
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
				805					810						815
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu
				820					825					830	
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
			835				840						845		
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
	850						855						860		
Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp
	865				870					875					880
Ser	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ser	Asp
				885					890						895
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Thr	Ser	Asp	Thr	Gly	Ser	Asp	Asn	Asp	Ser	Asp
			900					905						910	
Ser	Asp	Ser	Asn	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asn	Asn	Asn	Val	Val
			915				920							925	
Pro	Pro	Asn	Ser	Pro	Lys	Asn	Gly	Thr	Asn	Ala	Ser	Asn	Lys	Asn	Glu
	930						935					940			
Ala	Lys	Asp	Ser	Lys	Glu	Pro	Leu	Pro	Asp	Thr	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asp	Glu
	945				950					955					960
Ala	Asn	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ile	Trp	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ser	Leu

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His Ala Lys Asp Val Lys Arg Ile Glu Ile Thr Val Lys Thr Gly Thr
 355 360 365
 Lys Ala Lys Ala Asp Arg Tyr Val Pro Tyr Thr Ile Ala Val Asn Gly
 370 375 380
 Thr Ser Thr Pro Ile Leu Ser Asp Leu Lys Phe Thr Gly Asp Pro Arg
 385 390 395 400
 Val Gly Tyr Lys Asp Ile Ser Lys Lys Val Lys Ser Val Leu Lys His
 405 410 415
 Asp Arg Gly Ile Gly Glu Arg Glu Leu Lys Tyr Ala Lys Lys Ala Thr
 420 425 430
 Tyr Thr Val His Phe Lys Asn Gly Thr Lys Lys Val Ile Asn Ile Asn
 435 440 445
 Ser Asn Ile Ser Gln Leu Asn Leu Leu Tyr Val Gln Asp Ile Lys Lys
 450 455 460
 Ile Asp Ile Asp Val Lys Thr Gly Thr Lys Ala Lys Ala Asp Ser Tyr
 465 470 475 480
 Val Pro Tyr Thr Ile Ala Val Asn Gly Thr Ser Thr Pro Ile Leu Ser
 485 490 495
 Lys Leu Lys Ile Ser Asn Lys Gln Leu Ile Ser Tyr Lys Tyr Leu Asn
 500 505 510
 Asp Lys Val Lys Ser Val Leu Lys Ser Glu Arg Gly Ile Ser Asp Leu
 515 520 525
 Asp Leu Lys Phe Ala Lys Gln Ala Lys Tyr Thr Val Tyr Phe Lys Asn
 530 535 540
 Gly Lys Lys Gln Val Val Asn Leu Lys Ser Asp Ile Phe Thr Pro Asn
 545 550 555 560
 Leu Phe Ser Ala Lys Asp Ile Lys Lys Ile Asp Ile Asp Val Lys Gln
 565 570 575
 Tyr Thr Lys Ser Lys Lys Asn Lys
 580

<210> SEQ ID NO 24

<211> LENGTH: 10419

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 24

Met Asn Tyr Arg Asp Lys Ile Gln Lys Phe Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Val Gly Thr Phe Ser Thr Val Ile Ala Thr Leu Val Phe Leu Gly Phe
 20 25 30
 Asn Thr Ser Gln Ala His Ala Ala Glu Thr Asn Gln Pro Ala Ser Val
 35 40 45
 Val Lys Gln Lys Gln Gln Ser Asn Asn Glu Gln Thr Glu Asn Arg Glu
 50 55 60
 Ser Gln Val Gln Asn Ser Gln Asn Ser Gln Asn Gly Gln Ser Leu Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Thr His Glu Asn Glu Gln Pro Asn Ile Ser Gln Ala Asn Leu Val
 85 90 95
 Asp Gln Lys Val Ala Gln Ser Ser Thr Thr Asn Asp Glu Gln Pro Ala
 100 105 110
 Ser Gln Asn Val Asn Thr Lys Lys Asp Ser Ala Thr Ala Ala Thr Thr
 115 120 125
 Gln Pro Asp Lys Glu Gln Ser Lys His Lys Gln Asn Glu Ser Gln Ser
 130 135 140

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Ala Asn Lys Asn Gly Asn Asp Asn Arg Ala Ala His Val Glu Asn His
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Ala Asn Val Val Thr Ala Ser Asp Ser Ser Asp Asn Gly Asn Val
 165 170 175
 Gln His Asp Arg Asn Glu Leu Gln Ala Phe Phe Asp Ala Asn Tyr His
 180 185 190
 Asp Tyr Arg Phe Ile Asp Arg Glu Asn Ala Asp Ser Gly Thr Phe Asn
 195 200 205
 Tyr Val Lys Gly Ile Phe Asp Lys Ile Asn Thr Leu Leu Gly Ser Asn
 210 215 220
 Asp Pro Ile Asn Asn Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu Ala Tyr Lys Glu Leu Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Gln Ala Val Ala Leu Ile Arg Thr Met Pro Gln Arg Gln Gln Thr Ser
 245 250 255
 Arg Arg Ser Asn Arg Ile Gln Thr Arg Ser Val Glu Ser Arg Ala Ala
 260 265 270
 Glu Pro Arg Ser Val Ser Asp Tyr Gln Asn Ala Asn Ser Ser Tyr Tyr
 275 280 285
 Val Glu Asn Ala Asn Asp Gly Ser Gly Tyr Pro Val Gly Thr Tyr Ile
 290 295 300
 Asn Ala Ser Ser Lys Gly Ala Pro Tyr Asn Leu Pro Thr Thr Pro Trp
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Thr Leu Lys Ala Ser Asp Ser Lys Glu Ile Ala Leu Met Thr Ala
 325 330 335
 Lys Gln Thr Gly Asp Gly Tyr Gln Trp Val Ile Lys Phe Asn Lys Gly
 340 345 350
 His Ala Pro His Gln Asn Met Ile Phe Trp Phe Ala Leu Pro Ala Asp
 355 360 365
 Gln Val Pro Val Gly Arg Thr Asp Phe Val Thr Val Asn Ser Asp Gly
 370 375 380
 Thr Asn Val Gln Trp Ser His Gly Ala Gly Ala Gly Ala Asn Lys Pro
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Gln Gln Met Trp Glu Tyr Gly Val Asn Asp Pro His Arg Ser His
 405 410 415
 Asp Phe Lys Ile Arg Asn Arg Ser Gly Gln Val Ile Tyr Asp Trp Pro
 420 425 430
 Thr Val His Ile Tyr Ser Leu Glu Asp Leu Ser Arg Ala Ser Asp Tyr
 435 440 445
 Phe Ser Glu Ala Gly Ala Thr Pro Ala Thr Lys Ala Phe Gly Arg Gln
 450 455 460
 Asn Phe Glu Tyr Ile Asn Gly Gln Lys Pro Ala Glu Ser Pro Gly Val
 465 470 475 480
 Pro Lys Val Tyr Thr Phe Ile Gly Gln Gly Asp Ala Ser Tyr Thr Ile
 485 490 495
 Ser Phe Lys Thr Gln Gly Pro Thr Val Asn Lys Leu Tyr Tyr Ala Ala
 500 505 510
 Gly Gly Arg Ala Leu Glu Tyr Asn Gln Leu Phe Met Tyr Ser Gln Leu
 515 520 525
 Tyr Val Glu Ser Thr Gln Asp His Gln Gln Arg Leu Asn Gly Leu Arg
 530 535 540
 Gln Val Val Asn Arg Thr Tyr Arg Ile Gly Thr Thr Lys Arg Val Glu
 545 550 555 560

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Val Ser Gln Gly Asn Val Gln Thr Lys Lys Val Leu Glu Ser Thr Asn
 565 570 575
 Leu Asn Ile Asp Asp Phe Val Asp Asp Pro Leu Ser Tyr Val Lys Thr
 580 585 590
 Pro Ser Asn Lys Val Leu Gly Phe Tyr Ser Asn Asn Ala Asn Thr Asn
 595 600 605
 Ala Phe Arg Pro Gly Gly Ala Gln Gln Leu Asn Glu Tyr Gln Leu Ser
 610 615 620
 Gln Leu Phe Thr Asp Gln Lys Leu Gln Glu Ala Ala Arg Thr Arg Asn
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Ile Arg Leu Met Ile Gly Phe Asp Tyr Pro Asp Ala Tyr Gly Asn
 645 650 655
 Ser Glu Thr Leu Val Pro Val Asn Leu Thr Val Leu Pro Glu Ile Gln
 660 665 670
 His Asn Ile Lys Phe Phe Lys Asn Asp Asp Thr Gln Asn Ile Ala Glu
 675 680 685
 Lys Pro Phe Ser Lys Gln Ala Gly His Pro Val Phe Tyr Val Tyr Ala
 690 695 700
 Gly Asn Gln Gly Asn Ala Ser Val Asn Leu Gly Gly Ser Val Thr Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Ile Gln Pro Leu Arg Ile Asn Leu Thr Ser Asn Glu Asn Phe Thr Asp
 725 730 735
 Lys Asp Trp Gln Ile Thr Gly Ile Pro Arg Thr Leu His Ile Glu Asn
 740 745 750
 Ser Thr Asn Arg Pro Asn Asn Ala Arg Glu Arg Asn Ile Glu Leu Val
 755 760 765
 Gly Asn Leu Leu Pro Gly Asp Tyr Phe Gly Thr Ile Arg Phe Gly Arg
 770 775 780
 Lys Glu Gln Leu Phe Glu Ile Arg Val Lys Pro His Thr Pro Thr Ile
 785 790 795 800
 Thr Thr Thr Ala Glu Gln Leu Arg Gly Thr Ala Leu Gln Lys Val Pro
 805 810 815
 Val Asn Ile Ser Gly Ile Pro Leu Asp Pro Ser Ala Leu Val Tyr Leu
 820 825 830
 Val Ala Pro Thr Asn Gln Thr Thr Asn Gly Gly Ser Glu Ala Asp Gln
 835 840 845
 Ile Pro Ser Gly Tyr Thr Ile Leu Ala Thr Gly Thr Pro Asp Gly Val
 850 855 860
 His Asn Thr Ile Thr Ile Arg Pro Gln Asp Tyr Val Val Phe Ile Pro
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Val Gly Lys Gln Ile Arg Ala Val Val Tyr Tyr Asn Lys Val Val
 885 890 895
 Ala Ser Asn Met Ser Asn Ala Val Thr Ile Leu Pro Asp Asp Ile Pro
 900 905 910
 Pro Thr Ile Asn Asn Pro Val Gly Ile Asn Ala Lys Tyr Tyr Arg Gly
 915 920 925
 Asp Glu Val Asn Phe Thr Met Gly Val Ser Asp Arg His Ser Gly Ile
 930 935 940
 Lys Asn Thr Thr Ile Thr Thr Leu Pro Asn Gly Trp Thr Ser Asn Leu
 945 950 955 960
 Thr Lys Ala Asp Lys Asn Asn Gly Ser Leu Ser Ile Thr Gly Arg Val
 965 970 975
 Ser Met Asn Gln Ala Phe Asn Ser Asp Ile Thr Phe Lys Val Ser Ala

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980				985				990							
Thr	Asp	Asn	Val	Asn	Asn	Thr	Thr	Asn	Asp	Ser	Gln	Ser	Lys	His	Val
		995					1000							1005	
Ser	Ile	His	Val	Gly	Lys	Ile	Ser	Glu	Asp	Ala	His	Pro	Ile	Val	
	1010					1015					1020				
Leu	Gly	Asn	Thr	Glu	Lys	Val	Val	Val	Val	Asn	Pro	Thr	Ala	Val	
	1025					1030					1035				
Ser	Asn	Asp	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ile	Thr	Ala	Phe	Met	Asn	Lys	
	1040					1045					1050				
Asn	Gln	Asn	Ile	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Ser	Thr	Asp	Pro	Val	Thr	
	1055					1060					1065				
Val	Asp	Asn	Asn	Gly	Asn	Val	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Gly	Ser	
	1070					1075					1080				
Ser	Thr	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ala	Thr	Asn	Val	Met	Thr	Tyr	Glu	Pro	Val	
	1085					1090					1095				
Val	Lys	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Thr	Val	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ala	Thr	
	1100					1105					1110				
Val	Thr	Ile	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Ser	Phe	Ser	Ile	Gly	Asp	Ile	Lys	
	1115					1120					1125				
Gln	Tyr	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Ile	Pro	Ser	Gly	Thr	
	1130					1135					1140				
Phe	Thr	Asn	Ile	Thr	Ser	Asp	Arg	Thr	Ile	Pro	Thr	Ala	Gln	Glu	
	1145					1150					1155				
Val	Ser	Gln	Met	Asn	Ala	Gly	Thr	Gln	Leu	Tyr	His	Ile	Thr	Ala	
	1160					1165					1170				
Thr	Asn	Ala	Tyr	His	Lys	Asp	Ser	Glu	Asp	Phe	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Leu	
	1175					1180					1185				
Lys	Ile	Ile	Asp	Val	Lys	Gln	Pro	Glu	Gly	Asp	Gln	Arg	Val	Tyr	
	1190					1195					1200				
Arg	Thr	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Thr	Thr	Asp	Glu	Ile	Ser	Lys	Val	
	1205					1210					1215				
Lys	Gln	Ala	Phe	Ile	Asn	Ala	Asn	Arg	Asp	Val	Ile	Thr	Leu	Ala	
	1220					1225					1230				
Glu	Gly	Asp	Ile	Ser	Val	Thr	Asn	Thr	Pro	Asn	Gly	Ala	Asn	Val	
	1235					1240					1245				
Ser	Thr	Ile	Thr	Val	Asn	Ile	Asn	Lys	Gly	Arg	Leu	Thr	Lys	Ser	
	1250					1255					1260				
Phe	Ala	Ser	Asn	Leu	Ala	Asn	Met	Asn	Phe	Leu	Arg	Trp	Val	Asn	
	1265					1270					1275				
Phe	Pro	Gln	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Val	Thr	Trp	Thr	Asn	Ala	Lys	Ile	Ala	
	1280					1285					1290				
Asn	Arg	Pro	Thr	Asp	Gly	Gly	Leu	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asp	Asp	His	Lys	
	1295					1300					1305				
Ser	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Arg	Tyr	Asp	Ala	Thr	Leu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Ile	Thr	
	1310					1315					1320				
Thr	Asn	Asp	Ile	Leu	Thr	Met	Leu	Lys	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Val	Pro	
	1325					1330					1335				
Gly	Leu	Arg	Asn	Asn	Ile	Thr	Gly	Asn	Glu	Lys	Ser	Gln	Ala	Glu	
	1340					1345					1350				
Ala	Gly	Gly	Arg	Pro	Asn	Phe	Arg	Thr	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Ser	
	1355					1360					1365				
Asn	Ala	Thr	Thr	Asp	Gly	Gln	Arg	Gln	Phe	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gly	Gln	
	1370					1375					1380				

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Val Ile Gln Val Leu Asp Ile Ile Asn Pro Ser Asn Gly Tyr Gly 1385 1390 1395
Gly Gln Pro Val Thr Asn Ser Asn Thr Arg Ala Asn His Ser Asn 1400 1405 1410
Ser Thr Val Val Asn Val Asn Glu Pro Ala Ala Asn Gly Ala Gly 1415 1420 1425
Ala Phe Thr Ile Asp His Val Val Lys Ser Asn Ser Thr His Asn 1430 1435 1440
Ala Ser Asp Ala Val Tyr Lys Ala Gln Leu Tyr Leu Thr Pro Tyr 1445 1450 1455
Gly Pro Lys Gln Tyr Val Glu His Leu Asn Gln Asn Thr Gly Asn 1460 1465 1470
Thr Thr Asp Ala Ile Asn Ile Tyr Phe Val Pro Ser Asp Leu Val 1475 1480 1485
Asn Pro Thr Ile Ser Val Gly Asn Tyr Thr Asn His Gln Val Phe 1490 1495 1500
Ser Gly Glu Thr Phe Thr Asn Thr Ile Thr Ala Asn Asp Asn Phe 1505 1510 1515
Gly Val Gln Ser Val Thr Val Pro Asn Thr Ser Gln Ile Thr Gly 1520 1525 1530
Thr Val Asp Asn Asn His Gln His Val Ser Ala Thr Ala Pro Asn 1535 1540 1545
Val Thr Ser Ala Thr Asn Lys Thr Ile Asn Leu Leu Ala Thr Asp 1550 1555 1560
Thr Ser Gly Asn Thr Ala Thr Thr Ser Phe Asn Val Thr Val Lys 1565 1570 1575
Pro Leu Arg Asp Lys Tyr Arg Val Gly Thr Ser Ser Thr Ala Ala 1580 1585 1590
Asn Pro Val Arg Ile Ala Asn Ile Ser Asn Asn Ala Thr Val Ser 1595 1600 1605
Gln Ala Asp Gln Thr Thr Ile Ile Asn Ser Leu Thr Phe Thr Glu 1610 1615 1620
Thr Val Pro Asn Arg Ser Tyr Ala Arg Ala Ser Ala Asn Glu Ile 1625 1630 1635
Thr Ser Lys Thr Val Ser Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Gly Asn Asn Ala 1640 1645 1650
Asn Val Thr Val Thr Val Thr Tyr Gln Asp Gly Thr Thr Ser Thr 1655 1660 1665
Val Thr Val Pro Val Lys His Val Ile Pro Glu Ile Val Ala His 1670 1675 1680
Ser His Tyr Thr Val Gln Gly Gln Asp Phe Pro Ala Gly Asn Gly 1685 1690 1695
Ser Ser Ala Ser Asp Tyr Phe Lys Leu Ser Asn Gly Ser Asp Ile 1700 1705 1710
Ala Asp Ala Thr Ile Thr Trp Val Ser Gly Gln Ala Pro Asn Lys 1715 1720 1725
Asp Asn Thr Arg Ile Gly Glu Asp Ile Thr Val Thr Ala His Ile 1730 1735 1740
Leu Ile Asp Gly Glu Thr Thr Pro Ile Thr Lys Thr Ala Thr Tyr 1745 1750 1755
Lys Val Val Arg Thr Val Pro Lys His Val Phe Glu Thr Ala Arg 1760 1765 1770

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Gly Val 1775	Leu Tyr Pro Gly Val 1780	Ser Asp Met Tyr Asp 1785	Ala Lys Gln
Tyr Val 1790	Lys Pro Val Asn Asn 1795	Ser Trp Ser Thr Asn 1800	Ala Gln His
Met Asn 1805	Phe Gln Phe Val Gly 1810	Thr Tyr Gly Pro Asn 1815	Lys Asp Val
Val Gly 1820	Ile Ser Thr Arg Leu 1825	Ile Arg Val Thr Tyr 1830	Asp Asn Arg
Gln Thr 1835	Glu Asp Leu Thr Ile 1840	Leu Ser Lys Val Lys 1845	Pro Asp Pro
Pro Arg 1850	Ile Asp Ala Asn Ser 1855	Val Thr Tyr Lys Ala 1860	Gly Leu Thr
Asn Gln 1865	Glu Ile Lys Val Asn 1870	Asn Val Leu Asn Asn 1875	Ser Ser Val
Lys Leu 1880	Phe Lys Ala Asp Asn 1885	Thr Pro Leu Asn Val 1890	Thr Asn Ile
Thr His 1895	Gly Ser Gly Phe Ser 1900	Ser Val Val Thr Val 1905	Ser Asp Ala
Leu Pro 1910	Asn Gly Gly Ile Lys 1915	Ala Lys Ser Ser Ile 1920	Ser Met Asn
Asn Val 1925	Thr Tyr Thr Thr Gln 1930	Asp Glu His Gly Gln 1935	Val Val Thr
Val Thr 1940	Arg Asn Glu Ser Val 1945	Asp Ser Asn Asp Ser 1950	Ala Thr Val
Thr Val 1955	Thr Pro Gln Leu Gln 1960	Ala Thr Thr Glu Gly 1965	Ala Val Phe
Ile Lys 1970	Gly Gly Asp Gly Phe 1975	Asp Phe Gly His Val 1980	Glu Arg Phe
Ile Gln 1985	Asn Pro Pro His Gly 1990	Ala Thr Val Ala Trp 1995	His Asp Ser
Pro Asp 2000	Thr Trp Lys Asn Thr 2005	Val Gly Asn Thr His 2010	Lys Thr Ala
Val Val 2015	Thr Leu Pro Asn Gly 2020	Gln Gly Thr Arg Asn 2025	Val Glu Val
Pro Val 2030	Lys Val Tyr Pro Val 2035	Ala Asn Ala Lys Ala 2040	Pro Ser Arg
Asp Val 2045	Lys Gly Gln Asn Leu 2050	Thr Asn Gly Thr Asp 2055	Ala Met Asn
Tyr Ile 2060	Thr Phe Asp Pro Asn 2065	Thr Asn Thr Asn Gly 2070	Ile Thr Ala
Ala Trp 2075	Ala Asn Arg Gln Gln 2080	Pro Asn Asn Gln Gln 2085	Ala Gly Val
Gln His 2090	Leu Asn Val Asp Val 2095	Thr Tyr Pro Gly Ile 2100	Ser Ala Ala
Lys Arg 2105	Val Pro Val Thr Val 2110	Asn Val Tyr Gln Phe 2115	Glu Phe Pro
Gln Thr 2120	Thr Tyr Thr Thr Thr 2125	Val Gly Gly Thr Leu 2130	Ala Ser Gly
Thr Gln 2135	Ala Ser Gly Tyr Ala 2140	His Met Gln Asn Ala 2145	Thr Gly Leu
Pro Thr 2150	Asp Gly Phe Thr Tyr 2155	Lys Trp Asn Arg Asp 2160	Thr Thr Gly
Thr Asn	Asp Ala Asn Trp Ser	Ala Met Asn Lys Pro	Asn Val Ala

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2165	2170	2175
Lys Val Val Asn Ala Lys Tyr Asp Val Ile Tyr Asn Gly His Thr 2180 2185 2190		
Phe Ala Thr Ser Leu Pro Ala Lys Phe Val Val Lys Asp Val Gln 2195 2200 2205		
Pro Ala Lys Pro Thr Val Thr Glu Thr Ala Ala Gly Ala Ile Thr 2210 2215 2220		
Ile Ala Pro Gly Ala Asn Gln Thr Val Asn Thr His Ala Gly Asn 2225 2230 2235		
Val Thr Thr Tyr Ala Asp Lys Leu Val Ile Lys Arg Asn Gly Asn 2240 2245 2250		
Val Val Thr Thr Phe Thr Arg Arg Asn Asn Thr Ser Pro Trp Val 2255 2260 2265		
Lys Glu Ala Ser Ala Ala Thr Val Ala Gly Ile Ala Gly Thr Asn 2270 2275 2280		
Asn Gly Ile Thr Val Ala Ala Gly Thr Phe Asn Pro Ala Asp Thr 2285 2290 2295		
Ile Gln Val Val Ala Thr Gln Gly Ser Gly Glu Thr Val Ser Asp 2300 2305 2310		
Glu Gln Arg Ser Asp Asp Phe Thr Val Val Ala Pro Gln Pro Asn 2315 2320 2325		
Gln Ala Thr Thr Lys Ile Trp Gln Asn Gly His Ile Asp Ile Thr 2330 2335 2340		
Pro Asn Asn Pro Ser Gly His Leu Ile Asn Pro Thr Gln Ala Met 2345 2350 2355		
Asp Ile Ala Tyr Thr Glu Lys Val Gly Asn Gly Ala Glu His Ser 2360 2365 2370		
Lys Thr Ile Asn Val Val Arg Gly Gln Asn Asn Gln Trp Thr Ile 2375 2380 2385		
Ala Asn Lys Pro Asp Tyr Val Thr Leu Asp Ala Gln Thr Gly Lys 2390 2395 2400		
Val Thr Phe Asn Ala Asn Thr Ile Lys Pro Asn Ser Ser Ile Thr 2405 2410 2415		
Ile Thr Pro Lys Ala Gly Thr Gly His Ser Val Ser Ser Asn Pro 2420 2425 2430		
Ser Thr Leu Thr Ala Pro Ala Ala His Thr Val Asn Thr Thr Glu 2435 2440 2445		
Ile Val Lys Asp Tyr Gly Ser Asn Val Thr Ala Ala Glu Ile Asn 2450 2455 2460		
Asn Ala Val Gln Val Ala Asn Lys Arg Thr Ala Thr Ile Lys Asn 2465 2470 2475		
Gly Thr Ala Met Pro Thr Asn Leu Ala Gly Gly Ser Thr Thr Thr 2480 2485 2490		
Ile Pro Val Thr Val Thr Tyr Asn Asp Gly Ser Thr Glu Glu Val 2495 2500 2505		
Gln Glu Ser Ile Phe Thr Lys Ala Asp Lys Arg Glu Leu Ile Thr 2510 2515 2520		
Ala Lys Asn His Leu Asp Asp Pro Val Ser Thr Glu Gly Lys Lys 2525 2530 2535		
Pro Gly Thr Ile Thr Gln Tyr Asn Asn Ala Met His Asn Ala Gln 2540 2545 2550		
Gln Gln Ile Asn Thr Ala Lys Thr Glu Ala Gln Gln Val Ile Asn 2555 2560 2565		

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Asn	Glu	Arg	Ala	Thr	Pro	Gln	Gln	Val	Ser	Asp	Ala	Leu	Thr	Lys
2570						2575					2580			
Val	Arg	Ala	Ala	Gln	Thr	Lys	Ile	Asp	Gln	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Leu
2585						2590					2595			
Gln	Asn	Lys	Glu	Asp	Asn	Ser	Gln	Leu	Val	Thr	Ser	Lys	Asn	Asn
2600						2605					2610			
Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Val	Asn	Gln	Val	Pro	Ser	Thr	Ala	Gly	Met	Thr
2615						2620					2625			
Gln	Gln	Ser	Ile	Asp	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Ala	Lys	Lys	Arg	Glu	Ala	Glu
2630						2635					2640			
Thr	Glu	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ala	Gln	Arg	Val	Ile	Asp	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ala
2645						2650					2655			
Thr	Ala	Gln	Gln	Ile	Ser	Asp	Glu	Lys	His	Arg	Val	Asp	Asn	Ala
2660						2665					2670			
Leu	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gln	Ala	Lys	His	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ala	Asp	Thr
2675						2680					2685			
His	Ala	Leu	Glu	Gln	Ala	Val	Gln	Gln	Leu	Asn	Arg	Thr	Gly	Thr
2690						2695					2700			
Thr	Thr	Gly	Lys	Lys	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ile	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Asn	Ser
2705						2710					2715			
Ile	Arg	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ser	Asp	Leu	Thr	Ser	Ala	Lys	Asn	Ser	Ala
2720						2725					2730			
Asn	Ala	Ile	Ile	Gln	Lys	Pro	Ile	Arg	Thr	Val	Gln	Glu	Val	Gln
2735						2740					2745			
Ser	Ala	Leu	Thr	Asn	Val	Asn	Arg	Val	Asn	Glu	Arg	Leu	Thr	Gln
2750						2755					2760			
Ala	Ile	Asn	Gln	Leu	Val	Pro	Leu	Ala	Asp	Asn	Ser	Ala	Leu	Lys
2765						2770					2775			
Thr	Ala	Lys	Thr	Lys	Leu	Asp	Glu	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Ser	Val	Thr
2780						2785					2790			
Thr	Asp	Gly	Met	Thr	Gln	Ser	Ser	Ile	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Asn	Ala
2795						2800					2805			
Lys	Arg	Ala	Gly	Gln	Thr	Glu	Ser	Thr	Asn	Ala	Gln	Asn	Val	Ile
2810						2815					2820			
Asn	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ala	Thr	Asp	Gln	Gln	Ile	Ala	Ala	Glu	Lys	Thr
2825						2830					2835			
Lys	Val	Glu	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Leu	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ala	Gly
2840						2845					2850			
Leu	Thr	Pro	Asp	Leu	Ala	Pro	Leu	Gln	Thr	Ala	Lys	Thr	Gln	Leu
2855						2860					2865			
Gln	Asn	Asp	Ile	Asp	Gln	Pro	Thr	Ser	Thr	Thr	Gly	Met	Thr	Ser
2870						2875					2880			
Ala	Ser	Ile	Ala	Ala	Phe	Asn	Glu	Lys	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	Arg	Thr
2885						2890					2895			
Lys	Ile	Gln	Glu	Ile	Asp	Arg	Val	Leu	Ala	Ser	His	Pro	Asp	Val
2900						2905					2910			
Ala	Thr	Ile	Arg	Gln	Asn	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ser
2915						2920					2925			
Ala	Leu	Asp	Gln	Ala	Arg	Asn	Gly	Leu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ala	Pro
2930						2935					2940			
Leu	Glu	Asn	Ala	Lys	Asn	Gln	Leu	Gln	His	Ser	Ile	Asp	Thr	Gln
2945						2950					2955			

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Thr Ser	Thr Thr Gly Met	Thr	Gln Asp Ser Ile	Asn	Ala Tyr Asn
2960		2965		2970	
Ala Lys	Leu Thr Ala Ala	Arg	Asn Lys Ile Gln	Gln	Ile Asn Gln
2975		2980		2985	
Val Leu	Ala Gly Ser Pro	Thr	Val Glu Gln Ile	Asn	Thr Asn Thr
2990		2995		3000	
Ser Thr	Ala Asn Gln Ala	Lys	Ser Asp Leu Asp	His	Ala Arg Gln
3005		3010		3015	
Ala Leu	Thr Pro Asp Lys	Ala	Pro Leu Gln Thr	Ala	Lys Thr Gln
3020		3025		3030	
Leu Glu	Gln Ser Ile Asn	Gln	Pro Thr Asp Thr	Thr	Gly Met Thr
3035		3040		3045	
Thr Ala	Ser Leu Asn Ala	Tyr	Asn Gln Lys Leu	Gln	Ala Ala Arg
3050		3055		3060	
Gln Lys	Leu Thr Glu Ile	Asn	Gln Val Leu Asn	Gly	Asn Pro Thr
3065		3070		3075	
Val Gln	Asn Ile Asn Asp	Lys	Val Thr Glu Ala	Asn	Gln Ala Lys
3080		3085		3090	
Asp Gln	Leu Asn Thr Ala	Arg	Gln Gly Leu Thr	Leu	Asp Arg Gln
3095		3100		3105	
Pro Ala	Leu Thr Thr Leu	His	Gly Ala Ser Asn	Leu	Asn Gln Ala
3110		3115		3120	
Gln Gln	Asn Asn Phe Thr	Gln	Gln Ile Asn Ala	Ala	Gln Asn His
3125		3130		3135	
Ala Ala	Leu Glu Thr Ile	Lys	Ser Asn Ile Thr	Ala	Leu Asn Thr
3140		3145		3150	
Ala Met	Thr Lys Leu Lys	Asp	Ser Val Ala Asp	Asn	Asn Thr Ile
3155		3160		3165	
Lys Ser	Asp Gln Asn Tyr	Thr	Asp Ala Thr Pro	Ala	Asn Lys Gln
3170		3175		3180	
Ala Tyr	Asp Asn Ala Val	Asn	Ala Ala Lys Gly	Val	Ile Gly Glu
3185		3190		3195	
Thr Thr	Asn Pro Thr Met	Asp	Val Asn Thr Val	Asn	Gln Lys Ala
3200		3205		3210	
Ala Ser	Val Lys Ser Thr	Lys	Asp Ala Leu Asp	Gly	Gln Gln Asn
3215		3220		3225	
Leu Gln	Arg Ala Lys Thr	Glu	Ala Thr Asn Ala	Ile	Thr His Ala
3230		3235		3240	
Ser Asp	Leu Asn Gln Ala	Gln	Lys Asn Ala Leu	Thr	Gln Gln Val
3245		3250		3255	
Asn Ser	Ala Gln Asn Val	Gln	Ala Val Asn Asp	Ile	Lys Gln Thr
3260		3265		3270	
Thr Gln	Ser Leu Asn Thr	Ala	Met Thr Gly Leu	Lys	Arg Gly Val
3275		3280		3285	
Ala Asn	His Asn Gln Val	Val	Gln Ser Asp Asn	Tyr	Val Asn Ala
3290		3295		3300	
Asp Thr	Asn Lys Lys Asn	Asp	Tyr Asn Asn Ala	Tyr	Asn His Ala
3305		3310		3315	
Asn Asp	Ile Ile Asn Gly	Asn	Ala Gln His Pro	Val	Ile Thr Pro
3320		3325		3330	
Ser Asp	Val Asn Asn Ala	Leu	Ser Asn Val Thr	Ser	Lys Glu His
3335		3340		3345	
Ala Leu	Asn Gly Glu Ala	Lys	Leu Asn Ala Ala	Lys	Gln Glu Ala

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3350		3355		3360
Asn Thr	Ala Leu Gly His	Leu	Asn Asn Leu Asn	Asn Ala Gln Arg
3365		3370		3375
Gln Asn	Leu Gln Ser Gln	Ile	Asn Gly Ala His	Gln Ile Asp Ala
3380		3385		3390
Val Asn	Thr Ile Lys Gln	Asn	Ala Thr Asn Leu	Asn Ser Ala Met
3395		3400		3405
Gly Asn	Leu Arg Gln Ala	Val	Ala Asp Lys Asp	Gln Val Lys Arg
3410		3415		3420
Thr Glu	Asp Tyr Ala Asp	Ala	Asp Thr Ala Lys	Gln Asn Ala Tyr
3425		3430		3435
Asn Ser	Ala Val Ser Ser	Ala	Glu Thr Ile Ile	Asn Gln Thr Thr
3440		3445		3450
Asn Pro	Thr Met Ser Val	Asp	Asp Val Asn Arg	Ala Thr Ser Ala
3455		3460		3465
Val Thr	Ser Asn Lys Asn	Ala	Leu Asn Gly Tyr	Glu Lys Leu Ala
3470		3475		3480
Gln Ser	Lys Thr Asp Ala	Ala	Arg Ala Ile Asp	Ala Leu Pro His
3485		3490		3495
Leu Asn	Asn Ala Gln Lys	Ala	Asp Val Lys Ser	Lys Ile Asn Ala
3500		3505		3510
Ala Ser	Asn Ile Ala Gly	Val	Asn Thr Val Lys	Gln Gln Gly Thr
3515		3520		3525
Asp Leu	Asn Thr Ala Met	Gly	Asn Leu Gln Gly	Ala Ile Asn Asp
3530		3535		3540
Glu Gln	Thr Thr Leu Asn	Ser	Gln Asn Tyr Gln	Asp Ala Thr Pro
3545		3550		3555
Ser Lys	Lys Thr Ala Tyr	Thr	Asn Ala Val Gln	Ala Ala Lys Asp
3560		3565		3570
Ile Leu	Asn Lys Ser Asn	Gly	Gln Asn Lys Thr	Lys Asp Gln Val
3575		3580		3585
Thr Glu	Ala Met Asn Gln	Val	Asn Ser Ala Lys	Asn Asn Leu Asp
3590		3595		3600
Gly Thr	Arg Leu Leu Asp	Gln	Ala Lys Gln Thr	Ala Lys Gln Gln
3605		3610		3615
Leu Asn	Asn Met Thr His	Leu	Thr Thr Ala Gln	Lys Thr Asn Leu
3620		3625		3630
Thr Asn	Gln Ile Asn Ser	Gly	Thr Thr Val Ala	Gly Val Gln Thr
3635		3640		3645
Val Gln	Ser Asn Ala Asn	Thr	Leu Asp Gln Ala	Met Asn Thr Leu
3650		3655		3660
Arg Gln	Ser Ile Ala Asn	Lys	Asp Ala Thr Lys	Ala Ser Glu Asp
3665		3670		3675
Tyr Val	Asp Ala Asn Asn	Asp	Lys Gln Thr Ala	Tyr Asn Asn Ala
3680		3685		3690
Val Ala	Ala Ala Glu Thr	Ile	Ile Asn Ala Asn	Ser Asn Pro Glu
3695		3700		3705
Met Asn	Pro Ser Thr Ile	Thr	Gln Lys Ala Glu	Gln Val Asn Ser
3710		3715		3720
Ser Lys	Thr Ala Leu Asn	Gly	Asp Glu Asn Leu	Ala Ala Lys
3725		3730		3735
Gln Asn	Ala Lys Thr Tyr	Leu	Asn Thr Leu Thr	Ser Ile Thr Asp
3740		3745		3750

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Ala	Gln	Lys	Asn	Asn	Leu	Ile	Ser	Gln	Ile	Thr	Ser	Ala	Thr	Arg
3755						3760					3765			
Val	Ser	Gly	Val	Asp	Thr	Val	Lys	Gln	Asn	Ala	Gln	His	Leu	Asp
3770						3775					3780			
Gln	Ala	Met	Ala	Ser	Leu	Gln	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asn	Glu	Ser	Gln
3785						3790					3795			
Val	Lys	Ser	Ser	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Ala	Asp	Thr	Asn	Lys	Gln
3800						3805					3810			
Gln	Glu	Tyr	Asp	Asn	Ala	Ile	Thr	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Leu	Asn
3815						3820					3825			
Lys	Ser	Thr	Gly	Pro	Asn	Thr	Ala	Gln	Asn	Ala	Val	Glu	Ala	Ala
3830						3835					3840			
Leu	Gln	Arg	Val	Asn	Asn	Ala	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ala
3845						3850					3855			
Lys	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ala	Gln	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Gln	His	Leu	Gly	Thr
3860						3865					3870			
Leu	Thr	His	Ile	Thr	Thr	Ala	Gln	Arg	Asn	Asp	Leu	Thr	Asn	Gln
3875						3880					3885			
Ile	Ser	Gln	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Glu	Ser	Val	Lys	Gln
3890						3895					3900			
Asn	Ala	Asn	Ser	Leu	Asp	Gly	Ala	Met	Gly	Asn	Leu	Gln	Thr	Ala
3905						3910					3915			
Ile	Asn	Asp	Lys	Ser	Gly	Thr	Leu	Ala	Ser	Gln	Asn	Phe	Leu	Asp
3920						3925					3930			
Ala	Asp	Glu	Gln	Lys	Arg	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Gln	Ala	Val	Ser	Ala
3935						3940					3945			
Ala	Glu	Thr	Ile	Leu	Asn	Lys	Gln	Thr	Gly	Pro	Asn	Thr	Ala	Lys
3950						3955					3960			
Thr	Ala	Val	Glu	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Val	Asn	Asn	Ala	Lys	His
3965						3970					3975			
Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Thr	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ala
3980						3985					3990			
Ile	Thr	Ala	Ile	Asn	Gly	Ala	Ser	Asp	Leu	Asn	Gln	Lys	Gln	Lys
3995						4000					4005			
Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gln	Ala	Asn	Gly	Ala	Gln	Arg	Val	Ser	Asn
4010						4015					4020			
Ala	Gln	Asp	Val	Gln	His	Asn	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met
4025						4030					4035			
Gly	Thr	Leu	Lys	His	Ala	Ile	Ala	Asp	Lys	Thr	Asn	Thr	Leu	Ala
4040						4045					4050			
Ser	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Val	Asn	Ala	Asp	Ser	Thr	Lys	Gln	Asn	Ala	Tyr
4055						4060					4065			
Thr	Thr	Lys	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Glu	His	Ile	Ile	Ser	Gly	Thr	Pro
4070						4075					4080			
Thr	Val	Val	Thr	Thr	Pro	Ser	Glu	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Ala	Asn	Gln
4085						4090					4095			
Val	Asn	Ser	Ala	Lys	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Glu	Arg	Leu	Arg
4100						4105					4110			
Glu	Ala	Lys	Gln	Asn	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala	Ile	Asp	Ala	Leu	Thr	Gln
4115						4120					4125			
Leu	Asn	Thr	Pro	Gln	Lys	Ala	Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Gln	Val	Gly	Gln
4130						4135					4140			

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Ala Asn 4145	Arg Leu Glu Asp 4150	Val Gln Thr Val Gln Thr 4155	Asn Gly Gln
Ala Leu 4160	Asn Asn Ala Met Lys 4165	Gly Leu Arg Asp Ser 4170	Ile Ala Asn
Glu Thr 4175	Thr Val Lys Thr Ser 4180	Gln Asn Tyr Thr Asp 4185	Ala Ser Pro
Asn Asn 4190	Gln Ser Thr Tyr Asn 4195	Ser Ala Val Ser Asn 4200	Ala Lys Gly
Ile Ile 4205	Asn Gln Thr Asn Asn 4210	Pro Thr Met Asp Thr 4215	Ser Ala Ile
Thr Gln 4220	Ala Thr Thr Gln Val 4225	Asn Asn Ala Lys Asn 4230	Gly Leu Asn
Gly Ala 4235	Glu Asn Leu Arg Asn 4240	Ala Gln Asn Thr Ala 4245	Lys Gln Asn
Leu Asn 4250	Thr Leu Ser His Leu 4255	Thr Asn Asn Gln Lys 4260	Ser Ala Ile
Ser Ser 4265	Gln Ile Asp Arg Ala 4270	Gly His Val Ser Glu 4275	Val Thr Ala
Thr Lys 4280	Asn Ala Ala Thr Glu 4285	Leu Asn Thr Gln Met 4290	Gly Asn Leu
Glu Gln 4295	Ala Ile His Asp Gln 4300	Asn Thr Val Lys Gln 4305	Ser Val Lys
Phe Thr 4310	Asp Ala Asp Lys Ala 4315	Lys Arg Asp Ala Tyr 4320	Thr Asn Ala
Val Ser 4325	Arg Ala Glu Ala Ile 4330	Leu Asn Lys Thr Gln 4335	Gly Ala Asn
Thr Ser 4340	Lys Gln Asp Val Glu 4345	Ala Ala Ile Gln Asn 4350	Val Ser Ser
Ala Lys 4355	Asn Ala Leu Asn Gly 4360	Asp Gln Asn Val Thr 4365	Asn Ala Lys
Asn Ala 4370	Ala Lys Asn Ala Leu 4375	Asn Asn Leu Thr Ser 4380	Ile Asn Asn
Ala Gln 4385	Lys Arg Asp Leu Thr 4390	Thr Lys Ile Asp Gln 4395	Ala Thr Thr
Val Ala 4400	Gly Val Glu Ala Val 4405	Ser Asn Thr Ser Thr 4410	Gln Leu Asn
Thr Ala 4415	Met Ala Asn Leu Gln 4420	Asn Gly Ile Asn Asp 4425	Lys Thr Asn
Thr Leu 4430	Ala Ser Glu Asn Tyr 4435	His Asp Ala Asp Ser 4440	Asp Lys Lys
Thr Ala 4445	Tyr Thr Gln Ala Val 4450	Thr Asn Ala Glu Asn 4455	Ile Leu Asn
Lys Asn 4460	Ser Gly Ser Asn Leu 4465	Asp Lys Thr Ala Val 4470	Glu Asn Ala
Leu Ser 4475	Gln Val Ala Asn Ala 4480	Lys Gly Ala Leu Asn 4485	Gly Asn His
Asn Leu 4490	Glu Gln Ala Lys Ser 4495	Asn Ala Asn Thr Thr 4500	Ile Asn Gly
Leu Gln 4505	His Leu Thr Thr Ala 4510	Gln Lys Asp Lys Leu 4515	Lys Gln Gln
Val Gln 4520	Gln Ala Gln Asn Val 4525	Ala Gly Val Asp Thr 4530	Val Lys Ser
Ser Ala	Asn Thr Leu Asn Gly	Ala Met Gly Thr Leu	Arg Asn Ser

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4535	4540	4545
Ile Gln Asp Asn Thr Ala Thr Lys Asn Gly Gln Asn Tyr Leu Asp 4550 4555 4560		
Ala Thr Glu Arg Asn Lys Thr Asn Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Asp Ser 4565 4570 4575		
Ala Asn Gly Val Ile Asn Ala Thr Ser Asn Pro Asn Met Asp Ala 4580 4585 4590		
Asn Ala Ile Asn Gln Ile Ala Thr Gln Val Thr Ser Thr Lys Asn 4595 4600 4605		
Ala Leu Asp Gly Thr His Asn Leu Thr Gln Ala Lys Gln Thr Ala 4610 4615 4620		
Thr Asn Ala Ile Asp Gly Ala Thr Asn Leu Asn Lys Ala Gln Lys 4625 4630 4635		
Asp Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Val Thr Ser Ala Gln Arg Val Ala Asn 4640 4645 4650		
Val Thr Ser Ile Gln Gln Thr Ala Asn Glu Leu Asn Thr Ala Met 4655 4660 4665		
Gly Gln Leu Gln His Gly Ile Asp Asp Glu Asn Ala Thr Lys Gln 4670 4675 4680		
Thr Gln Lys Tyr Arg Asp Ala Glu Gln Ser Lys Lys Thr Ala Tyr 4685 4690 4695		
Asp Gln Ala Val Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Ile Leu Asn Lys Gln Thr 4700 4705 4710		
Gly Ser Asn Ser Asp Lys Ala Ala Val Asp Arg Ala Leu Gln Gln 4715 4720 4725		
Val Thr Ser Thr Lys Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly Asp Ala Lys Leu Ala 4730 4735 4740		
Glu Ala Lys Ala Ala Ala Lys Gln Asn Leu Gly Thr Leu Asn His 4745 4750 4755		
Ile Thr Asn Ala Gln Arg Thr Asp Leu Glu Gly Gln Ile Asn Gln 4760 4765 4770		
Ala Thr Thr Val Asp Gly Val Asn Thr Val Lys Thr Asn Ala Asn 4775 4780 4785		
Thr Leu Asp Gly Ala Met Asn Ser Leu Gln Gly Ser Ile Asn Asp 4790 4795 4800		
Lys Asp Ala Thr Leu Arg Asn Gln Asn Tyr Leu Asp Ala Asp Glu 4805 4810 4815		
Ser Lys Arg Asn Ala Tyr Thr Gln Ala Val Thr Ala Ala Glu Gly 4820 4825 4830		
Ile Leu Asn Lys Gln Thr Gly Gly Asn Thr Ser Lys Ala Asp Val 4835 4840 4845		
Asp Asn Ala Leu Asn Ala Val Thr Arg Ala Lys Ala Ala Leu Asn 4850 4855 4860		
Gly Ala Asp Asn Leu Arg Asn Ala Lys Thr Ser Ala Thr Asn Thr 4865 4870 4875		
Ile Asp Gly Leu Pro Asn Leu Thr Gln Leu Gln Lys Asp Asn Leu 4880 4885 4890		
Lys His Gln Val Glu Gln Ala Gln Asn Val Ala Gly Val Asn Gly 4895 4900 4905		
Val Lys Asp Lys Gly Asn Thr Leu Asn Thr Ala Met Gly Ala Leu 4910 4915 4920		
Arg Thr Ser Ile Gln Asn Asp Asn Thr Thr Lys Thr Ser Gln Asn 4925 4930 4935		

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Tyr	Leu	Asp	Ala	Ser	Asp	Ser	Asn	Lys	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Asn	Thr	Ala
4940						4945					4950			
Val	Asn	Asn	Ala	Asn	Gly	Val	Ile	Asn	Ala	Thr	Asn	Asn	Pro	Asn
4955						4960					4965			
Met	Asp	Ala	Asn	Ala	Ile	Asn	Gly	Met	Ala	Asn	Gln	Val	Asn	Thr
4970						4975					4980			
Thr	Lys	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ala	Gln	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ala	Lys
4985						4990					4995			
Thr	Asn	Ala	Thr	Asn	Thr	Ile	Asn	Asn	Ala	His	Asp	Leu	Asn	Gln
5000						5005					5010			
Lys	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	Thr	Gln	Val	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Arg
5015						5020					5025			
Val	Ser	Asp	Ala	Asn	Asn	Val	Gln	His	Thr	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Asn
5030						5035					5040			
Ser	Ala	Met	Thr	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ala	Ile	Ala	Asp	Lys	Glu	Arg
5045						5050					5055			
Thr	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Val	Asn	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Lys	Arg
5060						5065					5070			
Gln	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Lys	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ile	Ile	Ser
5075						5080					5085			
Gly	Thr	Pro	Asn	Ala	Thr	Leu	Thr	Val	Asn	Asp	Val	Asn	Ser	Ala
5090						5095					5100			
Ala	Ser	Gln	Val	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asn
5105						5110					5115			
Asn	Leu	Arg	Val	Ala	Lys	Glu	His	Ala	Asn	Asn	Thr	Ile	Asp	Gly
5120						5125					5130			
Leu	Ala	Gln	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Lys	Ala	Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Gln
5135						5140					5145			
Val	Gln	Ser	Ala	Thr	Thr	Leu	Asp	Gly	Val	Gln	Thr	Val	Lys	Asn
5150						5155					5160			
Ser	Ser	Gln	Thr	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met	Lys	Gly	Leu	Arg	Asp	Ser
5165						5170					5175			
Ile	Ala	Asn	Glu	Ala	Thr	Ile	Lys	Ala	Gly	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Asp
5180						5185					5190			
Ala	Ser	Pro	Asn	Asn	Arg	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Ala	Val	Thr	Ala
5195						5200					5205			
Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Ile	Asn	Gln	Thr	Ser	Asn	Pro	Thr	Met	Glu	Pro
5210						5215					5220			
Asn	Thr	Ile	Thr	Gln	Val	Thr	Ser	Gln	Val	Thr	Thr	Lys	Glu	Gln
5225						5230					5235			
Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Ala	Arg	Asn	Leu	Ala	Gln	Ala	Lys	Thr	Thr	Ala
5240						5245					5250			
Lys	Asn	Asn	Leu	Asn	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ser	Ile	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Lys
5255						5260					5265			
Asp	Ala	Leu	Thr	Arg	Ser	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ala	Thr	Thr	Val	Ala	Gly
5270						5275					5280			
Val	Asn	Gln	Glu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Met
5285						5290					5295			
His	Ser	Leu	Gln	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asn	Asp	Glu	Thr	Gln	Thr	Lys	Gln
5300						5305					5310			
Thr	Gln	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Asp	Ala	Glu	Pro	Ser	Lys	Lys	Ser	Ala	Tyr
5315						5320					5325			

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Asp	Gln	Ala	Val	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Leu	Thr	Lys	Ala	Ser
5330						5335					5340			
Gly	Gln	Asn	Val	Asp	Lys	Ala	Ala	Val	Glu	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Asn
5345						5350					5355			
Val	Asn	Ser	Thr	Lys	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ala	Lys	Leu	Asn
5360						5365					5370			
Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ala	Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Leu	Gly	Thr	Leu	Thr	His
5375						5380					5385			
Ile	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asp	Asn	Glu	Ile	Thr	Gln
5390						5395					5400			
Ala	Thr	Asn	Val	Glu	Gly	Val	Asn	Thr	Val	Lys	Ala	Lys	Ala	Gln
5405						5410					5415			
Gln	Leu	Asp	Gly	Ala	Met	Gly	Gln	Leu	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ile	Arg	Asp
5420						5425					5430			
Lys	Asp	Thr	Thr	Leu	Gln	Ser	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Ala	Asp	Asp
5435						5440					5445			
Ala	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Ala	Val	Asn	Ala	Ala	Ala	Thr
5450						5455					5460			
Ile	Leu	Asn	Lys	Thr	Ala	Gly	Gly	Asn	Thr	Pro	Lys	Ala	Asp	Val
5465						5470					5475			
Glu	Arg	Ala	Met	Gln	Ala	Val	Thr	Gln	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asn
5480						5485					5490			
Gly	Ile	Gln	Asn	Leu	Asp	Arg	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala
5495						5500					5505			
Ile	Thr	Asn	Ala	Ser	Asp	Leu	Asn	Thr	Lys	Gln	Lys	Glu	Ala	Leu
5510						5515					5520			
Lys	Ala	Gln	Val	Thr	Ser	Ala	Gly	Arg	Val	Ser	Ala	Ala	Asn	Gly
5525						5530					5535			
Val	Glu	His	Thr	Ala	Thr	Glu	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ala	Met	Thr	Ala	Leu
5540						5545					5550			
Lys	Arg	Ala	Ile	Ala	Asp	Lys	Ala	Glu	Thr	Lys	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asn
5555						5560					5565			
Tyr	Val	Asn	Ala	Asp	Ala	Asn	Lys	Arg	Gln	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Lys
5570						5575					5580			
Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Glu	Asn	Ile	Val	Ser	Gly	Thr	Pro	Thr	Pro	Thr
5585						5590					5595			
Leu	Thr	Pro	Ala	Asp	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Ala	Thr	Gln	Val	Thr	Asn
5600						5605					5610			
Ala	Lys	Thr	Gln	Leu	Asn	Gly	Asn	His	Asn	Leu	Glu	Val	Ala	Lys
5615						5620					5625			
Gln	Asn	Ala	Asn	Thr	Ala	Ile	Asp	Gly	Leu	Thr	Ser	Leu	Asn	Gly
5630						5635					5640			
Pro	Gln	Lys	Ala	Lys	Leu	Lys	Glu	Gln	Val	Gly	Gln	Ala	Thr	Thr
5645						5650					5655			
Leu	Pro	Asn	Val	Gln	Thr	Val	Arg	Asp	Asn	Ala	Gln	Thr	Leu	Asn
5660						5665					5670			
Thr	Ala	Met	Lys	Gly	Leu	Arg	Asp	Ser	Ile	Ala	Asn	Glu	Ala	Thr
5675						5680					5685			
Ile	Lys	Ala	Gly	Gln	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ser	Gln	Asn	Lys	Gln
5690						5695					5700			
Thr	Asp	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Ala	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	Lys	Ala	Ile	Ile	Gly
5705						5710					5715			
Gln	Thr	Thr	Ser	Pro	Ser	Met	Asn	Ala	Gln	Glu	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ala

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5720	5725	5730
Lys Asp Gln Val Thr Ala	Lys Gln Gln Ala Leu	Asn Gly Gln Glu
5735	5740	5745
Asn Leu Arg Thr Ala Gln	Thr Asn Ala Lys Gln	His Leu Asn Gly
5750	5755	5760
Leu Ser Asp Leu Thr Asp	Ala Gln Lys Asp Ala	Val Lys Arg Gln
5765	5770	5775
Ile Glu Gly Ala Thr His	Val Asn Glu Val Thr	Gln Ala Gln Asn
5780	5785	5790
Asn Ala Asp Ala Leu Asn	Thr Ala Met Thr Asn	Leu Lys Asn Gly
5795	5800	5805
Ile Gln Asp Gln Asn Thr	Ile Lys Gln Gly Val	Asn Phe Thr Asp
5810	5815	5820
Ala Asp Glu Ala Lys Arg	Asn Ala Tyr Thr Asn	Ala Val Thr Gln
5825	5830	5835
Ala Glu Gln Ile Leu Asn	Lys Ala Gln Gly Pro	Asn Thr Ser Lys
5840	5845	5850
Asp Gly Val Glu Thr Ala	Leu Glu Asn Val Gln	Arg Ala Lys Asn
5855	5860	5865
Glu Leu Asn Gly Asn Gln	Asn Val Ala Asn Ala	Lys Thr Thr Ala
5870	5875	5880
Lys Asn Ala Leu Asn Asn	Leu Thr Ser Ile Asn	Asn Ala Gln Lys
5885	5890	5895
Glu Ala Leu Lys Ser Gln	Ile Glu Gly Ala Thr	Thr Val Ala Gly
5900	5905	5910
Val Asn Gln Val Ser Thr	Thr Ala Ser Glu Leu	Asn Thr Ala Met
5915	5920	5925
Ser Asn Leu Gln Asn Gly	Ile Asn Asp Glu Ala	Ala Thr Lys Ala
5930	5935	5940
Ala Gln Lys Tyr Thr Asp	Ala Asp Arg Glu Lys	Gln Thr Ala Tyr
5945	5950	5955
Asn Asp Ala Val Thr Ala	Ala Lys Thr Leu Leu	Asp Lys Thr Ala
5960	5965	5970
Gly Ser Asn Asp Asn Lys	Ala Ala Val Glu Gln	Ala Leu Gln Arg
5975	5980	5985
Val Asn Thr Ala Lys Thr	Ala Leu Asn Gly Asp	Glu Arg Leu Asn
5990	5995	6000
Glu Ala Lys Asn Thr Ala	Lys Gln Gln Val Ala	Thr Met Ser His
6005	6010	6015
Leu Thr Asp Ala Gln Lys	Ala Asn Leu Thr Ser	Gln Ile Glu Ser
6020	6025	6030
Gly Thr Thr Val Ala Gly	Val Gln Gly Ile Gln	Ala Asn Ala Gly
6035	6040	6045
Thr Leu Asp Gln Ala Met	Asn Gln Leu Arg Gln	Ser Ile Ala Ser
6050	6055	6060
Lys Asp Ala Thr Lys Ser	Ser Glu Asp Tyr Gln	Asp Ala Asn Ala
6065	6070	6075
Asp Leu Gln Asn Ala Tyr	Asn Asp Ala Val Thr	Asn Ala Glu Gly
6080	6085	6090
Ile Ile Ser Ala Thr Asn	Asn Pro Glu Met Asn	Pro Asp Thr Ile
6095	6100	6105
Asn Gln Lys Ala Ser Gln	Val Asn Ser Ala Lys	Ser Ala Leu Asn
6110	6115	6120

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Gly Asp 6125	Glu Lys Leu Ala 6130	Ala Lys Gln Thr 6135	Ala Lys Ser Asp 6135
Ile Gly 6140	Arg Leu Thr Asp 6145	Leu Asn Asn Ala Gln 6150	Arg Thr Ala Ala 6150
Asn Ala 6155	Glu Val Asp Gln 6160	Ala Pro Asn Leu Ala 6165	Ala Val Thr Ala 6165
Ala Lys 6170	Asn Lys Ala Thr 6175	Ser Leu Asn Thr Ala 6180	Met Gly Asn Leu 6180
Lys His 6185	Ala Leu Ala Glu 6190	Lys Asp Asn Thr Lys 6195	Arg Ser Val Asn 6195
Tyr Thr 6200	Asp Ala Asp Gln 6205	Pro Lys Gln Gln Ala 6210	Tyr Asp Thr Ala 6210
Val Thr 6215	Gln Ala Glu Ala 6220	Ile Thr Asn Ala Asn 6225	Gly Ser Asn Ala 6225
Asn Glu 6230	Thr Gln Val Gln 6235	Ala Ala Leu Asn Gln 6240	Leu Asn Gln Ala 6240
Lys Asn 6245	Asp Leu Asn Gly 6250	Asp Asn Lys Val Ala 6255	Gln Ala Lys Glu 6255
Ser Ala 6260	Lys Arg Ala Leu 6265	Ala Ser Tyr Ser Asn 6270	Leu Asn Asn Ala 6270
Gln Ser 6275	Thr Ala Ala Ile 6280	Ser Gln Ile Asp Asn 6285	Ala Thr Thr Val 6285
Ala Gly 6290	Val Thr Ala Ala 6295	Gln Asn Thr Ala Asn 6300	Glu Leu Asn Thr 6300
Ala Met 6305	Gly Gln Leu Gln 6310	Asn Gly Ile Asn Asp 6315	Gln Asn Thr Val 6315
Lys Gln 6320	Gln Val Asn Phe 6325	Thr Asp Ala Asp Gln 6330	Gly Lys Lys Asp 6330
Ala Tyr 6335	Thr Asn Ala Val 6340	Thr Asn Ala Gln Gly 6345	Ile Leu Asp Lys 6345
Ala His 6350	Gly Gln Asn Met 6355	Thr Lys Ala Gln Val 6360	Glu Ala Ala Leu 6360
Asn Gln 6365	Val Thr Thr Ala 6370	Lys Asn Ala Leu Asn 6375	Gly Asp Ala Asn 6375
Val Arg 6380	Gln Ala Lys Ser 6385	Asp Ala Lys Ala Asn 6390	Leu Gly Thr Leu 6390
Thr His 6395	Leu Asn Asn Ala 6400	Gln Lys Gln Asp Leu 6405	Thr Ser Gln Ile 6405
Glu Gly 6410	Ala Thr Thr Val 6415	Asn Gly Val Asn Gly 6420	Val Lys Thr Lys 6420
Ala Gln 6425	Asp Leu Asp Gly 6430	Ala Met Gln Arg Leu 6435	Gln Ser Ala Ile 6435
Ala Asn 6440	Lys Asp Gln Thr 6445	Lys Ala Ser Glu Asn 6450	Tyr Ile Asp Ala 6450
Asp Pro 6455	Thr Lys Lys Thr 6460	Ala Phe Asp Asn Ala 6465	Ile Thr Gln Ala 6465
Glu Ser 6470	Tyr Leu Asn Lys 6475	Asp His Gly Ala Asn 6480	Lys Asp Lys Gln 6480
Ala Val 6485	Glu Gln Ala Ile 6490	Gln Ser Val Thr Ser 6495	Thr Glu Asn Ala 6495
Leu Asn 6500	Gly Asp Ala Asn 6505	Leu Gln Arg Ala Lys 6510	Thr Glu Ala Ile 6510

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Gln Ala 6515	Ile Asp 6515	Asn Leu 6520	Thr 6520	His Leu 6520	Asn Thr 6525	Pro 6525	Gln Lys 6525	Thr
Ala Leu 6530	Lys Gln 6530	Gln Val 6535	Asn 6535	Ala Ala 6535	Gln Arg 6540	Val 6540	Ser Gly 6540	Val
Thr Asp 6545	Leu Lys 6545	Asn Ser 6550	Ala 6550	Thr Ser 6550	Leu Asn 6555	Asn 6555	Ala Met 6555	Asp
Gln Leu 6560	Lys Gln 6560	Ala Ile 6565	Ala 6565	Asp His 6570	Asp Thr 6570	Ile 6570	Val Ala 6570	Ser
Gly Asn 6575	Tyr Thr 6575	Asn Ala 6580	Ser 6580	Pro Asp 6585	Lys Gln 6585	Gly 6585	Ala Tyr 6585	Thr
Asp Ala 6590	Tyr Asn 6590	Ala Ala 6595	Lys 6595	Asn Ile 6600	Val Asn 6600	Gly 6600	Ser Pro 6600	Asn
Val Ile 6605	Thr Asn 6605	Ala Ala 6610	Asp 6610	Val Thr 6615	Ala Ala 6615	Thr 6615	Gln Arg 6615	Val
Asn Asn 6620	Ala Glu 6620	Thr Gly 6625	Leu 6625	Asn Gly 6630	Asp Thr 6630	Asn 6630	Leu Ala 6630	Thr
Ala Lys 6635	Gln Gln 6635	Ala Lys 6640	Asp 6640	Ala Leu 6645	Arg Gln 6645	Met 6645	Thr His 6645	Leu
Ser Asp 6650	Ala Gln 6650	Lys Gln 6655	Ser 6655	Ile Thr 6660	Gly Gln 6660	Ile 6660	Asp Ser 6660	Ala
Thr Gln 6665	Val Thr 6665	Gly Val 6670	Gln 6670	Ser Val 6675	Lys Asp 6675	Asn 6675	Ala Thr 6675	Asn
Leu Asp 6680	Asn Ala 6680	Met Asn 6685	Gln 6685	Leu Arg 6690	Asn Ser 6690	Ile 6690	Ala Asn 6690	Lys
Asp Asp 6695	Val Lys 6695	Ala Ser 6700	Gln 6700	Pro Tyr 6705	Val Asp 6705	Ala 6705	Asp Arg 6705	Asp
Lys Gln 6710	Asn Ala 6710	Tyr Asn 6715	Thr 6715	Ala Val 6720	Thr Asn 6720	Ala 6720	Glu Asn 6720	Ile
Ile Asn 6725	Ala Thr 6725	Ser Gln 6730	Pro 6730	Thr Leu 6735	Asp Pro 6735	Ser 6735	Ala Val 6735	Thr
Gln Ala 6740	Ala Asn 6740	Gln Val 6745	Ser 6745	Thr Asn 6750	Lys Thr 6750	Ala 6750	Leu Asn 6750	Gly
Ala Gln 6755	Asn Leu 6755	Ala Asn 6760	Lys 6760	Lys Gln 6765	Glu Thr 6765	Thr 6765	Ala Asn 6765	Ile
Asn Gln 6770	Leu Ser 6770	His Leu 6775	Asn 6775	Asn Ala 6780	Gln Lys 6780	Gln 6780	Asp Leu 6780	Asn
Thr Gln 6785	Val Thr 6785	Asn Ala 6790	Pro 6790	Asn Ile 6795	Ser Thr 6795	Val 6795	Asn Gln 6795	Val
Lys Thr 6800	Lys Ala 6800	Glu Gln 6805	Leu 6805	Asp Gln 6810	Ala Met 6810	Glu 6810	Arg Leu 6810	Ile
Asn Gly 6815	Ile Gln 6815	Asp Lys 6820	Asp 6820	Gln Val 6825	Lys Gln 6825	Ser 6825	Val Asn 6825	Phe
Thr Asp 6830	Ala Asp 6830	Pro Glu 6835	Lys 6835	Gln Thr 6840	Ala Tyr 6840	Asn 6840	Asn Ala 6840	Val
Thr Ala 6845	Ala Glu 6845	Asn Ile 6850	Ile 6850	Asn Gln 6855	Ala Asn 6855	Gly 6855	Thr Asn 6855	Ala
Asn Gln 6860	Ser Gln 6860	Val Glu 6865	Ala 6865	Ala Leu 6870	Ser Thr 6870	Val 6870	Thr Thr 6870	Thr
Lys Gln 6875	Ala Leu 6875	Asn Gly 6880	Asp 6880	Arg Lys 6885	Val Thr 6885	Asp 6885	Ala Lys 6885	Asn
Asn Ala 6890	Asn Gln 6890	Thr Leu 6895	Ser 6895	Thr Leu 6900	Asp Asn 6900	Leu 6900	Asn Asn 6900	Ala
Gln Lys 6900	Gly Ala 6900	Val Thr 6905	Gly 6905	Asn Ile 6910	Asn Gln 6910	Ala 6910	His Thr 6910	Val

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6905	6910	6915
Ala Glu Val Thr Gln Ala Ile Gln Thr Ala Gln Glu Leu Asn Thr		
6920	6925	6930
Ala Met Gly Asn Leu Lys Asn Ser Leu Asn Asp Lys Asp Thr Thr		
6935	6940	6945
Leu Gly Ser Gln Asn Phe Ala Asp Ala Asp Pro Glu Lys Lys Asn		
6950	6955	6960
Ala Tyr Asn Glu Ala Val His Asn Ala Glu Asn Ile Leu Asn Lys		
6965	6970	6975
Ser Thr Gly Thr Asn Val Pro Lys Asp Gln Val Glu Ala Ala Met		
6980	6985	6990
Asn Gln Val Asn Ala Thr Lys Ala Ala Leu Asn Gly Thr Gln Asn		
6995	7000	7005
Leu Glu Lys Ala Lys Gln His Ala Asn Thr Ala Ile Asp Gly Leu		
7010	7015	7020
Ser His Leu Thr Asn Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Val		
7025	7030	7035
Gln Gln Ser Thr Thr Val Ala Glu Ala Gln Gly Asn Glu Gln Lys		
7040	7045	7050
Ala Asn Asn Val Asp Ala Ala Met Asp Lys Leu Arg Gln Ser Ile		
7055	7060	7065
Ala Asp Asn Ala Thr Thr Lys Gln Asn Gln Asn Tyr Thr Asp Ala		
7070	7075	7080
Ser Gln Asn Lys Lys Asp Ala Tyr Asn Asn Ala Val Thr Thr Ala		
7085	7090	7095
Gln Gly Ile Ile Asp Gln Thr Thr Ser Pro Thr Leu Asp Pro Thr		
7100	7105	7110
Val Ile Asn Gln Ala Ala Gly Gln Val Ser Thr Thr Lys Asn Ala		
7115	7120	7125
Leu Asn Gly Asn Glu Asn Leu Glu Ala Ala Lys Gln Gln Ala Ser		
7130	7135	7140
Gln Ser Leu Gly Ser Leu Asp Asn Leu Asn Asn Ala Gln Lys Gln		
7145	7150	7155
Thr Val Thr Asp Gln Ile Asn Gly Ala His Thr Val Asp Glu Ala		
7160	7165	7170
Asn Gln Ile Lys Gln Asn Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Thr Ala Met Gly		
7175	7180	7185
Asn Leu Lys Gln Ala Ile Ala Asp Lys Asp Ala Thr Lys Ala Thr		
7190	7195	7200
Val Asn Phe Thr Asp Ala Asp Gln Ala Lys Gln Gln Ala Tyr Asn		
7205	7210	7215
Thr Ala Val Thr Asn Ala Glu Asn Ile Ser Lys Ala Asn Gly Asn		
7220	7225	7230
Ala Thr Gln Ala Glu Val Glu Gln Ala Ile Lys Gln Val Asn Ala		
7235	7240	7245
Ala Lys Gln Ala Leu Asn Gly Asn Ala Asn Val Gln His Ala Lys		
7250	7255	7260
Asp Glu Ala Thr Ala Leu Ile Asn Ser Ser Asn Asp Leu Asn Gln		
7265	7270	7275
Ala Gln Lys Asp Ala Leu Lys Gln Gln Val Gln Asn Ala Thr Thr		
7280	7285	7290
Val Ala Gly Val Asn Asn Val Lys Gln Thr Ala Gln Glu Leu Asn		
7295	7300	7305

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Asn Ala Met Thr Gln Leu Lys Gln Gly Ile Ala Asp Lys Glu Gln 7310 7315 7320	
Thr Lys Ala Asp Gly Asn Phe Val Asn Ala Asp Pro Asp Lys Gln 7325 7330 7335	
Asn Ala Tyr Asn Gln Ala Val Ala Lys Ala Glu Ala Leu Ile Ser 7340 7345 7350	
Ala Thr Pro Asp Val Val Val Thr Pro Ser Glu Ile Thr Ala Ala 7355 7360 7365	
Leu Asn Lys Val Thr Gln Ala Lys Asn Asp Leu Asn Gly Asn Thr 7370 7375 7380	
Asn Leu Ala Thr Ala Lys Gln Asn Val Gln His Ala Ile Asp Gln 7385 7390 7395	
Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Gln Ala Gln Arg Asp Glu Tyr Ser Lys Gln 7400 7405 7410	
Ile Thr Gln Ala Thr Leu Val Pro Asn Val Asn Ala Ile Gln Gln 7415 7420 7425	
Ala Ala Thr Thr Leu Asn Asp Ala Met Thr Gln Leu Lys Gln Gly 7430 7435 7440	
Ile Ala Asn Lys Ala Gln Ile Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Tyr His Asp 7445 7450 7455	
Ala Asp Thr Asp Lys Gln Thr Ala Tyr Asp Asn Ala Val Thr Lys 7460 7465 7470	
Ala Glu Glu Leu Leu Lys Gln Thr Thr Asn Pro Thr Met Asp Pro 7475 7480 7485	
Asn Thr Ile Gln Gln Ala Leu Thr Lys Val Asn Asp Thr Asn Gln 7490 7495 7500	
Ala Leu Asn Gly Asn Gln Lys Leu Ala Asp Ala Lys Gln Asp Ala 7505 7510 7515	
Lys Thr Thr Leu Gly Thr Leu Asp His Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln Lys 7520 7525 7530	
Gln Ala Leu Thr Thr Gln Val Glu Gln Ala Pro Asp Ile Ala Thr 7535 7540 7545	
Val Asn Asn Val Lys Gln Asn Ala Gln Asn Leu Asn Asn Ala Met 7550 7555 7560	
Thr Asn Leu Asn Asn Ala Leu Gln Asp Lys Thr Glu Thr Leu Asn 7565 7570 7575	
Ser Ile Asn Phe Thr Asp Ala Asp Gln Ala Lys Lys Asp Ala Tyr 7580 7585 7590	
Thr Asn Ala Val Ser His Ala Glu Gly Ile Leu Ser Lys Ala Asn 7595 7600 7605	
Gly Ser Asn Ala Ser Gln Thr Glu Val Glu Gln Ala Met Gln Arg 7610 7615 7620	
Val Asn Glu Ala Lys Gln Ala Leu Asn Gly Asn Asp Asn Val Gln 7625 7630 7635	
Arg Ala Lys Asp Ala Ala Lys Gln Val Ile Thr Asn Ala Asn Asp 7640 7645 7650	
Leu Asn Gln Ala Gln Lys Asp Ala Leu Lys Gln Gln Val Asp Ala 7655 7660 7665	
Ala Gln Thr Val Ala Asn Val Asn Thr Ile Lys Gln Thr Ala Gln 7670 7675 7680	
Asp Leu Asn Gln Ala Met Thr Gln Leu Lys Gln Gly Ile Ala Asp 7685 7690 7695	

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Lys Asp 7700	Gln Thr	Lys Ala	Asn 7705	Gly Asn Phe Val 7710	Asn Ala Asp Thr
Asp Lys 7715	Gln Asn Ala Tyr	Asn 7720	Asn Ala Val Ala	His 7725	Ala Glu Gln
Ile Ile 7730	Ser Gly Thr Pro	Asn 7735	Ala Asn Val Asp	Pro 7740	Gln Gln Val
Ala Gln 7745	Ala Leu Gln Gln	Val 7750	Asn Gln Ala Lys	Gly 7755	Asp Leu Asn
Gly Asn 7760	His Asn Leu Gln	Val 7765	Ala Lys Asp Asn	Ala 7770	Asn Thr Ala
Ile Asp 7775	Gln Leu Pro Asn	Leu 7780	Asn Gln Pro Gln	Lys 7785	Thr Ala Leu
Lys Asp 7790	Gln Val Ser His	Ala 7795	Glu Leu Val Thr	Gly 7800	Val Asn Ala
Ile Lys 7805	Gln Asn Ala Asp	Ala 7810	Leu Asn Asn Ala	Met 7815	Gly Thr Leu
Lys Gln 7820	Gln Ile Gln Ala	Asn 7825	Ser Gln Val Pro	Gln 7830	Ser Val Asp
Phe Thr 7835	Gln Ala Asp Gln	Asp 7840	Lys Gln Gln Ala	Tyr 7845	Asn Asn Ala
Ala Asn 7850	Gln Ala Gln Gln	Ile 7855	Ala Asn Gly Ile	Pro 7860	Thr Pro Val
Leu Thr 7865	Pro Asp Thr Val	Thr 7870	Gln Ala Val Thr	Thr 7875	Met Asn Gln
Ala Lys 7880	Asp Ala Leu Asn	Gly 7885	Asp Glu Lys Leu	Ala 7890	Gln Ala Lys
Gln Glu 7895	Ala Leu Ala Asn	Leu 7900	Asp Thr Leu Arg	Asp 7905	Leu Asn Gln
Pro Gln 7910	Arg Asp Ala Leu	Arg 7915	Asn Gln Ile Asn	Gln 7920	Ala Gln Ala
Leu Ala 7925	Thr Val Glu Gln	Thr 7930	Lys Gln Asn Ala	Gln 7935	Asn Val Asn
Thr Ala 7940	Met Ser Asn Leu	Lys 7945	Gln Gly Ile Ala	Asn 7950	Lys Asp Thr
Val Lys 7955	Ala Ser Glu Asn	Tyr 7960	His Asp Ala Asp	Ala 7965	Asp Lys Gln
Thr Ala 7970	Tyr Thr Asn Ala	Val 7975	Ser Gln Ala Glu	Gly 7980	Ile Ile Asn
Gln Thr 7985	Thr Asn Pro Thr	Leu 7990	Asn Pro Asp Glu	Ile 7995	Thr Arg Ala
Leu Thr 8000	Gln Val Thr Asp	Ala 8005	Lys Asn Gly Leu	Asn 8010	Gly Glu Ala
Lys Leu 8015	Ala Thr Glu Lys	Gln 8020	Asn Ala Lys Asp	Ala 8025	Val Ser Gly
Met Thr 8030	His Leu Asn Asp	Ala 8035	Gln Lys Gln Ala	Leu 8040	Lys Gly Gln
Ile Asp 8045	Gln Ser Pro Glu	Ile 8050	Ala Thr Val Asn	Gln 8055	Val Lys Gln
Thr Ala 8060	Thr Ser Leu Asp	Gln 8065	Ala Met Asp Gln	Leu 8070	Ser Gln Ala
Ile Asn 8075	Asp Lys Ala Gln	Thr 8080	Leu Ala Asp Gly	Asn 8085	Tyr Leu Asn
Ala Asp	Pro Asp Lys Gln	Asn	Ala Tyr Lys Gln	Ala	Val Ala Lys

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Asp	Asn	Asn	Ala	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ala	Ala	Thr	Thr	Val	Asn	Thr	Thr
8495						8500						8505		
Lys	Ala	Ala	Leu	His	Gly	Asp	Val	Lys	Leu	Gln	Asn	Asp	Lys	Asp
8510						8515						8520		
His	Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Val	Ser	Gln	Leu	Ala	His	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala
8525						8530						8535		
Gln	Lys	His	Met	Glu	Asp	Thr	Leu	Ile	Asp	Ser	Glu	Thr	Thr	Arg
8540						8545						8550		
Thr	Ala	Val	Lys	Gln	Asp	Leu	Thr	Glu	Ala	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asp	Gln
8555						8560						8565		
Leu	Met	Asp	Ala	Leu	Gln	Gln	Ser	Ile	Ala	Asp	Lys	Asp	Ala	Thr
8570						8575						8580		
Arg	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ala	Tyr	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Pro	Asn	Lys	Lys	Gln
8585						8590						8595		
Ser	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Ala	Val	Gln	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Ile	Ile	Ala	Gly
8600						8605						8610		
Leu	Asn	Asn	Pro	Thr	Ile	Asn	Lys	Gly	Asn	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Thr
8615						8620						8625		
Gln	Ala	Val	Ile	Ser	Ser	Lys	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Arg
8630						8635						8640		
Leu	Ala	Gln	Asp	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Ser	Leu	Asn	His	Leu
8645						8650						8655		
Asp	Gln	Leu	Thr	Pro	Ala	Gln	Gln	Gln	Ala	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gln	Ile
8660						8665						8670		
Asn	Asn	Ala	Thr	Thr	Arg	Gly	Glu	Val	Ala	Gln	Lys	Leu	Thr	Glu
8675						8680						8685		
Ala	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gln	Ala	Met	Glu	Ala	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ser	Ile
8690						8695						8700		
Gln	Asp	Gln	Gln	Gln	Thr	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ser	Lys	Phe	Ile	Asn	Glu
8705						8710						8715		
Asp	Lys	Pro	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	Gln	Asn	Ala
8720						8725						8730		
Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Asn	Gln	Thr	Asn	Asn	Pro	Thr	Leu	Asp	Lys	Ala
8735						8740						8745		
Gln	Val	Glu	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Ala	Val	Asn	Gln	Ala	Lys	Asp	Asn
8750						8755						8760		
Leu	His	Gly	Asp	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ala	Asp	Asp	Lys	Gln	His	Ala	Val
8765						8770						8775		
Thr	Asp	Leu	Asn	Gln	Leu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Asn	Asn	Pro	Gln	Arg	Gln
8780						8785						8790		
Ala	Leu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Ile	Asn	Asn	Ala	Ala	Thr	Arg	Gly	Glu	Val
8795						8800						8805		
Ala	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ala	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asp	Gln	Ala	Met	Gln
8810						8815						8820		
Ala	Leu	Arg	Asn	Ser	Ile	Gln	Asp	Gln	Gln	Gln	Thr	Glu	Ser	Gly
8825						8830						8835		
Ser	Lys	Phe	Ile	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Pro	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ala	Tyr	Gln
8840						8845						8850		
Ala	Ala	Val	Gln	Asn	Ala	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Asn	Gln	Thr	Gly	Asn
8855						8860						8865		
Pro	Thr	Leu	Asp	Lys	Ser	Gln	Val	Glu	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Ala	Val
8870						8875						8880		

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Thr	Thr	Ala	Lys	Asp	Asn	Leu	His	Gly	Asp	Gln	Lys	Leu	Ala	Arg
8885						8890					8895			
Asp	Gln	Gln	Gln	Ala	Val	Thr	Thr	Val	Asn	Ala	Leu	Pro	Asn	Leu
8900						8905					8910			
Asn	His	Ala	Gln	Gln	Gln	Ala	Leu	Thr	Asp	Ala	Ile	Asn	Ala	Ala
8915						8920					8925			
Pro	Thr	Arg	Thr	Glu	Val	Ala	Gln	His	Val	Gln	Thr	Ala	Thr	Glu
8930						8935					8940			
Leu	Asp	His	Ala	Met	Glu	Thr	Leu	Lys	Asn	Lys	Val	Asp	Gln	Val
8945						8950					8955			
Asn	Thr	Asp	Lys	Ala	Gln	Pro	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Ala	Ser	Thr	Asp
8960						8965					8970			
Lys	Lys	Glu	Ala	Val	Asp	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ser	Ile
8975						8980					8985			
Thr	Asp	Pro	Thr	Asn	Gly	Ser	Asn	Ala	Asn	Lys	Asp	Ala	Val	Asp
8990						8995					9000			
Gln	Val	Leu	Thr	Lys	Leu	Gln	Glu	Lys	Glu	Asn	Glu	Leu	Asn	Gly
9005						9010					9015			
Asn	Glu	Arg	Val	Ala	Glu	Ala	Lys	Thr	Gln	Ala	Lys	Gln	Thr	Ile
9020						9025					9030			
Asp	Gln	Leu	Thr	His	Leu	Asn	Ala	Asp	Gln	Ile	Ala	Thr	Ala	Lys
9035						9040					9045			
Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Gln	Ala	Thr	Lys	Leu	Gln	Pro	Ile	Ala	Glu	Leu
9050						9055					9060			
Val	Asp	Gln	Ala	Thr	Gln	Leu	Asn	Gln	Ser	Met	Asp	Gln	Leu	Gln
9065						9070					9075			
Gln	Ala	Val	Asn	Glu	His	Ala	Asn	Val	Glu	Gln	Thr	Val	Asp	Tyr
9080						9085					9090			
Thr	Gln	Ala	Asp	Ser	Asp	Lys	Gln	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Ala	Ile
9095						9100					9105			
Ala	Asp	Ala	Glu	Asn	Val	Leu	Lys	Gln	Asn	Ala	Asn	Lys	Gln	Gln
9110						9115					9120			
Val	Asp	Gln	Ala	Leu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Leu
9125						9130					9135			
Asn	Gly	Asp	Glu	Arg	Val	Ala	Leu	Ala	Lys	Thr	Asn	Gly	Lys	His
9140						9145					9150			
Asp	Ile	Asp	Gln	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Gln	Gln	Asp	Gly
9155						9160					9165			
Phe	Lys	Gly	Arg	Ile	Asp	Gln	Ser	Asn	Asp	Leu	Asn	Gln	Ile	Gln
9170						9175					9180			
Gln	Ile	Val	Asp	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asn	Arg	Ala	Met	Asp	Gln
9185						9190					9195			
Leu	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ile	Thr	Asp	Asn	Glu	Gly	Arg	Thr	Lys	Gly	Ser
9200						9205					9210			
Thr	Asn	Tyr	Val	Asn	Ala	Asp	Thr	Gln	Val	Lys	Gln	Val	Tyr	Asp
9215						9220					9225			
Glu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gln	Ala	Leu	Asp	Lys	Ser	Thr	Gly
9230						9235					9240			
Gln	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ala	Lys	Gln	Val	Ile	Lys	Leu	Asn	Asp	Ala	Val
9245						9250					9255			
Thr	Ala	Ala	Lys	Lys	Ala	Leu	Asn	Gly	Glu	Glu	Arg	Leu	Asn	Asn
9260						9265					9270			
Arg	Lys	Ala	Glu	Ala	Leu	Gln	Arg	Leu	Asp	Gln	Leu	Thr	His	Leu

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9275	9280	9285
Asn Asn Ala Gln Arg Gln Leu Ala Ile Gln Gln Ile Asn Asn Ala	9295	9300
9290		
Glu Thr Leu Asn Lys Ala Ser Arg Ala Ile Asn Arg Ala Thr Lys	9310	9315
9305		
Leu Asp Asn Ala Met Gly Ala Val Gln Gln Tyr Ile Asp Glu Gln	9325	9330
9320		
His Leu Gly Val Ile Ser Ser Thr Asn Tyr Ile Asn Ala Asp Asp	9340	9345
9335		
Asn Leu Lys Ala Asn Tyr Asp Asn Ala Ile Ala Asn Ala Ala His	9355	9360
9350		
Glu Leu Asp Lys Val Gln Gly Asn Ala Ile Ala Lys Ala Glu Ala	9370	9375
9365		
Glu Gln Leu Lys Gln Asn Ile Ile Asp Ala Gln Asn Ala Leu Asn	9385	9390
9380		
Gly Asp Gln Asn Leu Ala Asn Ala Lys Asp Lys Ala Asn Ala Phe	9400	9405
9395		
Val Asn Ser Leu Asn Gly Leu Asn Gln Gln Gln Gln Asp Leu Ala	9415	9420
9410		
His Lys Ala Ile Asn Asn Ala Asp Thr Val Ser Asp Val Thr Asp	9430	9435
9425		
Ile Val Asn Asn Gln Ile Asp Leu Asn Asp Ala Met Glu Thr Leu	9445	9450
9440		
Lys His Leu Val Asp Asn Glu Ile Pro Asn Ala Glu Gln Thr Val	9460	9465
9455		
Asn Tyr Gln Asn Ala Asp Asp Asn Ala Lys Thr Asn Phe Asp Asp	9475	9480
9470		
Ala Lys Arg Leu Ala Asn Thr Leu Leu Asn Ser Asp Asn Thr Asn	9490	9495
9485		
Val Asn Asp Ile Asn Gly Ala Ile Gln Ala Val Asn Asp Ala Ile	9505	9510
9500		
His Asn Leu Asn Gly Asp Gln Arg Leu Gln Asp Ala Lys Asp Lys	9520	9525
9515		
Ala Ile Gln Ser Ile Asn Gln Ala Leu Ala Asn Lys Leu Lys Glu	9535	9540
9530		
Ile Glu Ala Ser Asn Ala Thr Asp Gln Asp Lys Leu Ile Ala Lys	9550	9555
9545		
Asn Lys Ala Glu Glu Leu Ala Asn Ser Ile Ile Asn Asn Ile Asn	9565	9570
9560		
Lys Ala Thr Ser Asn Gln Ala Val Ser Gln Val Gln Thr Ala Gly	9580	9585
9575		
Asn His Ala Ile Glu Gln Val His Ala Asn Glu Ile Pro Lys Ala	9595	9600
9590		
Lys Ile Asp Ala Asn Lys Asp Val Asp Lys Gln Val Gln Ala Leu	9610	9615
9605		
Ile Asp Glu Ile Asp Arg Asn Pro Asn Leu Thr Asp Lys Glu Lys	9625	9630
9620		
Gln Ala Leu Lys Asp Arg Ile Asn Gln Ile Leu Gln Gln Gly His	9640	9645
9635		
Asn Gly Ile Asn Asn Ala Met Thr Lys Glu Glu Ile Glu Gln Ala	9655	9660
9650		
Lys Ala Gln Leu Ala Gln Ala Leu Gln Asp Ile Lys Asp Leu Val	9670	9675
9665		

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Lys Ala	Lys Glu Asp Ala	Lys Gln Asp Val Asp	Lys Gln Val Gln
9680		9685	9690
Ala Leu	Ile Asp Glu Ile	Asp Gln Asn Pro Asn	Leu Thr Asp Lys
9695		9700	9705
Glu Lys	Gln Ala Leu Lys Tyr	Arg Ile Asn Gln Ile	Leu Gln Gln
9710		9715	9720
Gly His	Asn Asp Ile Asn Asn	Ala Leu Thr Lys Glu	Glu Ile Glu
9725		9730	9735
Gln Ala	Lys Ala Gln Leu Ala	Gln Ala Leu Gln Asp	Ile Lys Asp
9740		9745	9750
Leu Val	Lys Ala Lys Glu Asp	Ala Lys Asn Ala Ile	Lys Ala Leu
9755		9760	9765
Ala Asn	Ala Lys Arg Asp Gln	Ile Asn Ser Asn Pro	Asp Leu Thr
9770		9775	9780
Pro Glu	Gln Lys Ala Lys Ala	Leu Lys Glu Ile Asp	Glu Ala Glu
9785		9790	9795
Lys Arg	Ala Leu Gln Asn Val	Glu Asn Ala Gln Thr	Ile Asp Gln
9800		9805	9810
Leu Asn	Arg Gly Leu Asn Leu	Gly Leu Asp Asp Ile	Arg Asn Thr
9815		9820	9825
His Val	Trp Glu Val Asp Glu	Gln Pro Ala Val Asn	Glu Ile Phe
9830		9835	9840
Glu Ala	Thr Pro Glu Gln Ile	Leu Val Asn Gly Glu	Leu Ile Val
9845		9850	9855
His Arg	Asp Asp Ile Ile Thr	Glu Gln Asp Ile Leu	Ala His Ile
9860		9865	9870
Asn Leu	Ile Asp Gln Leu Ser	Ala Glu Val Ile Asp	Thr Pro Ser
9875		9880	9885
Thr Ala	Thr Ile Ser Asp Ser	Leu Thr Ala Lys Val	Glu Val Thr
9890		9895	9900
Leu Leu	Asp Gly Ser Lys Val	Ile Val Asn Val Pro	Val Lys Val
9905		9910	9915
Val Glu	Lys Glu Leu Ser Val	Val Lys Gln Gln Ala	Ile Glu Ser
9920		9925	9930
Ile Glu	Asn Ala Ala Gln Gln	Lys Ile Asn Glu Ile	Asn Asn Ser
9935		9940	9945
Val Thr	Leu Thr Leu Glu Gln	Lys Glu Ala Ala Ile	Ala Glu Val
9950		9955	9960
Asn Lys	Leu Lys Gln Gln Ala	Ile Asp His Val Asn	Asn Ala Pro
9965		9970	9975
Asp Val	His Ser Val Glu Glu	Ile Gln Gln Gln Glu	Gln Ala His
9980		9985	9990
Ile Glu	Gln Phe Asn Pro Glu	Gln Phe Thr Ile Glu	Gln Ala Lys
9995		10000	10005
Ser Asn	Ala Ile Lys Ser Ile	Glu Asp Ala Ile Gln	His Met Ile
10010		10015	10020
Asp Glu	Ile Lys Ala Arg Thr	Asp Leu Thr Asp Lys	Glu Lys Gln
10025		10030	10035
Glu Ala	Ile Ala Lys Leu Asn	Gln Leu Lys Glu Gln	Ala Ile Gln
10040		10045	10050
Ala Ile	Gln Arg Ala Gln Ser	Ile Asp Glu Ile Ser	Glu Gln Leu
10055		10060	10065

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Glu Gln 10070	Phe Lys Ala Gln Met 10075	Lys Ala Ala Asn Pro 10080	Thr Ala Lys
Glu Leu 10085	Ala Lys Arg Lys Gln 10090	Glu Ala Ile Ser Arg 10095	Ile Lys Asp
Phe Ser 10100	Asn Glu Lys Ile Asn 10105	Ser Ile Arg Asn Ser 10110	Glu Ile Gly
Thr Ala 10115	Asp Glu Lys Gln Ala 10120	Ala Met Asn Gln Ile 10125	Asn Glu Ile
Val Leu 10130	Glu Thr Ile Arg Asp 10135	Ile Asn Asn Ala His 10140	Thr Leu Gln
Gln Val 10145	Glu Ala Ala Leu Asn 10150	Asn Gly Ile Ala Arg 10155	Ile Ser Ala
Val Gln 10160	Ile Val Thr Ser Asp 10165	Arg Ala Lys Gln Ser 10170	Ser Ser Thr
Gly Asn 10175	Glu Ser Asn Ser His 10180	Leu Thr Ile Gly Tyr 10185	Gly Thr Ala
Asn His 10190	Pro Phe Asn Ser Ser 10195	Thr Ile Gly His Lys 10200	Lys Lys Leu
Asp Glu 10205	Asp Asp Asp Ile Asp 10210	Pro Leu His Met Arg 10215	His Phe Ser
Asn Asn 10220	Phe Gly Asn Val Ile 10225	Lys Asn Ala Ile Gly 10230	Val Val Gly
Ile Ser 10235	Gly Leu Leu Ala Ser 10240	Phe Trp Phe Phe Ile 10245	Ala Lys Arg
Arg Arg 10250	Lys Glu Asp Glu Glu 10255	Glu Glu Leu Glu Ile 10260	Arg Asp Asn
Asn Lys 10265	Asp Ser Ile Lys Glu 10270	Thr Leu Asp Asp Thr 10275	Lys His Leu
Pro Leu 10280	Leu Phe Ala Lys Arg 10285	Arg Arg Lys Glu Asp 10290	Glu Glu Asp
Val Thr 10295	Val Glu Glu Lys Asp 10300	Ser Leu Asn Asn Gly 10305	Glu Ser Leu
Asp Lys 10310	Val Lys His Thr Pro 10315	Phe Phe Leu Pro Lys 10320	Arg Arg Arg
Lys Glu 10325	Asp Glu Glu Asp Val 10330	Glu Val Thr Asn Glu 10335	Asn Thr Asp
Glu Lys 10340	Val Leu Lys Asp Asn 10345	Glu His Ser Pro Leu 10350	Leu Phe Ala
Lys Arg 10355	Arg Lys Asp Lys Glu 10360	Glu Asp Val Glu Thr 10365	Thr Thr Ser
Ile Glu 10370	Ser Lys Asp Glu Asp 10375	Val Pro Leu Leu Leu 10380	Ala Lys Lys
Lys Asn 10385	Gln Lys Asp Asn Gln 10390	Ser Lys Asp Lys Lys 10395	Ser Ala Ser
Lys Asn 10400	Thr Ser Lys Lys Val 10405	Ala Ala Lys Lys Lys 10410	Lys Lys Lys
Ala Lys 10415	Lys Asn Lys Lys		

<210> SEQ ID NO 25

<211> LENGTH: 340

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 25

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Met Lys Lys Lys Leu Leu Val Leu Thr Met Ser Thr Leu Phe Ala Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Gln Ile Met Asn Ser Asn His Ala Lys Ala Ser Val Thr Glu Ser Val
 20 25 30
 Asp Lys Lys Phe Val Val Pro Glu Ser Gly Ile Asn Lys Ile Ile Pro
 35 40 45
 Ala Tyr Asp Glu Phe Lys Asn Ser Pro Lys Val Asn Val Ser Asn Leu
 50 55 60
 Thr Asp Asn Lys Asn Phe Val Ala Ser Glu Asp Lys Leu Asn Lys Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Asp Ser Ser Ala Ala Ser Lys Ile Val Asp Lys Asn Phe Val Val
 85 90 95
 Pro Glu Ser Lys Leu Gly Asn Ile Val Pro Glu Tyr Lys Glu Ile Asn
 100 105 110
 Asn Arg Val Asn Val Ala Thr Asn Asn Pro Ala Ser Gln Gln Val Asp
 115 120 125
 Lys His Phe Val Ala Lys Gly Pro Glu Val Asn Arg Phe Ile Thr Gln
 130 135 140
 Asn Lys Val Asn His His Phe Ile Thr Thr Gln Thr His Tyr Lys Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Val Ile Thr Ser Tyr Lys Ser Thr His Val His Lys His Val Asn His
 165 170 175
 Ala Lys Asp Ser Ile Asn Lys His Phe Ile Val Lys Pro Ser Glu Ser
 180 185 190
 Pro Arg Tyr Thr His Pro Ser Gln Ser Leu Ile Ile Lys His His Phe
 195 200 205
 Ala Val Pro Gly Tyr His Ala His Lys Phe Val Thr Pro Gly His Ala
 210 215 220
 Ser Ile Lys Ile Asn His Phe Cys Val Val Pro Gln Ile Asn Ser Phe
 225 230 235 240
 Lys Val Ile Pro Pro Tyr Gly His Asn Ser His Arg Met His Val Pro
 245 250 255
 Ser Phe Gln Asn Asn Thr Thr Ala Thr His Gln Asn Ala Lys Val Asn
 260 265 270
 Lys Ala Tyr Asp Tyr Lys Tyr Phe Tyr Ser Tyr Lys Val Val Lys Gly
 275 280 285
 Val Lys Lys Tyr Phe Ser Phe Ser Gln Ser Asn Gly Tyr Lys Ile Gly
 290 295 300
 Lys Pro Ser Leu Asn Ile Lys Asn Val Asn Tyr Gln Tyr Ala Val Pro
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Tyr Ser Pro Thr His Tyr Val Pro Glu Phe Lys Gly Ser Leu Pro
 325 330 335
 Ala Pro Arg Val
 340

<210> SEQ ID NO 26

<211> LENGTH: 130

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 26

Met Asn Phe Asn Asp Ile Glu Thr Met Val Lys Ser Lys Phe Lys Asp
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Lys Lys His Ala Glu Glu Ile Ala His Glu Ile Glu Val Arg Ser

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	20		25		30														
Gly	Tyr	Leu	Arg	Lys	Ala	Glu	Gln	Tyr	Lys	Arg	Leu	Glu	Phe	Asn	Leu				
		35					40					45							
Ser	Phe	Ala	Leu	Asp	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Thr	Ala	Lys	Asp	Val	Gln	Thr				
	50					55					60								
Ala	Lys	Ser	Ser	Ala	Asn	Lys	Asp	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Lys	Gly	Lys	Ala				
65					70					75					80				
Pro	Asn	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Lys	Arg	Asn	Leu	Met	Lys	Gln	Lys	Leu				
			85						90					95					
Glu	Met	Leu	Gly	Glu	Asp	Ile	Asp	Lys	Asn	Lys	Glu	Ser	Leu	Gln	Lys				
		100						105					110						
Ala	Lys	Glu	Ile	Ala	Gly	Glu	Lys	Ala	Ser	Glu	Tyr	Phe	Asn	Lys	Ala				
		115					120					125							
Met	Asn																		
	130																		

<210> SEQ ID NO 27

<211> LENGTH: 636

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 27

Met	Lys	Lys	Gln	Ile	Ile	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Leu	Ala	Val	Ala	Ser	Ser				
1			5						10					15					
Leu	Phe	Thr	Trp	Asp	Asn	Lys	Ala	Asp	Ala	Ile	Val	Thr	Lys	Asp	Tyr				
		20						25					30						
Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Gln	Val	Asn	Ala	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asn	Gly	Thr	Leu	Ile				
	35						40					45							
Asp	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Ile				
	50				55						60								
Ile	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Gly	Leu	Thr	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Asn	Ile				
65				70					75					80					
Tyr	Lys	Glu	Ala	Lys	Asp	Arg	Leu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Val	Leu	Arg	Glu	Asp				
			85					90					95						
Gln	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Glu	Arg	Lys	Lys	Ser	Gln	Tyr	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Gln				
		100					105						110						
Trp	Tyr	Ala	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Lys	Glu	Asn	Pro	Arg	Thr	Asp	Leu	Lys	Met				
		115				120						125							
Ala	Asn	Phe	His	Lys	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ser	Met	Lys	Glu	Tyr				
	130					135					140								
Asn	Glu	Leu	Gln	Asp	Ala	Leu	Lys	Arg	Ala	Leu	Asp	Asp	Phe	His	Arg				
145				150					155					160					
Glu	Val	Lys	Asp	Ile	Lys	Asp	Lys	Asn	Ser	Asp	Leu	Lys	Thr	Phe	Asn				
			165					170						175					
Ala	Ala	Glu	Glu	Asp	Lys	Ala	Thr	Lys	Glu	Val	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Val	Ser				
		180					185						190						
Glu	Ile	Asp	Thr	Leu	Val	Val	Ser	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Gly				
		195				200						205							
Glu	His	Ala	Lys	Glu	Leu	Arg	Ala	Lys	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ile	Leu	Gly	Asp				
	210					215					220								
Thr	Asp	Asn	Pro	His	Lys	Ile	Thr	Asn	Glu	Arg	Ile	Lys	Lys	Glu	Met				
225				230						235				240					
Ile	Asp	Asp	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ile	Ile	Asp	Asp	Phe	Phe	Met	Glu	Thr	Lys				
			245					250					255						

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Gln Asn Arg Pro Lys Ser Ile Thr Lys Tyr Asn Pro Thr Thr His Asn
 260 265 270

Tyr Lys Thr Asn Ser Asp Asn Lys Pro Asn Phe Asp Lys Leu Val Glu
 275 280 285

Glu Thr Lys Lys Ala Val Lys Glu Ala Asp Asp Ser Trp Lys Lys Lys
 290 295 300

Thr Val Lys Lys Tyr Gly Glu Thr Glu Thr Lys Ser Pro Val Val Lys
 305 310 315 320

Glu Glu Lys Lys Val Glu Glu Pro Gln Ala Pro Lys Val Asp Asn Gln
 325 330 335

Gln Glu Val Lys Thr Thr Ala Gly Lys Ala Glu Glu Thr Thr Gln Pro
 340 345 350

Val Ala Gln Pro Leu Val Lys Ile Pro Gln Gly Thr Ile Thr Gly Glu
 355 360 365

Ile Val Lys Gly Pro Glu Tyr Pro Thr Met Glu Asn Lys Thr Val Gln
 370 375 380

Gly Glu Ile Val Gln Gly Pro Asp Phe Leu Thr Met Glu Gln Ser Gly
 385 390 395 400

Pro Ser Leu Ser Asn Asn Tyr Thr Asn Pro Pro Leu Thr Asn Pro Ile
 405 410 415

Leu Glu Gly Leu Glu Gly Ser Ser Ser Lys Leu Glu Ile Lys Pro Gln
 420 425 430

Gly Thr Glu Ser Thr Leu Lys Gly Thr Gln Gly Glu Ser Ser Asp Ile
 435 440 445

Glu Val Lys Pro Gln Ala Thr Glu Thr Thr Glu Ala Ser Gln Tyr Gly
 450 455 460

Pro Arg Pro Gln Phe Asn Lys Thr Pro Lys Tyr Val Lys Tyr Arg Asp
 465 470 475 480

Ala Gly Thr Gly Ile Arg Glu Tyr Asn Asp Gly Thr Phe Gly Tyr Glu
 485 490 495

Ala Arg Pro Arg Phe Asn Lys Pro Ser Glu Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn Val
 500 505 510

Thr Thr His Ala Asn Gly Gln Val Ser Tyr Gly Ala Arg Pro Thr Tyr
 515 520 525

Lys Lys Pro Ser Glu Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn Val Thr Thr His Ala Asn
 530 535 540

Gly Gln Val Ser Tyr Gly Ala Arg Pro Thr Gln Asn Lys Pro Ser Lys
 545 550 555 560

Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn Val Thr Thr His Gly Asn Gly Gln Val Ser Tyr
 565 570 575

Gly Ala Arg Pro Thr Gln Asn Lys Pro Ser Lys Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn
 580 585 590

Val Thr Thr His Ala Asn Gly Gln Val Ser Tyr Gly Ala Arg Pro Thr
 595 600 605

Tyr Lys Lys Pro Ser Lys Thr Asn Ala Tyr Asn Val Thr Thr His Ala
 610 615 620

Asp Gly Thr Ala Thr Tyr Gly Pro Arg Val Thr Lys
 625 630 635

<210> SEQ ID NO 28
 <211> LENGTH: 745
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp
 <400> SEQUENCE: 28

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Ala Glu Gln His Thr Pro Met Lys Ala His Ala Val Thr Thr Ile Asp
 1 5 10 15
 Lys Ala Thr Thr Asp Lys Gln Gln Val Pro Pro Thr Lys Glu Ala Ala
 20 25 30
 His His Ser Gly Lys Glu Ala Ala Thr Asn Val Ser Ala Ser Ala Gln
 35 40 45
 Gly Thr Ala Asp Asp Thr Asn Ser Lys Val Thr Ser Asn Ala Pro Ser
 50 55 60
 Asn Lys Pro Ser Thr Val Val Ser Thr Lys Val Asn Glu Thr Arg Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Val Asp Thr Gln Gln Ala Ser Thr Gln Lys Pro Thr His Thr Ala Thr
 85 90 95
 Phe Lys Leu Ser Asn Ala Lys Thr Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Arg Met Phe
 100 105 110
 Ala Ala Asn Ala Pro Gln Thr Thr Thr His Lys Ile Leu His Thr Asn
 115 120 125
 Asp Ile His Gly Arg Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys Gly Arg Val Ile Gly Met
 130 135 140
 Ala Lys Leu Lys Thr Val Lys Glu Gln Glu Lys Pro Asp Leu Met Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Ala Gly Asp Ala Phe Gln Gly Leu Pro Leu Ser Asn Gln Ser Lys
 165 170 175
 Gly Glu Glu Met Ala Lys Ala Met Asn Ala Val Gly Tyr Asp Ala Met
 180 185 190
 Ala Val Gly Asn His Glu Phe Asp Phe Gly Tyr Asp Gln Leu Lys Lys
 195 200 205
 Leu Glu Gly Met Leu Asp Phe Pro Met Leu Ser Thr Asn Val Tyr Lys
 210 215 220
 Asp Gly Lys Arg Ala Phe Lys Pro Ser Thr Ile Val Thr Lys Asn Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Ile Arg Tyr Gly Ile Ile Gly Val Thr Thr Pro Glu Thr Lys Thr Lys
 245 250 255
 Thr Arg Pro Glu Gly Ile Lys Gly Val Glu Phe Arg Asp Pro Leu Gln
 260 265 270
 Ser Val Thr Ala Glu Met Met Arg Ile Tyr Lys Asp Val Asp Thr Phe
 275 280 285
 Val Val Ile Ser His Leu Gly Ile Asp Pro Ser Thr Gln Glu Thr Trp
 290 295 300
 Arg Gly Asp Tyr Leu Val Lys Gln Leu Ser Gln Asn Pro Gln Leu Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Arg Ile Thr Val Ile Asp Gly His Ser His Thr Val Leu Gln Asn
 325 330 335
 Gly Gln Ile Tyr Asn Asn Asp Ala Leu Ala Gln Thr Gly Thr Ala Leu
 340 345 350
 Ala Asn Ile Gly Lys Ile Thr Phe Asn Tyr Arg Asn Gly Glu Val Ser
 355 360 365
 Asn Ile Lys Pro Ser Leu Ile Asn Val Lys Asp Val Glu Asn Val Thr
 370 375 380
 Pro Asn Lys Ala Leu Ala Glu Gln Ile Asn Gln Ala Asp Gln Thr Phe
 385 390 395 400
 Arg Ala Gln Thr Ala Glu Val Ile Ile Pro Asn Asn Thr Ile Asp Phe
 405 410 415

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Lys Gly Glu Arg Asp Asp Val Arg Thr Arg Glu Thr Asn Leu Gly Asn
 420 425 430
 Ala Ile Ala Asp Ala Met Glu Ala Tyr Gly Val Lys Asn Phe Ser Lys
 435 440 445
 Lys Thr Asp Phe Ala Val Thr Asn Gly Gly Gly Ile Arg Ala Ser Ile
 450 455 460
 Ala Lys Gly Lys Val Thr Arg Tyr Asp Leu Ile Ser Val Leu Pro Phe
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Asn Thr Ile Ala Gln Ile Asp Val Lys Gly Ser Asp Val Trp Thr
 485 490 495
 Ala Phe Glu His Ser Leu Gly Ala Pro Thr Thr Gln Lys Asp Gly Lys
 500 505 510
 Thr Val Leu Thr Ala Asn Gly Gly Leu Leu His Ile Ser Asp Ser Ile
 515 520 525
 Arg Val Tyr Tyr Asp Ile Asn Lys Pro Ser Gly Lys Arg Ile Asn Ala
 530 535 540
 Ile Gln Ile Leu Asn Lys Glu Thr Gly Lys Phe Glu Asn Ile Asp Leu
 545 550 555 560
 Lys Arg Val Tyr His Val Thr Met Asn Asp Phe Thr Ala Ser Gly Gly
 565 570 575
 Asp Gly Tyr Ser Met Phe Gly Gly Pro Arg Glu Glu Gly Ile Ser Leu
 580 585 590
 Asp Gln Val Leu Ala Ser Tyr Leu Lys Thr Ala Asn Leu Ala Lys Tyr
 595 600 605
 Asp Thr Thr Glu Pro Gln Arg Met Leu Leu Gly Lys Pro Ala Val Ser
 610 615 620
 Glu Gln Pro Ala Lys Gly Gln Gln Gly Ser Lys Gly Ser Lys Ser Gly
 625 630 635 640
 Lys Asp Thr Gln Pro Ile Gly Asp Asp Lys Val Met Asp Pro Ala Lys
 645 650 655
 Lys Pro Ala Pro Gly Lys Val Val Leu Leu Leu Ala His Arg Gly Thr
 660 665 670
 Val Ser Ser Gly Thr Glu Gly Ser Gly Arg Thr Ile Glu Gly Ala Thr
 675 680 685
 Val Ser Ser Lys Ser Gly Lys Gln Leu Ala Arg Met Ser Val Pro Lys
 690 695 700
 Gly Ser Ala His Glu Lys Gln Leu Pro Lys Thr Gly Thr Asn Gln Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Ser Ser Pro Glu Ala Met Phe Val Leu Leu Ala Gly Ile Gly Leu Ile
 725 730 735
 Ala Thr Val Arg Arg Arg Lys Ala Ser
 740 745

<210> SEQ ID NO 29

<211> LENGTH: 628

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 29

Met Ser Asp Arg Phe Ile Lys Phe Asn Asp Glu Gln Leu Asp Ala Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Gln Val Met Met Leu Gln Asp Leu Ala Arg Leu Leu Leu Lys Asn Glu
 20 25 30
 Gln Thr Gln Val Lys Ile Gln Lys Phe Pro Tyr Tyr Asn Pro Val Gln
 35 40 45

-continued

Asn Val Leu Ile Thr Ser Trp Phe Trp Ser His Arg Pro Ser His Ile
 50 55 60
 Glu Met Ala Gly Leu Lys Thr Asp Val Met Leu Ala Ala Tyr Gly Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 His Met Met Asp Val Gln Ile Val Asn Glu Val Val Gln Asp Lys Thr
 85 90 95
 Phe Lys His Pro Lys Phe Tyr Gln Gln Leu Phe Lys Leu Leu Glu Asp
 100 105 110
 Met Arg Val Leu Asn Ser Ile Lys Val Glu Arg Pro Ser Thr Ala Lys
 115 120 125
 Leu Ile Asp Leu Arg Leu Asp Thr Arg Ile Ser Tyr Thr Glu Ser Gln
 130 135 140
 Ile Lys Val Tyr Arg Thr Lys Thr Gln Tyr Thr Asp Leu Leu Phe Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Leu Glu His Ala Phe Leu Ser Gln Asp Phe Phe Asp Ile Pro Ser
 165 170 175
 Ile His Ser Asp Leu Asp Asp Ile Leu Val Asn Met Phe Leu Tyr Leu
 180 185 190
 Pro Asn Phe Phe Gln Asn Gln Asn Ser Glu Asp Asn Met Tyr Leu Ala
 195 200 205
 Gln Arg Ile Met Tyr Gln Val Asp Asp Ile Leu Lys Glu Asp Met Leu
 210 215 220
 Asn Glu Tyr Tyr Tyr Leu Pro Lys Thr Leu Tyr Asn Thr Leu Ala Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Pro Glu Phe Asp Asp Leu Lys Arg Thr Asp Ala Ser Gln Val Asp Gly
 245 250 255
 Gln Asp Asp Thr Ser Glu Asp Asp Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Lys Ala Asp
 260 265 270
 Ser Lys Ser Ala Asp Ser Glu Ser Lys Gly Gly Ala Tyr Leu Glu Met
 275 280 285
 Glu Leu His Glu Gly Gln Asn Ser Glu Thr Leu Gly Asn Asp Glu Ala
 290 295 300
 Arg Glu Gly Asp Ala Thr Asp Asp Met Thr Asp Met Met Thr Lys Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Lys Gly Ser Asn Asp Thr Leu Asn Arg Glu Glu Gly Asp Ala Val
 325 330 335
 Gly Gln Ser Gln Ala Phe Gln Leu Asp Gly Val Asn Lys Asn Val Glu
 340 345 350
 Ile Lys Trp Gln Ile Pro Glu Ile Glu Pro Gln Tyr Val Leu Glu Tyr
 355 360 365
 Gln Glu Ser Lys Gln Asp Val Gln Tyr Glu Ile Lys Asp Leu Ile Gln
 370 375 380
 Ile Ile Lys Lys Thr Ile Glu Arg Glu Gln Arg Asp Ala Arg Phe Asn
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Thr Lys Gly Arg Leu Gln Lys Asp Leu Ile Asn Trp Phe Ile Asp
 405 410 415
 Asp Gln Tyr Lys Leu Phe Tyr Lys Lys Gln Asp Leu Ser Lys Ser Phe
 420 425 430
 Asp Ala Thr Phe Thr Leu Leu Ile Asp Ala Ser Ala Ser Met His Asp
 435 440 445
 Lys Met Ala Glu Thr Lys Lys Gly Val Val Leu Phe His Glu Thr Leu
 450 455 460

-continued

Lys Ala Leu Asn Ile Lys His Glu Ile Leu Ser Phe Ser Glu Asp Ala
465 470 475 480

Phe Asp Ser Asp Glu His Ala Gln Pro Asn Ile Ile Asn Glu Ile Ile
485 490 495

Asn Tyr Asp Tyr Ser Thr Phe Glu Lys Asp Gly Pro Arg Ile Met Ala
500 505 510

Leu Glu Pro Gln Asp Asp Asn Arg Asp Gly Val Ala Ile Arg Val Ala
515 520 525

Ser Glu Arg Leu Met Arg Arg Asn Gln His Gln Arg Phe Leu Ile Val
530 535 540

Phe Ser Asp Gly Glu Pro Ser Ala Phe Asn Tyr Ser Gln Asp Gly Ile
545 550 555 560

Ile Asp Thr Tyr Glu Ala Val Glu Met Ser Arg Lys Phe Gly Ile Glu
565 570 575

Val Phe Asn Val Phe Leu Ser Gln Asp Pro Ile Thr Glu Asp Val Glu
580 585 590

Gln Thr Ile His Asn Ile Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Ala Ile Phe Val Glu Gly
595 600 605

Val Ala His Leu Pro Gly His Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu
610 615 620

Leu Lys Ser Leu
625

<210> SEQ ID NO 30
 <211> LENGTH: 154
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 30

Ala Glu Ile Asn Lys Gln Thr Thr Ser Gln Gly Val Thr Thr Glu Lys
1 5 10 15

Asn Asn Gly Ile Ala Val Leu Glu Gln Asp Val Ile Thr Pro Thr Val
20 25 30

Lys Pro Gln Ala Lys Gln Asp Ile Ile Gln Ala Val Thr Thr Arg Lys
35 40 45

Gln Gln Ile Lys Lys Ser Asn Ala Ser Leu Gln Asp Glu Lys Asp Val
50 55 60

Ala Asn Asp Lys Ile Gly Lys Ile Glu Thr Lys Ala Ile Lys Asp Ile
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Ala Thr Thr Asn Ala Gln Val Glu Ala Ile Lys Thr Lys Ala
85 90 95

Ile Asn Asp Ile Asn Gln Thr Thr Pro Ala Thr Thr Ala Lys Ala Ala
100 105 110

Ala Leu Glu Glu Phe Asp Glu Val Val Gln Ala Gln Ile Asp Gln Ala
115 120 125

Pro Leu Asn Pro Asp Thr Thr Asn Glu Glu Val Ala Glu Ala Ile Glu
130 135 140

Arg Ile Asn Ala Ala Lys Val Ser Gly Val
145 150

<210> SEQ ID NO 31
 <211> LENGTH: 584
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 31

-continued

Met Lys Phe Lys Ser Leu Ile Thr Thr Thr Leu Ala Leu Gly Val Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Ser Thr Gly Ala Asn Phe Asn Asn Asn Glu Ala Ser Ala Ala Ala
 20 25 30
 Lys Pro Leu Asp Lys Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu His His Gly Tyr Ser Lys
 35 40 45
 Val His Val Pro Tyr Ala Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Thr Ser Gln Asn Ile
 50 55 60
 Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr Phe Asn Lys Asn Gln Asn Ile Ser Tyr Lys Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Glu Asp Arg Val Lys Ser Val Leu Lys Ser Asp Arg Gly Ile Ser
 85 90 95
 Asp Ile Asp Leu Arg Leu Ser Lys Gln Ala Lys Tyr Thr Val Tyr Phe
 100 105 110
 Lys Asn Gly Thr Lys Lys Val Ile Asp Leu Lys Ala Gly Ile Tyr Thr
 115 120 125
 Ala Asp Leu Ile Asn Thr Ser Glu Ile Lys Ala Ile Asn Ile Asn Val
 130 135 140
 Asp Thr Lys Lys Gln Val Glu Asp Lys Lys Lys Asp Lys Ala Asn Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Gln Val Pro Tyr Thr Ile Thr Val Asn Gly Thr Ser Gln Asn Ile Leu
 165 170 175
 Ser Asn Leu Thr Phe Asn Lys Asn Gln Asn Ile Ser Tyr Lys Asp Leu
 180 185 190
 Glu Asp Lys Val Lys Ser Val Leu Glu Ser Asn Arg Gly Ile Thr Asp
 195 200 205
 Val Asp Leu Arg Leu Ser Lys Gln Ala Lys Tyr Thr Val Asn Phe Lys
 210 215 220
 Asn Gly Thr Lys Lys Val Ile Asp Leu Lys Ser Gly Ile Tyr Thr Ala
 225 230 235 240
 Asn Leu Ile Asn Ser Ser Asp Ile Lys Ser Ile Asn Ile Asn Val Asp
 245 250 255
 Thr Lys Lys His Ile Glu Asn Lys Ala Lys Arg Asn Tyr Gln Val Pro
 260 265 270
 Tyr Ser Ile Asn Leu Asn Gly Thr Ser Thr Asn Ile Leu Ser Asn Leu
 275 280 285
 Ser Phe Ser Asn Lys Pro Trp Thr Asn Tyr Lys Asn Leu Thr Ser Gln
 290 295 300
 Ile Lys Ser Val Leu Lys His Asp Arg Gly Ile Ser Glu Gln Asp Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Tyr Ala Lys Lys Ala Tyr Tyr Thr Val Tyr Phe Lys Asn Gly Gly
 325 330 335
 Lys Arg Ile Leu Gln Leu Asn Ser Lys Asn Tyr Thr Ala Asn Leu Val
 340 345 350
 His Ala Lys Asp Val Lys Arg Ile Glu Ile Thr Val Lys Thr Gly Thr
 355 360 365
 Lys Ala Lys Ala Asp Arg Tyr Val Pro Tyr Thr Ile Ala Val Asn Gly
 370 375 380
 Thr Ser Thr Pro Ile Leu Ser Asp Leu Lys Phe Thr Gly Asp Pro Arg
 385 390 395 400
 Val Gly Tyr Lys Asp Ile Ser Lys Lys Val Lys Ser Val Leu Lys His
 405 410 415
 Asp Arg Gly Ile Gly Glu Arg Glu Leu Lys Tyr Ala Lys Lys Ala Thr

-continued

Ala Asn Lys Lys Ala Val Asn Lys Arg Met Leu Glu Asn Lys Lys Glu
 210 215 220

Asp Leu Glu Thr Ile Ile Asp Glu Phe Phe Ser Asp Ile Asp Lys Thr
 225 230 235 240

Arg Pro Asn Asn Ile Pro Val Leu Glu Asp Glu Lys Gln Glu Glu Lys
 245 250 255

Asn His Lys Asn Met Ala Gln Leu Lys Ser Asp Thr Glu Ala Ala Lys
 260 265 270

Ser Asp Glu Ser Lys Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Lys Arg Ser Leu Asn Thr
 275 280 285

Gln Asn His Lys Pro Ala Ser Gln Glu Val Ser Glu Gln Gln Lys Ala
 290 295 300

Glu Tyr Asp Lys Arg Ala Glu Glu Arg Lys Ala Arg Phe Leu Asp Asn
 305 310 315 320

Gln Lys Ile Lys Lys Thr Pro Val Val Ser Leu Glu Tyr Asp Phe Glu
 325 330 335

His Lys Gln Arg Ile Asp Asn Glu Asn Asp Lys Lys Leu Val Val Ser
 340 345 350

Ala Pro Thr Lys Lys Pro Thr Ser Pro Thr Thr Tyr Thr Glu Thr Thr
 355 360 365

Thr Gln Val Pro Met Pro Thr Val Glu Arg Gln Thr Gln Gln Gln Ile
 370 375 380

Ile Tyr Asn Ala Pro Lys Gln Leu Ala Gly Leu Asn Gly Glu Ser His
 385 390 395 400

Asp Phe Thr Thr Thr His Gln Ser Pro Thr Thr Ser Asn His Thr His
 405 410 415

Asn Asn Val Val Glu Phe Glu Glu Thr Ser Ala Leu Pro Gly Arg Lys
 420 425 430

Ser Gly Ser Leu Val Gly Ile Ser Gln Ile Asp Ser Ser His Leu Thr
 435 440 445

Glu Arg Glu Lys Arg Val Ile Lys Arg Glu His Val Arg Glu Ala Gln
 450 455 460

Lys Leu Val Asp Asn Tyr Lys Asp Thr His Ser Tyr Lys Asp Arg Ile
 465 470 475 480

Asn Ala Gln Gln Lys Val Asn Thr Leu Ser Glu Gly His Gln Lys Arg
 485 490 495

Phe Asn Lys Gln Ile Asn Lys Val Tyr Asn Gly Lys
 500 505

<210> SEQ ID NO 33

<211> LENGTH: 520

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 33

Met Leu Thr Leu Gln Ile His Thr Gly Gly Ile Asn Leu Lys Lys Lys
 1 5 10 15

Asn Ile Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Leu Gly Val Gly Ile Ala Ser Val Thr
 20 25 30

Leu Gly Thr Leu Leu Ile Ser Gly Gly Val Thr Pro Ala Ala Asn Ala
 35 40 45

Ala Gln His Asp Glu Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Gln Val Leu Asn
 50 55 60

Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
 65 70 75 80

-continued

Gly Thr Thr Val Phe Gly Gly Leu Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Ala Ala Leu
500 505 510

Leu Ala Gly Arg Arg Arg Glu Leu
515 520

<210> SEQ ID NO 34
<211> LENGTH: 291
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 34

Ala Gln His Asp Glu Ala Lys Lys Asn Ala Phe Tyr Gln Val Leu Asn
1 5 10 15

Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu
20 25 30

Lys Ala Ala Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Gln Lys
35 40 45

Leu Asn Asp Ser Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Ala Gln Gln Asn Asn Phe
50 55 60

Asn Lys Asp Lys Lys Ser Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn Met Pro Asn
65 70 75 80

Leu Asn Glu Ala Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Ala Ala
85 90 95

Pro Ser Gln Ser Thr Asn Val Leu Gly Glu Ala Lys Lys Leu Asn Glu
100 105 110

Ser Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Asn Asn Phe Asn Lys Glu Lys Lys Asn
115 120 125

Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu Asn Met Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg
130 135 140

Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Ala Ala Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn
145 150 155 160

Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Lys Lys Leu Asn Glu Ser Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala
165 170 175

Asp Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys Glu Lys Lys Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu
180 185 190

His Leu Pro Asn Leu Asn Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser
195 200 205

Leu Lys Ala Ala Pro Ser Gln Ser Ala Asn Leu Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys
210 215 220

Lys Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln Ala Pro Lys Ala Asp Asn Lys Phe Asn Lys
225 230 235 240

Glu Lys Lys Asn Ala Phe Tyr Glu Ile Leu His Leu Pro Asn Leu Thr
245 250 255

Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gly Phe Ile Gln Ser Leu Lys Ala Ala Pro Ser
260 265 270

Val Ser Lys Glu Ile Leu Ala Glu Ala Lys Lys Leu Asn Asp Ala Gln
275 280 285

Ala Pro Lys
290

<210> SEQ ID NO 35
<211> LENGTH: 772
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 35

-continued

Met Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Lys Thr Ser Val Trp Leu Val Leu Leu Phe
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Val Met Gly Leu Trp Gln Val Ser Asn Ala Ala Glu Gln His Thr
 20 25
 Pro Met Lys Ala His Ala Val Thr Thr Ile Asp Lys Ala Thr Thr Asp
 35 40 45
 Lys Gln Gln Val Pro Pro Thr Lys Glu Ala Ala His His Ser Gly Lys
 50 55 60
 Glu Ala Ala Thr Asn Val Ser Ala Ser Ala Gln Gly Thr Ala Asp Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Asn Ser Lys Val Thr Ser Asn Ala Pro Ser Asn Lys Pro Ser Thr
 85 90 95
 Val Val Ser Thr Lys Val Asn Glu Thr Arg Asp Val Asp Thr Gln Gln
 100 105 110
 Ala Ser Thr Gln Lys Pro Thr His Thr Ala Thr Phe Lys Leu Ser Asn
 115 120 125
 Ala Lys Thr Ala Ser Leu Ser Pro Arg Met Phe Ala Ala Asn Ala Pro
 130 135 140
 Gln Thr Thr Thr His Lys Ile Leu His Thr Asn Asp Ile His Gly Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys Gly Arg Val Ile Gly Met Ala Lys Leu Lys Thr
 165 170 175
 Val Lys Glu Gln Glu Lys Pro Asp Leu Met Leu Asp Ala Gly Asp Ala
 180 185 190
 Phe Gln Gly Leu Pro Leu Ser Asn Gln Ser Lys Gly Glu Glu Met Ala
 195 200 205
 Lys Ala Met Asn Ala Val Gly Tyr Asp Ala Met Ala Val Gly Asn His
 210 215 220
 Glu Phe Asp Phe Gly Tyr Asp Gln Leu Lys Lys Leu Glu Gly Met Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Phe Pro Met Leu Ser Thr Asn Val Tyr Lys Asp Gly Lys Arg Ala
 245 250 255
 Phe Lys Pro Ser Thr Ile Val Thr Lys Asn Gly Ile Arg Tyr Gly Ile
 260 265 270
 Ile Gly Val Thr Thr Pro Glu Thr Lys Thr Lys Thr Arg Pro Glu Gly
 275 280 285
 Ile Lys Gly Val Glu Phe Arg Asp Pro Leu Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Glu
 290 295 300
 Met Met Arg Ile Tyr Lys Asp Val Asp Thr Phe Val Val Ile Ser His
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Gly Ile Asp Pro Ser Thr Gln Glu Thr Trp Arg Gly Asp Tyr Leu
 325 330 335
 Val Lys Gln Leu Ser Gln Asn Pro Gln Leu Lys Lys Arg Ile Thr Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Asp Gly His Ser His Thr Val Leu Gln Asn Gly Gln Ile Tyr Asn
 355 360 365
 Asn Asp Ala Leu Ala Gln Thr Gly Thr Ala Leu Ala Asn Ile Gly Lys
 370 375 380
 Ile Thr Phe Asn Tyr Arg Asn Gly Glu Val Ser Asn Ile Lys Pro Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Ile Asn Val Lys Asp Val Glu Asn Val Thr Pro Asn Lys Ala Leu
 405 410 415
 Ala Glu Gln Ile Asn Gln Ala Asp Gln Thr Phe Arg Ala Gln Thr Ala

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420			425			430		
Glu Val Ile	Ile Pro Asn	Asn Thr Ile	Asp Phe Lys	Gly Glu Arg	Asp			
435		440		445				
Asp Val Arg	Thr Arg Glu	Thr Asn Leu	Gly Asn Ala	Ile Ala Asp	Ala			
450		455		460				
Met Glu Ala	Tyr Gly Val	Lys Asn Phe	Ser Lys Lys	Thr Asp Phe	Ala			
465		470		475				480
Val Thr Asn	Gly Gly Gly	Leu Arg Ala	Ser Ile Ala	Lys Gly Lys	Val			
	485		490		495			
Thr Arg Tyr	Asp Leu Ile	Ser Val Leu	Pro Phe Gly	Asn Thr Ile	Ala			
	500		505		510			
Gln Ile Asp	Val Lys Gly	Ser Asp Val	Trp Thr Ala	Phe Glu His	Ser			
	515		520		525			
Leu Gly Ala	Pro Thr Thr	Gln Lys Asp	Gly Lys Thr	Val Leu Thr	Ala			
	530		535		540			
Asn Gly Gly	Leu Leu His	Ile Ser Asp	Ser Ile Arg	Val Tyr Tyr	Asp			
545		550		555				560
Ile Asn Lys	Pro Ser Gly	Lys Arg Ile	Asn Ala Ile	Gln Ile Leu	Asn			
	565		570		575			
Lys Glu Thr	Gly Lys Phe	Glu Asn Ile	Asp Leu Lys	Arg Val Tyr	His			
	580		585		590			
Val Thr Met	Asn Asp Phe	Thr Ala Ser	Gly Gly Asp	Gly Tyr Ser	Met			
	595		600		605			
Phe Gly Gly	Pro Arg Glu	Glu Gly Ile	Ser Leu Asp	Gln Val Leu	Ala			
	610		615		620			
Ser Tyr Leu	Lys Thr Ala	Asn Leu Ala	Lys Tyr Asp	Thr Thr Glu	Pro			
625		630		635				640
Gln Arg Met	Leu Leu Gly	Lys Pro Ala	Val Ser Glu	Gln Pro Ala	Lys			
	645		650		655			
Gly Gln Gln	Gly Ser Lys	Gly Ser Lys	Ser Gly Lys	Asp Thr Gln	Pro			
	660		665		670			
Ile Gly Asp	Asp Lys Val	Met Asp Pro	Ala Lys Lys	Pro Ala Pro	Gly			
	675		680		685			
Lys Val Val	Leu Leu Leu	Ala His Arg	Gly Thr Val	Ser Ser Gly	Thr			
	690		695		700			
Glu Gly Ser	Gly Arg Thr	Ile Glu Gly	Ala Thr Val	Ser Ser Lys	Ser			
705		710		715				720
Gly Lys Gln	Leu Ala Arg	Met Ser Val	Pro Lys Gly	Ser Ala His	Glu			
	725		730		735			
Lys Gln Leu	Pro Lys Thr	Gly Thr Asn	Gln Ser Ser	Ser Pro Glu	Ala			
	740		745		750			
Met Phe Val	Leu Leu Ala	Gly Ile Gly	Leu Ile Ala	Thr Val Arg	Arg			
	755		760		765			
Arg Lys Ala	Ser							
	770							

<210> SEQ ID NO 36

<211> LENGTH: 190

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 36

Met Lys Leu Lys	Ser Leu Ala	Val Leu Ser	Met Ser Ala	Val Val Leu
1	5	10	15	

-continued

Thr Ala Cys Gly Asn Asp Thr Pro Lys Asp Glu Thr Lys Ser Thr Glu
 20 25 30
 Ser Asn Thr Asn Gln Asp Thr Asn Thr Thr Lys Asp Val Ile Ala Leu
 35 40 45
 Lys Asp Val Lys Thr Ser Pro Glu Asp Ala Val Lys Lys Ala Glu Glu
 50 55 60
 Thr Tyr Lys Gly Gln Lys Leu Lys Gly Ile Ser Phe Glu Asn Ser Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Glu Trp Ala Tyr Lys Val Thr Gln Gln Lys Ser Gly Glu Glu Ser
 85 90 95
 Glu Val Leu Val Ala Asp Lys Asn Lys Lys Val Ile Asn Lys Lys Thr
 100 105 110
 Glu Lys Glu Asp Thr Met Asn Glu Asn Asp Asn Phe Lys Tyr Ser Asp
 115 120 125
 Ala Ile Asp Tyr Lys Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu Gly Gln Lys Glu Phe Asp
 130 135 140
 Gly Asp Ile Lys Glu Trp Ser Leu Glu Lys Asp Asp Gly Lys Leu Val
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Asn Ile Asp Leu Lys Lys Gly Asn Lys Lys Gln Glu Val Thr Val
 165 170 175
 Asp Ala Lys Asn Gly Lys Val Leu Lys Ser Glu Gln Asp His
 180 185 190

<210> SEQ ID NO 37

<211> LENGTH: 502

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 37

Met Arg Glu Asn Phe Lys Leu Arg Lys Met Lys Val Gly Leu Val Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Val Ala Ile Thr Met Leu Tyr Ile Met Thr Asn Gly Gln Ala Glu Ala
 20 25 30
 Ser Glu Asn Gln Asn Ala Leu Ile Ser Asn Ile Asn Val Asp Asn Gln
 35 40 45
 Glu Lys Gln Asn Asn Val Asn Gln Ala Val Gln Pro Gln Asn Asn Thr
 50 55 60
 Asn Glu Thr Ser Lys Val Pro Ala Asn Phe Val Lys Leu Asn Asp Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Pro Gly Asp Thr Ser Ile Gln Gly Thr Thr Leu Pro Asn Gln Phe
 85 90 95
 Ile Leu Leu Thr Ile Asp Lys Lys Asp Val Ser Ser Val Glu Asp Ser
 100 105 110
 Asp Ser Ser Phe Val Met Ser Asp Lys Asp Gly Asn Phe Lys Tyr Asp
 115 120 125
 Leu Asn Gly Arg Lys Ile Val His Asn Gln Glu Ile Glu Val Ser Ser
 130 135 140
 Ser Asp Pro Tyr Leu Gly Asp Asp Glu Glu Asp Glu Glu Val Glu Glu
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Ser Thr Glu Glu Val Gly Ala Glu Glu Glu Ser Thr Glu Ala Lys
 165 170 175
 Ala Thr Tyr Thr Thr Pro Arg Tyr Glu Lys Ala Tyr Glu Ile Pro Lys
 180 185 190
 Glu Gln Leu Lys Glu Lys Asp Gly His His Gln Val Phe Ile Glu Pro
 195 200 205

-continued

Ile Thr Glu Gly Ser Gly Ile Ile Lys Gly His Thr Ser Val Lys Gly
 210 215 220
 Lys Val Ala Leu Ser Ile Asn Asn Lys Phe Ile Asn Phe Glu Thr Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Ala Asn Gly Gly Pro Asn Lys Glu Glu Ala Lys Ser Gly Ser Glu Gly
 245 250 255
 Ile Trp Met Pro Ile Asp Asp Lys Gly Tyr Phe Asn Phe Asp Phe Lys
 260 265 270
 Thr Lys Arg Phe Asp Asp Leu Glu Leu Lys Lys Asn Asp Glu Ile Ser
 275 280 285
 Leu Thr Phe Ala Pro Asp Asp Glu Asp Glu Ala Leu Lys Ser Leu Ile
 290 295 300
 Phe Lys Thr Lys Val Thr Ser Leu Glu Asp Ile Asp Lys Ala Glu Thr
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Tyr Asp His Thr Lys Val Glu Lys Val Lys Val Leu Lys Asp Val
 325 330 335
 Lys Glu Asp Leu His Val Asp Glu Ile Tyr Gly Ser Leu Tyr His Thr
 340 345 350
 Glu Lys Gly Lys Gly Ile Leu Asp Lys Glu Gly Thr Lys Val Ile Lys
 355 360 365
 Gly Lys Thr Lys Phe Ala Asn Ala Val Val Lys Val Asp Ser Glu Leu
 370 375 380
 Gly Glu Gly Gln Glu Phe Pro Asp Leu Gln Val Asp Glu Lys Gly Glu
 385 390 395 400
 Phe Ser Phe Asp Val Asp His Ala Gly Phe Arg Leu Gln Asn Gly Glu
 405 410 415
 Thr Leu Asn Phe Thr Val Val Asp Pro Ile Thr Gly Glu Leu Leu Ser
 420 425 430
 Gly Asn Phe Val Ser Lys Asn Ile Asp Ile Tyr Glu Ser Pro Glu Glu
 435 440 445
 Lys Ala Asp Arg Glu Phe Asp Glu Arg Met Glu Asn Thr Pro Ala Tyr
 450 455 460
 His Lys Leu His Gly Asp Lys Ile Val Gly Tyr Asp Thr Asn Gly Phe
 465 470 475 480
 Pro Ile Thr Trp Phe Tyr Pro Leu Gly Glu Lys Lys Val Glu Arg Lys
 485 490 495
 Ala Pro Lys Leu Glu Lys
 500

<210> SEQ ID NO 38

<211> LENGTH: 342

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 38

Met Lys Lys Thr Val Leu Tyr Leu Val Leu Ala Val Met Phe Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Ala Cys Gly Asn Asn Ser Asp Lys Glu Gln Ser Lys Ser Glu Thr
 20 25 30
 Lys Gly Ser Lys Asp Thr Val Lys Ile Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Met Arg
 35 40 45
 Gly Glu Lys Lys Asp Gly Ser Asp Ala Lys Lys Val Lys Glu Thr Val
 50 55 60
 Glu Val Pro Lys Asn Pro Lys Asn Ala Val Val Leu Asp Tyr Gly Ala

-continued

65	70	75	80
Leu Asp Val Met Lys 85	Glu Met Gly Leu Ser 90	Asp Lys Val Lys Ala Leu 95	
Pro Lys Gly Glu Gly 100	Gly Lys Ser Leu Pro 105	Asn Phe Leu Glu Ser Phe 110	
Lys Asp Asp Lys Tyr 115	Thr Asn Val Gly Asn 120	Leu Lys Glu Val Asn Phe 125	
Asp Lys Leu Ala Ala 130	Thr Lys Pro Glu Val 135	Ile Phe Ile Ser Gly Arg 140	
Thr Ala Asn Gln Lys 145	Asn Leu Asp Glu Phe 150	Lys Lys Ala Ala Pro Lys 155	160
Ala Lys Ile Val Tyr 165	Val Gly Ala Asp Glu 170	Lys Asn Leu Ile Gly Ser 175	
Met Lys Gln Asn Thr 180	Glu Asn Ile Gly Lys 185	Ile Tyr Asp Lys Glu Asp 190	
Lys Ala Lys Glu Leu 195	Asn Lys Asp Leu Asp 200	Asn Lys Ile Ala Ser Met 205	
Lys Asp Lys Thr Lys 210	Asn Phe Asn Lys Thr 215	Val Met Tyr Leu Leu Val 220	
Asn Glu Gly Glu Leu 225	Ser Thr Phe Gly Pro 230	Lys Gly Arg Phe Gly Gly 235	240
Leu Val Tyr Asp Thr 245	Leu Gly Phe Asn Ala 250	Val Asp Lys Lys Val Ser 255	
Asn Ser Asn His Gly 260	Gln Asn Val Ser Asn 265	Glu Tyr Val Asn Lys Glu 270	
Asn Pro Asp Val Ile 275	Leu Ala Met Asp Arg 280	Gly Gln Ala Ile Ser Gly 285	
Lys Ser Thr Ala Lys 290	Gln Ala Leu Asn Asn 295	Pro Val Leu Lys Asn Val 300	
Lys Ala Ile Lys Glu 305	Asp Lys Val Tyr Asn 310	Leu Asp Pro Lys Leu Trp 315	320
Tyr Phe Ala Ala Gly 325	Ser Thr Thr Thr Thr 330	Ile Lys Gln Ile Glu Glu 335	
Leu Asp Lys Val Val 340	Lys		

<210> SEQ ID NO 39

<211> LENGTH: 241

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 39

Met Lys Lys Asn Ile Met 1 5	Asn Lys Leu Val Leu 10	Ser Thr Ala Leu Leu 15
Leu Leu Glu Thr Thr 20	Ser Thr Gln Leu Pro 25	Lys Thr Pro Ile Ser Phe 30
Ser Ser Glu Ala Lys 35	Ala Tyr Asn Ile Ser 40	Glu Asn Glu Thr Asn Ile 45
Asn Glu Leu Ile Lys 50	Tyr Tyr Thr Gln Pro 55	His Phe Ser Leu Ser Gly 60
Lys Trp Leu Trp Gln 65	Lys Pro Asn Gly Ser 70	Ile His Ala Thr Leu Gln 75 80
Thr Trp Val Trp Tyr 85	Ser His Ile Gln Val 90	Phe Gly Ser Glu Ser Trp 95

-continued

Gly Asn Ile Asn Gln Leu Arg Asn Lys Tyr Val Asp Ile Phe Gly Thr
 100 105 110
 Lys Asp Glu Asp Thr Val Glu Gly Tyr Trp Thr Tyr Asp Glu Thr Phe
 115 120 125
 Thr Gly Gly Val Thr Pro Ala Ala Thr Ser Ser Asp Lys Pro Tyr Arg
 130 135 140
 Leu Phe Leu Lys Tyr Ser Asp Lys Gln Gln Thr Ile Ile Gly Gly His
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Phe Tyr Lys Gly Asn Lys Pro Val Leu Thr Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp
 165 170 175
 Phe Arg Ile Arg Gln Thr Leu Ile Lys Asn Lys Lys Leu Tyr Asn Gly
 180 185 190
 Glu Phe Asn Lys Gly Gln Ile Lys Ile Thr Ala Asp Gly Asn Asn Tyr
 195 200 205
 Thr Ile Asp Leu Ser Lys Lys Leu Lys Leu Thr Asp Thr Asn Arg Tyr
 210 215 220
 Val Lys Asn Pro Arg Asn Ala Glu Ile Glu Val Ile Leu Glu Lys Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Asn

<210> SEQ ID NO 40

<211> LENGTH: 302

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 40

Met Lys Lys Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Ile Ile Met Leu Leu Val Leu Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Cys Gly Asn Gln Gly Glu Lys Asn Asn Lys Ala Glu Thr Lys Ser
 20 25 30
 Tyr Lys Met Asp Asp Gly Lys Thr Val Asp Ile Pro Lys Asp Pro Lys
 35 40 45
 Arg Ile Ala Val Val Ala Pro Thr Tyr Ala Gly Gly Leu Lys Lys Leu
 50 55 60
 Gly Ala Asn Ile Val Ala Val Asn Gln Gln Val Asp Gln Ser Lys Val
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Lys Asp Lys Phe Lys Gly Val Thr Lys Ile Gly Asp Gly Asp Val
 85 90 95
 Glu Lys Val Ala Lys Glu Lys Pro Asp Leu Ile Ile Val Tyr Ser Thr
 100 105 110
 Asp Lys Asp Ile Lys Lys Tyr Gln Lys Val Ala Pro Thr Val Val Val
 115 120 125
 Asp Tyr Asn Lys His Lys Tyr Leu Glu Gln Gln Glu Met Leu Gly Lys
 130 135 140
 Ile Val Gly Lys Glu Asp Lys Val Lys Ala Trp Lys Lys Asp Trp Glu
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Thr Thr Ala Lys Asp Gly Lys Glu Ile Lys Lys Ala Ile Gly Gln
 165 170 175
 Asp Ala Thr Val Ser Leu Phe Asp Glu Phe Asp Lys Lys Leu Tyr Thr
 180 185 190
 Tyr Gly Asp Asn Trp Gly Arg Gly Gly Glu Val Leu Tyr Gln Ala Phe
 195 200 205
 Gly Leu Lys Met Gln Pro Glu Gln Gln Lys Leu Thr Ala Lys Ala Gly
 210 215 220

-continued

Trp Ala Glu Val Lys Gln Glu Glu Ile Glu Lys Tyr Ala Gly Asp Tyr
 225 230 235 240

Ile Val Ser Thr Ser Glu Gly Lys Pro Thr Pro Gly Tyr Glu Ser Thr
 245 250 255

Asn Met Trp Lys Asn Leu Lys Ala Thr Lys Glu Gly His Ile Val Lys
 260 265 270

Val Asp Ala Gly Thr Tyr Trp Tyr Asn Asp Pro Tyr Thr Leu Asp Phe
 275 280 285

Met Arg Lys Asp Leu Lys Glu Lys Leu Leu Lys Ala Ala Lys
 290 295 300

<210> SEQ ID NO 41
 <211> LENGTH: 267
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 41

Met Lys Lys Ile Ala Thr Ala Thr Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Phe Ala Thr
 1 5 10 15

Ile Ala Ile Ala Ser Gly Asn Gln Ala His Ala Ser Glu Gln Asp Asn
 20 25 30

Tyr Gly Tyr Asn Pro Asn Asp Pro Thr Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Thr
 35 40 45

Ile Asp Ala Gln Gly Asn Tyr His Tyr Thr Trp Lys Gly Asn Trp His
 50 55 60

Pro Ser Gln Leu Asn Gln Asp Asn Gly Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Tyr
 65 70 75 80

Asn Gly Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Asn Asn Gly Tyr Ser Tyr Asn
 85 90 95

Asn Tyr Ser Arg Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Ser Asn Asn Asn Gln Ser Tyr Asn
 100 105 110

Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Asn Ser Tyr Asn Thr Asn Ser Tyr Arg Thr Gly Gly
 115 120 125

Leu Gly Ala Ser Tyr Ser Thr Ser Ser Asn Asn Val Gln Val Thr Thr
 130 135 140

Thr Met Ala Pro Ser Ser Asn Gly Arg Ser Ile Ser Ser Gly Tyr Thr
 145 150 155 160

Ser Gly Arg Asn Leu Tyr Thr Ser Gly Gln Cys Thr Tyr Tyr Val Phe
 165 170 175

Asp Arg Val Gly Gly Lys Ile Gly Ser Thr Trp Gly Asn Ala Ser Asn
 180 185 190

Trp Ala Asn Ala Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Tyr Thr Val Asn Asn Thr Pro
 195 200 205

Lys Ala Gly Ala Ile Met Gln Thr Thr Gln Gly Ala Tyr Gly His Val
 210 215 220

Ala Tyr Val Glu Ser Val Asn Ser Asn Gly Ser Val Arg Val Ser Glu
 225 230 235 240

Met Asn Tyr Gly Tyr Gly Pro Gly Val Val Thr Ser Arg Thr Ile Ser
 245 250 255

Ala Ser Gln Ala Ala Gly Tyr Asn Phe Ile His
 260 265

<210> SEQ ID NO 42
 <211> LENGTH: 209
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 42

Met Lys Arg Leu Val Thr Gly Leu Leu Ala Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Cys Gly Gln Asp Ser Asp Gln Gln Lys Asp Gly Asn Lys Glu Lys
 20 25 30
 Asp Asp Lys Ala Lys Thr Glu Gln Gln Asp Lys Lys Thr Asn Asp Ser
 35 40 45
 Ser Lys Asp Lys Lys Asp Asn Lys Asp Asp Ser Lys Asp Val Asn Lys
 50 55 60
 Asp Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Ala Asn Asp Asn Gln Gln Gln Ser Asn Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Ala Thr Asn Asn Asp Gln Asn Gln Thr Asn Asn Asn Gln Ser Ser
 85 90 95
 Asn Asn Gln Ala Asn Asn Asn Gln Lys Ser Ser Tyr Val Ala Pro Tyr
 100 105 110
 Tyr Gly Gln Asn Ala Ala Pro Val Ala Arg Gln Ile Tyr Pro Phe Asn
 115 120 125
 Gly Asn Lys Asn Gln Ala Leu Gln Gln Leu Pro Asn Phe Gln Thr Ala
 130 135 140
 Leu Asn Ala Ala Asn Asn Glu Ala Asn Lys Phe Gly Ser Asn Asn Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Val Tyr Asn Asp Tyr Ser Ile Glu Glu His Asn Gly Asn Tyr Lys Tyr
 165 170 175
 Val Phe Ser Phe Lys Asp Pro Asn Ala Asn Gly Lys Tyr Ser Ile Val
 180 185 190
 Thr Val Asp Tyr Thr Gly Gln Ala Met Val Thr Asp Pro Asn Tyr Gln
 195 200 205

Gln

<210> SEQ ID NO 43

<211> LENGTH: 436

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 43

Met Lys Asn Lys Tyr Ile Ser Lys Leu Leu Val Gly Ala Ala Thr Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Thr Leu Ala Thr Met Ile Ser Asn Gly Glu Ala Lys Ala Ser Glu Asn
 20 25 30
 Thr Gln Gln Thr Ser Thr Lys His Gln Thr Thr Gln Asn Asn Tyr Val
 35 40 45
 Thr Asp Gln Gln Lys Ala Phe Tyr Gln Val Leu His Leu Lys Gly Ile
 50 55 60
 Thr Glu Glu Gln Arg Asn Gln Tyr Ile Lys Thr Leu Arg Glu His Pro
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Arg Ala Gln Glu Val Phe Ser Glu Ser Leu Lys Asp Ser Lys Asn
 85 90 95
 Pro Asp Arg Arg Val Ala Gln Gln Asn Ala Phe Tyr Asn Val Leu Lys
 100 105 110
 Asn Asp Asn Leu Thr Glu Gln Glu Lys Asn Asn Tyr Ile Ala Gln Ile
 115 120 125
 Lys Glu Asn Pro Asp Arg Ser Gln Gln Val Trp Val Glu Ser Val Gln
 130 135 140

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Ser Ser Lys Ala Lys Glu Arg Gln Asn Ile Glu Asn Ala Asp Lys Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Ile Lys Asp Phe Gln Asp Asn Lys Ala Pro His Asp Lys Ser Ala Ala
 165 170 175
 Tyr Glu Ala Asn Ser Lys Leu Pro Lys Asp Leu Arg Asp Lys Asn Asn
 180 185 190
 Arg Phe Val Glu Lys Val Ser Ile Glu Lys Ala Ile Val Arg His Asp
 195 200 205
 Glu Arg Val Lys Ser Ala Asn Asp Ala Ile Ser Lys Leu Asn Glu Lys
 210 215 220
 Asp Ser Ile Glu Asn Arg Arg Leu Ala Gln Arg Glu Val Asn Lys Ala
 225 230 235 240
 Pro Met Asp Val Lys Glu His Leu Gln Lys Gln Leu Asp Ala Leu Val
 245 250 255
 Ala Gln Lys Asp Ala Glu Lys Lys Val Ala Pro Lys Val Glu Ala Pro
 260 265 270
 Gln Ile Gln Ser Pro Gln Ile Glu Lys Pro Lys Val Glu Ser Pro Lys
 275 280 285
 Val Glu Val Pro Gln Ile Gln Ser Pro Lys Val Glu Val Pro Gln Ser
 290 295 300
 Lys Leu Leu Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Ser Leu Lys Asp Ser Phe Asn Tyr Gly
 305 310 315 320
 Tyr Lys Tyr Leu Thr Asp Thr Tyr Lys Ser Tyr Lys Glu Lys Tyr Asp
 325 330 335
 Thr Ala Lys Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn Thr Tyr Tyr Lys Tyr Lys Gly Ala Ile
 340 345 350
 Asp Gln Thr Val Leu Thr Val Leu Gly Ser Gly Ser Lys Ser Tyr Ile
 355 360 365
 Gln Pro Leu Lys Val Asp Asp Lys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Ala Lys Ser Tyr
 370 375 380
 Ala Gln Val Arg Asn Tyr Val Thr Glu Ser Ile Asn Thr Gly Lys Val
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Tyr Thr Phe Tyr Gln Asn Pro Thr Leu Val Lys Thr Ala Leu Lys
 405 410 415
 Ala Gln Glu Thr Ala Ser Ser Ile Lys Asn Thr Leu Ser Asn Leu Leu
 420 425 430
 Ser Phe Trp Lys
 435

<210> SEQ ID NO 44

<211> LENGTH: 233

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 44

Met Lys Lys Thr Ile Met Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Val Ala Leu Gly Val
 1 5 10 15
 Thr Gly Tyr Ala Ala Gly Thr Gly His Gln Ala His Ala Ala Glu Val
 20 25 30
 Asn Val Asp Gln Ala His Leu Val Asp Leu Ala His Asn His Gln Asp
 35 40 45
 Gln Leu Asn Ala Ala Pro Ile Lys Asp Gly Ala Tyr Asp Ile His Phe
 50 55 60
 Val Lys Asp Gly Phe Gln Tyr Asn Phe Thr Ser Asn Gly Thr Thr Trp
 65 70 75 80

-continued

Ser Trp Ser Tyr Glu Ala Ala Asn Gly Gln Thr Ala Gly Phe Ser Asn
85 90 95

Val Ala Gly Ala Asp Tyr Thr Thr Ser Tyr Asn Gln Gly Ser Asn Val
100 105 110

Gln Ser Val Ser Tyr Asn Ala Gln Ser Ser Asn Ser Asn Val Glu Ala
115 120 125

Val Ser Ala Pro Thr Tyr His Asn Tyr Ser Thr Ser Thr Thr Ser Ser
130 135 140

Ser Val Arg Leu Ser Asn Gly Asn Thr Ala Gly Ala Thr Gly Ser Ser
145 150 155 160

Ala Ala Gln Leu Met Ala Gln Arg Thr Gly Val Ser Ala Ser Thr Trp
165 170 175

Ala Ala Ile Ile Ala Arg Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Val Asn Ala Tyr Asn
180 185 190

Pro Ser Gly Ala Ser Gly Leu Phe Gln Thr Met Pro Gly Trp Gly Pro
195 200 205

Thr Asn Thr Val Asp Gln Gln Ile Asn Ala Ala Val Lys Ala Tyr Lys
210 215 220

Ala Gln Gly Leu Gly Ala Trp Gly Phe
225 230

<210> SEQ ID NO 45

<211> LENGTH: 256

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 45

Met Met Lys Arg Leu Asn Lys Leu Val Leu Gly Ile Ile Phe Leu Phe
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Ile Ser Ile Thr Ala Gly Cys Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Ala Glu
20 25 30

Val Lys Lys Ser Phe Glu Lys Thr Leu Ser Met Tyr Pro Ile Lys Asn
35 40 45

Leu Glu Asp Leu Tyr Asp Lys Glu Gly Tyr Arg Asp Asp Gln Phe Asp
50 55 60

Lys Asn Asp Lys Gly Thr Trp Ile Ile Asn Ser Glu Met Val Ile Gln
65 70 75 80

Pro Asn Asn Glu Asp Met Val Ala Lys Gly Met Val Leu Tyr Met Asn
85 90 95

Arg Asn Thr Lys Thr Thr Asn Gly Tyr Tyr Tyr Val Asp Val Thr Lys
100 105 110

Asp Glu Asp Glu Gly Lys Pro His Asp Asn Glu Lys Arg Tyr Pro Val
115 120 125

Lys Met Val Asp Asn Lys Ile Ile Pro Thr Lys Glu Ile Lys Asp Glu
130 135 140

Lys Ile Lys Lys Glu Ile Glu Asn Phe Lys Phe Phe Val Gln Tyr Gly
145 150 155 160

Asp Phe Lys Asn Leu Lys Asn Tyr Lys Asp Gly Asp Ile Ser Tyr Asn
165 170 175

Pro Glu Val Pro Ser Tyr Ser Ala Lys Tyr Gln Leu Thr Asn Asp Asp
180 185 190

Tyr Asn Val Lys Gln Leu Arg Lys Arg Tyr Asp Ile Pro Thr Ser Lys
195 200 205

Ala Pro Lys Leu Leu Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly Asn Leu Lys Gly Ser Ser

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Ser Ser Leu Thr Leu Asp Thr Lys Thr Lys Leu Leu Asp Phe Glu Arg
 340 345 350

Pro Glu Arg Ser Thr Glu Pro Glu Lys Glu Pro Trp Ser Gln Pro Pro
 355 360 365

Ser Gly Tyr Lys Trp Tyr Asp Pro Thr Thr Phe Lys Ala Gly Ser Tyr
 370 375 380

Gly Ser Glu Lys Gly Ala Asp Pro Gln Pro Asn Thr Pro Asp Asp His
 385 390 395 400

Thr Pro Pro Asn Gln Asn Glu Lys Val Thr Phe Asp Ile Pro Gln Asn
 405 410 415

Val Ser Val Asn Glu Pro Phe Glu Met Thr Ile His Leu Lys Gly Phe
 420 425 430

Glu Ala Asn Gln Thr Leu Glu Asn Leu Arg Val Gly Ile Tyr Lys Glu
 435 440 445

Gly Gly Arg Gln Ile Gly Gln Phe Ser Ser Lys Asp Asn Asp Tyr Asn
 450 455 460

Pro Pro Gly Tyr Ser Thr Leu Pro Thr Val Lys Ala Asp Glu Asn Gly
 465 470 475 480

Asn Val Thr Ile Lys Val Asn Ala Lys Val Leu Glu Ser Met Glu Gly
 485 490 495

Ser Lys Ile Arg Leu Lys Leu Gly Asp Lys Thr Leu Ile Thr Thr Asp
 500 505 510

Phe Lys

<210> SEQ ID NO 47

<211> LENGTH: 511

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 47

Met Ser Asn Ile Ala Phe Tyr Val Val Ser Asp Val His Gly Tyr Ile
 1 5 10 15

Phe Pro Thr Asp Phe Thr Ser Arg Asn Gln Tyr Gln Pro Met Gly Leu
 20 25 30

Leu Leu Ala Asn His Val Ile Glu Gln Asp Arg Arg Gln Tyr Asp Gln
 35 40 45

Ser Phe Lys Ile Asp Asn Gly Asp Phe Leu Gln Gly Ser Pro Phe Cys
 50 55 60

Asn Tyr Leu Ile Ala His Ser Gly Ser Ser Gln Pro Leu Val Asp Phe
 65 70 75 80

Tyr Asn Arg Met Ala Phe Asp Phe Gly Thr Leu Gly Asn His Glu Phe
 85 90 95

Asn Tyr Gly Leu Pro Tyr Leu Lys Asp Thr Leu Arg Arg Leu Asn Tyr
 100 105 110

Pro Val Leu Cys Ala Asn Ile Tyr Glu Asn Asp Ser Thr Leu Thr Asp
 115 120 125

Asn Gly Val Lys Tyr Phe Gln Val Gly Asp Gln Thr Val Gly Val Ile
 130 135 140

Gly Leu Thr Thr Gln Phe Ile Pro His Trp Glu Gln Pro Glu His Ile
 145 150 155 160

Gln Ser Leu Thr Phe His Ser Ala Phe Glu Ile Leu Gln Gln Tyr Leu
 165 170 175

Pro Glu Met Lys Arg His Ala Asp Ile Ile Val Val Cys Tyr His Gly
 180 185 190

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Gly Phe Glu Lys Asp Leu Glu Ser Gly Thr Pro Thr Glu Val Leu Thr
 195 200 205
 Gly Glu Asn Glu Gly Tyr Ala Met Leu Glu Ala Phe Ser Lys Asp Ile
 210 215 220
 Asp Ile Phe Ile Thr Gly His Gln His Arg Gln Ile Ala Glu Arg Phe
 225 230 235 240
 Lys Gln Thr Ala Val Ile Gln Pro Gly Thr Arg Gly Thr Thr Val Gly
 245 250 255
 Arg Val Val Leu Ser Thr Asp Glu Tyr Glu Asn Leu Ser Val Glu Ser
 260 265 270
 Cys Glu Leu Leu Pro Val Ile Asp Asp Ser Thr Phe Thr Ile Asp Glu
 275 280 285
 Asp Asp Gln His Leu Arg Lys Gln Leu Glu Asp Trp Leu Asp Tyr Glu
 290 295 300
 Ile Thr Thr Leu Pro Tyr Asp Met Thr Ile Asn His Ala Phe Glu Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Arg Val Ala Pro His Pro Phe Thr Asn Phe Met Asn Tyr Ala Leu Leu
 325 330 335
 Glu Lys Ser Asp Ala Asp Val Ala Cys Thr Ala Leu Phe Asp Ser Ala
 340 345 350
 Ser Gly Phe Lys Gln Val Val Thr Met Arg Asp Val Ile Asn Asn Tyr
 355 360 365
 Pro Phe Pro Asn Thr Phe Lys Val Leu Ala Val Ser Gly Ala Lys Leu
 370 375 380
 Lys Glu Ala Ile Glu Arg Ser Ala Glu Tyr Phe Asp Val Lys Asn Asp
 385 390 395 400
 Glu Val Ser Val Ser Ala Asp Phe Leu Glu Pro Lys Pro Gln His Phe
 405 410 415
 Asn Tyr Asp Ile Tyr Gly Gly Val Ser Tyr Thr Ile His Val Gly Arg
 420 425 430
 Pro Lys Gly Gln Arg Val Ser Asn Met Met Ile Gln Gly His Ala Val
 435 440 445
 Asp Leu Lys Gln Thr Tyr Thr Ile Cys Val Asn Asn Tyr Arg Ala Val
 450 455 460
 Gly Gly Gly Gln Tyr Asp Met Tyr Ile Asp Ala Pro Val Val Lys Asp
 465 470 475 480
 Ile Gln Val Glu Gly Ala Gln Leu Leu Ile Asp Phe Leu Ser Asn Asn
 485 490 495
 Asn Leu Met Arg Ile Pro Gln Val Val Asp Phe Lys Val Glu Lys
 500 505 510

<210> SEQ ID NO 48

<211> LENGTH: 324

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 48

Met Lys Arg Leu Ser Ile Ile Val Ile Ile Gly Ile Phe Ile Ile Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Cys Asp Trp Gln Arg Thr Ser Lys Glu Arg Ser Lys Asn Ala Gln
 20 25 30
 Asn Gln Gln Val Ile Lys Ile Gly Tyr Leu Pro Ile Thr His Ser Ala
 35 40 45
 Asn Leu Met Met Thr Lys Lys Leu Leu Ser Gln Tyr Asn His Pro Lys
 50 55 60

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Tyr Lys Leu Glu Leu Val Lys Phe Asn Asn Trp Pro Asp Leu Met Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Leu Asn Ser Gly Arg Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Thr Leu Ile Glu Leu
 85 90 95
 Ala Met Lys Ser Lys Gln Lys Gly Ser Asn Leu Lys Ala Val Ala Leu
 100 105 110
 Gly His His Glu Gly Asn Val Ile Met Gly Gln Lys Gly Met His Leu
 115 120 125
 Asn Glu Phe Asn Asn Asn Gly Asp Asp Tyr His Phe Gly Ile Pro His
 130 135 140
 Arg Tyr Ser Thr His Tyr Leu Leu Leu Glu Glu Leu Arg Lys Gln Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Lys Ile Lys Pro Gly His Phe Ser Tyr His Glu Met Ser Pro Ala Glu
 165 170 175
 Met Pro Ala Ala Leu Ser Glu His Arg Ile Thr Gly Tyr Ser Val Ala
 180 185 190
 Glu Pro Phe Gly Ala Leu Gly Glu Lys Leu Gly Lys Gly Lys Thr Leu
 195 200 205
 Lys His Gly Asp Asp Val Ile Pro Asp Ala Tyr Cys Cys Val Leu Val
 210 215 220
 Leu Arg Gly Glu Leu Leu Asp Gln His Lys Asp Val Ala Gln Ala Phe
 225 230 235 240
 Val Gln Asp Tyr Lys Lys Ser Gly Phe Lys Met Asn Asp Arg Lys Gln
 245 250 255
 Ser Val Asp Ile Met Thr His His Phe Lys Gln Ser Arg Asp Val Leu
 260 265 270
 Thr Gln Ser Ala Ala Trp Thr Ser Tyr Gly Asp Leu Thr Ile Lys Pro
 275 280 285
 Ser Gly Tyr Gln Glu Ile Thr Thr Leu Val Lys Gln His His Leu Phe
 290 295 300
 Asn Pro Pro Ala Tyr Asp Asp Phe Val Glu Pro Ser Leu Tyr Lys Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Ala Ser Arg Ser

<210> SEQ ID NO 49

<211> LENGTH: 591

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 49

Met Lys Lys Ile Ile Ser Ile Ala Ile Ile Val Leu Ala Leu Val Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Gly Cys Gly Val Pro Thr Lys Ser Glu Val Ala Gln Lys Ser Ser
 20 25 30
 Lys Val Glu Val Lys Gly Glu Arg Pro Thr Ile His Phe Leu Gly Gln
 35 40 45
 Ala Ser Tyr Glu Asn Asp Met Asn Ile Val Lys Asp Gln Leu Glu Asn
 50 55 60
 Ala Gly Phe Asn Val Lys Met Asn Ile Gln Pro Asp Tyr Gly Ser Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Thr Gln Arg Gln Ala Gly Asn Tyr Asp Ile Gln Ile Asp Asp Trp
 85 90 95
 Met Thr Val Phe Gly Asp Pro Asn Tyr Ala Met Thr Ala Leu Phe Ser
 100 105 110

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Ser Thr Gly Ser Asn Ser Leu Leu Lys Asp Lys His Val Asp Gln Leu
 115 120 125
 Leu Asn Lys Ala Ser Thr Gln Asn Glu Ala Asp Val Lys Gln Thr Tyr
 130 135 140
 Lys Gln Ile Glu Asp Glu Val Val Phe Asp Lys Gly Tyr Met Ala Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Tyr Gly Ser Lys Lys Asn Leu Val Tyr Asp Asn Lys Val Leu Asp
 165 170 175
 Lys Asn Ser Val Gly Leu Pro Asn Ser Arg Ala Leu Ile Trp Gln Gln
 180 185 190
 Phe Asp Tyr Asn Asn Ser Arg Glu Arg Asp Thr Arg Pro Leu Val Met
 195 200 205
 Thr Gln Gln Asp Gly Glu Ile Pro Thr Leu Asp Pro Ile Arg Ser Ile
 210 215 220
 Ala Pro Ser Val Tyr Ser Ile Asn Met Asn Met Tyr Thr Arg Leu Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Leu Leu Asp Glu Asn Asp His Leu Thr Thr Lys Gly Ser Leu Ser His
 245 250 255
 Asp Tyr Ala Val Asn Lys Asp Asn Lys Ala Phe Tyr Phe Leu Leu Arg
 260 265 270
 Asp Asp Asp Tyr Phe Ala Lys Val Val Asn Gly Gln Ala Arg Asn Thr
 275 280 285
 Gly Glu Arg Val Ser Ala Glu Asp Val Lys Phe Ser Leu Asp Arg Ala
 290 295 300
 Arg Asp Lys Lys Ser Val Pro Asn Asn Asn Thr Tyr Asn Met His Lys
 305 310 315 320
 His Ile Asn Asp Ile Lys Ile Leu Lys Asp Glu Asp Ile Asp Gln Leu
 325 330 335
 Arg Lys Glu Lys Asp Lys Asp Asp Lys Ser Ile Tyr Asp Lys Leu Leu
 340 345 350
 Lys Ala Tyr Asn Val Lys Ser Leu Thr Thr Asp Gly Gln Lys Val Asn
 355 360 365
 Asn Lys Asp Gly Ile Tyr Gln Ile Val Lys Ile Thr Thr Asp Gln Ser
 370 375 380
 Met Pro Arg Glu Val Asn Tyr Leu Thr His Ser Ser Ala Gly Ile Leu
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Lys Lys Phe Val Asn Gln Val Asn Gln Glu Tyr Pro Lys Gly Tyr
 405 410 415
 Gly Asp Ser Ser Thr Ile Pro Ala Asn Ser Asp Gly Lys Asn Ala Leu
 420 425 430
 Tyr Ala Ser Gly Ala Tyr Ile Met Thr Gln Lys Asn Ala Tyr Gln Ala
 435 440 445
 Thr Phe Gln Arg Asn Pro Gly Phe Asn Glu Thr Glu Lys Gly Ser Tyr
 450 455 460
 Gly Pro Ala Lys Ile Lys Asn Ile Thr Leu Lys Phe Asn Gly Asp Pro
 465 470 475 480
 Asn Asn Ala Leu Ser Glu Leu Arg Asn His Ser Ile Asp Met Leu Ala
 485 490 495
 Asp Val Asn Gln Lys His Phe Asp Leu Ile Lys Ser Asp Lys Asn Leu
 500 505 510
 Ser Ile Ile Arg Lys Asn Gly Arg Lys Ser Val Phe Leu Met Leu Asn
 515 520 525

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Ile Lys Lys Gly Ile Phe Lys Thr His Pro Asn Leu Arg Gln Ala Val
   530                               535                               540
Val Asn Ala Ile Asp Gln Asp Gln Phe Ile Lys Phe Tyr Arg Gly Asp
545                               550                               555                               560
Lys Phe Lys Ile Ala Ser Pro Ile Thr Pro Leu Val Asp Thr Gly Asn
                               565                               570                               575
Glu Gln Arg Gln Asp Leu Glu Lys Val Glu Lys Ala Ile Asn Gln
                               580                               585                               590

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<210> SEQ ID NO 50
<211> LENGTH: 668
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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<400> SEQUENCE: 50

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Met Val Ile Asn Leu Asn Asp Lys Gln Thr Lys Thr Ser Lys Glu Gly
 1                               5                               10                               15
Leu Ile Ser Val Ser His Pro Leu Ala Ala Lys Ile Gly Lys Asp Val
 20                               25                               30
Leu Asp Gln Gly Gly Asn Ala Met Asp Ala Val Ile Ala Ile Gln Leu
 35                               40                               45
Ala Leu Asn Val Val Glu Pro Phe Ala Ser Gly Ile Gly Gly Gly Gly
 50                               55                               60
Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Tyr Glu Gln Ser Thr Gly Ser Ile Thr Ala Phe Asp
 65                               70                               75                               80
Ala Arg Glu Thr Ala Pro Glu His Val Asp Lys Gln Phe Tyr Leu Asp
 85                               90                               95
Asp Ser Gly Glu Tyr Lys Ser Phe Phe Asp Met Thr Thr His Gly Lys
100                               105                               110
Thr Val Ala Val Pro Ala Ile Pro Lys Leu Phe Asp Tyr Ile His Lys
115                               120                               125
Arg Tyr Ala Lys Leu Ser Leu Glu Asp Leu Ile Asn Pro Ala Ile Glu
130                               135                               140
Leu Ala Ile Glu Gly His Ala Ala Asn Trp Ala Thr Glu Lys Tyr Ser
145                               150                               155                               160
Arg Gln Gln His Ala Arg Leu Thr Lys Tyr His Glu Thr Ala Gln Val
165                               170                               175
Phe Thr His Glu Asn Gln Tyr Trp Arg Glu Gly Asp Trp Ile Val Gln
180                               185                               190
Pro Glu Leu Gly Lys Thr Phe Gln Ile Leu Arg Glu Gln Gly Phe Asn
195                               200                               205
Ala Phe Tyr Lys Gly Asp Ile Ala Lys Gln Leu Val Asn Val Val Lys
210                               215                               220
Ala Cys Gly Gly Thr Ile Thr Leu Glu Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Asp Ile
225                               230                               235                               240
Gln Leu Lys Ala Pro Ile Ser Ala Thr Phe Lys Asp Tyr Asp Ile Tyr
245                               250                               255
Ser Met Gly Pro Ser Ser Ser Gly Gly Ile Thr Val Ile Gln Ile Leu
260                               265                               270
Lys Leu Leu Glu His Val Asp Leu Pro Ser Met Gly Pro Arg Ser Val
275                               280                               285
Asp Tyr Leu His His Leu Ile Gln Ala Met His Leu Ala Tyr Ser Asp
290                               295                               300
Arg Ala Gln Tyr Leu Ala Asp Asp Asn Phe His Glu Val Pro Val Gln
305                               310                               315                               320

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Ser Leu Ile Asp Asp Asp Tyr Leu Lys Ala Arg Ser Thr Leu Ile Asp
      325                                330                                335

Ser Asn Lys Ala Asn Ile Asp Ile Glu His Gly Val Val Ser Asp Cys
      340                                345                                350

Ile Ser His Thr Asp Val Glu Glu Asn His Thr Glu Thr Thr His Phe
      355                                360                                365

Cys Val Ile Asp Lys Glu Gly Asn Ile Ala Ser Phe Thr Thr Ser Ile
      370                                375                                380

Gly Met Ile Tyr Gly Ser Gly Ile Thr Ile Pro Gly Tyr Gly Val Leu
      385                                390                                395                                400

Leu Asn Thr Thr Met Asp Gly Phe Asp Val Val Asp Gly Gly Ile Asn
      405                                410                                415

Glu Ile Ala Pro Tyr Lys Arg Pro Leu Ser Asn Met Ala Pro Thr Ile
      420                                425                                430

Val Met Tyr His Gly Lys Pro Ile Leu Thr Val Gly Ala Pro Gly Ala
      435                                440                                445

Ile Ser Ile Ile Ala Ser Val Ala Gln Thr Leu Ile Asn Val Leu Val
      450                                455                                460

Phe Gly Met Asp Ile Gln Gln Ala Ile Asp Glu Pro Arg Ile Tyr Ser
      465                                470                                475                                480

Ser His Pro Asn Arg Ile Glu Trp Glu Pro Gln Phe Ser Gln Ser Thr
      485                                490                                495

Ile Leu Ala Leu Ile Ala His Gly His Ala Met Glu His Lys Pro Asp
      500                                505                                510

Ala Tyr Ile Gly Asp Val His Gly Leu Gln Val Asp Pro Thr Thr Tyr
      515                                520                                525

Glu Ala Ser Gly Gly Ser Asp Asp Thr Arg Glu Gly Thr Val Met Gly
      530                                535                                540

Gly Glu Val Leu Val Ile Arg Lys Gln Pro Leu Pro Tyr Arg Gln Met
      545                                550                                555                                560

Tyr Asp Ser Asp Gly Phe Arg Leu Tyr Phe Asn Asp Val Gln Leu Pro
      565                                570                                575

Leu Leu Ala Asp Gln Val Arg Trp Met His Asp Lys Tyr Trp Val Asp
      580                                585                                590

Glu Ser Val Val Arg Ile Ile Phe Pro Glu Val Ser Ala His Ile Glu
      595                                600                                605

Asp Leu Arg Ser Tyr Glu Asn Ala Gly Glu Asn Tyr Ile Asp Ile Ala
      610                                615                                620

Trp Leu Ala Arg Lys Tyr Ala Tyr Gln Val Thr Leu Lys Asp Asp Gly
      625                                630                                635                                640

Leu Tyr Leu Thr Asp Asp Thr Tyr Thr Ser Val Lys Arg Asn Thr Asn
      645                                650                                655

Ala Tyr Tyr Arg Tyr Asp Arg Asp Ser Ile Thr Arg
      660                                665

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<210> SEQ ID NO 51

<211> LENGTH: 322

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 51

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Met Lys Ser Lys Ile Tyr Ile Leu Leu Phe Leu Ile Phe Leu Ser
1          5          10          15

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Ala Cys Ala Asn Thr Arg His Ser Glu Ser Asp Lys Asn Val Leu Thr

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20				25				30							
Val	Tyr	Ser	Pro	Tyr	Gln	Ser	Asn	Leu	Ile	Arg	Pro	Ile	Leu	Asn	Glu
		35					40					45			
Phe	Glu	Lys	Gln	Glu	His	Val	Lys	Ile	Glu	Ile	Lys	His	Gly	Ser	Thr
	50					55					60				
Gln	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asn	Leu	His	Asn	Glu	Asp	Phe	Ser	Glu	Arg	Gly
65					70					75					80
Asp	Val	Phe	Met	Gly	Gly	Val	Leu	Ser	Glu	Thr	Ile	Asp	His	Pro	Glu
			85						90					95	
Asp	Phe	Val	Pro	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Thr	Ser	Val	Thr	Gln	Gln	Leu	Glu	Asp
		100						105					110		
Tyr	Arg	Ser	Asn	Asn	Lys	Tyr	Val	Thr	Ser	Phe	Leu	Leu	Met	Pro	Thr
		115					120					125			
Val	Ile	Val	Val	Asn	Ser	Asp	Leu	Gln	Gly	Asp	Ile	Lys	Ile	Arg	Gly
	130					135					140				
Tyr	Gln	Asp	Leu	Leu	Gln	Pro	Ile	Leu	Lys	Gly	Lys	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Ser
145					150					155					160
Asn	Pro	Asn	Thr	Thr	Thr	Gly	Tyr	Gln	His	Met	Arg	Ala	Ile	Tyr	
			165					170						175	
Ser	Met	His	His	Arg	Val	Ser	Asp	Val	His	Gln	Phe	Gln	Asn	His	Ala
			180				185						190		
Met	Gln	Leu	Ser	Lys	Thr	Ser	Lys	Val	Ile	Glu	Asp	Val	Ala	Lys	Gly
	195						200					205			
Lys	Tyr	Tyr	Ala	Gly	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Asp	Ala	Arg	Thr	Trp	Lys
	210					215					220				
Asn	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Val	Ser	Ile	Val	Tyr	Pro	Ile	Glu	Gly	Thr	Met
225					230					235					240
Leu	Asn	Val	Asp	Gly	Ile	Ala	Leu	Val	Lys	Asn	Ala	His	Pro	His	Pro
			245						250					255	
Lys	Arg	Lys	Lys	Leu	Val	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Ser	Arg	Ser	Val	Gln	Gln
		260						265					270		
Arg	Leu	Val	Ala	Glu	Phe	Asp	Ala	Lys	Ser	Ile	Arg	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser
	275					280						285			
Glu	Gln	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ser	Ile	Glu	Asn	Leu	Lys	Asn	Ile	Pro	Leu	Ile
	290					295					300				
Pro	Lys	Ser	Lys	Leu	Pro	Asp	Ile	Pro	His	His	Lys	Phe	Leu	Glu	Met
305					310					315				320	

Ile Gln

<210> SEQ ID NO 52

<211> LENGTH: 470

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 52

Met	His	Ser	Ser	Gly	Lys	Asp	Leu	Asn	Ile	Ser	Leu	Pro	Leu	Lys	Thr
1				5					10					15	
Lys	Ser	Ile	Ala	Pro	Tyr	Glu	Thr	Asp	Val	Pro	Val	Lys	Ile	Gly	Ala
			20					25					30		
Ala	Glu	Ser	Leu	Phe	Lys	Thr	Asn	Asp	Gln	Gly	Lys	Ile	Glu	Lys	Ala
	35						40					45			
Leu	Val	Lys	Ser	Tyr	His	Gln	Pro	Asn	Asp	Thr	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ile	Glu
	50					55					60				
Leu	Lys	Asp	Asn	Ile	Lys	Phe	Gln	Asn	Gly	Gln	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ala	Glu

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65	70	75	80
Lys Val Lys Ser Ser 85	Leu Glu Asn Ser 90	Met Lys Lys Ser Asp 95	Leu Val 95
Lys Tyr Ser Leu Pro Ile Ser Ser 100	Ile Ser Ser Ile Thr Ala Lys Gly Gln Lys Leu 105		110
Thr Ile Lys Thr Asn Ser Ala Tyr Pro Glu Leu Val Ser Glu Leu Ala 115		120	125
Asn Pro Phe Met Ala Ile Tyr Asp Thr Asp Ala Lys Ser Asp Val Asn 130	135	140	
Gln Thr Pro Val Gly Thr Gly Pro Tyr Gln Ile Lys Asp Tyr Lys Gln 145	150	155	160
Ser Arg Lys Ile Ser Leu Ser Asn Phe Lys Asp Tyr Trp Gln Gly Lys 165	170	175	
Pro Lys Leu Asp His Ile Thr Val Thr Tyr Gln Glu Asp Gly Asn Asn 180	185	190	
Arg Val Arg Asn Leu Glu Ser Gln Lys Asp Asp Leu Ile Thr Asp Val 195	200	205	
Pro Val Asn Lys Val Gln Asp Ile Glu Asn Asn Gln Asn Leu Lys Val 210	215	220	
Ser Lys Glu Ser Gly Phe Arg Thr Ser Leu Leu Met Tyr Asn His Thr 225	230	235	240
Asn Lys Lys Met Thr Lys Ser Val Arg Glu Ala Leu Asp His Ile Ile 245	250	255	
Asp Arg Gln Gly Ile Ala Asp His Ile Tyr Gln Gly Tyr Ala Lys Pro 260	265	270	
Ala Thr Ser Pro Phe Asn Asp Lys Ile Pro Tyr Ile Lys Glu Pro Lys 275	280	285	
Leu Thr Lys Gln Asn Ile Glu Gln Ala Lys Met Leu Leu Ala Lys Asp 290	295	300	
Gly Tyr Thr Lys Glu His Pro Leu Lys Ile Lys Leu Ile Thr Tyr Asp 305	310	315	320
Gly Arg Pro Glu Leu Ser Lys Ile Ala Gln Val Leu Gln Ser Asp Ala 325	330	335	
Lys Lys Ala Asn Ile Glu Ile Asp Ile Lys Ser Val Asp Asp Ile Glu 340	345	350	
Gly Tyr Leu Lys Asp Arg Ser Ala Trp Asp Ala Thr Met Tyr Ser Phe 355	360	365	
Gly Thr Ile Pro Arg Gly Asp Thr Gly Tyr Phe Phe Asn Gln Ala Tyr 370	375	380	
Lys Lys Asp Gly Ala Ile Asn Lys Gly Asp Tyr Asn Asn Ser Asn Val 385	390	395	400
Asp Asp Leu Ile Asn Gln Leu Asn His Thr Val Asp Val Lys Glu Arg 405	410	415	
His Asn Ile Ser Asn Asp Ile Ile Lys Leu Ser Ser Arg Asp Val Pro 420	425	430	
Asn Ser Tyr Ile Ala Tyr Asn Asp Gln Ile Val Ala Ala Asn Ser Lys 435	440	445	
Val Lys Asn Tyr Lys Val Thr Pro Glu Gly Ile Tyr Leu Ile Asp Tyr 450	455	460	
Arg Thr Thr Ile Glu Arg 465	470		

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<211> LENGTH: 316
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 53

Met Lys Lys Leu Thr Ala Ala Ala Ile Ala Thr Met Gly Phe Ala Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Phe Thr Met Ala His Gln Ala Asp Ala Ala Glu Thr Thr Asn Thr Gln
 20 25 30
 Gln Ala His Thr Gln Met Ser Thr Gln Ser Gln Asp Val Ser Tyr Gly
 35 40 45
 Thr Tyr Tyr Thr Ile Asp Ser Asn Gly Asp Tyr His His Thr Pro Asp
 50 55 60
 Gly Asn Trp Asn Gln Ala Met Phe Asp Asn Lys Glu Tyr Ser Tyr Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Phe Val Asp Ala Gln Gly His Thr His Tyr Phe Tyr Asn Cys Tyr Pro
 85 90 95
 Lys Asn Ala Asn Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Gln Thr Tyr Val Asn Pro Ala
 100 105 110
 Thr Ala Gly Asp Asn Asn Asp Tyr Thr Ala Ser Gln Ser Gln Gln His
 115 120 125
 Ile Asn Gln Tyr Gly Tyr Gln Ser Asn Val Gly Pro Asp Ala Ser Tyr
 130 135 140
 Tyr Ser His Ser Asn Asn Asn Gln Ala Tyr Asn Ser His Asp Gly Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Gly Lys Val Asn Tyr Pro Asn Gly Thr Ser Asn Gln Asn Gly Gly Ser
 165 170 175
 Ala Ser Lys Ala Thr Ala Ser Gly His Ala Lys Asp Ala Ser Trp Leu
 180 185 190
 Thr Ser Arg Lys Gln Leu Gln Pro Tyr Gly Gln Tyr His Gly Gly Gly
 195 200 205
 Ala His Tyr Gly Val Asp Tyr Ala Met Pro Glu Asn Ser Pro Val Tyr
 210 215 220
 Ser Leu Thr Asp Gly Thr Val Val Gln Ala Gly Trp Ser Asn Tyr Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Gly Gly Asn Gln Val Thr Ile Lys Glu Ala Asn Ser Asn Asn Tyr Gln
 245 250 255
 Trp Tyr Met His Asn Asn Arg Leu Thr Val Ser Ala Gly Asp Lys Val
 260 265 270
 Lys Ala Gly Asp Gln Ile Ala Tyr Ser Gly Ser Thr Gly Asn Ser Thr
 275 280 285
 Ala Pro His Val His Phe Gln Arg Met Ser Gly Gly Ile Gly Asn Gln
 290 295 300
 Tyr Ala Val Asp Pro Thr Ser Tyr Leu Gln Ser Arg
 305 310 315

<210> SEQ ID NO 54
 <211> LENGTH: 507
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 54

Met Ser Lys Lys Leu Lys Ile Ile Ile Pro Ile Ile Ile Val Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Ile Gly Gly Ile Ala Trp Gly Val Tyr Ala Phe Phe Ala Asn Thr
 20 25 30

-continued

Pro Lys Asn Thr Tyr Leu Lys Ser Glu Gln Gln Thr Ala Lys Met Tyr
 35 40 45
 Lys Asp Tyr Phe Asn Asp Arg Phe Glu Asn Glu Val Lys Phe Gln Glu
 50 55 60
 Lys Met Lys Asp Asn Ser Phe Leu Ser Ser Leu Glu Leu Ser Ala Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Ser Asp Glu Ile Val Lys Gly Leu Gly Ile Pro Lys Ser Val Val
 85 90 95
 Asn Ala Ser Lys Ile Lys Met Ser Tyr Gly His Asp Pro Lys Lys Glu
 100 105 110
 Lys Ser Met Ile Asn Leu Glu Pro Thr Ile Ala Asp Ser Ala Leu Gly
 115 120 125
 Lys Phe Gln Leu Ala Ala Asp Lys Asp Lys His Tyr Phe Glu Ser Pro
 130 135 140
 Leu Phe Lys Gly Lys Tyr Ser Val Asn Asn Ser Asp Leu Leu Ser Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Gly Glu Asp Glu Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Asn Gly
 165 170 175
 Ile Thr Asn Gln Gln Leu Asn Leu Asn Thr Leu Phe Asn Asn Ala Gln
 180 185 190
 Ala Gln Gln Ser Asp Tyr Ser Lys Ile Ala Glu Lys Tyr Ser Glu Leu
 195 200 205
 Ile Val Asp Lys Leu Asp Asp Asp Asn Phe Asp Lys Gly Lys Lys Glu
 210 215 220
 Glu Ile Lys Val Asn Gly Glu Lys Tyr Lys Val Arg Pro Val Thr Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Leu Ser Arg Ala Asp Thr Lys Lys Ile Thr Leu Ala Val Leu Glu
 245 250 255
 Glu Ala Lys Lys Asp Lys Asp Leu Lys Lys Leu Met Glu Glu Gln Gly
 260 265 270
 Ala Thr Lys Asp Phe Glu Lys Asp Ile Lys Lys Ala Ile Asp Asp Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Glu Thr Lys Lys Asp Glu Phe Ala Lys Ile Gln Ser Lys Ile Tyr
 290 295 300
 Thr Glu Lys His Thr Ile Val Lys Arg Glu Ile Thr Ile Thr Asp Lys
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Asn Asn Lys Thr Lys Ile Lys Gly Thr Asn Thr Leu Glu Asp Asp
 325 330 335
 Lys Leu Lys Leu Asp Tyr Ala Leu Asp Phe Asp Gln Asp Lys Tyr Thr
 340 345 350
 Tyr Ala Glu Ala Lys Tyr Thr Ile Lys Gly Val Ser Ser Lys Glu Lys
 355 360 365
 Asp Asn Lys Tyr Asn Asp Lys Tyr Glu Phe Gly Lys Lys Thr Glu Tyr
 370 375 380
 Asp Glu Ser Lys Ile Lys Leu Asp Asn Gln Glu Lys Val Asp Gly Thr
 385 390 395 400
 Lys Arg Gln Asp Lys Gly Lys Ile Thr Val Ala Leu Asp Lys Tyr Ser
 405 410 415
 Asp Glu Asn Glu Phe Thr Phe Glu Asn Asn Ile Asp Ser Asp Val Lys
 420 425 430
 Asn Asn Thr Gln Lys Ser Thr Leu Asn Ile Gly Ile Lys Tyr Ala Glu
 435 440 445

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Glu Pro Ile Asn Phe Ile Leu Lys Ser Ser Thr Lys Leu Lys Ala Asp
 450 455 460

Ile Asp Phe Asp Asp Ser Gly Ala Lys Asp Phe Asn Ser Leu Ser Ser
 465 470 475 480

Lys Asp Arg Glu Lys Leu Glu Lys Glu Ile Glu Lys Asn Gly Gly Lys
 485 490 495

Met Phe Glu Ser Ile Leu Lys Lys Ala Ser Lys
 500 505

<210> SEQ ID NO 55
 <211> LENGTH: 297
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 55

Met Lys Lys Thr Ile Leu Leu Thr Met Thr Thr Leu Thr Leu Phe Ser
 1 5 10 15

Met Ser Pro Asn Ser Ala Gln Ala Tyr Thr Asn Asp Ser Lys Thr Leu
 20 25 30

Glu Glu Ala Lys Lys Ala His Pro Asn Ala Gln Phe Lys Val Asn Lys
 35 40 45

Asp Thr Gly Ala Tyr Thr Tyr Thr Tyr Asp Lys Asn Asn Thr Pro Asn
 50 55 60

Asn Asn His Gln Asn Gln Ser Arg Thr Asn Asp Asn His Gln His Ala
 65 70 75 80

Asn Gln Arg Asp Leu Asn Asn Asn Gln Tyr His Ser Ser Leu Ser Gly
 85 90 95

Gln Tyr Thr His Ile Asn Asp Ala Ile Asp Ser His Thr Pro Pro Gln
 100 105 110

Thr Ser Pro Ser Asn Pro Leu Thr Pro Ala Ile Pro Asn Val Glu Asp
 115 120 125

Asn Asp Asp Glu Leu Asn Asn Ala Phe Ser Lys Asp Asn Lys Gly Leu
 130 135 140

Ile Thr Gly Ile Asp Leu Asp Glu Leu Tyr Asp Glu Leu Gln Ile Ala
 145 150 155 160

Glu Phe Asn Asp Lys Ala Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Lys Pro Leu Ala Leu
 165 170 175

Gly Asn Gly Lys Ile Ile Asp Gln Pro Leu Ile Thr Ser Lys Asn Asn
 180 185 190

Leu Tyr Thr Ala Gly Gln Cys Thr Trp Tyr Val Phe Asp Lys Arg Ala
 195 200 205

Lys Asp Gly His Thr Ile Ser Thr Phe Trp Gly Asp Ala Lys Asn Trp
 210 215 220

Ala Gly Gln Ala Ser Ser Asn Gly Phe Lys Val Asp Arg His Pro Thr
 225 230 235 240

Arg Gly Ser Ile Leu Gln Thr Val Asn Gly Pro Phe Gly His Val Ala
 245 250 255

Tyr Val Glu Lys Val Asn Ile Asp Gly Ser Ile Leu Ile Ser Glu Met
 260 265 270

Asn Trp Ile Gly Glu Tyr Ile Val Ser Ser Arg Thr Ile Ser Ala Ser
 275 280 285

Glu Val Ser Ser Tyr Asn Tyr Ile His
 290 295

<210> SEQ ID NO 56

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<211> LENGTH: 124
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 56

Met Lys Arg Ile Leu Val Val Phe Leu Met Leu Ala Ile Ile Leu Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Cys Ser Asn Lys Gly Glu Lys Tyr Gln Lys Asp Ile Asp Lys Val
 20 25 30
 Tyr Lys Glu Gln Asn Gln Met Asn Lys Ile Ala Ser Lys Val Gln Asn
 35 40 45
 Thr Ile Lys Thr Asp Ile Lys Gln Glu Asp Ser Asn Thr His Val Tyr
 50 55 60
 Lys Asp Gly Lys Val Ile Val Ile Gly Ile Gln Leu Tyr Lys Asp Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Lys Met Tyr Tyr Phe Ala Tyr Glu Ile Lys Asp Gly Lys Ala Glu
 85 90 95
 Ile Asn Arg Glu Ile Asp Pro Ile Lys Tyr Met Lys Asp His Lys Ala
 100 105 110
 Asp Tyr Glu Asp Glu Asn Val Glu Val Glu Lys Asp
 115 120

<210> SEQ ID NO 57
 <211> LENGTH: 296
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 57

Met Asn Lys Ile Ser Lys Tyr Ile Ala Ile Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Val Thr Val Ser Ala Pro Gln Thr Thr Asn Ser Thr Ala Phe Ala Lys
 20 25 30
 Ser Ser Ala Glu Val Gln Gln Thr Gln Gln Ala Ser Ile Pro Ala Ser
 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Ala Asn Leu Gly Asn Gln Asn Leu Met Ala Val Ala Trp Tyr
 50 55 60
 Gln Asn Ser Ala Glu Ala Lys Ala Leu Tyr Leu Gln Gly Tyr Asn Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Lys Thr Gln Leu Asp Lys Glu Ile Lys Lys Asn Lys Gly Lys His
 85 90 95
 Lys Leu Ala Ile Ala Leu Asp Leu Asp Glu Thr Val Leu Asp Asn Ser
 100 105 110
 Pro Tyr Gln Gly Tyr Ala Ser Ile His Asn Lys Pro Phe Pro Glu Gly
 115 120 125
 Trp His Glu Trp Val Gln Ala Ala Lys Ala Lys Pro Val Tyr Gly Ala
 130 135 140
 Lys Glu Phe Leu Lys Tyr Ala Asp Lys Lys Gly Val Asp Ile Tyr Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Ile Ser Asp Arg Asp Lys Glu Lys Asp Leu Lys Ala Thr Gln Lys Asn
 165 170 175
 Leu Lys Gln Gln Gly Ile Pro Gln Ala Lys Lys Ser His Ile Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Lys Gly Lys Asp Asp Lys Ser Lys Glu Ser Arg Arg Gln Met Val Gln
 195 200 205
 Lys Asp His Lys Leu Val Met Leu Phe Gly Asp Asn Leu Leu Asp Phe
 210 215 220

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Thr Asp Pro Lys Glu Ala Thr Ala Glu Ser Arg Glu Ala Leu Ile Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Lys His Lys Asp Asp Phe Gly Lys Lys Tyr Ile Ile Phe Pro Asn Pro
 245 250 255
 Met Tyr Gly Ser Trp Glu Ala Thr Ile Tyr Asn Asn Asn Tyr Lys Ala
 260 265 270
 Ser Asp Lys Ala Lys Asp Lys Leu Arg Lys Asn Ala Ile Lys Gln Phe
 275 280 285
 Asp Pro Lys Thr Gly Glu Val Lys
 290 295

<210> SEQ ID NO 58
 <211> LENGTH: 690
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 58

Met Leu Arg Gly Gln Glu Glu Arg Lys Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Tyr Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Gly Val Val Ser Val Leu Ala Ala Thr Met Phe Val Val Ser Ser
 20 25 30
 His Glu Ala Gln Ala Ser Glu Lys Thr Ser Thr Asn Ala Ala Ala Gln
 35 40 45
 Lys Glu Thr Leu Asn Gln Pro Gly Glu Gln Gly Asn Ala Ile Thr Ser
 50 55 60
 His Gln Met Gln Ser Gly Lys Gln Leu Asp Asp Met His Lys Glu Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Lys Ser Gly Thr Val Thr Glu Gly Lys Asp Thr Leu Gln Ser Ser
 85 90 95
 Lys His Gln Ser Thr Gln Asn Ser Lys Thr Ile Arg Thr Gln Asn Asp
 100 105 110
 Asn Gln Val Lys Gln Asp Ser Glu Arg Gln Gly Ser Lys Gln Ser His
 115 120 125
 Gln Asn Asn Ala Thr Asn Asn Thr Glu Arg Gln Asn Asp Gln Val Gln
 130 135 140
 Asn Thr His His Ala Glu Arg Asn Gly Ser Gln Ser Thr Thr Ser Gln
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Asn Asp Val Asp Lys Ser Gln Pro Ser Ile Pro Ala Gln Lys Val
 165 170 175
 Ile Pro Asn His Asp Lys Ala Ala Pro Thr Ser Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser
 180 185 190
 Asn Asp Lys Thr Ala Pro Lys Ser Thr Lys Ala Gln Asp Ala Thr Thr
 195 200 205
 Asp Lys His Pro Asn Gln Gln Asp Thr His Gln Pro Ala His Gln Ile
 210 215 220
 Ile Asp Ala Lys Gln Asp Asp Thr Val Arg Gln Ser Glu Gln Lys Pro
 225 230 235 240
 Gln Val Gly Asp Leu Ser Lys His Ile Asp Gly Gln Asn Ser Pro Glu
 245 250 255
 Lys Pro Thr Asp Lys Asn Thr Asp Asn Lys Gln Leu Ile Lys Asp Ala
 260 265 270
 Leu Gln Ala Pro Lys Thr Arg Ser Thr Thr Asn Ala Ala Ala Asp Ala
 275 280 285
 Lys Lys Val Arg Pro Leu Lys Ala Asn Gln Val Gln Pro Leu Asn Lys

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290			295			300		
Tyr 305	Pro Val	Val Phe	Val His	Gly Phe	Leu Gly	Leu Val	Gly Asp	Asn 320
Ala 325	Pro Ala	Leu Tyr	Pro Asn	Tyr Trp	Gly Gly	Asn Lys	Phe Lys	Val 335
Ile 340	Glu Glu	Leu Arg	Lys Gln	Gly Tyr	Asn Val	His Gln	Ala Ser	Val 350
Ser 355	Ala Phe	Gly Ser	Asn Tyr	Asp Arg	Ala Val	Glu Leu	Tyr Tyr	Tyr 365
Ile 370	Lys Gly	Gly Arg	Val Asp	Tyr Tyr	Gly Ala	Ala His	Ala Lys	Tyr 380
Gly 385	His Glu	Arg Tyr	Gly Lys	Thr Tyr	Lys Gly	Ile Met	Pro Asn	Trp 400
Glu 405	Pro Gly	Lys Lys	Val His	Leu Val	Gly His	Ser Met	Gly Gly	Gln 415
Thr 420	Ile Arg	Leu Met	Glu Glu	Phe Leu	Arg Asn	Gly Asn	Lys Glu	Glu 430
Ile 435	Ala Tyr	His Lys	Ala His	Gly Gly	Glu Ile	Ser Pro	Leu Phe	Thr 445
Gly 450	Gly His	Asn Asn	Met Val	Ala Ser	Ile Thr	Thr Leu	Ala Thr	Pro 460
His 465	Asn Gly	Ser Gln	Ala Ala	Asp Lys	Phe Gly	Asn Thr	Glu Ala	Val 480
Arg 485	Lys Ile	Met Phe	Ala Leu	Asn Arg	Phe Met	Gly Asn	Lys Tyr	Ser 495
Asn 500	Ile Asp	Leu Gly	Leu Thr	Gln Trp	Gly Phe	Lys Gln	Leu Pro	Asn 510
Glu 515	Ser Tyr	Ile Asp	Tyr Ile	Lys Lys	Arg Val	Ser Ser	Lys Ile	Trp 525
Thr 530	Ser Asp	Asp Asn	Ala Ala	Tyr Asp	Leu Thr	Leu Asp	Gly Ser	Ala 540
Lys 545	Leu Asn	Asn Met	Thr Ser	Met Asn	Pro Asn	Ile Thr	Tyr Thr	Thr 560
Tyr 565	Thr Gly	Val Ser	Ser His	Thr Gly	Pro Leu	Gly Tyr	Glu Asn	Pro 575
Asp 580	Leu Gly	Thr Phe	Phe Leu	Met Ala	Thr Thr	Ser Arg	Ile Ile	Gly 590
His 595	Asp Ala	Arg Glu	Glu Glu	Trp Arg	Lys Asn	Asp Gly	Val Val	Pro 605
Ile 610	Ser Ser	Leu His	Pro Ser	Asn Gln	Pro Phe	Val Asn	Val Thr	Asn 620
Asp 625	Glu Pro	Ala Thr	Arg Arg	Gly Ile	Trp Gln	Val Lys	Pro Ile	Ile 640
Gln 645	Gly Trp	Asp His	Val Asp	Phe Ile	Gly Val	Asp Phe	Leu Asp	Phe 655
Lys 660	Arg Lys	Gly Ala	Glu Leu	Ala Asn	Phe Tyr	Thr Thr	Gly Ile	Ile 670
Asp 675	Leu Leu	Arg Val	Glu Ala	Thr Glu	Ser Lys	Gly Thr	Gln Leu	Lys 685
Ala 690	Ser							

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<211> LENGTH: 208
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 59

Met Lys Lys Arg Leu Leu Leu Ser Thr Phe Leu Ala Ser Thr Leu Ile
 1           5           10          15
Leu Thr Gly Cys Ala Ser Asp Gln Ser Asp Asn Glu Asp His His Thr
          20           25           30
Ser Thr Gly Ile His Ala Pro Lys Ser Ala Lys Lys Leu Glu Thr Lys
          35           40           45
Asp Ile Phe Asn Ser Asp Lys Lys Asn Ser Asp Ile Ser Asp Ala Glu
          50           55           60
Met Lys Gln Ala Ile Glu Lys Tyr Leu Ser Val Asn Ser Asp Ile Leu
65           70           75           80
Asp Asn Lys Tyr Ile Met Gln His Lys Leu Asp Lys Gln Ile Asp Ser
          85           90           95
Gln Thr Lys Val Thr Glu Lys Gln Ala Glu Thr Leu Ser His Leu Ser
          100          105          110
Asn Leu Ala Val Lys Asn Asp Leu His Phe Lys Lys Phe Val Thr Glu
115          120          125
Asn Asn Ile Pro Lys Glu Tyr Lys Lys Pro Val Glu Leu Met Met Asn
130          135          140
Tyr Phe Lys Ala Leu Asn Ser Thr Ile Ala Asn Val Asp Glu Asp Ile
145          150          155          160
Glu Lys Leu Ser Tyr Gln Pro Gln Asn Lys Ile Asn Val Val Asp Val
165          170          175
Pro Thr Lys Tyr Ala Gly Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Gln Gln Asp Lys Ile
180          185          190
Lys Asp Phe Leu Lys Ser Lys Gly Ile Lys Ser Asp Val Ile Asp Lys
195          200          205

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<210> SEQ ID NO 60
<211> LENGTH: 261
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 60

Met Lys Ser Ile Lys Arg Ile Gly Leu Cys Ile Ser Leu Leu Ile Leu
 1           5           10          15
Ile Ile Phe Val Thr Ser Cys Asp Gly Asp Asn Lys Ile Ile Gly Asp
          20           25           30
Ser Lys Glu Glu Gln Ile Lys Lys Ser Phe Ala Lys Thr Leu Asp Ile
          35           40           45
Tyr Pro Ile Lys Asn Leu Glu Asp Leu Tyr Asp Lys Glu Gly Tyr Arg
          50           55           60
Asp Gly Glu Phe Lys Lys Asp Asp Lys Gly Thr Trp Leu Ile Arg Ser
          65           70           75           80
Glu Met Lys Ile Gln Leu Lys Gly Glu Asn Leu Glu Ser Arg Gly Ala
          85           90           95
Val Leu Glu Ile Asn Arg Asn Thr Arg Thr Ala Lys Gly His Tyr Ile
100          105          110
Val Arg Glu Val Val Glu Asp Ser Asp Gly Met Thr His Asn His Thr
115          120          125
Lys Arg Tyr Pro Val Lys Met Glu Asn Asn Lys Met Ile Pro Leu Lys
130          135          140

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Pro Ile Asp Asp Glu Lys Val Lys Lys Glu Ile Glu Glu Phe Asn Phe
 145 150 155 160
 Phe Val Gln Tyr Gly Asn Phe Lys Glu Leu Glu Asn Tyr Lys Glu Asp
 165 170 175
 Glu Val Ser Tyr Asn Pro Glu Val Pro Ile Tyr Ser Ala Lys Tyr Gln
 180 185 190
 Leu Lys Asn Ser Asp Tyr Asn Val Glu Gln Leu Arg Lys Arg Tyr Asn
 195 200 205
 Ile Pro Thr Gln Lys Ala Pro Lys Leu Leu Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly Asn
 210 215 220
 Leu Lys Gly Ser Ser Val Gly Tyr Lys Asn Ile Glu Phe Thr Phe Ile
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Asn Lys Glu Glu Asn Ile Tyr Phe Thr Asp Ser Ile Tyr Phe Asn
 245 250 255
 Pro Ser Glu Asp Lys
 260

<210> SEQ ID NO 61
 <211> LENGTH: 347
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 61

Met Asn Lys Asp Asn Lys Trp Thr Met Ile Thr Ala Leu Phe Ile Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Val Ile Ser Val Leu Leu Ala Phe His Leu Lys Gln His Tyr Asp Gln
 20 25 30
 Ile Thr Asn Glu Asn His Ala Asn Lys Asp Lys Ile Asn Ile Lys Asn
 35 40 45
 Lys Asn Val Arg Ile Tyr Gln Asn Leu Thr Tyr Asn Arg Val Phe Pro
 50 55 60
 Asn Ser Lys Leu Asp Ile Ile Thr Pro Val Asp Met Ser Ser Asn Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Leu Pro Val Ile Phe Trp Met His Gly Gly Gly Tyr Ile Ala Gly
 85 90 95
 Asp Lys Gln Tyr Lys Asn Pro Leu Leu Ala Lys Ile Ala Glu Gln Gly
 100 105 110
 Tyr Ile Val Val Asn Val Asn Tyr Ala Leu Ala Pro Gln Tyr Lys Tyr
 115 120 125
 Pro Thr Pro Leu Ile Gln Met Asn Gln Ala Thr Gln Phe Ile Lys Glu
 130 135 140
 Asn Lys Met Asn Leu Pro Ile Asp Phe Asn Gln Val Ile Ile Gly Gly
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Ser Ala Gly Ala Gln Leu Ala Ser Gln Phe Thr Ala Ile Gln Thr
 165 170 175
 Asn Asp Arg Leu Arg Glu Ala Met Lys Phe Asp Gln Ser Phe Lys Pro
 180 185 190
 Ser Gln Ile Lys Gly Ala Ile Leu Phe Gly Gly Phe Tyr Asn Met Gln
 195 200 205
 Thr Val Arg Glu Thr Glu Phe Pro Arg Ile Gln Leu Phe Met Lys Ser
 210 215 220
 Tyr Thr Gly Glu Glu Asp Trp Glu Lys Ser Phe Lys Asn Ile Ser Gln
 225 230 235 240
 Met Ser Thr Val Lys Gln Ser Thr Lys Asn Tyr Pro Pro Thr Phe Leu

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	245		250		255
Ser Val Gly Asp Ser Asp Pro Phe Glu Ser Gln Asn Ile Glu Phe Ser	260		265		270
Lys Lys Leu Gln Glu Leu Asn Val Pro Val Asp Thr Leu Phe Tyr Asp	275		280		285
Gly Thr His His Leu His His Gln Tyr Gln Phe His Leu Asn Lys Pro	290		295		300
Glu Ser Ile Asp Asn Ile Lys Lys Val Leu Leu Phe Leu Ser Arg Asn	305		310		315
Thr Ser Ser Ser Gly Ile Gln Thr Glu Glu Lys Pro Gln Ile Glu Asn	325		330		335
Pro Ser Asn Glu Leu Pro Leu Asn Pro Leu Asn	340		345		

<210> SEQ ID NO 62

<211> LENGTH: 265

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 62

Met Lys Lys Leu Ala Phe Ala Ile Thr Ala Thr Ser Gly Ala Ala Ala	1		5		10		15
Phe Leu Thr His His Asp Ala Gln Ala Ser Thr Gln His Thr Val Gln			20		25		30
Ser Gly Glu Ser Leu Trp Ser Ile Ala Gln Lys Tyr Asn Thr Ser Val			35		40		45
Glu Ser Ile Lys Gln Asn Asn Gln Leu Asp Asn Asn Leu Val Phe Pro			50		55		60
Gly Gln Val Ile Ser Val Gly Gly Ser Asp Ala Gln Asn Thr Ser Asn			65		70		75
Thr Ser Pro Gln Ala Gly Ser Ala Ser Ser His Thr Val Gln Ala Gly			85		90		95
Glu Ser Leu Asn Ile Ile Ala Ser Arg Tyr Gly Val Ser Val Asp Gln			100		105		110
Leu Met Ala Ala Asn Asn Leu Arg Gly Tyr Leu Ile Met Pro Asn Gln			115		120		125
Thr Leu Gln Ile Pro Asn Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Thr Thr Pro Thr Ala			130		135		140
Thr Thr Gly Ser Asn Gly Asn Ala Ser Ser Phe Asn His Gln Asn Leu			145		150		155
Tyr Thr Ala Gly Gln Cys Thr Trp Tyr Val Phe Asp Arg Arg Ala Gln			165		170		175
Ala Gly Ser Pro Ile Ser Thr Tyr Trp Ser Asp Ala Lys Tyr Trp Ala			180		185		190
Gly Asn Ala Ala Asn Asp Gly Tyr Gln Val Asn Asn Thr Pro Ser Val			195		200		205
Gly Ser Ile Met Gln Ser Thr Pro Gly Pro Tyr Gly His Val Ala Tyr			210		215		220
Val Glu Arg Val Asn Gly Asp Gly Ser Ile Leu Ile Ser Glu Met Asn			225		230		235
Tyr Thr Tyr Gly Pro Tyr Asn Met Asn Tyr Arg Thr Ile Pro Ala Ser			245		250		255
Glu Val Ser Ser Tyr Ala Phe Ile His			260		265		

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<210> SEQ ID NO 63
<211> LENGTH: 292
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 63

Met Lys Lys Ile Val Ile Ile Ala Val Leu Ala Ile Leu Phe Val Val
1           5           10           15

Ile Ser Ala Cys Gly Asn Lys Glu Lys Glu Ala Gln His Gln Phe Thr
20           25           30

Lys Gln Phe Lys Asp Val Glu Gln Lys Gln Lys Glu Leu Gln His Val
35           40           45

Met Asp Asn Ile His Leu Lys Glu Ile Asp His Leu Ser Lys Thr Asp
50           55           60

Thr Thr Asp Lys Asn Ser Lys Glu Phe Lys Ala Leu Gln Glu Asp Val
65           70           75           80

Lys Asn His Leu Ile Pro Lys Phe Glu Ala Tyr Tyr Lys Ser Ala Lys
85           90           95

Asn Leu Pro Asp Asp Thr Met Lys Val Lys Lys Leu Lys Lys Glu Tyr
100          105          110

Met Thr Leu Ala Asn Glu Lys Lys Asp Ala Ile Tyr Gln Leu Lys Lys
115          120          125

Phe Ile Gly Leu Cys Asn Gln Ser Ile Lys Tyr Asn Glu Asp Ile Leu
130          135          140

Asp Tyr Thr Lys Gln Phe Glu Lys Asn Arg Tyr Lys Val Glu Ser Glu
145          150          155          160

Ile Lys Leu Ala Asp Asn Lys Ser Glu Ala Thr Asn Leu Thr Thr Lys
165          170          175

Leu Glu His Asn Asn Lys Ala Leu Arg Asp Thr Ala Lys Lys Asn Leu
180          185          190

Asp Asp Ser Lys Glu Asn Glu Val Lys Gly Ala Ile Lys Asn His Ile
195          200          205

Met Pro Met Ile Glu Lys Gln Ile Thr Asp Ile Asn Gln Thr Asn Ile
210          215          220

Ser Asp Lys His Val Asn Asn Ala Arg Lys Asn Ala Ile Glu Met Tyr
225          230          235          240

Tyr Ser Leu Gln Asn Tyr Tyr Asn Thr Arg Ile Glu Thr Ile Lys Val
245          250          255

Ser Glu Lys Leu Ser Lys Val Asp Val Asp Lys Leu Pro Lys Lys Gly
260          265          270

Ile Asp Ile Thr His Gly Asp Lys Ala Phe Glu Lys Lys Leu Glu Lys
275          280          285

Leu Glu Glu Lys
290

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<210> SEQ ID NO 64
<211> LENGTH: 242
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

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<400> SEQUENCE: 64

Met Lys Lys Val Met Gly Ile Leu Leu Ala Ser Thr Leu Ile Leu Gly
1           5           10           15

Ala Cys Gly His His Gln Asp Ser Ala Lys Lys Glu Ser Thr Ser His
20           25           30

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-continued

Lys Lys Lys Glu Asn Asp Asn Glu Glu Leu Asn Glu Glu Leu Lys Glu
 35 40 45
 Phe Lys Ser Lys Lys Asn Met Asp Ile Lys Ile Lys Gly Asp Thr Ile
 50 55 60
 Val Ser Asp Lys Phe Glu Ala Lys Ile Lys Glu Pro Phe Ile Ile Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Lys Asp Glu Lys Lys Lys Tyr Ile Ala Phe Lys Met Glu Ile Thr
 85 90 95
 Ala Lys Lys Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Asn Pro Ser Ser Ile Ser His Asp
 100 105 110
 Tyr Ile Asn Ile Thr Gln Asp Asp Lys Asn Thr Val Asn Lys Leu Arg
 115 120 125
 Asp Gly Tyr Leu Leu Ser Asp Lys Lys Tyr Lys Asp Trp Thr Glu His
 130 135 140
 Asn Gln Asp Gln Ile Lys Lys Gly Lys Thr Ala Gln Ala Met Phe Ile
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Glu Leu Arg Gly Asp Gly Asn Ile Asn Leu Asn Val His Lys Tyr
 165 170 175
 Ser Glu Asp Lys Thr Val Asp Ser Lys Ser Phe Lys Phe Ser Lys Leu
 180 185 190
 Lys Thr Glu Asp Phe Ser His Arg Ala Glu Thr Arg Glu Glu Val Glu
 195 200 205
 Lys Lys Glu Lys Glu Phe Glu Glu Glu Tyr Lys Lys Glu Gln Glu Arg
 210 215 220
 Glu Lys Glu Lys Glu Lys Gln Lys Asp Asp Asp His Ser Gly Leu Asp
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Val

<210> SEQ ID NO 65

<211> LENGTH: 439

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 65

Met Arg Leu Thr Ile Tyr His Thr Asn Asp Ile His Ser His Leu His
 1 5 10 15
 Glu Tyr Glu Arg Leu Lys Ala Tyr Met Ala Glu His Arg Pro Arg Leu
 20 25 30
 Asn His Pro Ser Leu Tyr Val Asp Leu Gly Asp His Val Asp Leu Ser
 35 40 45
 Ala Pro Ile Thr Glu Ala Thr Leu Gly Lys Lys Asn Val Ala Leu Leu
 50 55 60
 Asn Glu Ala Lys Cys Asp Val Ala Thr Ile Gly Asn Asn Glu Gly Met
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Ile Ser Tyr Glu Ala Leu Asn His Leu Tyr Asp Glu Ala Lys Phe
 85 90 95
 Ile Val Thr Cys Ser Asn Val Ile Asp Glu Ser Gly His Leu Pro Asn
 100 105 110
 Asn Ile Val Ser Ser Tyr Ile Lys Asp Ile Asp Gly Val Lys Ile Leu
 115 120 125
 Phe Val Ala Ala Thr Ala Pro Phe Thr Pro Phe Tyr Arg Ala Leu Asn
 130 135 140
 Trp Ile Val Thr Asp Pro Leu Glu Ser Ile Lys Glu Glu Ile Glu Leu
 145 150 155 160

-continued

Gln Arg Gly Lys Phe Asp Val Leu Ile Val Leu Ser His Cys Gly Ile
 165 170 175
 Phe Phe Asp Glu Thr Leu Cys Gln Glu Leu Pro Glu Ile Asp Val Ile
 180 185 190
 Phe Gly Ser His Thr His His Tyr Phe Glu His Gly Glu Ile Asn Asn
 195 200 205
 Gly Val Leu Met Ala Ala Ala Gly Lys Tyr Gly Asn Tyr Leu Gly Glu
 210 215 220
 Val Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Ala His Lys Val Val His Lys Thr Ala Lys
 225 230 235 240
 Ile Ile Pro Leu Glu Thr Leu Pro Glu Val Glu Thr Ser Phe Glu Glu
 245 250 255
 Glu Gly Lys Thr Leu Met Ser Asn Ser Val Ile Gln His Pro Val Val
 260 265 270
 Leu Lys Arg Ser Met Asn His Ile Thr Glu Ala Ala Tyr Leu Leu Ala
 275 280 285
 Gln Ser Val Cys Glu Tyr Thr His Ala Gln Cys Ala Ile Ile Asn Ala
 290 295 300
 Gly Leu Leu Val Lys Asp Ile Val Lys Asp Glu Val Thr Glu Tyr Asp
 305 310 315 320
 Ile His Gln Met Leu Pro His Pro Ile Asn Met Val Arg Val Arg Leu
 325 330 335
 Phe Gly Val Lys Leu Lys Glu Ile Ile Ala Lys Ser Asn Lys Gln Glu
 340 345 350
 Tyr Met Tyr Glu His Ala Gln Gly Leu Gly Phe Arg Gly Asn Ile Phe
 355 360 365
 Gly Gly Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Asn Leu Gly Tyr Ile His Ser Thr Gly Arg
 370 375 380
 Tyr Tyr Leu Asn Gly Glu Glu Ile Glu Asp Asp Lys Glu Tyr Val Leu
 385 390 395 400
 Gly Thr Ile Asp Met Tyr Thr Phe Gly Arg Tyr Phe Pro Thr Leu Lys
 405 410 415
 Glu Leu Pro Lys Glu Tyr Leu Met Pro Glu Phe Leu Arg Asp Ile Phe
 420 425 430
 Lys Glu Lys Leu Leu Glu Tyr
 435

<210> SEQ ID NO 66

<211> LENGTH: 774

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 66

Met Glu Trp Thr Leu Val Asp Ile Gly Lys Lys His Val Ile Pro Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Gln Tyr Arg Arg Lys Arg Arg Glu Phe Phe His Asn Glu Asp Arg
 20 25 30
 Glu Glu Asn Leu Asn Gln His Gln Asp Lys Gln Asn Ile Asp Asn Thr
 35 40 45
 Thr Ser Lys Lys Ala Asp Lys Gln Ile His Lys Asp Ser Ile Asp Lys
 50 55 60
 His Glu Arg Phe Lys Asn Ser Leu Ser Ser His Leu Glu Gln Arg Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Asp Val Asn Glu Asn Lys Ala Glu Glu Ser Lys Ser Asn Gln Asp
 85 90 95

-continued

Ser Lys Ser Ala Tyr Asn Arg Asp His Tyr Leu Thr Asp Asp Val Ser
 100 105 110
 Lys Lys Gln Asn Ser Leu Asp Ser Val Asp Gln Asp Thr Glu Lys Ser
 115 120 125
 Lys Tyr Tyr Glu Gln Asn Ser Glu Ala Thr Leu Ser Thr Lys Ser Thr
 130 135 140
 Asp Lys Val Glu Ser Thr Glu Met Arg Lys Leu Ser Ser Asp Lys Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Lys Val Gly His Glu Glu Gln His Val Leu Ser Lys Pro Ser Glu His
 165 170 175
 Asp Lys Glu Thr Arg Ile Asp Ser Glu Ser Ser Arg Thr Asp Ser Asp
 180 185 190
 Ser Ser Met Gln Thr Glu Lys Ile Lys Lys Asp Ser Ser Asp Gly Asn
 195 200 205
 Lys Ser Ser Asn Leu Lys Ser Glu Val Ile Ser Asp Lys Ser Asn Thr
 210 215 220
 Val Pro Lys Leu Ser Glu Ser Asp Asp Glu Val Asn Asn Gln Lys Pro
 225 230 235 240
 Leu Thr Leu Pro Glu Glu Gln Lys Leu Lys Arg Gln Gln Ser Gln Asn
 245 250 255
 Glu Gln Thr Lys Thr Tyr Thr Tyr Gly Asp Ser Glu Gln Asn Asp Lys
 260 265 270
 Ser Asn His Glu Asn Asp Leu Ser His His Ile Pro Ser Ile Ser Asp
 275 280 285
 Asp Lys Asp Asn Val Met Arg Glu Asn His Ile Val Asp Asp Asn Pro
 290 295 300
 Asp Asn Asp Ile Asn Thr Pro Ser Leu Ser Lys Thr Asp Asp Asp Arg
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Leu Asp Glu Lys Ile His Val Glu Asp Lys His Lys Gln Asn Ala
 325 330 335
 Asp Ser Ser Glu Thr Val Gly Tyr Gln Ser Gln Ser Thr Ala Ser His
 340 345 350
 Arg Ser Thr Glu Lys Arg Asn Ile Ser Ile Asn Asp His Asp Lys Leu
 355 360 365
 Asn Gly Gln Lys Thr Asn Thr Lys Thr Ser Ala Asn Asn Asn Gln Lys
 370 375 380
 Lys Ala Thr Ser Lys Leu Asn Lys Gly Arg Ala Thr Asn Asn Asn Tyr
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Asp Ile Leu Lys Lys Phe Trp Met Met Tyr Trp Pro Lys Leu Val
 405 410 415
 Ile Leu Met Gly Ile Ile Ile Leu Ile Val Ile Leu Asn Ala Ile Phe
 420 425 430
 Asn Asn Val Asn Lys Asn Asp Arg Met Asn Asp Asn Asn Asp Ala Asp
 435 440 445
 Ala Gln Lys Tyr Thr Thr Thr Met Lys Asn Ala Asn Asn Thr Val Lys
 450 455 460
 Ser Val Val Thr Val Glu Asn Glu Thr Ser Lys Asp Ser Ser Leu Pro
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Asp Lys Ala Ser Gln Asp Glu Val Gly Ser Gly Val Val Tyr Lys
 485 490 495
 Lys Ser Gly Asp Thr Leu Tyr Ile Val Thr Asn Ala His Val Val Gly
 500 505 510

-continued

Asp Lys Glu Asn Gln Lys Ile Thr Phe Ser Asn Asn Lys Ser Val Val
 515 520 525
 Gly Lys Val Leu Gly Lys Asp Lys Trp Ser Asp Leu Ala Val Val Lys
 530 535 540
 Ala Thr Ser Ser Asp Ser Ser Val Lys Glu Ile Ala Ile Gly Asp Ser
 545 550 555 560
 Asn Asn Leu Val Leu Gly Glu Pro Ile Leu Val Val Gly Asn Pro Leu
 565 570 575
 Gly Val Asp Phe Lys Gly Thr Val Thr Glu Gly Ile Ile Ser Gly Leu
 580 585 590
 Asn Arg Asn Val Pro Ile Asp Phe Asp Lys Asp Asn Lys Tyr Asp Met
 595 600 605
 Leu Met Lys Ala Phe Gln Ile Asp Ala Ser Val Asn Pro Gly Asn Ser
 610 615 620
 Gly Gly Ala Val Val Asn Arg Glu Gly Lys Leu Ile Gly Val Val Ala
 625 630 635 640
 Ala Lys Ile Ser Met Pro Asn Val Glu Asn Met Ser Phe Ala Ile Pro
 645 650 655
 Val Asn Glu Val Gln Lys Ile Val Lys Asp Leu Glu Thr Lys Gly Lys
 660 665 670
 Ile Asp Tyr Pro Asp Val Gly Val Lys Met Lys Asn Ile Val Ser Leu
 675 680 685
 Asn Ser Phe Glu Arg Gln Ala Val Lys Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Lys Asn
 690 695 700
 Gly Val Val Val Asp Gln Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Leu Ala Asp Gln Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Gly Leu Lys Lys Gly Asp Val Ile Thr Glu Leu Asp Gly Lys Leu Leu
 725 730 735
 Glu Asp Asp Leu Arg Phe Arg Gln Ile Ile Phe Ser His Lys Asp Asp
 740 745 750
 Leu Lys Ser Ile Thr Ala Lys Ile Tyr Arg Asp Gly Lys Glu Lys Glu
 755 760 765
 Ile Asn Ile Lys Leu Lys
 770

<210> SEQ ID NO 67

<211> LENGTH: 393

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 67

Met Asn Ser Ser Cys Lys Ser Arg Val Phe Asn Ile Ile Ser Ile Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Met Val Ser Met Leu Ile Leu Ser Leu Gly Ala Phe Ala Asn Asn Asn
 20 25 30
 Lys Ala Lys Ala Asp Ser His Ser Lys Gln Leu Glu Ile Asn Val Lys
 35 40 45
 Ser Asp Lys Val Pro Gln Lys Val Lys Asp Leu Ala Gln Gln Gln Phe
 50 55 60
 Ala Gly Tyr Ala Lys Ala Leu Asp Lys Gln Ser Asn Ala Lys Thr Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Tyr Glu Leu Gly Glu Ala Phe Lys Ile Tyr Lys Phe Asn Gly Glu
 85 90 95
 Glu Asp Asn Ser Tyr Tyr Tyr Pro Val Ile Lys Asp Gly Lys Ile Val
 100 105 110

-continued

Tyr Thr Leu Thr Leu Ser Pro Lys Asn Lys Asp Asp Leu Asn Lys Ser
 115 120 125
 Lys Glu Asp Met Asn Tyr Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Asn Phe Ile Ala Lys
 130 135 140
 Asp Leu Asp Gln Ile Lys Asp Lys Asn Ser Asn Ile Thr Val Leu Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Glu Lys Gly Phe Tyr Phe Glu Glu Asp Gly Lys Val Arg Leu Val
 165 170 175
 Lys Ala Thr Pro Leu Pro Gly Asn Val Lys Glu Lys Glu Ser Ala Lys
 180 185 190
 Thr Val Ser Ala Lys Leu Lys Gln Glu Leu Lys Asn Thr Val Thr Pro
 195 200 205
 Thr Lys Val Glu Glu Asn Glu Ala Ile Gln Glu Asp Gln Val Gln Tyr
 210 215 220
 Glu Asn Thr Leu Lys Asn Phe Lys Ile Arg Glu Gln Gln Phe Asp Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Trp Cys Ala Gly Phe Ser Met Ala Ala Leu Leu Asn Ala Thr Lys
 245 250 255
 Asn Thr Asp Thr Tyr Asn Ala His Asp Ile Met Arg Thr Leu Tyr Pro
 260 265 270
 Glu Val Ser Glu Gln Asp Leu Pro Asn Cys Ala Thr Phe Pro Asn Gln
 275 280 285
 Met Ile Glu Tyr Gly Lys Ser Gln Gly Arg Asp Ile His Tyr Gln Glu
 290 295 300
 Gly Val Pro Ser Tyr Glu Gln Val Asp Gln Leu Thr Lys Asp Asn Val
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Ile Met Ile Leu Ala Gln Ser Val Ser Gln Asn Pro Asn Asp Pro
 325 330 335
 His Leu Gly His Ala Leu Ala Val Val Gly Asn Ala Lys Ile Asn Asp
 340 345 350
 Gln Glu Lys Leu Ile Tyr Trp Asn Pro Trp Asp Thr Glu Leu Ser Ile
 355 360 365
 Gln Asp Ala Asp Ser Ser Leu Leu His Leu Ser Phe Asn Arg Asp Tyr
 370 375 380
 Asn Trp Tyr Gly Ser Met Ile Gly Tyr
 385 390

<210> SEQ ID NO 68

<211> LENGTH: 336

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 68

Met Lys Gly Lys Phe Leu Lys Val Ser Ser Leu Phe Val Ala Thr Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Thr Thr Ala Thr Leu Val Ser Ser Pro Ala Ala Asn Ala Leu Ser Ser
 20 25 30
 Lys Ala Met Asp Asn His Pro Gln Gln Thr Gln Ser Ser Lys Gln Gln
 35 40 45
 Thr Pro Lys Ile Gln Lys Gly Gly Asn Leu Lys Pro Leu Glu Gln Arg
 50 55 60
 Glu His Ala Asn Val Ile Leu Pro Asn Asn Asp Arg His Gln Ile Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Thr Thr Asn Gly His Tyr Ala Pro Val Thr Tyr Ile Gln Val Glu

-continued

Gln Lys Phe Ser Thr Gly Leu Leu Leu Lys Gln Leu Glu Glu His
 130 135 140
 Lys Ile Asn Ile Asn Asp Pro Val Ser Lys Tyr Leu Pro Trp Phe Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Ser Lys Pro Ile Pro Leu Lys Asp Leu Met Leu His Gln Ser Gly
 165 170 175
 Leu Tyr Lys Tyr Lys Ser Ser Lys Asp Tyr Lys Asn Leu Asp Gln Ala
 180 185 190
 Val Lys Ala Ile Gln Lys Arg Gly Ile Asp Pro Lys Lys Tyr Lys Lys
 195 200 205
 His Met Tyr Asn Asp Gly Asn Tyr Leu Val Leu Ala Lys Val Ile Glu
 210 215 220
 Glu Val Thr Gly Lys Ser Tyr Ala Glu Asn Tyr Tyr Thr Lys Ile Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Pro Leu Lys Leu Gln His Thr Ala Phe Tyr Asp Glu Gln Pro Phe
 245 250 255
 Lys Lys Tyr Leu Ala Lys Gly Tyr Ala Tyr Asn Ser Thr Gly Leu Ser
 260 265 270
 Phe Leu Arg Pro Asn Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Tyr Gly Ala Gly Asn Leu
 275 280 285
 Tyr Met Thr Pro Thr Asp Met Gly Lys Leu Ile Thr Gln Ile Gln Gln
 290 295 300
 Tyr Lys Leu Phe Ser Pro Lys Ile Thr Asn Pro Leu Leu His Glu Phe
 305 310 315 320
 Gly Thr Lys Lys Tyr Pro Asp Glu Tyr Arg Tyr Gly Phe Tyr Ala Lys
 325 330 335
 Pro Thr Leu Asn Arg Leu Asn Gly Gly Phe Phe Gly Gln Val Phe Thr
 340 345 350
 Val Tyr Tyr Asn Asp Lys Tyr Val Val Val Leu Ala Leu Asn Val Lys
 355 360 365
 Gly Asn Asn Glu Val Arg Ile Lys His Ile Tyr Asn Asp Ile Leu Lys
 370 375 380
 Gln Asn Lys Pro Tyr Asn Thr Lys Gly Val Ile Val Gln
 385 390 395

<210> SEQ ID NO 70

<211> LENGTH: 358

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 70

Met Arg Asn Val Lys Gln Ile Ala Thr Lys Ser Ile Ile Ala Ile Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Leu Gly Ile Leu Thr Tyr Thr Met Ile Gly Ser Val Leu Ala
 20 25 30
 Asp Glu Ile Lys Tyr Pro Ser Ala Lys Phe Asn Gln Pro Glu Ala Lys
 35 40 45
 Asp Lys Thr Glu Leu Thr Thr Ser Ile Phe Asp Glu Lys Ile Lys Glu
 50 55 60
 Asn Lys Ala Leu Glu Leu Leu Ile Phe Asn Gln Glu Asn Lys Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Glu Glu Gln Gln Leu Val Asp Glu Lys Ala Gln Leu Ile Ser Asp
 85 90 95
 Met Thr Gly Lys Ile Tyr Leu Gln Val Lys Leu Lys Gly Gln Ile Asp
 100 105 110

-continued

Lys Glu Gln Leu Val Phe Gln Asn Asp Lys Asn Glu Glu Phe Pro Phe
 115 120 125
 Val Ile Lys Asp Glu Lys Asp Asp Thr Ile Val Arg Ile Leu Ile Glu
 130 135 140
 Gln His Met Asp Lys Ile Asn Met His Val Lys Thr Leu Ala Glu Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Lys Asn Leu Asp Asn Lys Glu Met Val Tyr Ser Ile His Phe Lys Glu
 165 170 175
 Lys Lys Val Gln His Asp Asp Ala Lys Glu Val Pro Ser Lys His Gln
 180 185 190
 Asn Gln Glu Asn Asn Gln Asp Gln Leu Lys Lys Asp Ile Asp Asp Lys
 195 200 205
 Lys Asp Ser Gln Lys Ser Asp Thr Lys Glu Arg Arg Thr Ser Leu Phe
 210 215 220
 Thr Glu Lys Gly Leu Asn Asp Ile Pro Val Gln Lys Asp Lys Val Gln
 225 230 235 240
 Gln Asp Ser Asn Lys Lys Ile Glu Asn Glu Arg Pro Lys Ala Ser Gly
 245 250 255
 Thr Leu Lys Val Glu Asn Ser Pro Pro Thr Ile Lys Lys Val Glu Asn
 260 265 270
 Asn His Lys Glu Gln Pro Lys His Lys Asp Glu Lys Ser Lys Lys Glu
 275 280 285
 Lys Lys Lys Val Val Glu Lys Glu Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Phe Asn Arg
 290 295 300
 Asp Asp Asp Ser Lys Asn Ser Ser Gln Leu Ser Ser Asp Ile Lys Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Asp Glu Pro Asn His Lys Lys Gln Tyr Met Leu Phe Ala Ala Gly
 325 330 335
 Ile Val Leu Ala Thr Ile Leu Leu Ile Ser Ala His Leu Tyr Ser Arg
 340 345 350
 Lys Arg Gly Asn Gln Val
 355

<210> SEQ ID NO 71

<211> LENGTH: 282

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 71

Met Ile Ser Val Val Ile Leu Thr Ser Cys Gln Ser Ser Ser Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15
 Glu Ser Thr Lys Ser Gly Glu Phe Arg Ile Val Pro Thr Thr Val Ala
 20 25 30
 Leu Thr Met Thr Leu Asp Lys Leu Asp Leu Pro Ile Val Gly Lys Pro
 35 40 45
 Thr Ser Tyr Lys Thr Leu Pro Asn Arg Tyr Lys Asp Val Pro Glu Ile
 50 55 60
 Gly Gln Pro Met Glu Pro Asn Val Glu Ala Val Lys Lys Leu Lys Pro
 65 70 75 80
 Thr His Val Leu Ser Val Ser Thr Ile Lys Asp Glu Met Gln Pro Phe
 85 90 95
 Tyr Lys Gln Leu Asn Met Lys Gly Tyr Phe Tyr Asp Phe Asp Ser Leu
 100 105 110
 Lys Gly Met Gln Lys Ser Ile Thr Gln Leu Gly Asp Gln Phe Asn Arg

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115				120				125							
Lys	Ala	Gln	Ala	Lys	Glu	Leu	Asn	Asp	His	Leu	Asn	Ser	Val	Lys	Gln
130						135					140				
Lys	Ile	Glu	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ala	Lys	Gln	Lys	Lys	His	Pro	Lys	Val	Leu
145					150					155					160
Ile	Leu	Met	Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Val	Ala	Thr	Asp	Lys	Ser
				165						170				175	
Tyr	Ile	Gly	Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	Ile	Ala	Gly	Gly	Glu	Asn	Val	Ile	Lys
			180						185					190	
Val	Lys	Asp	Arg	Gln	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Ser	Asn	Thr	Glu	Asn	Leu	Leu	Asn
		195					200							205	
Ile	Asn	Pro	Asp	Ile	Ile	Leu	Arg	Leu	Pro	His	Gly	Met	Pro	Glu	Glu
	210					215					220				
Val	Lys	Lys	Met	Phe	Gln	Lys	Glu	Phe	Lys	Gln	Asn	Asp	Ile	Trp	Lys
225					230					235					240
His	Phe	Lys	Ala	Val	Lys	Asn	Asn	His	Val	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Glu	Glu	Val
			245						250					255	
Pro	Phe	Gly	Ile	Thr	Ala	Asn	Val	Asp	Ala	Asp	Lys	Ala	Met	Thr	Gln
			260						265					270	
Leu	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Phe	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Lys	Lys						
		275					280								

<210> SEQ ID NO 72

<211> LENGTH: 244

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 72

Met	Arg	Met	Lys	Arg	Phe	Leu	Thr	Ile	Val	Gln	Ile	Leu	Leu	Val	Val
1				5					10					15	
Ile	Ile	Ile	Ile	Phe	Gly	Tyr	Lys	Ile	Val	Gln	Thr	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Asp
			20					25					30		
Lys	Gln	Glu	Arg	Ala	Asn	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Leu	Gln	Gln	Lys	Phe	Gln	Met
		35					40					45			
Leu	Met	Ser	Lys	His	Gln	Glu	His	Val	Arg	Pro	Gln	Phe	Glu	Ser	Leu
	50					55				60					
Glu	Lys	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp	Ile	Val	Gly	Trp	Ile	Lys	Leu	Ser	Gly	Thr
65					70					75					80
Ser	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Pro	Val	Leu	Gln	Gly	Lys	Thr	Asn	His	Asp	Tyr	Leu
				85					90					95	
Asn	Leu	Asp	Phe	Glu	Arg	Glu	His	Arg	Arg	Lys	Gly	Ser	Ile	Phe	Met
			100					105					110		
Asp	Phe	Arg	Asn	Glu	Leu	Lys	Asn	Leu	Asn	His	Asn	Thr	Ile	Leu	Tyr
		115					120					125			
Gly	His	His	Val	Gly	Asp	Asn	Thr	Met	Phe	Asp	Val	Leu	Glu	Asp	Tyr
	130					135					140				
Leu	Lys	Gln	Ser	Phe	Tyr	Glu	Lys	His	Lys	Ile	Ile	Glu	Phe	Asp	Asn
145					150					155					160
Lys	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Gln	Val	Phe	Ser	Ala	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr
				165					170					175	
Thr	Lys	Asp	Asn	Tyr	Ile	Arg	Thr	Asp	Phe	Glu	Asn	Asp	Gln	Asp	Tyr
			180					185					190		
Gln	Gln	Phe	Leu	Asp	Glu	Thr	Lys	Arg	Lys	Ser	Val	Ile	Asn	Ser	Asp
		195					200					205			

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Val Asn Val Thr Val Lys Asp Arg Ile Met Thr Leu Ser Thr Cys Glu
210 215 220

Asp Ala Tyr Ser Glu Thr Thr Lys Arg Ile Val Val Val Ala Lys Ile
225 230 235 240

Ile Lys Val Ser

<210> SEQ ID NO 73

<211> LENGTH: 238

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 73

Met Ser Lys Asn Ile Thr Lys Asn Ile Ile Leu Thr Thr Thr Leu Leu
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Gly Thr Val Leu Pro Gln Asn Gln Lys Pro Val Phe Ser Phe
20 25 30

Tyr Ser Glu Ala Lys Ala Tyr Ser Ile Gly Gln Asp Glu Thr Asn Ile
35 40 45

Asn Glu Leu Ile Lys Tyr Tyr Thr Gln Pro His Phe Ser Phe Ser Asn
50 55 60

Lys Trp Leu Tyr Gln Tyr Asp Asn Gly Asn Ile Tyr Val Glu Leu Lys
65 70 75 80

Arg Tyr Ser Trp Ser Ala His Ile Ser Leu Trp Gly Ala Glu Ser Trp
85 90 95

Gly Asn Ile Asn Gln Leu Lys Asp Arg Tyr Val Asp Val Phe Gly Leu
100 105 110

Lys Asp Lys Asp Thr Asp Gln Leu Trp Trp Ser Tyr Arg Glu Thr Phe
115 120 125

Thr Gly Gly Val Thr Pro Ala Ala Lys Pro Ser Asp Lys Thr Tyr Asn
130 135 140

Leu Phe Val Gln Tyr Lys Asp Lys Leu Gln Thr Ile Ile Gly Ala His
145 150 155 160

Lys Ile Tyr Gln Gly Asn Lys Pro Val Leu Thr Leu Lys Glu Ile Asp
165 170 175

Phe Arg Ala Arg Glu Ala Leu Ile Lys Asn Lys Ile Leu Tyr Asn Glu
180 185 190

Asn Arg Asn Lys Gly Lys Leu Lys Ile Thr Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Tyr
195 200 205

Thr Ile Asp Leu Ser Lys Arg Leu His Ser Asp Leu Ala Asn Val Tyr
210 215 220

Val Lys Asn Pro Asn Lys Ile Thr Val Asp Val Leu Phe Asp
225 230 235

<210> SEQ ID NO 74

<211> LENGTH: 241

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 74

Met Asn Asn Asn Ile Thr Lys Lys Ile Ile Leu Ser Thr Thr Leu Leu
1 5 10 15

Leu Leu Gly Thr Ala Ser Thr Gln Phe Pro Asn Thr Pro Ile Asn Ser
20 25 30

Ser Ser Glu Ala Lys Ala Tyr Tyr Ile Asn Gln Asn Glu Thr Asn Val
35 40 45

Asn Glu Leu Thr Lys Tyr Tyr Ser Gln Lys Tyr Leu Thr Phe Ser Asn

-continued

180					185					190					
Gln	Leu	Leu	Asn	Gln	Phe	Glu	Gly	Phe	Ser	Pro	Leu	Ile	Thr	Asn	Glu
	195						200					205			
Ile	Val	Ser	Arg	Arg	Gln	Phe	Met	Thr	Ser	Ser	Thr	Leu	Pro	Glu	Ala
	210					215					220				
Phe	Asp	Glu	Val	Met	Ala	Glu	Thr	Lys	Leu	Pro	Pro	Thr	Pro	Ile	Phe
225					230					235					240
His	Lys	Asn	His	Glu	Thr	Gly	Lys	Glu	Asp	Phe	Tyr	Phe	Ile	Lys	Leu
			245						250					255	
Asn	Gln	Phe	Asn	Asp	Asp	Thr	Val	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Leu	Asn	Asp	Leu
		260						265					270		
Leu	Asp	Arg	Phe	Tyr	Asp	Ala	Arg	Gly	Glu	Arg	Glu	Arg	Val	Lys	Gln
	275						280					285			
Arg	Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Val	Arg	Phe	Val	Gln	Gln	Gln	Leu	His	Lys	Tyr
	290					295					300				
Gln	Asn	Lys	Leu	Ala	Lys	Leu	Ile	Glu	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Gln	Ser	Lys	Asn
305					310					315					320
Lys	Asp	Thr	Glu	Gln	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Glu	Leu	Ile	Thr	Ala	Asn	Ile	Tyr
			325						330					335	
Arg	Ile	Lys	Gln	Gly	Asp	Lys	Glu	Val	Thr	Ala	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Tyr	Thr
		340					345						350		
Asn	Glu	Glu	Val	Val	Ile	Pro	Leu	Asn	Pro	Thr	Lys	Ser	Pro	Ser	Ala
	355						360					365			
Asn	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Met	Lys	Thr	Arg	Glu
	370					375					380				
Arg	Glu	Leu	Gln	His	Gln	Ile	Gln	Leu	Thr	Lys	Asp	Asn	Ile	Asp	Tyr
385				390						395					400
Phe	Ser	Thr	Ile	Glu	Gln	Gln	Leu	His	His	Ile	Ser	Val	His	Asp	Ile
			405						410					415	
Asp	Glu	Ile	Arg	Asp	Glu	Leu	Ala	Glu	Gln	Gly	Phe	Met	Lys	Gln	Arg
	420						425						430		
Lys	Asn	Gln	Thr	Lys	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Gln	Ile	Gln	Leu	Gln	His	Tyr
	435						440					445			
Val	Ser	Thr	Asp	Gly	Asp	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Val	Gly	Lys	Asn	Asn	Lys	Gln
	450					455					460				
Asn	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Asn	Lys	Lys	Ala	Lys	Lys	Thr	His	Thr	Trp	Leu
465					470					475					480
His	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ile	Pro	Gly	Ser	His	Val	Val	Ile	Phe	Asn	Asp	Ala
			485						490					495	
Pro	Ser	Asp	Thr	Thr	Ile	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ala	Met	Leu	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Phe
		500					505						510		
Ser	Lys	Ala	Gly	Asn	Ser	Gly	Gln	Ile	Pro	Val	Asp	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Ile
		515					520					525			
Lys	Asn	Val	His	Lys	Pro	Ser	Gly	Ala	Lys	Pro	Gly	Phe	Val	Thr	Tyr
	530					535					540				
Asp	Asn	Gln	Lys	Thr	Leu	Tyr	Ala	Thr	Pro	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Leu	Ile	Gln
545					550					555					560
Lys	Met	Lys	Gln	Ser											
			565												

<210> SEQ ID NO 76

<211> LENGTH: 317

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 76

Met Lys Lys Thr Leu Gly Cys Leu Leu Leu Ile Met Leu Leu Val Val
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Gly Cys Ser Phe Gly Gly Asn His Lys Leu Ser Ser Lys Lys Ser
 20 25 30
 Glu Glu Ser Lys Gln Glu Thr Val Lys Lys Glu Ser Glu Glu Glu Lys
 35 40 45
 Asp Pro Asp Leu Glu Lys Tyr Glu Glu Ile Glu Lys Lys Met Lys Gly
 50 55 60
 Ile Lys Asp Ala Pro Ser Leu Asp Lys Leu Asp Pro Leu Met Thr Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Ser Phe Thr Asn Ser Lys Gly Ile Gln Gly Trp Lys Asp Tyr Lys
 85 90 95
 Glu Leu Met Gly Lys Val Glu Leu Ala Asp Tyr Arg Phe Thr Lys Asp
 100 105 110
 Ser Lys Gly Ser Ser Ile Lys Asp Val Asp Ala Phe Phe Lys Gly Lys
 115 120 125
 Lys Gly Ile Lys Arg Lys Val Ile Glu Thr His Asp Asp Val Lys Gln
 130 135 140
 Val Asp Tyr Trp Tyr Val Asp Pro Asp Gly Lys Lys Ile Gly Asn Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Asn Thr Pro Val Phe Tyr Ala Glu Ile Met Thr Lys Tyr Lys Asp Gly
 165 170 175
 Lys Leu Val Tyr Ala Ser Val Glu Pro Gly Ser Tyr Val Ile His Lys
 180 185 190
 Asp Asp Ala Ile Lys Tyr Asp Asp Tyr Ser Lys Leu Lys Lys Leu Ser
 195 200 205
 Gln Leu Thr Lys Leu Asp His Pro Lys Pro Val Pro Tyr Ser Val Ala
 210 215 220
 Gln Ile Lys Ser Phe Gly Val Pro Leu Thr Ser Val Ser Phe Met Thr
 225 230 235 240
 His Gly Ser Lys Asp Thr Lys Asp Glu Val Leu Pro Ala Leu Ala Tyr
 245 250 255
 Phe Thr Phe Ser Pro Lys Asn Tyr Glu Asp Lys Ser Asn Pro Asp Pro
 260 265 270
 Lys Val Leu Asn Leu Val His Met Asp Phe Leu Asn Ala Ser Ser Asp
 275 280 285
 Phe Gly Asn Ala His Phe Val Val Leu Ser Lys Tyr Ile Lys Glu Tyr
 290 295 300
 Glu Ser Asn Tyr Glu Thr Ala Ser Asp Asp Ser Leu Lys
 305 310 315

<210> SEQ ID NO 77

<211> LENGTH: 372

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 77

Met Asn Lys Gln Gln Ser Lys Val Arg Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Val Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Gly Ile Leu Ser Ile Ser Ile Gly Met Phe Leu Ala Leu Gly Met
 20 25 30
 Ser Asn Lys Ala Tyr Ala Asp Glu Ile Asp Lys Ser Lys Asp Phe Thr
 35 40 45

-continued

Arg Gly Tyr Glu Gln Asn Val Phe Ala Lys Ser Glu Leu Asn Ala Asn
 50 55 60
 Lys Asn Thr Thr Lys Asp Lys Ile Lys Asn Glu Gly Ala Val Lys Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Ser Asp Thr Ser Leu Lys Leu Asp Asn Lys Ser Ala Ile Ser Asn Gly
 85 90 95
 Asn Glu Ile Asn Gln Asp Ile Lys Ile Ser Asn Thr Pro Lys Asn Ser
 100 105 110
 Ser Gln Gly Asn Asn Leu Val Ile Asn Asn Asn Glu Leu Thr Lys Glu
 115 120 125
 Ile Lys Ile Ala Asn Leu Glu Ala Gln Asn Ser Asn Gln Lys Lys Thr
 130 135 140
 Asn Lys Val Thr Asn Asn Tyr Phe Gly Tyr Tyr Ser Phe Arg Glu Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Lys Thr Gln Ile Tyr Thr Val Lys Lys Gly Asp Thr Leu Ser Ala
 165 170 175
 Ile Ala Leu Lys Tyr Lys Thr Thr Val Ser Asn Ile Gln Asn Thr Asn
 180 185 190
 Asn Ile Ala Asn Pro Asn Leu Ile Phe Ile Gly Gln Lys Leu Lys Val
 195 200 205
 Pro Met Thr Pro Leu Val Glu Pro Lys Pro Lys Thr Val Ser Ser Asn
 210 215 220
 Asn Lys Ser Asn Ser Asn Ser Ser Thr Leu Asn Tyr Leu Lys Thr Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Asn Arg Gly Trp Asp Phe Asp Gly Ser Tyr Gly Trp Gln Cys Phe
 245 250 255
 Asp Leu Val Asn Val Tyr Trp Asn His Leu Tyr Gly His Gly Leu Lys
 260 265 270
 Gly Tyr Gly Ala Lys Asp Ile Pro Tyr Ala Asn Asn Phe Asn Ser Glu
 275 280 285
 Ala Lys Ile Tyr His Asn Thr Pro Thr Phe Lys Ala Glu Pro Gly Asp
 290 295 300
 Leu Val Val Phe Ser Gly Arg Phe Gly Gly Tyr Gly His Thr Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Ile Val Leu Asn Gly Asp Tyr Asp Gly Lys Leu Met Lys Phe Gln Ser
 325 330 335
 Leu Asp Gln Asn Trp Asn Asn Gly Gly Trp Arg Lys Ala Glu Val Ala
 340 345 350
 His Lys Val Val His Asn Tyr Glu Asn Asp Met Ile Phe Ile Arg Pro
 355 360 365
 Phe Lys Lys Ala
 370

<210> SEQ ID NO 78

<211> LENGTH: 304

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 78

Met Leu Lys Lys Ala Lys Phe Ile Leu Met Ala Thr Ile Leu Leu Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Cys Ser Thr Thr Asn Asn Glu Ser Asn Lys Glu Thr Lys Ser Val
 20 25 30
 Pro Glu Glu Met Asp Ala Ser Lys Tyr Val Gly Gln Gly Phe Gln Pro

-continued

35					40					45					
Pro	Ala	Glu	Lys	Asp	Ala	Ile	Glu	Phe	Ala	Lys	Lys	His	Lys	Asp	Lys
50					55					60					
Ile	Ala	Lys	Arg	Gly	Glu	Gln	Phe	Phe	Met	Asp	Asn	Phe	Gly	Leu	Lys
65					70					75					80
Val	Lys	Ala	Thr	Asn	Val	Ile	Gly	Ser	Gly	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu	Val	Phe
				85					90					95	
Val	His	Cys	Asp	Asp	His	Asp	Ile	Val	Phe	Asn	Ala	Ser	Ile	Pro	Phe
			100					105					110		
Asp	Lys	Ser	Ile	Ile	Asp	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ser	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Asp	Lys
		115					120					125			
Gly	Asp	Asp	Met	Ser	Thr	Leu	Val	Gly	Ala	Val	Leu	Ser	Gly	Phe	Glu
130					135					140					
Tyr	Arg	Ala	Gln	Lys	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Lys	Phe	Phe	Lys
145					150					155					160
Asp	Asn	Glu	Glu	Lys	Tyr	Gln	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Phe	Thr	Lys	Glu	Ala	Ile
				165					170					175	
Asn	Lys	Thr	Gln	Asn	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Glu	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Phe	Tyr	Ile	Ser
			180					185					190		
Ala	Ile	Pro	Tyr	Asn	Leu	Ala	Glu	Tyr	Arg	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Pro	Leu
		195					200					205			
Leu	Asn	Lys	Ser	Asp	Ser	Glu	Phe	Ser	Lys	Glu	Leu	Ser	Asn	Val	Lys
210					215					220					
Lys	Gln	Leu	Lys	Asp	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Ser	Val	Thr	Thr	Thr	Leu	Phe
225					230					235					240
Ser	Lys	Lys	Lys	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Lys	Ser	Asn	Ser	Glu	Asn	Val	Ile
				245					250					255	
Lys	Met	Ala	Glu	Glu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Asp	Lys	Glu	Ile	Pro	Asn	Gly	Ile
			260					265					270		
Glu	Leu	Ser	Ile	Lys	Phe	Ser	Asp	Asn	Lys	Ile	Asn	Thr	Val	Lys	Pro
		275					280					285			
Asn	Phe	Asn	Gly	Glu	Ser	Thr	Ser	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Val	Phe	Asp	Gln	Glu
290					295					300					

<210> SEQ ID NO 79

<211> LENGTH: 193

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 79

Met	Lys	Lys	Leu	Val	Ser	Ile	Val	Gly	Ala	Thr	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ala	Gly
1				5					10					15	
Cys	Gly	Ser	Gln	Asn	Leu	Ala	Pro	Leu	Glu	Glu	Lys	Thr	Thr	Asp	Leu
			20					25					30		
Arg	Glu	Asp	Asn	His	Gln	Leu	Lys	Leu	Asp	Ile	Gln	Glu	Leu	Asn	Gln
		35					40					45			
Gln	Ile	Ser	Asp	Ser	Lys	Ser	Lys	Ile	Lys	Gly	Leu	Glu	Lys	Asp	Lys
		50					55				60				
Glu	Asn	Ser	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ala	Ser	Asn	Asn	Thr	Lys	Ile	Lys	Leu	Met
65					70					75					80
Asn	Val	Thr	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Val	Ala	Lys	Ala	Leu	Lys	Ser
				85					90					95	
Tyr	Asn	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Asp	Val	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	Gly	Asp	Lys	Asn
			100					105					110		

-continued

Val Gln Ser Lys Leu Asn Gln Ile Ser Asn Asp Ile Gln Ser Ala His
 115 120 125
 Thr Ser Tyr Lys Asp Ala Ile Asp Gly Leu Ser Leu Ser Asp Asp Asp
 130 135 140
 Lys Lys Thr Ser Lys Asn Ile Asp Lys Leu Asn Ser Asp Leu Asn His
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Phe Asp Asp Ile Lys Asn Gly Tyr Gln Asn Lys Asp Lys Lys Gln
 165 170 175
 Leu Thr Lys Gly Gln Gln Ala Leu Ser Lys Leu Asn Leu Asn Ala Lys
 180 185 190

Ser

<210> SEQ ID NO 80

<211> LENGTH: 216

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 80

Met Lys Ile Thr Tyr Lys Tyr Arg Gly Asp Leu Pro Leu Asn Thr Glu
 1 5 10 15
 Asn Asn Lys Asn Gln Asn Gln Ser Val Lys Asn Ser Glu Arg Arg Gly
 20 25 30
 Met Leu Lys Gly Cys Gly Gly Cys Leu Ile Ser Phe Ile Leu Leu Ile
 35 40 45
 Ile Leu Leu Ser Ala Cys Ser Met Met Phe Ser Asn Asn Asp Asn Ser
 50 55 60
 Thr Asn Asn Gln Ser Ser Lys Thr Gln Leu Thr Gln Lys Asp Glu Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Asn Glu Asp Lys Pro Glu Glu Lys Ser Glu Thr Ala Thr Asp Glu
 85 90 95
 Asp Leu Gln Ser Thr Glu Glu Val Pro Ala Asn Glu Asn Thr Glu Asn
 100 105 110
 Asn Gln His Glu Ile Asp Glu Ile Thr Thr Lys Asp Gln Ser Asp Asp
 115 120 125
 Asp Ile Asn Thr Pro Asn Val Ala Glu Asp Lys Ser Gln Asp Asp Leu
 130 135 140
 Lys Asp Asp Leu Lys Glu Lys Gln Gln Ser Ser Asn His His Gln Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Gln Pro Lys Thr Ser Pro Ser Thr Glu Thr Asn Thr Gln Gln Ser
 165 170 175
 Phe Ala Asn Cys Lys Gln Leu Arg Gln Val Tyr Pro Asn Gly Val Thr
 180 185 190
 Ala Asp His Pro Ala Tyr Arg Pro His Leu Asp Arg Asp Lys Asp Lys
 195 200 205
 Arg Ala Cys Glu Pro Asp Lys Tyr
 210 215

<210> SEQ ID NO 81

<211> LENGTH: 208

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 81

Met Lys Phe Lys Ala Ile Val Ala Ile Thr Leu Ser Leu Ser Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Thr Ala Cys Gly Ala Asn Gln His Lys Glu Asn Ser Ser Lys Ser Asn

-continued

20					25					30					
Asp	Thr	Asn	Lys	Lys	Thr	Gln	Gln	Thr	Asp	Asn	Thr	Thr	Gln	Ser	Asn
		35					40						45		
Thr	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Thr	Pro	Gln	Glu	Ala	Glu	Asp	Ile	Val	Arg	Asn
	50					55					60				
Asp	Tyr	Lys	Ala	Arg	Gly	Val	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Thr	Leu	Asn	Tyr	Lys
65					70					75					80
Thr	Asn	Leu	Glu	Arg	Ser	Asn	Glu	His	Glu	Tyr	Tyr	Val	Glu	His	Leu
				85					90					95	
Val	Arg	Asp	Ala	Val	Gly	Thr	Pro	Leu	Lys	Arg	Cys	Ala	Ile	Val	Asn
			100					105					110		
Arg	His	Asn	Gly	Thr	Ile	Ile	Asn	Ile	Phe	Asp	Asp	Met	Ser	Glu	Lys
		115					120					125			
Asp	Lys	Glu	Glu	Phe	Glu	Ala	Phe	Lys	Lys	Arg	Ser	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Asn
	130					135					140				
Pro	Gly	Met	Asn	Asn	His	Asp	Glu	Thr	Asp	Gly	Glu	Ser	Glu	Asp	Ile
145					150					155					160
Gln	His	His	Asp	Ile	Asp	Asn	Asn	Lys	Ala	Ile	Gln	Asn	Asp	Ile	Pro
				165					170					175	
Asp	Gln	Lys	Val	Asp	Asp	Lys	Asn	Asp	Lys	Asn	Ala	Val	Asn	Lys	Glu
			180					185					190		
Glu	Lys	His	Asp	Asn	Gly	Ala	Asn	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Thr	Lys	Val	Lys
		195					200						205		

<210> SEQ ID NO 82

<211> LENGTH: 457

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 82

Met	Lys	Ile	Ile	Lys	Arg	Ala	Ile	Ile	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ile	Leu	Ser	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Leu	Ile	Ser	Ile	Thr	Met	Ser	Asn	Ala	Ser	Ala	Ser	Glu	Glu	Leu	Tyr
			20					25					30		
Tyr	Ser	Val	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Asn	Thr	Ala	Thr	Phe	Asn	Lys	Leu	Val	Lys
		35					40					45			
Lys	Lys	Ser	Leu	Asn	Val	Val	Tyr	Asn	Ile	Pro	Glu	Leu	His	Val	Ala
		50				55					60				
Gln	Ile	Lys	Met	Thr	Lys	Met	His	Ala	Asn	Ala	Leu	Ala	Asn	Tyr	Lys
65					70					75					80
Asn	Asp	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Asn	Ala	Thr	Cys	Ser	Thr	Cys	Ile	Thr	Ser
				85					90					95	
Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Asp	Arg	Thr	Ser	Asn	Glu	Ser	Leu	Phe	Ser	Arg	Gln
			100					105					110		
Trp	Asp	Met	Asn	Lys	Ile	Thr	Asn	Asn	Gly	Ala	Ser	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Leu
		115					120						125		
Pro	Lys	His	Ala	Asn	Thr	Lys	Ile	Ala	Ile	Ile	Asp	Thr	Gly	Val	Met
		130				135						140			
Lys	Asn	His	Asp	Asp	Leu	Lys	Asn	Asn	Phe	Ser	Thr	Asp	Ser	Lys	Asn
145					150					155					160
Leu	Val	Pro	Leu	Asn	Gly	Phe	Arg	Gly	Thr	Glu	Pro	Glu	Glu	Thr	Gly
				165					170					175	
Asp	Val	His	Asp	Val	Asn	Asp	Arg	Lys	Gly	His	Gly	Thr	Met	Val	Ser
				180				185						190	

-continued

Gly Gln Thr Ser Ala Asn Gly Lys Leu Ile Gly Val Ala Pro Asn Asn
 195 200 205
 Lys Phe Thr Met Tyr Arg Val Phe Gly Ser Lys Lys Thr Glu Leu Leu
 210 215 220
 Trp Val Ser Lys Ala Ile Val Gln Ala Ala Asn Asp Gly Asn Gln Val
 225 230 235 240
 Ile Asn Ile Ser Val Gly Ser Tyr Ile Ile Leu Asp Lys Asn Asp His
 245 250 255
 Gln Thr Phe Arg Lys Asp Glu Lys Val Glu Tyr Asp Ala Leu Gln Lys
 260 265 270
 Ala Ile Asn Tyr Ala Lys Lys Lys Ser Ile Val Val Ala Ala Ala
 275 280 285
 Gly Asn Asp Gly Ile Asp Val Asn Asp Lys Gln Lys Leu Lys Leu Gln
 290 295 300
 Arg Glu Tyr Gln Gly Asn Gly Glu Val Lys Asp Val Pro Ala Ser Met
 305 310 315 320
 Asp Asn Val Val Thr Val Gly Ser Thr Asp Gln Lys Ser Asn Leu Ser
 325 330 335
 Glu Phe Ser Asn Phe Gly Met Asn Tyr Thr Asp Leu Ala Ala Pro Gly
 340 345 350
 Gly Ser Phe Ala Tyr Leu Asn Gln Phe Gly Val Asp Lys Trp Met Asn
 355 360 365
 Glu Gly Tyr Met His Lys Glu Asn Ile Leu Thr Thr Ala Asn Asn Gly
 370 375 380
 Arg Tyr Ile Tyr Gln Ala Gly Thr Ser Leu Ala Thr Pro Lys Val Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Gly Ala Leu Ala Leu Ile Ile Asp Lys Tyr His Leu Glu Lys His Pro
 405 410 415
 Asp Lys Ala Ile Glu Leu Leu Tyr Gln His Gly Thr Ser Lys Asn Asn
 420 425 430
 Lys Pro Phe Ser Arg Tyr Gly His Gly Glu Leu Asp Val Tyr Lys Ala
 435 440 445
 Leu Asn Val Ala Asn Gln Lys Ala Ser
 450 455

<210> SEQ ID NO 83

<211> LENGTH: 320

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 83

Met Lys Met Ile Asn Lys Leu Ile Val Pro Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Leu Gly Ala Cys Gly Ala Ser Ala Thr Asp Ser Lys Glu Asn Thr
 20 25 30
 Leu Ile Ser Ser Lys Ala Gly Asp Val Thr Val Ala Asp Thr Met Lys
 35 40 45
 Lys Ile Gly Lys Asp Gln Ile Ala Asn Ala Ser Phe Thr Glu Met Leu
 50 55 60
 Asn Lys Ile Leu Ala Asp Lys Tyr Lys Asn Lys Val Asn Asp Lys Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Ile Asp Glu Gln Ile Glu Lys Met Gln Lys Gln Tyr Gly Gly Lys Asp
 85 90 95
 Lys Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Gln Gln Gln Gly Leu Thr Ala Asp Lys Tyr
 100 105 110

-continued

Lys Glu Asn Leu Arg Thr Ala Ala Tyr His Lys Glu Leu Leu Ser Asp
 115 120 125
 Lys Ile Lys Ile Ser Asp Ser Glu Ile Lys Glu Asp Ser Lys Lys Ala
 130 135 140
 Ser His Ile Leu Ile Lys Val Lys Ser Lys Lys Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Asp Asp Lys Glu Ala Lys Gln Lys Ala Glu Glu Ile Gln Lys Glu
 165 170 175
 Val Ser Lys Asp Pro Ser Lys Phe Gly Glu Ile Ala Lys Lys Glu Ser
 180 185 190
 Met Asp Thr Gly Ser Ala Lys Lys Asp Gly Glu Leu Gly Tyr Val Leu
 195 200 205
 Lys Gly Gln Thr Asp Lys Asp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Phe Lys Leu Lys
 210 215 220
 Asp Gly Glu Val Ser Glu Val Val Lys Ser Ser Phe Gly Tyr His Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Leu Lys Ala Asp Lys Pro Thr Asp Phe Asn Ser Glu Lys Gln Ser Leu
 245 250 255
 Lys Glu Lys Leu Val Asp Gln Lys Val Gln Lys Asn Pro Lys Leu Leu
 260 265 270
 Thr Asp Ala Tyr Lys Asp Leu Leu Lys Glu Tyr Asp Val Asp Phe Lys
 275 280 285
 Asp Arg Asp Ile Lys Ser Val Val Glu Asp Lys Ile Leu Asn Pro Glu
 290 295 300
 Lys Leu Lys Gln Gly Gly Ala Gln Gly Gly Gln Ser Gly Met Ser Gln
 305 310 315 320

<210> SEQ ID NO 84

<211> LENGTH: 388

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 84

Met Lys Arg Asn Phe Pro Lys Leu Ile Ala Leu Ser Leu Ile Phe Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Ser Val Thr Pro Ile Ala Asn Ala Glu Ser Asn Ser Asn Leu Lys
 20 25 30
 Ala Lys Asp Lys Lys His Val Gln Val Asn Val Glu Asp Lys Ser Val
 35 40 45
 Pro Thr Asp Val Arg Asn Leu Ala Gln Lys Asp Tyr Leu Ser Tyr Val
 50 55 60
 Thr Ser Leu Asp Lys Ile Tyr Asn Lys Glu Lys Ala Ser Tyr Thr Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Glu Pro Phe Lys Ile Tyr Lys Phe Asn Lys Lys Ser Asp Gly Asn
 85 90 95
 Tyr Tyr Phe Pro Val Leu Asn Thr Glu Gly Asn Ile Asp Tyr Ile Val
 100 105 110
 Thr Ile Ser Pro Lys Ile Thr Lys Tyr Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Lys Tyr
 115 120 125
 Thr Ile Asn Val Ser Pro Phe Leu Ser Lys Val Leu Asn Gln Tyr Lys
 130 135 140
 Asp Gln Gln Ile Thr Ile Leu Thr Asn Ser Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Val Val
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Gln Asn His Lys Ala Lys Leu Val Leu Lys Thr Pro Arg Leu Glu

-continued

Ser Ile Asn Gly Glu Val Val Ile Lys Asn Ser Asn Leu Asp Ala Leu
145 150 155 160

Asp Ser Lys Thr Asn Asn Ser Ser Thr Tyr Ile Ser Lys Ser Asn Ile
165 170 175

Lys Asn Ser Asn Ile Lys Val Val Ile Gly Thr Leu Gln Ile Asp Lys
180 185 190

Ser Gln Ile Lys Gln Ser Ile Phe Leu Asn Asp His Gly Asp Ile Glu
195 200 205

Phe Lys Asn Met Pro Ser Lys Val Asp Ala Lys Ala Ser Thr Lys Gln
210 215 220

Gly Asp Ile Arg Phe Lys Tyr Asp Ser Lys Pro Glu Asp Thr Ile Leu
225 230 235 240

Lys Leu Asn Pro Gly Thr Gly Asp Ser Val Val Lys Asn Lys Thr Phe
245 250 255

Thr Asn Gly Lys Val Gly Lys Ser Asp Asn Val Leu Glu Phe Tyr Thr
260 265 270

Ile Asp Gly Asn Ile Lys Val Glu
275 280

<210> SEQ ID NO 86
 <211> LENGTH: 303
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 86

Met Lys Arg Leu Ile Gly Ile Leu Leu Cys Asn Leu Phe Ile Leu Thr
1 5 10 15

Ala Cys Ser Ala Ser Val Asp Lys Thr Ser Asn Ser Thr Lys Thr Thr
20 25 30

Asp Tyr Lys Ile Glu Asn Gly Glu Thr Leu Lys Val Pro Glu Lys Pro
35 40 45

Lys Arg Val Ala Val Leu Thr Gly Phe Tyr Val Gly Asp Phe Ile Lys
50 55 60

Leu Gly Ile Lys Pro Ile Ala Val Ser Asp Ile Thr Lys Asp Ser Ser
65 70 75 80

Ile Leu Lys Pro Tyr Leu Lys Gly Val Asp Tyr Ile Gly Glu Asn Asp
85 90 95

Val Glu Arg Val Ala Lys Ala Lys Pro Asp Leu Ile Val Val Asp Ala
100 105 110

Met Asp Lys Asn Ile Lys Lys Tyr Gln Lys Ile Ala Pro Thr Ile Pro
115 120 125

Tyr Thr Tyr Asn Lys Tyr Asn His Lys Glu Ile Leu Lys Glu Ile Gly
130 135 140

Lys Leu Thr Asn Asn Glu Asp Lys Ala Lys Lys Trp Ile Glu Glu Trp
145 150 155 160

Asp Asp Lys Thr Arg Lys Asp Lys Lys Glu Ile Gln Ser Lys Ile Gly
165 170 175

Gln Ala Thr Ala Ser Val Phe Glu Pro Asp Glu Lys Gln Ile Tyr Ile
180 185 190

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Trp Gly Arg Gly Leu Asp Ile Val His Asp Ala Phe
195 200 205

Gly Met Pro Met Thr Lys Gln Tyr Lys Asp Lys Leu Gln Glu Asp Lys
210 215 220

Lys Gly Tyr Ala Ser Ile Ser Lys Glu Asn Ile Ser Lys Tyr Ala Gly
225 230 235 240

-continued

Asp Tyr Ile Phe Leu Ser Lys Pro Ser Tyr Gly Lys Phe Asp Phe Glu
 245 250 255

Lys Thr His Thr Trp Gln Asn Ile Glu Ala Val Lys Lys Gly His Val
 260 265 270

Ile Ser Tyr Lys Ala Glu Asp Tyr Trp Phe Thr Asp Pro Ile Thr Leu
 275 280 285

Glu His Leu Arg Ser Lys Leu Lys Lys Glu Ile Leu Asn Lys Lys
 290 295 300

<210> SEQ ID NO 87
 <211> LENGTH: 419
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 87

Met Ser Tyr His Trp Phe Lys Lys Met Leu Leu Ser Thr Ser Ile Leu
 1 5 10 15

Ile Leu Ser Ser Ser Ser Leu Gly Leu Ala Thr His Thr Val Glu Ala
 20 25 30

Lys Asp Asn Leu Asn Gly Glu Lys Pro Thr Thr Asn Leu Asn His Asn
 35 40 45

Ile Thr Ser Pro Ser Val Asn Ser Glu Met Asn Asn Asn Glu Thr Gly
 50 55 60

Thr Pro His Glu Ser Asn Gln Thr Gly Asn Glu Gly Thr Gly Ser Asn
 65 70 75 80

Ser Arg Asp Ala Asn Pro Asp Ser Asn Asn Val Lys Pro Asp Ser Asn
 85 90 95

Asn Gln Asn Pro Ser Thr Asp Ser Lys Pro Asp Pro Asn Asn Gln Asn
 100 105 110

Ser Ser Pro Asn Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Lys Pro Lys Pro
 115 120 125

Asp Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro Asp Lys Pro Lys Pro Asn Pro Asp Pro Lys
 130 135 140

Pro Asp Pro Asp Asn Pro Lys Pro Asn Pro Asp Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro
 145 150 155 160

Asp Lys Pro Lys Pro Asn Pro Asp Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro Asp Lys Pro
 165 170 175

Lys Pro Asn Pro Asn Pro Lys Pro Asp Pro Asn Lys Pro Asn Pro Asn
 180 185 190

Pro Ser Pro Asp Pro Asp Gln Pro Gly Asp Ser Asn His Ser Gly Gly
 195 200 205

Ser Lys Asn Gly Gly Thr Trp Asn Pro Asn Ala Ser Asp Gly Ser Asn
 210 215 220

Gln Gly Gln Trp Gln Pro Asn Gly Asn Gln Gly Asn Ser Gln Asn Pro
 225 230 235 240

Thr Gly Asn Asp Phe Val Ser Gln Arg Phe Leu Ala Leu Ala Asn Gly
 245 250 255

Ala Tyr Lys Tyr Asn Pro Tyr Ile Leu Asn Gln Ile Asn Lys Leu Gly
 260 265 270

Lys Asp Tyr Gly Glu Val Thr Asp Glu Asp Ile Tyr Asn Ile Ile Arg
 275 280 285

Lys Gln Asn Phe Ser Gly Asn Ala Tyr Leu Asn Gly Leu Gln Gln Gln
 290 295 300

Ser Asn Tyr Phe Arg Phe Gln Tyr Phe Asn Pro Leu Lys Ser Glu Arg

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305		310		315		320
Tyr Tyr Arg Asn Leu Asp Glu Gln Val Leu Ala Leu Ile Thr Gly Glu						
		325		330		335
Ile Gly Ser Met Pro Asp Leu Lys Lys Pro Glu Asp Lys Pro Asp Ser						
		340		345		350
Lys Gln Arg Ser Phe Glu Pro His Glu Lys Asp Asp Phe Thr Val Val						
		355		360		365
Lys Lys Gln Glu Asp Asn Lys Lys Ser Ala Ser Thr Ala Tyr Ser Lys						
		370		375		380
Ser Trp Leu Ala Ile Val Cys Ser Met Met Val Val Phe Ser Ile Met						
		385		390		395
Leu Phe Leu Phe Val Lys Arg Asn Lys Lys Lys Asn Lys Asn Glu Ser						
		405		410		415
Gln Arg Arg						

<210> SEQ ID NO 88

<211> LENGTH: 231

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 88

Met Lys Lys Thr Leu Leu Ala Ser Ser Leu Ala Val Gly Leu Gly Ile														
1				5					10				15	
Val Ala Gly Asn Ala Gly His Glu Ala His Ala Ser Glu Ala Asp Leu														
				20				25					30	
Asn Lys Ala Ser Leu Ala Gln Met Ala Gln Ser Asn Asp Gln Thr Leu														
				35				40					45	
Asn Gln Lys Pro Ile Glu Ala Gly Ala Tyr Asn Tyr Thr Phe Asp Tyr														
				50				55					60	
Glu Gly Phe Thr Tyr His Phe Glu Ser Asp Gly Thr His Phe Ala Trp														
				65				70					75	
Asn Tyr His Ala Thr Gly Thr Asn Gly Ala Asp Met Ser Ala Gln Ala														
				85									90	
Pro Ala Thr Asn Asn Val Ala Pro Ser Ala Val Gln Ala Asn Gln Val														
				100				105					110	
Gln Ser Gln Glu Val Glu Ala Pro Gln Asn Ala Gln Thr Gln Gln Pro														
				115				120					125	
Gln Ala Ser Thr Ser Asn Asn Ser Gln Val Thr Ala Thr Pro Thr Glu														
				130				135					140	
Ser Lys Ser Ser Glu Gly Ser Ser Val Asn Val Asn Ala His Leu Lys														
				145				150					155	
Gln Ile Ala Gln Arg Glu Ser Gly Gly Asn Ile His Ala Val Asn Pro														
				165				170					175	
Thr Ser Gly Ala Ala Gly Lys Tyr Gln Phe Leu Gln Ser Thr Trp Asp														
				180				185					190	
Ser Val Ala Pro Ala Lys Tyr Lys Gly Val Ser Pro Ala Asn Ala Pro														
				195				200					205	
Glu Ser Val Gln Asp Ala Ala Ala Val Lys Leu Tyr Asn Thr Gly Gly														
				210				215					220	
Ala Gly His Trp Val Thr Ala														
				225				230						

<210> SEQ ID NO 89

<211> LENGTH: 294

<212> TYPE: PRT

-continued

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 89

Met Gly Val Lys Ser Val Lys Lys Ile Phe Val Ile Ile Thr Thr Leu
 1 5 10 15

Leu Ala Val Ala Ile Ile Ile Gly Ser Ile Ile Met Val Val Phe Ser
 20 25 30

Gln Arg Gln Ala Gln Thr Phe Lys Ile Gln Gln Gln Gln Phe Val Lys
 35 40 45

Lys Pro Ile Pro Thr Leu Phe Leu His Gly Phe Gly Gly Ser Ala Asn
 50 55 60

Ser Glu Lys Phe Met Val Lys Gln Ala Glu Lys Arg Gly Val Thr Lys
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ile Ile Thr Ala Tyr Val Ser Lys Asp Gly Ala Val Thr Phe Lys
 85 90 95

Gly Lys Leu Arg Lys Asp Ala Val Asn Pro Ile Val Lys Ile Glu Leu
 100 105 110

Glu Asn Asn Arg Gln Gly Tyr Leu Asp Lys Asn Ala Ala Trp Phe Lys
 115 120 125

Asn Val Leu Thr Lys Leu Gln Ser Glu Tyr Asn Phe Asp Lys Phe Asn
 130 135 140

Phe Val Gly His Ser Met Gly Asn Leu Thr Phe Ala Gln Tyr Met Met
 145 150 155 160

Thr Tyr Gly Asn Asp Lys Ser Leu Pro Gln Leu Asn Lys Gln Val Asn
 165 170 175

Ile Ala Gly Thr Phe Asn Gly Val Leu Asn Met Asn Glu Asp Val Asn
 180 185 190

Glu Ile Thr Val Asp Lys Asp Gly Lys Pro Ser Arg Met Asn Gln Pro
 195 200 205

Tyr Gln Gln Leu Arg Val Leu Lys Asp Ile Tyr Lys Gly Lys Gly Ile
 210 215 220

Glu Val Leu Asn Ile Tyr Gly Asp Leu Lys Asp Gly Thr His Ser Asp
 225 230 235 240

Gly Arg Val Ser Asn Ser Ser Ser Lys Ser Leu Lys Tyr Leu Leu Gly
 245 250 255

Asn Ser Pro Lys Ser Tyr Arg Glu Ser Lys Tyr Glu Gly Glu Pro Ala
 260 265 270

Gln His Ser Gln Leu His Glu Asn Glu Asn Val Ala Asn Glu Leu Ile
 275 280 285

Asp Phe Leu Trp Lys Lys
 290

<210> SEQ ID NO 90

<211> LENGTH: 807

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 90

Met Thr Tyr Arg Ile Lys Lys Trp Gln Lys Leu Ser Thr Ile Thr Leu
 1 5 10 15

Leu Met Ala Gly Val Ile Thr Leu Asn Gly Gly Glu Phe Arg Ser Val
 20 25 30

Asp Lys His Gln Ile Ala Val Ala Asp Thr Asn Val Gln Thr Pro Asp
 35 40 45

Tyr Glu Lys Leu Arg Asn Thr Trp Leu Asp Val Asn Tyr Gly Tyr Asp

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50					55					60					
Lys	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Asn	Asn	Pro	Asp	Met	Lys	Lys	Lys	Phe	Asp	Ala	Thr
65					70					75					80
Glu	Lys	Glu	Ala	Thr	Asn	Leu	Leu	Lys	Glu	Met	Lys	Thr	Glu	Ser	Gly
				85					90					95	
Arg	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Trp	Ser	Gly	Ala	Glu	Thr	Leu	Glu	Thr	Asn	Ser	Ser
			100					105					110		
His	Met	Thr	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Asn	Ile	Glu	Lys	Ile	Ala	Glu	Ala	Met
		115					120					125			
Arg	Asn	Pro	Lys	Thr	Thr	Leu	Asn	Thr	Asp	Glu	Asn	Lys	Lys	Lys	Val
		130					135					140			
Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Glu	Trp	Leu	His	Lys	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Lys	Glu	Pro
145					150					155					160
Asp	Lys	Lys	Val	Lys	Glu	Leu	Ser	Glu	Asn	Phe	Thr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Gly
				165					170					175	
Lys	Asn	Thr	Asn	Leu	Asn	Trp	Trp	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Gly	Thr	Pro	Lys
			180					185						190	
Ser	Leu	Thr	Asn	Thr	Leu	Ile	Leu	Leu	Asn	Asp	Gln	Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu
		195					200					205			
Glu	Lys	Lys	Lys	Phe	Thr	Ala	Pro	Ile	Lys	Thr	Phe	Ala	Pro	Asp	Ser
				210			215					220			
Asp	Lys	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ser	Val	Gly	Lys	Ala	Glu	Leu	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gly
225					230					235					240
Asn	Leu	Val	Asp	Ile	Ser	Lys	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Glu	Cys	Ile	Ile	Glu
			245						250					255	
Glu	Asp	Lys	Asp	Met	Met	Lys	Lys	Ser	Ile	Asp	Ser	Phe	Asn	Lys	Val
			260					265					270		
Phe	Thr	Tyr	Val	Gln	Asp	Ser	Ala	Thr	Gly	Lys	Glu	Arg	Asn	Gly	Phe
		275					280					285			
Tyr	Lys	Asp	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Asp	His	Gln	Asp	Val	Pro	Tyr	Thr	Gly
		290					295					300			
Ala	Tyr	Gly	Val	Val	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gly	Ile	Ser	Gln	Met	Met	Pro	Met
305					310					315					320
Ile	Lys	Glu	Thr	Pro	Phe	Asn	Asp	Lys	Thr	Gln	Asn	Asp	Thr	Thr	Leu
				325					330					335	
Lys	Ser	Trp	Ile	Asp	Asp	Gly	Phe	Met	Pro	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Gly	Glu
			340					345					350		
Met	Met	Asp	Leu	Ser	Arg	Gly	Arg	Ala	Ile	Ser	Arg	Glu	Asn	Glu	Thr
		355					360					365			
Ser	His	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ala	Thr	Val	Met	Lys	Ser	Leu	Leu	Arg	Leu	Ser
		370					375					380			
Asp	Ala	Met	Asp	Asp	Ser	Thr	Lys	Ala	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Lys	Ile	Val	Lys
385					390					395					400
Ser	Ser	Val	Glu	Ser	Asp	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Gln	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Leu	Asn
			405						410					415	
Ser	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Ile	Asp	Lys	Met	Lys	Ser	Leu	Met	Thr	Asp	Asn	Ser
			420					425					430		
Ile	Ser	Lys	Asn	Gly	Leu	Thr	Gln	Gln	Leu	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Asp	Met
			435					440					445		
Asp	Arg	Val	Thr	Tyr	His	Asn	Lys	Asp	Leu	Asp	Phe	Ala	Phe	Gly	Leu
		450					455					460			
Ser	Met	Thr	Ser	Lys	Asn	Val	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Ile	Asn	Gly	Glu
465					470					475					480

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Asn Leu Lys Gly Trp His Thr Gly Ala Gly Met Ser Tyr Leu Tyr Asn
 485 490 495
 Ser Asp Val Lys His Tyr His Asp Asn Phe Trp Val Thr Ala Asp Met
 500 505 510
 Lys Arg Leu Ser Gly Thr Thr Thr Leu Asp Asn Glu Ile Leu Lys Asp
 515 520 525
 Thr Asp Asp Lys Lys Ser Ser Lys Thr Phe Val Gly Gly Thr Lys Val
 530 535 540
 Asp Asp Gln His Ala Ser Ile Gly Met Asp Phe Glu Asn Gln Asp Lys
 545 550 555 560
 Thr Leu Thr Ala Lys Lys Ser Tyr Phe Ile Leu Asn Asp Lys Ile Val
 565 570 575
 Phe Leu Gly Thr Gly Ile Lys Ser Thr Asp Ser Ser Lys Asn Pro Val
 580 585 590
 Thr Thr Ile Glu Asn Arg Lys Ala Asn Gly Tyr Thr Leu Tyr Thr Asp
 595 600 605
 Asp Lys Gln Thr Thr Asn Ser Asp Asn Gln Glu Asn Asn Ser Val Phe
 610 615 620
 Leu Glu Ser Thr Asp Thr Lys Lys Asn Ile Gly Tyr His Phe Leu Asn
 625 630 635 640
 Lys Pro Lys Ile Thr Val Lys Lys Glu Ser His Thr Gly Lys Trp Lys
 645 650 655
 Glu Ile Asn Lys Ser Gln Lys Asp Thr Gln Lys Thr Asp Glu Tyr Tyr
 660 665 670
 Glu Val Thr Gln Lys His Ser Asn Ser Asp Asn Lys Tyr Gly Tyr Val
 675 680 685
 Leu Tyr Pro Gly Leu Ser Lys Asp Val Phe Lys Thr Lys Lys Asp Glu
 690 695 700
 Val Thr Val Val Lys Gln Glu Asp Asp Phe His Val Val Lys Asp Asn
 705 710 715 720
 Glu Ser Val Trp Ala Gly Val Asn Tyr Ser Asn Ser Thr Gln Thr Phe
 725 730 735
 Asp Ile Asn Asn Thr Lys Val Glu Val Lys Ala Lys Gly Met Phe Ile
 740 745 750
 Leu Lys Lys Lys Asp Asp Asn Thr Tyr Glu Cys Ser Phe Tyr Asn Pro
 755 760 765
 Glu Ser Thr Asn Ser Ala Ser Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Ile Ser Met Thr
 770 775 780
 Gly Tyr Ser Ile Thr Asn Lys Asn Thr Ser Thr Ser Asn Glu Ser Gly
 785 790 795 800
 Val His Phe Glu Leu Thr Lys
 805

<210> SEQ ID NO 91

<211> LENGTH: 166

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 91

Met Lys Lys Leu Val Thr Ala Thr Thr Leu Thr Ala Gly Ile Gly Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Leu Val Gly Gln Ala His His Ala Asp Ala Ala Glu Asn Tyr Thr
 20 25 30
 Asn Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Asn Tyr Asn Thr Thr Gln Thr Thr Thr Thr

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Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ile	Ser	His	Ser	Gly	Asn	Leu	Tyr
50						55					60				
Thr	Ala	Gly	Gln	Cys	Thr	Trp	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Asp	Lys	Val	Gly	Gly	Glu
65					70					75					80
Ile	Gly	Ser	Thr	Trp	Gly	Asn	Ala	Asn	Asn	Trp	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Gln
				85					90						95
Gly	Ala	Gly	Phe	Thr	Val	Asn	His	Thr	Pro	Ser	Lys	Gly	Ala	Ile	Leu
			100					105					110		
Gln	Ser	Ser	Glu	Gly	Pro	Phe	Gly	His	Val	Ala	Tyr	Val	Glu	Ser	Val
			115					120					125		
Asn	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Val	Thr	Ile	Ser	Glu	Met	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Gly	Gly
		130					135				140				
Pro	Phe	Ser	Val	Ser	Ser	Arg	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ala	Ser	Glu	Ala	Gly	Asn
145						150				155					160
Tyr	Asn	Tyr	Ile	His	Ile										
				165											

<210> SEQ ID NO 92

<211> LENGTH: 516

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 92

Met	Lys	Lys	Lys	Leu	Gly	Met	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Pro	Ala	Val	Thr	Leu
1				5						10				15	
Ser	Leu	Ala	Ala	Cys	Gly	Asn	Asp	Asp	Gly	Lys	Asp	Lys	Asp	Gly	Lys
			20					25					30		
Val	Thr	Ile	Lys	Thr	Thr	Val	Tyr	Pro	Leu	Gln	Ser	Phe	Ala	Glu	Gln
			35				40						45		
Ile	Gly	Gly	Lys	His	Val	Lys	Val	Ser	Ser	Ile	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Gly	Thr
			50				55				60				
Asp	Leu	His	Ser	Tyr	Glu	Pro	Thr	Gln	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ser
65					70					75					80
Lys	Ser	Asp	Leu	Phe	Met	Tyr	Thr	Gly	Asp	Asn	Leu	Asp	Pro	Val	Ala
				85					90					95	
Lys	Lys	Val	Ala	Ser	Thr	Ile	Lys	Asp	Lys	Asp	Lys	Lys	Leu	Ser	Leu
			100					105					110		
Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Asp	Lys	Ala	Lys	Leu	Leu	Thr	Asp	Gln	His	Glu	His
			115					120					125		
Gly	Glu	Glu	His	Glu	His	Glu	Gly	His	Asp	His	Glu	Lys	Glu	Glu	His
			130				135					140			
His	His	His	His	Gly	Gly	Tyr	Asp	Pro	His	Val	Trp	Leu	Asp	Pro	Lys
145					150					155					160
Ile	Asn	Gln	Thr	Phe	Ala	Lys	Glu	Ile	Lys	Asp	Glu	Leu	Val	Lys	Lys
				165						170					175
Asp	Pro	Lys	His	Lys	Asp	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Lys	Leu	Asn
			180					185						190	
Asp	Asp	Leu	Lys	Lys	Ile	Asp	Asn	Asp	Met	Lys	Gln	Val	Thr	Lys	Asp
			195				200						205		
Lys	Gln	Gly	Asn	Ala	Val	Phe	Ile	Ser	His	Glu	Ser	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Leu
			210				215					220			
Ala	Asp	Cys	Tyr	Gly	Phe	Val	Gln	Lys	Gly	Ile	Gln	Asn	Met	Asn	Ala
225					230					235					240

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Glu Asp Pro Ser Gln Lys Glu Leu Thr Lys Ile Val Lys Glu Ile Arg
 245 250 255
 Asp Ser Asn Ala Lys Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Glu Asp Asn Val Ala Asn Lys
 260 265 270
 Val Thr Glu Thr Ile Arg Lys Glu Thr Asp Ala Lys Pro Leu Lys Phe
 275 280 285
 Tyr Asn Met Glu Ser Leu Asn Lys Glu Gln Gln Lys Lys Asp Asn Ile
 290 295 300
 Thr Tyr Gln Ser Leu Met Lys Ser Asn Ile Glu Asn Ile Gly Lys Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Leu Asp Ser Gly Val Lys Val Lys Asp Asp Lys Ala Glu Ser Lys His
 325 330 335
 Asp Lys Ala Ile Ser Asp Gly Tyr Phe Lys Asp Glu Gln Val Lys Asp
 340 345 350
 Arg Glu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Ala Gly Glu Trp Gln Ser Val Tyr Pro Tyr
 355 360 365
 Leu Lys Asp Gly Thr Leu Asp Glu Val Met Glu His Lys Ala Glu Asn
 370 375 380
 Asp Pro Lys Lys Ser Ala Lys Asp Leu Lys Ala Tyr Tyr Asp Lys Gly
 385 390 395 400
 Tyr Lys Thr Asp Ile Thr Asn Ile Asp Ile Lys Gly Asn Glu Ile Thr
 405 410 415
 Phe Thr Lys Asp Gly Lys Lys His Thr Gly Lys Tyr Glu Tyr Asn Gly
 420 425 430
 Lys Lys Thr Leu Lys Tyr Pro Lys Gly Asn Arg Gly Val Arg Phe Met
 435 440 445
 Phe Lys Leu Val Asp Gly Asn Asp Lys Asp Leu Pro Lys Phe Ile Gln
 450 455 460
 Phe Ser Asp His Asn Ile Ala Pro Lys Lys Ala Glu His Phe His Ile
 465 470 475 480
 Phe Met Gly Asn Asp Asn Asp Ala Leu Leu Lys Glu Met Asp Asn Trp
 485 490 495
 Pro Thr Tyr Tyr Pro Ser Lys Leu Asn Lys Asp Gln Ile Lys Glu Glu
 500 505 510
 Met Leu Ala His
 515

<210> SEQ ID NO 93

<211> LENGTH: 309

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 93

Met Ile Lys Asn Lys Ile Leu Thr Ala Thr Leu Ala Val Gly Leu Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Pro Leu Ala Asn Pro Phe Ile Glu Ile Ser Lys Ala Glu Asn Lys
 20 25 30
 Ile Glu Asp Ile Gly Gln Gly Ala Glu Ile Ile Lys Arg Thr Gln Asp
 35 40 45
 Ile Thr Ser Lys Arg Leu Ala Ile Thr Gln Asn Ile Gln Phe Asp Phe
 50 55 60
 Val Lys Asp Lys Lys Tyr Asn Lys Asp Ala Leu Val Val Lys Met Gln
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Phe Ile Ser Ser Arg Thr Thr Tyr Ser Asp Leu Lys Lys Tyr Pro
 85 90 95

-continued

Tyr Ile Lys Arg Met Ile Trp Pro Phe Gln Tyr Asn Ile Ser Leu Lys
 100 105 110
 Thr Lys Asp Ser Asn Val Asp Leu Ile Asn Tyr Leu Pro Lys Asn Lys
 115 120 125
 Ile Asp Ser Ala Asp Val Ser Gln Lys Leu Gly Tyr Asn Ile Gly Gly
 130 135 140
 Asn Phe Gln Ser Ala Pro Ser Ile Gly Gly Ser Gly Ser Phe Asn Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Lys Thr Ile Ser Tyr Asn Gln Lys Asn Tyr Val Thr Glu Val Glu
 165 170 175
 Ser Gln Asn Ser Lys Gly Val Lys Trp Gly Val Lys Ala Asn Ser Phe
 180 185 190
 Val Thr Pro Asn Gly Gln Val Ser Ala Tyr Asp Gln Tyr Leu Phe Ala
 195 200 205
 Gln Asp Pro Thr Gly Pro Ala Ala Arg Asp Tyr Phe Val Pro Asp Asn
 210 215 220
 Gln Leu Pro Pro Leu Ile Gln Ser Gly Phe Asn Pro Ser Phe Ile Thr
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Leu Ser His Glu Arg Gly Lys Gly Asp Lys Ser Glu Phe Glu Ile
 245 250 255
 Thr Tyr Gly Arg Asn Met Asp Ala Thr Tyr Ala Tyr Val Thr Arg His
 260 265 270
 Arg Leu Ala Val Asp Arg Lys His Asp Ala Phe Lys Asn Arg Asn Val
 275 280 285
 Thr Val Lys Tyr Glu Val Asn Trp Lys Thr His Glu Val Lys Ile Lys
 290 295 300
 Ser Ile Thr Pro Lys
 305

<210> SEQ ID NO 94

<211> LENGTH: 532

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 94

Met Arg Lys Leu Thr Lys Met Ser Ala Met Leu Leu Ala Ser Gly Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Gly Gly Asn Lys Gly Leu Glu Glu Lys Lys Glu
 20 25 30
 Asn Lys Gln Leu Thr Tyr Thr Thr Val Lys Asp Ile Gly Asp Met Asn
 35 40 45
 Pro His Val Tyr Gly Gly Ser Met Ser Ala Glu Ser Met Ile Tyr Glu
 50 55 60
 Pro Leu Val Arg Asn Thr Lys Asp Gly Ile Lys Pro Leu Leu Ala Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Trp Asp Val Ser Glu Asp Gly Lys Thr Tyr Thr Phe His Leu Arg
 85 90 95
 Asp Asp Val Lys Phe His Asp Gly Thr Pro Phe Asp Ala Asp Ala Val
 100 105 110
 Lys Lys Asn Ile Asp Ala Val Gln Glu Asn Lys Lys Leu His Ser Trp
 115 120 125
 Leu Lys Ile Ser Thr Leu Ile Asp Asn Val Lys Val Lys Asp Lys Tyr
 130 135 140
 Thr Val Glu Leu Asn Leu Lys Glu Ala Tyr Gln Pro Ala Leu Ala Glu

-continued

145	150	155	160
Leu Ala Met Pro Arg 165	Pro Tyr Val Phe 170	Val Ser Pro Lys Asp 175	Phe Lys
Asn Gly Thr Thr Lys Asp Gly Val Lys Lys Phe Asp Gly Thr Gly Pro 180 185 190			
Phe Lys Leu Gly Glu His Lys Lys Asp Glu Ser Ala Asp Phe Asn Lys 195 200 205			
Asn Asp Gln Tyr Trp Gly Glu Lys Ser Lys Leu Asn Lys Val Gln Ala 210 215 220			
Lys Val Met Pro Ala Gly Glu Thr Ala Phe Leu Ser Met Lys Lys Gly 225 230 235 240			
Glu Thr Asn Phe Ala Phe Thr Asp Asp Arg Gly Thr Asp Ser Leu Asp 245 250 255			
Lys Asp Ser Leu Lys Gln Leu Lys Asp Thr Gly Asp Tyr Gln Val Lys 260 265 270			
Arg Ser Gln Pro Met Asn Thr Lys Met Leu Val Val Asn Ser Gly Lys 275 280 285			
Lys Asp Asn Ala Val Ser Asp Lys Thr Val Arg Gln Ala Ile Gly His 290 295 300			
Met Val Asn Arg Asp Lys Ile Ala Lys Glu Ile Leu Asp Gly Gln Glu 305 310 315 320			
Lys Pro Ala Thr Gln Leu Phe Ala Lys Asn Val Thr Asp Ile Asn Phe 325 330 335			
Asp Met Pro Thr Arg Lys Tyr Asp Leu Lys Lys Ala Glu Ser Leu Leu 340 345 350			
Asp Glu Ala Gly Trp Lys Lys Gly Lys Asp Ser Asp Val Arg Gln Lys 355 360 365			
Asp Gly Lys Asn Leu Glu Met Ala Met Tyr Tyr Asp Lys Gly Ser Ser 370 375 380			
Ser Gln Lys Glu Gln Ala Glu Tyr Leu Gln Ala Glu Phe Lys Lys Met 385 390 395 400			
Gly Ile Lys Leu Asn Ile Asn Gly Glu Thr Ser Asp Lys Ile Ala Glu 405 410 415			
Arg Arg Thr Ser Gly Asp Tyr Asp Leu Met Phe Asn Gln Thr Trp Gly 420 425 430			
Leu Leu Tyr Asp Pro Gln Ser Thr Leu Ala Ala Phe Lys Glu Lys Asn 435 440 445			
Gly Tyr Glu Ser Ala Thr Ser Gly Ile Glu Asn Lys Asp Lys Ile Tyr 450 455 460			
Asn Ser Ile Asp Asp Ala Phe Lys Ile Gln Asn Gly Lys Glu Arg Ser 465 470 475 480			
Asp Ala Tyr Lys Asn Ile Leu Lys Gln Ile Asp Asp Glu Gly Ile Phe 485 490 495			
Ile Pro Ile Ser His Gly Ser Met Thr Val Val Ala Pro Lys Asp Leu 500 505 510			
Glu Lys Val Ser Phe Thr Gln Ser Gln Tyr Glu Leu Pro Phe Asn Glu 515 520 525			
Met Gln Tyr Lys 530			

<210> SEQ ID NO 95

<211> LENGTH: 264

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

-continued

<400> SEQUENCE: 95

Met Ile His Ser Lys Lys Leu Thr Leu Gly Ile Cys Leu Val Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Ile Leu Ile Val Gly Tyr Val Ile Met Thr Lys Thr Asn Gly Arg
 20 25 30
 Asn Ala Gln Ile Lys Asp Thr Phe Asn Gln Thr Leu Lys Leu Tyr Pro
 35 40 45
 Thr Lys Asn Leu Asp Asp Phe Tyr Asp Lys Glu Gly Phe Arg Asp Gln
 50 55 60
 Glu Phe Lys Lys Gly Asp Lys Gly Thr Trp Ile Val Asn Ser Glu Met
 65 70 75 80
 Val Ile Glu Pro Lys Gly Lys Asp Met Glu Thr Arg Gly Met Val Leu
 85 90 95
 Tyr Ile Asn Arg Asn Thr Arg Thr Thr Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Phe Ile Ser
 100 105 110
 Glu Met Thr Asp Asp Ser Asn Gly Arg Pro Lys Asp Asp Glu Lys Arg
 115 120 125
 Tyr Pro Val Lys Met Glu His Asn Lys Ile Ile Pro Thr Lys Pro Leu
 130 135 140
 Pro Asn Asp Lys Leu Lys Lys Glu Ile Glu Asn Phe Lys Phe Phe Val
 145 150 155 160
 Gln Tyr Gly Asn Phe Lys Asp Ile Asn Asp Tyr Lys Asp Gly Asp Ile
 165 170 175
 Ser Tyr Asn Pro Asn Val Pro Ser Tyr Ser Ala Lys Tyr Gln Leu Asn
 180 185 190
 Asn Asp Asp Tyr Asn Val Gln Gln Leu Arg Lys Arg Tyr Asp Ile Pro
 195 200 205
 Thr Lys Gln Ala Pro Lys Leu Leu Leu Lys Gly Asp Gly Asp Leu Lys
 210 215 220
 Gly Ser Ser Val Gly Ser Arg Ser Leu Glu Phe Thr Phe Val Glu Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Lys Glu Glu Asn Ile Tyr Phe Thr Asp Ser Val Gln Tyr Thr Pro Ser
 245 250 255
 Glu Asp Thr Arg Tyr Glu Ser Asn
 260

<210> SEQ ID NO 96

<211> LENGTH: 261

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 96

Met Ile His Ser Lys Lys Leu Thr Leu Gly Ile Cys Leu Val Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Ile Leu Ile Gly Gly Cys Val Ile Met Thr Lys Thr Asn Gly Arg
 20 25 30
 Asn Ala Gln Ile Lys Glu Asn Phe Asn Lys Thr Leu Ser Val Tyr Leu
 35 40 45
 Thr Lys Asn Leu Asp Asp Phe Tyr Asp Lys Glu Gly Phe Arg Asp Gln
 50 55 60
 Glu Phe Asp Lys Arg Asp Lys Gly Thr Trp Ile Ile Tyr Ser Glu Met
 65 70 75 80
 Val Ile Glu Pro Lys Gly Lys Asn Met Glu Ser Arg Gly Met Val Leu
 85 90 95

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Tyr Ile Asn Arg Asn Thr Arg Thr Thr Lys Gly Asn Phe Ile Val Thr
 100 105 110
 Glu Ile Thr Glu Asp Ser Lys Gly Tyr Ser Arg Ser Lys Glu Lys Lys
 115 120 125
 Tyr Pro Val Lys Met Glu Asn Asn Arg Ile Ile Pro Thr Lys Pro Ile
 130 135 140
 Pro Asp Asp Lys Leu Lys Lys Glu Ile Glu Asn Phe Lys Phe Phe Val
 145 150 155 160
 Gln Tyr Gly Asn Phe Lys Asp Phe Lys Asp Tyr Lys Asn Gly Asp Ile
 165 170 175
 Ser Tyr Asn Pro Asn Val Pro Ser Tyr Ser Ala Lys Tyr Gln Leu Asn
 180 185 190
 Asn Asp Asp Tyr Asn Val Gln Gln Leu Arg Lys Arg Tyr His Ile Pro
 195 200 205
 Thr Lys Gln Ala Pro Glu Leu Lys Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly Asn Leu Lys
 210 215 220
 Gly Ser Ser Val Gly Ser Lys Asp Leu Glu Phe Thr Phe Val Glu Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Gln Glu Glu Asn Ile Tyr Phe Ser Asp Ser Val Glu Phe Thr Pro Ser
 245 250 255
 Glu Asp Asp Lys Ser
 260

<210> SEQ ID NO 97

<211> LENGTH: 498

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 97

Met Ala Ala Leu Thr Leu Leu Ser Thr Leu Ser Pro Ala Ala Leu Ala
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Asp Ser Lys Asn Lys Pro Ala Asn Ser Asp Ile Lys Phe Glu Val
 20 25 30
 Thr Gln Lys Ser Asp Ala Val Lys Ala Leu Lys Glu Leu Pro Lys Ser
 35 40 45
 Glu Asn Val Lys Asn Ile Tyr Gln Asp Tyr Ala Val Thr Asp Val Lys
 50 55 60
 Thr Asp Lys Lys Gly Phe Thr His Tyr Thr Leu Gln Pro Ser Val Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Val His Ala Pro Asp Lys Glu Val Lys Val His Ala Asp Lys Ser
 85 90 95
 Gly Lys Val Val Leu Ile Asn Gly Asp Thr Asp Ala Lys Lys Val Lys
 100 105 110
 Pro Thr Asn Lys Val Thr Leu Ser Lys Asp Asp Ala Ala Asp Lys Ala
 115 120 125
 Phe Lys Ala Val Lys Ile Asp Lys Asn Lys Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Asp
 130 135 140
 Lys Val Ile Lys Glu Asn Lys Val Glu Ile Asp Gly Asp Ser Asn Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Val Tyr Asn Val Glu Leu Ile Thr Val Thr Pro Glu Ile Ser His
 165 170 175
 Trp Lys Val Lys Ile Asp Ala Gln Thr Gly Glu Ile Leu Glu Lys Met
 180 185 190
 Asn Leu Val Lys Glu Ala Ala Glu Thr Gly Lys Gly Lys Gly Val Leu

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195				200				205							
Gly	Asp	Thr	Lys	Asp	Ile	Asn	Ile	Asn	Ser	Ile	Asp	Gly	Gly	Phe	Ser
210						215					220				
Leu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Thr	His	Gln	Gly	Lys	Leu	Ser	Ala	Phe	Ser	Phe	Asn
225					230					235					240
Asp	Gln	Thr	Gly	Gln	Ala	Thr	Leu	Ile	Thr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Glu	Asn	Phe
			245							250				255	
Val	Lys	Asp	Glu	Gln	Arg	Ala	Gly	Val	Asp	Ala	Asn	Tyr	Tyr	Ala	Lys
		260							265				270		
Gln	Thr	Tyr	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Thr	Phe	Gly	Arg	Glu	Ser	Tyr	Asp
		275					280					285			
Asn	Gln	Gly	Ser	Pro	Ile	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	His	Val	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Gly
290						295					300				
Gly	Gln	Asp	Asn	Arg	Asn	Asn	Ala	Ala	Trp	Ile	Gly	Asp	Lys	Met	Ile
305					310					315					320
Tyr	Gly	Asp	Gly	Asp	Gly	Arg	Thr	Phe	Thr	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ala	Asn
			325						330					335	
Asp	Val	Val	Ala	His	Glu	Leu	Thr	His	Gly	Val	Thr	Gln	Glu	Thr	Ala
		340							345				350		
Asn	Leu	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Gln	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Asn	Glu	Ser	Phe	Ser
		355				360						365			
Asp	Val	Phe	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Val	Asp	Asp	Glu	Asp	Phe	Leu	Met	Gly	Glu
		370				375					380				
Asp	Val	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Gly	Lys	Glu	Gly	Asp	Ala	Leu	Arg	Ser	Met	Ser
385					390					395					400
Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Phe	Gly	Gln	Pro	Ala	His	Met	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Val	Phe
			405							410				415	
Thr	Glu	Lys	Asp	Asn	Gly	Gly	Val	His	Thr	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ile	Pro	Asn
		420							425				430		
Lys	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Asn	Val	Ile	Gln	Ala	Ile	Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Ser	Glu
		435					440					445			
Gln	Ile	Tyr	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Leu	Thr	Glu	Tyr	Leu	Thr	Ser	Asn	Ser	Asn
		450				455						460			
Phe	Lys	Asp	Cys	Lys	Asp	Ala	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Ala	Ala	Lys	Asp	Leu	Tyr
465					470					475					480
Asp	Glu	Gln	Thr	Ala	Glu	Gln	Val	Tyr	Glu	Ala	Trp	Asn	Glu	Val	Gly
			485						490					495	

Val Glu

<210> SEQ ID NO 98

<211> LENGTH: 680

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 98

Met Lys Ser Gln Asn Lys Tyr Ser Ile Arg Lys Phe Ser Val Gly Ala
1 5 10 15Ser Ser Ile Leu Ile Ala Thr Leu Leu Phe Leu Ser Gly Gly Gln Ala
20 25 30Gln Ala Ala Glu Lys Gln Val Asn Met Gly Asn Ser Gln Glu Asp Thr
35 40 45Val Thr Ala Gln Ser Ile Gly Asp Gln Gln Thr Arg Glu Asn Ala Asn
50 55 60

Tyr Gln Arg Glu Asn Gly Val Asp Glu Gln Gln His Thr Glu Asn Leu

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65	70	75	80
Thr Lys Asn Leu His 85	Asn Asp Lys Thr 90	Ile Ser Glu Glu Asn His Arg 95	
Lys Thr Asp Asp Leu 100	Asn Lys Asp Gln Leu 105	Lys Asp Asp Lys Lys Ser 110	
Ser Leu Asn Asn Lys 115	Asn Ile Gln Arg Asp Thr Thr 120	Lys Asn Asn Asn 125	
Ala Asn Pro Ser Asp Val 130	Asn Gln Gly Leu Glu 135	Gln Ala Ile Asn Asp 140	
Gly Lys Gln Ser Lys Val 145	Ala Ser Gln Gln Gln Ser 150	Lys Glu Ala Asp 155	160
Asn Ser Gln Asp Ser 165	Asn Ala Asn Asn Asn Leu 170	Pro Ser Gln Ser Arg 175	
Ile Lys Glu Ala Pro Ser 180	Leu Asn Lys Leu Asp Gln Thr 185	Ser Ser Gln Arg 190	
Glu Ile Val Asn Glu Thr 195	Glu Ile Glu Lys Val Gln Pro 200	Gln Gln Asn 205	
Asn Gln Ala Asn Asp Lys 210	Ile Thr Asn Tyr Asn Phe 215	Asn Asn Glu Gln 220	
Glu Val Lys Pro Gln Lys 225	Asp Glu Lys Thr Leu Ser 230	Val Ser Asp Leu 235	240
Lys Asn Asn Gln Lys Ser 245	Pro Val Glu Pro Thr Lys 250	Asp Asn Asp Lys 255	
Lys Asn Gly Leu Asn Leu 260	Leu Lys Ser Ser Ala Val 265	Ala Thr Leu Pro 270	
Asn Lys Gly Thr Lys Glu 275	Leu Thr Ala Lys Ala Lys 280	Asp Asp Gln Thr 285	
Asn Lys Val Ala Lys Gln 290	Gly Gln Tyr Lys Asn Gln 295	Asp Pro Ile Val 300	
Leu Val His Gly Phe Asn 305	Gly Phe Thr Asp Asp Ile 310	Asn Pro Ser Val 315	320
Leu Ala His Tyr Trp Gly 325	Gly Asn Lys Met Asn Ile 330	Arg Gln Asp Leu 335	
Glu Glu Asn Gly Tyr Lys 340	Ala Tyr Glu Ala Ser Ile 345	Ser Ala Phe Gly 350	
Ser Asn Tyr Asp Arg Ala 355	Val Glu Leu Tyr Tyr Tyr 360	Ile Lys Gly Gly 365	
Arg Val Asp Tyr Gly Ala 370	Ala His Ala Ala Lys Tyr 375	Gly His Glu Arg 380	
Tyr Gly Lys Thr Tyr Glu 385	Gly Ile Tyr Lys Asp Trp 390	Lys Pro Gly Gln 395	400
Lys Val His Leu Val Gly 405	His Ser Met Gly Gly Gln 410	Thr Ile Arg Gln 415	
Leu Glu Glu Leu Leu Arg 420	Asn Gly Asn Arg Glu Glu 425	Ile Glu Tyr Gln 430	
Lys Lys His Gly Gly Glu 435	Ile Ser Pro Leu Phe Lys 440	Gly Asn His Asp 445	
Asn Met Ile Ser Ser Ile 450	Thr Thr Leu Gly Thr Pro 455	His Asn Gly Thr 460	
His Ala Ser Asp Leu Ala 465	Gly Asn Glu Ala Leu Val 470	Arg Gln Ile Val 475	480
Phe Asp Ile Gly Lys Met 485	Phe Gly Asn Lys Asn Ser 490	Arg Val Asp Phe 495	

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Gly Leu Ala Gln Trp Gly Leu Lys Gln Lys Pro Asn Glu Ser Tyr Ile
 500 505 510
 Asp Tyr Val Lys Arg Val Lys Gln Ser Asn Leu Trp Lys Ser Lys Asp
 515 520 525
 Asn Gly Phe Tyr Asp Leu Thr Arg Glu Gly Ala Thr Asp Leu Asn Arg
 530 535 540
 Lys Thr Ser Leu Asn Pro Asn Ile Val Tyr Lys Thr Tyr Thr Gly Glu
 545 550 555 560
 Ala Thr His Lys Ala Leu Asn Ser Asp Arg Gln Lys Ala Asp Leu Asn
 565 570 575
 Met Phe Phe Pro Phe Val Ile Thr Gly Asn Leu Ile Gly Lys Ala Thr
 580 585 590
 Glu Lys Glu Trp Arg Glu Asn Asp Gly Leu Val Ser Val Ile Ser Ser
 595 600 605
 Gln His Pro Phe Asn Gln Ala Tyr Thr Lys Ala Thr Asp Lys Ile Gln
 610 615 620
 Lys Gly Ile Trp Gln Val Thr Pro Thr Lys His Asp Trp Asp His Val
 625 630 635 640
 Asp Phe Val Gly Gln Asp Ser Ser Asp Thr Val Arg Thr Arg Glu Glu
 645 650 655
 Leu Gln Asp Phe Trp His His Leu Ala Asp Asp Leu Val Lys Thr Glu
 660 665 670
 Lys Leu Thr Asp Thr Lys Gln Ala
 675 680

<210> SEQ ID NO 99

<211> LENGTH: 328

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 99

Met Lys Lys Cys Ile Lys Thr Leu Phe Leu Ser Ile Ile Leu Val Val
 1 5 10 15
 Met Ser Gly Trp Tyr His Ser Ala His Ala Ser Asp Ser Leu Ser Lys
 20 25 30
 Ser Pro Glu Asn Trp Met Ser Lys Leu Asp Asp Gly Lys His Leu Thr
 35 40 45
 Glu Ile Asn Ile Pro Gly Ser His Asp Ser Gly Ser Phe Thr Leu Lys
 50 55 60
 Asp Pro Val Lys Ser Val Trp Ala Lys Thr Gln Asp Lys Asp Tyr Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Gln Met Lys Ser Gly Val Arg Phe Phe Asp Ile Arg Gly Arg Ala
 85 90 95
 Ser Ala Asp Asn Met Ile Ser Val His His Gly Met Val Tyr Leu His
 100 105 110
 His Glu Leu Gly Lys Phe Leu Asp Asp Ala Lys Tyr Tyr Leu Ser Ala
 115 120 125
 Tyr Pro Asn Glu Thr Ile Val Met Ser Met Lys Lys Asp Tyr Asp Ser
 130 135 140
 Asp Ser Lys Val Thr Lys Thr Phe Glu Glu Ile Phe Arg Glu Tyr Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Asn Asn Pro Gln Tyr Gln Asn Leu Phe Tyr Thr Gly Ser Asn Ala
 165 170 175
 Asn Pro Thr Leu Lys Glu Thr Lys Gly Lys Ile Val Leu Phe Asn Arg

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Asn His Gln Asp Gln Lys Leu Tyr Phe Tyr Phe Ser Ser Pro Gly Lys
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Gln Ile Ile Tyr Lys Glu Ser Leu Thr Tyr Asn Lys Ile Ser Glu
 245 250 255
 His
 <210> SEQ ID NO 101
 <211> LENGTH: 423
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp
 <400> SEQUENCE: 101
 Met Ser Lys Ile Leu Lys Cys Ile Thr Leu Ala Val Val Met Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Val Thr Ala Cys Gly Pro Asn Arg Ser Lys Glu Asp Ile Asp Lys
 20 25 30
 Ala Leu Asn Lys Asp Asn Ser Lys Asp Lys Pro Asn Gln Leu Thr Met
 35 40 45
 Trp Val Asp Gly Asp Lys Gln Met Ala Phe Tyr Lys Lys Ile Thr Asp
 50 55 60
 Gln Tyr Thr Lys Lys Thr Gly Ile Lys Val Lys Leu Val Asn Ile Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Gln Asn Asp Gln Leu Glu Asn Ile Ser Leu Asp Ala Pro Ala Gly Lys
 85 90 95
 Gly Pro Asp Ile Phe Phe Leu Ala His Asp Asn Thr Gly Ser Ala Tyr
 100 105 110
 Leu Gln Gly Leu Ala Ala Glu Ile Lys Leu Ser Lys Asp Glu Leu Lys
 115 120 125
 Gly Phe Asn Lys Gln Ala Leu Lys Ala Met Asn Tyr Asp Asn Lys Gln
 130 135 140
 Leu Ala Leu Pro Ala Ile Val Glu Thr Thr Ala Leu Phe Tyr Asn Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Lys Leu Val Lys Asn Ala Pro Gln Thr Leu Glu Glu Val Glu Ala Asn
 165 170 175
 Ala Ala Lys Leu Thr Asp Ser Lys Lys Lys Gln Tyr Gly Met Leu Phe
 180 185 190
 Asp Ala Lys Asn Phe Tyr Phe Asn Tyr Pro Phe Leu Phe Gly Asn Asp
 195 200 205
 Asp Tyr Ile Phe Lys Lys Asn Gly Ser Glu Tyr Asp Ile His Gln Leu
 210 215 220
 Gly Leu Asn Ser Lys His Val Val Lys Asn Ala Glu Arg Leu Gln Lys
 225 230 235 240
 Trp Tyr Asp Lys Gly Tyr Leu Pro Lys Ala Ala Thr His Asp Val Met
 245 250 255
 Ile Gly Leu Phe Lys Glu Gly Lys Val Gly Gln Phe Val Thr Gly Pro
 260 265 270
 Trp Asn Ile Asn Glu Tyr Gln Glu Thr Phe Gly Lys Asp Leu Gly Val
 275 280 285
 Thr Thr Leu Pro Thr Asp Gly Gly Lys Pro Met Lys Pro Phe Leu Gly
 290 295 300
 Val Arg Gly Trp Tyr Leu Ser Glu Tyr Ser Lys His Lys Tyr Trp Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Asp Leu Met Leu Tyr Ile Thr Ser Lys Asp Thr Leu Gln Lys Tyr
 325 330 335

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Thr Asp Glu Met Ser Glu Ile Thr Gly Arg Val Asp Val Lys Ser Ser
 340 345 350
 Asn Pro Asn Leu Lys Val Phe Glu Lys Gln Ala Arg His Ala Glu Pro
 355 360 365
 Met Pro Asn Ile Pro Glu Met Arg Gln Val Trp Glu Pro Met Gly Asn
 370 375 380
 Ala Ser Ile Phe Ile Ser Asn Gly Lys Asn Pro Lys Gln Ala Leu Asp
 385 390 395 400
 Glu Ala Thr Asn Asp Ile Thr Gln Asn Ile Lys Ile Leu His Pro Ser
 405 410 415
 Gln Asn Asp Lys Lys Gly Asp
 420

<210> SEQ ID NO 102

<211> LENGTH: 560

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 102

Met Leu Ile Thr Ala Ala Met Val Cys Ser Phe Gly Leu Leu Lys Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Gln Ala Ala Glu Gln Gln Ser Ile Ser Asp Val Tyr Ser Val Ile Thr
 20 25 30
 Asp Ala Lys Ser Ala Leu Ser Asn Asn Ser Ile Ser Asn Asp Asn Lys
 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Ala Ile Glu Gln Val Val Ser Ala Val Lys Lys Leu Ser Leu
 50 55 60
 Glu Asp Asn Ser Glu Ser Asn Ala Val Lys Ser Asp Val Arg Lys Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Asp Ala Lys Ala Asn Asp Asn Gln Lys Asp Thr Leu Ser Gln Leu
 85 90 95
 Thr Lys Ser Leu Ile Ala Tyr Glu Glu Lys Leu Ala Ser Lys Asp Ala
 100 105 110
 Gly Ser Lys Ile Lys Leu Leu Gln Gln Gln Val Asp Ala Lys Asp Ala
 115 120 125
 Ala Met Thr Lys Ala Ile Lys Asp Lys Asn Lys Ala Glu Leu Glu Ser
 130 135 140
 Leu Asn Asn Ser Leu Asn Gln Ile Trp Thr Ser Asn Glu Thr Val Ile
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Asn Tyr Asp Ala Asn Gln Tyr Gly Gln Ile Glu Val Ala Leu Leu
 165 170 175
 Gln Leu Arg Ile Ala Ile His Lys Ser Pro Leu Asp Thr Ala Lys Val
 180 185 190
 Ser His Ala Trp Thr Thr Phe Lys Ser Asn Ile Asp His Val Asp Lys
 195 200 205
 Lys Ser Asn Thr Ser Ala Asn Asp Gln Tyr His Val Ser Gln Leu Asn
 210 215 220
 Asp Ala Leu Glu Lys Ala Ile Lys Ala Ile Asp Asp Asn Gln Leu Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Ala Asp Ala Ala Leu Thr His Phe Ile Glu Thr Trp Pro Tyr Val
 245 250 255
 Glu Gly Gln Ile Gln Thr Lys Asp Gly Ala Leu Tyr Thr Lys Ile Glu
 260 265 270
 Asp Lys Ile Pro Tyr Tyr Gln Ser Val Leu Asp Glu His Asn Lys Ala
 275 280 285

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His Val Lys Asp Gly Leu Val Asp Leu Asn Asn Gln Ile Lys Glu Val
 290 295 300
 Val Gly His Ser Tyr Ser Phe Val Asp Val Met Ile Ile Phe Leu Arg
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Gly Leu Glu Val Leu Leu Ile Val Met Thr Leu Thr Thr Met Thr
 325 330 335
 Arg Asn Val Lys Asp Lys Lys Gly Thr Ala Ser Val Ile Gly Gly Ala
 340 345 350
 Ile Ala Gly Leu Val Leu Ser Ile Ile Leu Ala Ile Thr Phe Val Glu
 355 360 365
 Thr Leu Gly Asn Ser Gly Ile Leu Arg Glu Ser Met Glu Ala Gly Leu
 370 375 380
 Gly Ile Val Ala Val Ile Leu Met Phe Ile Val Gly Val Trp Met His
 385 390 395 400
 Lys Arg Ser Asn Ala Lys Arg Trp Asn Asp Met Ile Lys Asn Met Tyr
 405 410 415
 Ala Asn Ala Ile Ser Asn Gly Asn Leu Val Leu Leu Ala Thr Ile Gly
 420 425 430
 Leu Ile Ser Val Leu Arg Glu Gly Val Glu Val Ile Ile Phe Tyr Met
 435 440 445
 Gly Met Ile Gly Glu Leu Ala Thr Lys Asp Phe Ile Ile Gly Ile Ala
 450 455 460
 Leu Ala Ile Val Ile Leu Ile Ile Phe Ala Leu Leu Phe Arg Phe Ile
 465 470 475 480
 Val Lys Leu Ile Pro Ile Phe Tyr Ile Phe Arg Val Leu Ser Ile Phe
 485 490 495
 Ile Phe Ile Met Gly Phe Lys Met Leu Gly Val Ser Ile Gln Lys Leu
 500 505 510
 Gln Leu Leu Gly Ala Met Pro Arg His Val Ile Glu Gly Phe Pro Thr
 515 520 525
 Ile Asn Trp Leu Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Tyr Glu Pro Leu Ile Ala Gln
 530 535 540
 Gly Ala Tyr Ile Met Val Val Ala Ile Leu Ile Phe Lys Phe Lys Lys
 545 550 555 560

<210> SEQ ID NO 103

<211> LENGTH: 334

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 103

Met Gln Lys Lys Val Leu Ala Ala Ile Ile Gly Thr Ser Ala Ile Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Val Ala Ala Thr Gln Ala Asn Ala Ala Thr Thr His Thr Val Lys
 20 25 30
 Pro Gly Glu Ser Val Trp Ala Ile Ser Asn Lys Tyr Gly Ile Ser Ile
 35 40 45
 Ala Lys Leu Lys Ser Leu Asn Asn Leu Thr Ser Asn Leu Ile Phe Pro
 50 55 60
 Asn Gln Val Leu Lys Val Ser Gly Ser Ser Asn Ser Thr Ser Asn Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Ser Arg Pro Ser Thr Asn Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Thr Val Gln
 85 90 95
 Ala Gly Asp Ser Leu Ser Leu Ile Ala Ser Lys Tyr Gly Thr Thr Tyr

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100					105					110					
Gln	Asn	Ile	Met	Arg	Leu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Asn	Asn	Phe	Phe	Ile	Tyr	Pro
	115						120					125			
Gly	Gln	Lys	Leu	Lys	Val	Ser	Gly	Thr	Ala	Ser	Ser	Ser	Asn	Ala	Ala
	130						135					140			
Ser	Asn	Ser	Ser	Arg	Pro	Ser	Thr	Asn	Ser	Gly	Gly	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Tyr
	145						150					155			
Thr	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Asp	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ser	Lys	Tyr	Gly
				165					170					175	
Thr	Thr	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Ile	Met	Ser	Leu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Asn	Asn	Phe	Phe
			180						185					190	
Ile	Tyr	Pro	Gly	Gln	Lys	Leu	Lys	Val	Thr	Gly	Asn	Ala	Ser	Thr	Asn
		195						200						205	
Ser	Gly	Ser	Ala	Thr	Thr	Thr	Asn	Arg	Gly	Tyr	Asn	Thr	Pro	Val	Phe
	210						215					220			
Ser	His	Gln	Asn	Leu	Tyr	Thr	Trp	Gly	Gln	Cys	Thr	Tyr	His	Val	Phe
	225						230					235			240
Asn	Arg	Arg	Ala	Glu	Ile	Gly	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ser	Thr	Tyr	Trp	Trp	Asn
			245						250					255	
Ala	Asn	Asn	Trp	Asp	Asn	Ala	Ala	Ala	Ala	Asp	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Asp
			260						265					270	
Asn	Arg	Pro	Thr	Val	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ala	Gln	Thr	Asp	Val	Gly	Tyr	Tyr
		275						280				285			
Gly	His	Val	Met	Phe	Val	Glu	Arg	Val	Asn	Asn	Asp	Gly	Ser	Ile	Leu
	290						295					300			
Val	Ser	Glu	Met	Asn	Tyr	Ser	Ala	Ala	Pro	Gly	Ile	Leu	Thr	Tyr	Arg
	305						310					315			320
Thr	Val	Pro	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Val	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Arg	Tyr	Ile	His		
				325					330						

<210> SEQ ID NO 104

<211> LENGTH: 279

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 104

Met	Lys	Lys	Ser	Leu	Thr	Val	Thr	Val	Ser	Ser	Val	Leu	Ala	Phe	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Ala	Leu	Asn	Asn	Ala	Ala	His	Ala	Gln	Gln	His	Gly	Thr	Gln	Val	Lys
				20				25					30		
Thr	Pro	Val	Gln	His	Asn	Tyr	Val	Ser	Asn	Val	Gln	Ala	Gln	Thr	Gln
			35				40					45			
Ser	Pro	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Val	Val	Ala	Gly	Asp	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Lys	Ile
		50				55					60				
Ala	Leu	Glu	His	His	Leu	Thr	Leu	Asn	Gln	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Tyr	Asn	Pro
		65			70						75				80
Gly	Val	Thr	Pro	Leu	Ile	Phe	Pro	Gly	Asp	Val	Ile	Ser	Leu	Val	Pro
				85					90					95	
Gln	Asn	Lys	Val	Lys	Gln	Thr	Lys	Ala	Val	Lys	Ser	Pro	Val	Arg	Lys
			100					105						110	
Ala	Ser	Gln	Ala	Lys	Lys	Val	Val	Lys	Gln	Pro	Val	Gln	Gln	Ala	Ser
		115						120					125		
Lys	Lys	Val	Val	Val	Lys	Gln	Ala	Pro	Lys	Gln	Ala	Val	Thr	Lys	Thr
		130				135							140		

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Val Asn Val Ala Tyr Lys Pro Ala Gln Val Gln Lys Ser Val Pro Thr
145 150 155 160

Val Pro Val Ala His Asn Tyr Asn Lys Ser Val Ala Asn Arg Gly Asn
165 170 175

Leu Tyr Ala Tyr Gly Asn Cys Thr Tyr Tyr Ala Phe Asp Arg Arg Ala
180 185 190

Gln Leu Gly Arg Ser Ile Gly Ser Leu Trp Gly Asn Ala Asn Asn Trp
195 200 205

Asn Tyr Ala Ala Lys Val Ala Gly Phe Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Pro Glu
210 215 220

Val Gly Ala Ile Phe Gln Thr Ala Ala Gly Pro Tyr Gly His Val Gly
225 230 235 240

Val Val Glu Ser Val Asn Pro Asn Gly Thr Ile Thr Val Ser Glu Met
245 250 255

Asn Tyr Ala Gly Phe Asn Val Lys Ser Ser Arg Thr Ile Leu Asn Pro
260 265 270

Gly Lys Tyr Asn Tyr Ile His
275

<210> SEQ ID NO 105

<211> LENGTH: 346

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 105

Met Ile Ile Ala Ile Ile Ile Leu Ile Phe Ile Ser Phe Phe Phe Ser
1 5 10 15

Gly Ser Glu Thr Ala Leu Thr Ala Ala Asn Lys Thr Lys Phe Lys Thr
20 25 30

Glu Ala Asp Lys Gly Asp Lys Lys Ala Lys Gly Ile Val Lys Leu Leu
35 40 45

Glu Lys Pro Ser Glu Phe Ile Thr Thr Ile Leu Ile Gly Asn Asn Val
50 55 60

Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Pro Thr Leu Val Thr Leu Met Ala Leu Arg Trp
65 70 75 80

Gly Ile Ser Val Gly Ile Ala Ser Ala Val Leu Thr Val Val Ile Ile
85 90 95

Leu Ile Ser Glu Val Ile Pro Lys Ser Val Ala Ala Thr Phe Pro Asp
100 105 110

Lys Ile Thr Arg Leu Val Tyr Pro Ile Ile Asn Ile Cys Val Ile Val
115 120 125

Phe Arg Pro Ile Thr Leu Leu Leu Asn Lys Leu Thr Asp Ser Ile Asn
130 135 140

Arg Ser Leu Ser Lys Gly Gln Pro Gln Glu His Gln Phe Ser Lys Glu
145 150 155 160

Glu Phe Lys Thr Met Leu Ala Ile Ala Gly His Glu Gly Ala Leu Asn
165 170 175

Glu Ile Glu Thr Ser Arg Leu Glu Gly Val Ile Asn Phe Glu Asn Leu
180 185 190

Lys Val Lys Asp Val Asp Thr Thr Pro Arg Ile Asn Val Thr Ala Phe
195 200 205

Ala Ser Asn Ala Thr Tyr Glu Glu Val Tyr Glu Thr Val Met Asn Lys
210 215 220

Pro Tyr Thr Arg Tyr Pro Val Tyr Glu Gly Asp Ile Asp Asn Ile Ile
225 230 235 240

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260					265					270					
Val	Arg	Arg	Asp	Tyr	Glu	Phe	Asn	Val	Asn	Ser	Pro	Glu	Phe	Gln	Asp
	275						280					285			
Leu	Glu	Leu	Leu	Val	Lys	Thr	Met	Arg	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ala	Asp	Val	Gln
	290				295						300				
Tyr	Val	Ser	Ile	Pro	Ser	Asn	Gly	Val	Trp	Tyr	Asp	His	Ile	Gly	Ile
305					310					315					320
Asp	Lys	Glu	Arg	Arg	Gln	Ala	Val	Tyr	Lys	Lys	Ile	His	Ser	Thr	Val
			325						330						335
Val	Asp	Asn	Gly	Gly	Lys	Ile	Tyr	Asp	Met	Thr	Asp	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Glu
		340						345					350		
Lys	Tyr	Val	Ile	Ser	Asp	Ala	Val	His	Ile	Gly	Trp	Lys	Gly	Trp	Val
		355					360					365			
Tyr	Met	Asp	Glu	Gln	Ile	Ala	Lys	His	Met	Lys	Gly	Glu	Pro	Gln	Pro
	370					375					380				
Glu	Val	Asp	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asn									
385					390										
<210> SEQ ID NO 107															
<211> LENGTH: 1256															
<212> TYPE: PRT															
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp															
<400> SEQUENCE: 107															
Met	Ala	Lys	Lys	Phe	Asn	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Pro	Ser	Met	Val	Ala	Leu	Thr
1				5					10					15	
Leu	Val	Gly	Ser	Ala	Val	Thr	Ala	His	Gln	Val	Gln	Ala	Ala	Glu	Thr
			20					25					30		
Thr	Gln	Asp	Gln	Thr	Thr	Asn	Lys	Asn	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asn	Lys	Val
		35					40					45			
Lys	Ala	Thr	Thr	Glu	Gln	Ala	Lys	Ala	Glu	Val	Lys	Asn	Pro	Thr	Gln
	50					55					60				
Asn	Ile	Ser	Gly	Thr	Gln	Val	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Pro	Ala	Ile	Val	Gln	Pro
65					70				75						80
Lys	Thr	Ala	Asn	Asn	Lys	Thr	Gly	Asn	Ala	Gln	Val	Ser	Gln	Lys	Val
				85					90					95	
Asp	Thr	Ala	Gln	Val	Asn	Gly	Asp	Thr	Arg	Ala	Asn	Gln	Ser	Ala	Thr
		100						105						110	
Thr	Asn	Asn	Thr	Gln	Pro	Val	Ala	Lys	Ser	Thr	Ser	Thr	Thr	Ala	Pro
		115						120					125		
Lys	Thr	Asn	Thr	Asn	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Val	Asp	Asp
	130					135					140				
Glu	Asp	Asp	Asn	Ser	Glu	Asn	Gln	Ile	Asn	Pro	Glu	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ser
145					150					155					160
Ala	Ala	Lys	Pro	Ala	Ala	Leu	Glu	Thr	Gln	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Ala	Ala	Pro
				165					170					175	
Lys	Ala	Ala	Thr	Thr	Ser	Ala	Pro	Lys	Ala	Lys	Thr	Glu	Ala	Thr	Pro
		180						185					190		
Lys	Val	Thr	Thr	Phe	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ala	Gln	Pro	Arg	Ser	Val	Ala	Ala
		195					200					205			
Thr	Pro	Lys	Thr	Ser	Leu	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Lys	Pro	Gln	Val	Asn	Ser	Ser
	210					215					220				
Ile	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Ile	Cys	Lys	Asn	Asn	Leu	Lys	Ala	Pro	Lys	Ile	Glu
225					230					235					240

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660				665				670					
Ile Gly Trp Val Lys Gln Gly Asp Val Ile Tyr Asn Asn Ala Lys Ser	675					680				685			
Pro Val Asn Val Met Gln Thr Tyr Thr Val Lys Pro Gly Thr Lys Leu	690					695				700			
Tyr Ser Val Pro Trp Gly Thr Tyr Lys Gln Glu Ala Gly Ala Val Ser	705				710				715				720
Gly Thr Gly Asn Gln Thr Phe Lys Ala Thr Lys Gln Gln Gln Ile Asp				725				730					735
Lys Ser Ile Tyr Leu Phe Gly Thr Val Asn Gly Lys Ser Gly Trp Val			740					745					750
Ser Lys Ala Tyr Leu Ala Val Pro Ala Ala Pro Lys Lys Ala Val Ala			755					760					765
Gln Pro Lys Thr Ala Val Lys Ala Tyr Thr Val Thr Lys Pro Gln Thr			770					775					780
Thr Gln Thr Val Ser Lys Ile Ala Gln Val Lys Pro Asn Asn Thr Gly			785					790					800
Leu Arg Ala Ser Val Tyr Glu Lys Thr Ala Lys Asn Gly Ala Lys Tyr								805					815
Ala Asp Arg Thr Phe Tyr Val Thr Lys Glu Arg Ala His Gly Asn Glu								820					830
Thr Tyr Val Leu Leu Asn Asn Thr Ser His Asn Ile Pro Leu Gly Trp								835					845
Phe Asn Val Lys Asp Leu Asn Val Gln Asn Leu Gly Lys Glu Val Lys								850					860
Thr Thr Gln Lys Tyr Thr Val Asn Lys Ser Asn Asn Gly Leu Ser Met								865					875
Val Pro Trp Gly Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ile Leu Thr Gly Asn Asn Ile								885					895
Ala Gln Gly Thr Phe Asn Ala Thr Lys Gln Val Ser Val Gly Lys Asp								900					910
Val Tyr Leu Tyr Gly Thr Ile Asn Asn Arg Thr Gly Trp Val Asn Ala								915					925
Lys Asp Leu Thr Ala Pro Thr Ala Val Lys Pro Thr Thr Ser Ala Ala								930					940
Lys Asp Tyr Asn Tyr Thr Tyr Val Ile Lys Asn Gly Asn Gly Tyr Tyr								945					955
Tyr Val Thr Pro Asn Ser Asp Thr Ala Lys Tyr Ser Leu Lys Ala Phe								965					975
Asn Glu Gln Pro Phe Ala Val Val Lys Glu Gln Val Ile Asn Gly Gln								980					990
Thr Trp Tyr Tyr Gly Lys Leu Ser Asn Gly Lys Leu Ala Trp Ile Lys								995					1005
Ser Thr Asp Leu Ala Lys Glu Leu Ile Lys Tyr Asn Gln Thr Gly								1010					1020
Met Thr Leu Asn Gln Val Ala Gln Ile Gln Ala Gly Leu Gln Tyr								1025					1035
Lys Pro Gln Val Gln Arg Val Pro Gly Lys Trp Thr Asp Ala Lys								1040					1050
Phe Asn Asp Val Lys His Ala Met Asp Thr Lys Arg Leu Ala Gln								1055					1065
Asp Pro Ala Leu Lys Tyr Gln Phe Leu Arg Leu Asp Gln Pro Gln								1070					1080

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Asn Ile Ser Ile Asp Lys Ile Asn Gln Phe Leu Lys Gly Lys Gly
 1085 1090 1095
 Val Leu Glu Asn Gln Gly Ala Ala Phe Asn Lys Ala Ala Gln Met
 1100 1105 1110
 Tyr Gly Ile Asn Glu Val Tyr Leu Ile Ser His Ala Leu Leu Glu
 1115 1120 1125
 Thr Gly Asn Gly Thr Ser Gln Leu Ala Lys Gly Ala Asp Val Val
 1130 1135 1140
 Asn Asn Lys Val Val Thr Asn Ser Asn Thr Lys Tyr His Asn Val
 1145 1150 1155
 Phe Gly Leu Ala Ala Tyr Asp Asn Asp Pro Leu Arg Glu Gly Ile
 1160 1165 1170
 Lys Tyr Ala Lys Gln Ala Gly Trp Asp Thr Val Ser Lys Ala Ile
 1175 1180 1185
 Val Gly Gly Ala Lys Phe Ile Gly Asn Ser Tyr Val Lys Ala Gly
 1190 1195 1200
 Gln Asn Thr Leu Tyr Lys Met Arg Trp Asn Pro Ala His Pro Gly
 1205 1210 1215
 Thr His Gln Tyr Ala Thr Asp Val Asp Trp Ala Asn Ile Asn Ala
 1220 1225 1230
 Lys Ile Ile Lys Gly Tyr Tyr Asp Lys Ile Gly Glu Val Gly Lys
 1235 1240 1245
 Tyr Phe Asp Ile Pro Gln Tyr Lys
 1250 1255

<210> SEQ ID NO 108

<211> LENGTH: 413

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 108

Met Lys Phe Ser Thr Leu Ser Glu Glu Glu Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Lys
 1 5 10 15
 Lys His Phe Lys His Tyr Thr Gln Ser Ile Glu Leu Tyr Asn Tyr Arg
 20 25 30
 Asn Lys Ile Asn His Glu Ala His Ile Val Gly Val Lys Asn Asp Lys
 35 40 45
 Asn Glu Val Leu Ala Ala Cys Leu Leu Thr Glu Ala Arg Ile Phe Lys
 50 55 60
 Phe Tyr Lys Tyr Phe Tyr Ser His Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Asp Tyr Phe
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Ala Lys Leu Val Cys Tyr Phe Phe Lys Glu Leu Ser Lys Phe Ile
 85 90 95
 Tyr Lys Asn Arg Gly Val Phe Ile Leu Val Asp Pro Tyr Leu Ile Glu
 100 105 110
 Asn Leu Arg Asp Ala Asn Gly Arg Ile Ile Lys Asn Tyr Asn Asn Ser
 115 120 125
 Val Ile Val Lys Met Leu Gly Lys Ile Gly Tyr Leu His Gln Gly Tyr
 130 135 140
 Thr Thr Gly Tyr Ser Asn Lys Ser Gln Ile Arg Trp Ile Ser Val Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Leu Lys Asp Lys Asp Glu Asn Gln Leu Leu Lys Glu Met Glu Tyr
 165 170 175
 Gln Thr Arg Arg Asn Ile Lys Lys Thr Ile Glu Ile Gly Val Lys Val

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180					185					190					
Glu	Asp	Leu	Ser	Ile	Glu	Glu	Thr	Asn	Arg	Phe	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Phe	Gln
	195						200					205			
Met	Ala	Glu	Glu	Lys	His	Gly	Phe	His	Phe	Met	Asn	Glu	Asp	Tyr	Phe
	210					215					220				
Lys	Arg	Met	Gln	Glu	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Lys	Ala	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile	Ala
	225					230					235				240
Cys	Ile	Asn	Leu	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Lys	Leu	Lys	Ile	Gln	Leu	Leu
				245					250					255	
Lys	Ile	Glu	Asn	Glu	Met	Met	Thr	Val	Asn	Arg	Ala	Leu	Asn	Glu	Asn
			260						265					270	
Pro	Asn	Ser	Lys	Lys	Asn	Lys	Ser	Lys	Leu	Asn	Gln	Leu	Asn	Met	Gln
		275					280					285			
Leu	Ser	Ser	Ile	Asn	Asn	Arg	Ile	Ser	Lys	Thr	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ile	Phe
	290					295					300				
Glu	Asp	Gly	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Ala	Ala	Leu	Phe	Ile	Cys	Thr
	305					310					315				320
Asp	Asp	Glu	Val	Tyr	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asn	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Asn
				325					330					335	
Gln	Tyr	Met	Gly	Ala	Tyr	His	Leu	Gln	Trp	His	Met	Ile	Lys	Tyr	Ala
			340						345					350	
Lys	Ser	His	Asn	Ile	Asn	Arg	Tyr	Asn	Phe	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Thr	Gly	Val
		355					360					365			
Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu	Asp	Asp	Phe	Gly	Val	Gln	Gln	Phe	Lys	Lys	Gly	Phe
	370					375					380				
Asn	Ala	His	Val	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ile	Gly	Asp	Phe	Ile	Lys	Pro	Val	Arg
	385					390					395				400
Pro	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Lys	Phe	Ala	Lys	Leu	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Val			
				405					410						

<210> SEQ ID NO 109

<211> LENGTH: 428

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 109

Met	Lys	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Tyr	Glu	Leu	Ile	Asp	Glu	Arg	Val	Phe	Glu	Gln
1				5					10					15	
Glu	Leu	Glu	Asn	Gly	Leu	Arg	Leu	Phe	Ile	Ile	Pro	Lys	Pro	Gly	Phe
			20					25					30		
Gln	Lys	Thr	Phe	Val	Thr	Tyr	Thr	Thr	Gln	Phe	Gly	Ser	Leu	Asp	Asn
			35				40					45			
Gln	Phe	Lys	Pro	Leu	Gly	Gln	Asp	Gln	Phe	Val	Thr	Val	Pro	Asp	Gly
			50			55					60				
Val	Ala	His	Phe	Leu	Glu	His	Lys	Leu	Phe	Glu	Lys	Glu	Glu	Glu	Asp
				65		70					75			80	
Leu	Phe	Thr	Ala	Phe	Ala	Glu	Asp	Asn	Ala	Gln	Ala	Asn	Ala	Phe	Thr
				85					90					95	
Ser	Phe	Asp	Arg	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Phe	Ser	Ala	Thr	Asp	Asn	Ile	Glu
			100					105					110		
Asn	Asn	Ile	Lys	Arg	Leu	Leu	Thr	Met	Val	Glu	Thr	Pro	Tyr	Phe	Thr
			115				120					125			
Lys	Glu	Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gly	Ile	Ile	Ala	Glu	Glu	Ile	Lys
			130			135					140				

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Met Tyr Gln Glu Gln Pro Gly Tyr Lys Leu Met Phe Asn Thr Leu Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Met Tyr Gln Gln His Pro Ile Arg Val Asp Ile Ala Gly Ser Val
 165 170 175
 Glu Ser Ile Tyr Asp Ile Thr Lys Asp Asp Leu Tyr Leu Cys Tyr Glu
 180 185 190
 Thr Phe Tyr His Pro Ser Asn Met Val Leu Phe Val Val Gly Asp Val
 195 200 205
 Asp Pro Glu Ala Ile Cys Arg Ile Val Lys Gln His Glu Asp Ala Arg
 210 215 220
 Asn Lys Val Asn Gln Pro Lys Ile Glu Arg Gly Leu Val Asp Glu Pro
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Asp Val Lys Glu Ala Phe Val Thr Glu Ser Met Lys Ile Gln Ser
 245 250 255
 Pro Arg Leu Met Leu Gly Phe Lys Asn Lys Pro Leu Gln Glu Ala Pro
 260 265 270
 Gln Lys Tyr Val Gln Arg Asp Leu Glu Met Ser Leu Phe Phe Glu Leu
 275 280 285
 Ile Phe Gly Glu Glu Thr Asp Phe Tyr Gln Asn Leu Leu Asn Glu Gly
 290 295 300
 Leu Ile Asp Asp Thr Phe Gly Tyr Gln Phe Val Leu Glu Pro Thr Tyr
 305 310 315 320
 Ser Phe Ser Ile Val Thr Ser Ala Thr Glu Glu Pro Asp Lys Leu Lys
 325 330 335
 Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Glu Leu Arg Asp Lys Lys Gly Asn Phe Gln Asp
 340 345 350
 Ala Glu Ala Phe Glu Leu Leu Lys Lys Gln Phe Ile Gly Glu Phe Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Leu Asn Ser Pro Glu Tyr Ile Ala Asn Gln Tyr Thr Lys Leu
 370 375 380
 Tyr Phe Glu Gly Val Ser Val Phe Asp Met Leu Asp Ile Val Glu Asn
 385 390 395 400
 Ile Thr Leu Asp Ser Ile Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Leu Tyr Leu Asn Leu
 405 410 415
 Asp Gln Gln Val Asp Ser Arg Leu Glu Ile Lys Lys
 420 425

<210> SEQ ID NO 110

<211> LENGTH: 519

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 110

Met Asn Leu Leu Ser Leu Leu Leu Ile Leu Leu Gly Ile Ile Leu Gly
 1 5 10 15
 Val Val Gly Gly Tyr Val Val Ala Arg Asn Leu Leu Leu Gln Lys Gln
 20 25 30
 Ser Gln Ala Arg Gln Thr Ala Glu Asp Ile Val Asn Gln Ala His Lys
 35 40 45
 Glu Ala Asp Asn Ile Lys Lys Glu Lys Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Glu
 50 55 60
 Asn Gln Ile Leu Arg Glu Gln Thr Glu Ala Glu Leu Arg Glu Arg Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Ser Glu Leu Gln Arg Gln Glu Thr Arg Leu Leu Gln Lys Glu Glu Asn
 85 90 95

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Leu Glu Arg Lys Ser Asp Leu Leu Asp Lys Lys Asp Glu Ile Leu Glu
 100 105 110

Gln Lys Glu Ser Lys Ile Glu Glu Lys Gln Gln Gln Val Asp Ala Lys
 115 120 125

Glu Ser Ser Val Gln Thr Leu Ile Met Lys His Glu Gln Glu Leu Glu
 130 135 140

Arg Ile Ser Gly Leu Thr Gln Glu Glu Ala Ile Asn Glu Gln Leu Gln
 145 150 155 160

Arg Val Glu Glu Glu Leu Ser Gln Asp Ile Ala Val Leu Val Lys Glu
 165 170 175

Lys Glu Lys Glu Ala Lys Glu Lys Val Asp Lys Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu
 180 185 190

Leu Ala Thr Ala Val Gln Arg Leu Ala Ala Asp His Thr Ser Glu Ser
 195 200 205

Thr Val Ser Val Val Asn Leu Pro Asn Asp Glu Met Lys Gly Arg Ile
 210 215 220

Ile Gly Arg Glu Gly Arg Asn Ile Arg Thr Leu Glu Thr Leu Thr Gly
 225 230 235 240

Ile Asp Leu Ile Ile Asp Asp Thr Pro Glu Ala Val Ile Leu Ser Gly
 245 250 255

Phe Asp Pro Ile Arg Arg Glu Ile Ala Arg Thr Ala Leu Val Asn Leu
 260 265 270

Val Ser Asp Gly Arg Ile His Pro Gly Arg Ile Glu Asp Met Val Glu
 275 280 285

Lys Ala Arg Lys Glu Val Asp Asp Ile Ile Arg Glu Ala Gly Glu Gln
 290 295 300

Ala Thr Phe Glu Val Asn Ala His Asn Met His Pro Asp Leu Val Lys
 305 310 315 320

Ile Val Gly Arg Leu Asn Tyr Arg Thr Ser Tyr Gly Gln Asn Val Leu
 325 330 335

Lys His Ser Ile Glu Val Ala His Leu Ala Ser Met Leu Ala Ala Glu
 340 345 350

Leu Gly Glu Asp Glu Thr Leu Ala Lys Arg Ala Gly Leu Leu His Asp
 355 360 365

Val Gly Lys Ala Ile Asp His Glu Val Glu Gly Ser His Val Glu Ile
 370 375 380

Gly Val Glu Leu Ala Lys Lys Tyr Gly Glu Asn Glu Thr Val Ile Asn
 385 390 395 400

Ala Ile His Ser His His Gly Asp Val Glu Pro Thr Ser Ile Ile Ser
 405 410 415

Ile Leu Val Ala Ala Ala Asp Ala Leu Ser Ala Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala
 420 425 430

Arg Lys Glu Thr Leu Glu Asn Tyr Ile Arg Arg Leu Glu Arg Leu Glu
 435 440 445

Thr Leu Ser Glu Ser Tyr Asp Gly Val Glu Lys Ala Phe Ala Ile Gln
 450 455 460

Ala Gly Arg Glu Ile Arg Val Ile Val Ser Pro Glu Glu Ile Asp Asp
 465 470 475 480

Leu Lys Ser Tyr Arg Leu Ala Arg Asp Ile Lys Asn Gln Ile Glu Asp
 485 490 495

Glu Leu Gln Tyr Pro Gly His Ile Lys Val Thr Val Val Arg Glu Thr
 500 505 510

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Arg Ala Val Glu Tyr Ala Lys
515

<210> SEQ ID NO 111
<211> LENGTH: 284
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 111

Met Ser Phe Tyr Val Val Leu Ile Ile Ile Val Ala Leu Ile Gly
1 5 10 15
Ile Leu Val Leu Asn Gln Arg Tyr Ser Asn Ser Lys Ile Asp Thr Glu
20 25 30
Val Tyr Ala Arg Lys Gln Leu Ile Lys Lys Asn Lys Ala Leu Ser Ala
35 40 45
Glu Asn Ala Glu Leu Arg Ser Gln Met Leu Ser Ser Asn Asn Asp Val
50 55 60
Gly His His Ala Tyr Lys Asn Ala Lys Arg Glu Leu Arg Lys Ile Leu
65 70 75 80
Asp Ser Tyr Leu Glu Asn Gly Lys Leu Lys Tyr Tyr Asp Ile Ile Val
85 90 95
Thr Ser Asn Leu Ala Thr Lys His Pro Phe Phe Glu Tyr Ala Arg Ser
100 105 110
Phe Asp Phe Ile Ile Val Ser Asp Ile Gly Leu Ile Asn Val Asp Val
115 120 125
Lys Ser Trp Gly Glu Lys Thr Phe Tyr His Phe Asp Val Pro Asp Glu
130 135 140
His Asp Thr Glu Ile Ser Asn Ser Asn Ile Glu Lys Val Val Gly His
145 150 155 160
Tyr Ile Ser Gln Gln Tyr His Asp Gln Phe Asn Ser Ser Arg Lys Ser
165 170 175
Ile Tyr Thr Phe Thr Glu Thr Val Gln Pro Asn Arg Val Ile Tyr Asp
180 185 190
Phe Tyr Asp Tyr Asp Pro Tyr Gln Leu Ala Ala Asn Asn Ala Lys Ala
195 200 205
Leu Lys Asp His Ile Glu Gln Asn Phe Asn Phe Lys Val Gln Ser Thr
210 215 220
Gly Val Ile Tyr Phe Ser Asp Gly Thr Val Asn Ile Ile Gln Gly Ser
225 230 235 240
Glu Glu Arg Asp Lys Tyr Val Asp Thr Val Ser Thr Lys Ser Ser Leu
245 250 255
Arg Arg Ile Ile Ser Glu Ala Ile Glu Leu Ser Lys His Pro Leu Asn
260 265 270
Lys Glu Gln Val Asp Gln Ile Thr Ala Ile Phe Lys
275 280

<210> SEQ ID NO 112
<211> LENGTH: 1274
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 112

Met Ser Trp Phe Asp Lys Leu Phe Gly Glu Asp Asn Asp Ser Asn Asp
1 5 10 15
Asp Leu Ile His Arg Lys Lys Lys Arg Arg Gln Glu Ser Gln Asn Ile
20 25 30

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Asp Asn Asp His Asp Ser Leu Leu Pro Gln Asn Asn Asp Ile Tyr Ser
 35 40 45
 Arg Pro Arg Gly Lys Phe Arg Phe Pro Met Ser Val Ala Tyr Glu Asn
 50 55 60
 Glu Asn Val Glu Gln Ser Ala Asp Thr Ile Ser Asp Glu Lys Glu Gln
 65 70 75 80
 Tyr His Arg Asp Tyr Arg Lys Gln Ser His Asp Ser Arg Ser Gln Lys
 85 90 95
 Arg His Arg Arg Arg Arg Asn Gln Thr Thr Glu Glu Gln Asn Tyr Ser
 100 105 110
 Glu Gln Arg Gly Asn Ser Lys Ile Ser Gln Gln Ser Ile Lys Tyr Lys
 115 120 125
 Asp His Ser His Tyr His Thr Asn Lys Pro Gly Thr Tyr Val Ser Ala
 130 135 140
 Ile Asn Gly Ile Glu Lys Glu Thr His Lys Pro Lys Thr His Asn Met
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Ser Asn Asn Thr Asn His Arg Ala Lys Asp Ser Thr Pro Asp Tyr
 165 170 175
 His Lys Glu Ser Phe Lys Thr Ser Glu Val Pro Ser Ala Ile Phe Gly
 180 185 190
 Thr Met Lys Pro Lys Lys Leu Glu Asn Gly Arg Ile Pro Val Ser Lys
 195 200 205
 Pro Ser Glu Lys Val Glu Ser Asp Lys Gln Lys Tyr Asp Lys Tyr Val
 210 215 220
 Ala Lys Thr Gln Thr Ser Gln Asn Lys Gln Leu Glu Gln Glu Lys Gln
 225 230 235 240
 Asn Asp Ser Val Val Lys Gln Gly Thr Ala Ser Lys Ser Ser Asp Glu
 245 250 255
 Asn Val Ser Ser Thr Thr Lys Ser Met Pro Asn Tyr Ser Lys Val Asp
 260 265 270
 Asn Thr Ile Lys Ile Glu Asn Ile Tyr Ala Ser Gln Ile Val Glu Glu
 275 280 285
 Ile Arg Arg Glu Arg Glu Arg Lys Val Leu Gln Lys Arg Arg Phe Lys
 290 295 300
 Lys Ala Leu Gln Gln Lys Arg Glu Glu His Lys Asn Glu Glu Gln Asp
 305 310 315 320
 Ala Ile Gln Arg Ala Ile Asp Glu Met Tyr Ala Lys Gln Ala Glu Arg
 325 330 335
 Tyr Val Gly Asp Ser Ser Leu Asn Asp Asp Ser Asp Leu Thr Asp Asn
 340 345 350
 Ser Thr Asp Ala Ser Gln Leu His Thr Asn Gly Ile Glu Asn Glu Thr
 355 360 365
 Val Ser Asn Asp Glu Asn Lys Gln Ala Ser Ile Gln Asn Glu Asp Thr
 370 375 380
 Asn Asp Thr His Val Asp Glu Ser Pro Tyr Asn Tyr Glu Glu Val Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Leu Asn Gln Val Ser Thr Thr Lys Gln Leu Ser Asp Asp Glu Val Thr
 405 410 415
 Val Ser Asn Val Thr Ser Gln His Gln Ser Ala Leu Gln His Asn Val
 420 425 430
 Glu Val Asn Asp Lys Asp Glu Leu Lys Asn Gln Ser Arg Leu Ile Ala
 435 440 445
 Asp Ser Glu Glu Asp Gly Ala Thr Asn Lys Glu Glu Tyr Ser Gly Ser

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450			455			460									
Gln	Ile	Asp	Asp	Ala	Glu	Phe	Tyr	Glu	Leu	Asn	Asp	Thr	Glu	Val	Asp
465					470						475				480
Glu	Asp	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asn	Ile	Glu	Asp	Asn	Thr	Asn	Arg	Asn	Ala	Ser
				485						490					495
Glu	Met	His	Val	Asp	Ala	Pro	Lys	Thr	Gln	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Thr	Glu
			500					505						510	
Ser	Gln	Val	Asn	Asn	Ile	Asp	Lys	Thr	Val	Asp	Asn	Glu	Ile	Glu	Leu
		515					520					525			
Ala	Pro	Arg	His	Lys	Lys	Asp	Asp	Gln	Thr	Asn	Leu	Ser	Val	Asn	Ser
		530					535						540		
Leu	Lys	Thr	Asn	Asp	Val	Asn	Asp	Asn	His	Val	Val	Glu	Asp	Ser	Ser
545					550					555					560
Met	Asn	Glu	Ile	Glu	Lys	Asn	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ile	Thr	Glu	Asn	Val	Gln
				565						570					575
Asn	Glu	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ser	Glu	Gln	Asn	Val	Glu	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Glu
				580						585					590
Asn	Val	Asn	Pro	Lys	Lys	Gln	Thr	Glu	Lys	Val	Ser	Thr	Leu	Ser	Lys
		595					600						605		
Arg	Pro	Phe	Asn	Val	Val	Met	Thr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Lys	Lys	Arg	Met	Met
		610					615						620		
Asp	Arg	Lys	Lys	His	Ser	Lys	Val	Asn	Val	Pro	Glu	Leu	Lys	Pro	Val
625					630					635					640
Gln	Ser	Lys	Gln	Ala	Val	Ser	Glu	Arg	Met	Pro	Ala	Ser	Gln	Ala	Thr
				645						650					655
Pro	Ser	Ser	Arg	Ser	Asp	Ser	Gln	Glu	Ser	Asn	Thr	Asn	Ala	Tyr	Lys
				660						665					670
Thr	Asn	Asn	Met	Thr	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Glu	Asn	Asn	Gln	Leu	Ile	Gly
				675						680					685
His	Ala	Glu	Thr	Glu	Asn	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Asn	Ala	Gln	Gln	Tyr	Ser	Glu
		690					695						700		
Gln	Lys	Pro	Ser	Val	Asp	Ser	Thr	Gln	Thr	Glu	Ile	Phe	Glu	Glu	Ser
705					710					715					720
Gln	Asp	Asp	Asn	Gln	Leu	Glu	Asn	Glu	Gln	Val	Asp	Gln	Ser	Thr	Ser
				725						730					735
Ser	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Val	Ser	Asp	Ile	Thr	Glu	Glu	Ser	Glu	Glu	Thr
				740						745					750
Thr	His	Pro	Asn	Asn	Thr	Ser	Gly	Gln	Gln	Asp	Asn	Asp	Asp	Gln	Gln
				755						760					765
Lys	Asp	Leu	Gln	Ser	Ser	Phe	Ser	Asn	Lys	Asn	Glu	Asp	Thr	Ala	Asn
		770					775						780		
Glu	Asn	Arg	Pro	Arg	Thr	Asn	Gln	Gln	Asp	Val	Ala	Thr	Asn	Gln	Ala
785					790					795					800
Val	Gln	Thr	Ser	Lys	Pro	Met	Ile	Arg	Lys	Gly	Pro	Asn	Ile	Lys	Leu
				805						810					815
Pro	Ser	Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Glu	Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Ile	Glu	Ser	Asp	Glu
				820						825					830
Asp	Trp	Ile	Thr	Asp	Lys	Lys	Lys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Asn	Asp	Ala	Leu	Phe
		835								840					845
Phe	Asn	Val	Pro	Ala	Glu	Val	Gln	Asp	Val	Thr	Glu	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val
		850													860
Thr	Arg	Phe	Glu	Leu	Ser	Val	Glu	Lys	Gly	Val	Lys	Val	Ser	Arg	Ile
865					870										880

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Thr Ala Leu Gln Asp Asp Ile Lys Met Ala Leu Ala Ala Lys Asp Ile
 885 890 895

Arg Ile Glu Ala Pro Ile Pro Gly Thr Ser Arg Val Gly Ile Glu Val
 900 905 910

Pro Asn Gln Asn Pro Thr Thr Val Asn Leu Arg Ser Ile Ile Glu Ser
 915 920 925

Pro Ser Phe Lys Asn Ala Glu Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Ala Met Gly Tyr
 930 935 940

Arg Ile Asn Asn Glu Pro Leu Leu Met Asp Ile Ala Lys Thr Pro His
 945 950 955 960

Ala Leu Ile Ala Gly Ala Thr Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Val Cys Ile Asn
 965 970 975

Ser Ile Leu Met Ser Leu Leu Tyr Lys Asn His Pro Glu Glu Leu Arg
 980 985 990

Leu Leu Leu Ile Asp Pro Lys Met Val Glu Leu Ala Pro Tyr Asn Gly
 995 1000 1005

Leu Pro His Leu Val Ala Pro Val Ile Thr Asp Val Lys Ala Ala
 1010 1015 1020

Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Trp Ala Val Glu Glu Met Glu Arg Arg Tyr
 1025 1030 1035

Lys Leu Phe Ala His Tyr His Val Arg Asn Ile Thr Ala Phe Asn
 1040 1045 1050

Lys Lys Ala Pro Tyr Asp Glu Arg Met Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val
 1055 1060 1065

Ile Asp Glu Leu Ala Asp Leu Met Met Met Ala Pro Gln Glu Val
 1070 1075 1080

Glu Gln Ser Ile Ala Arg Ile Ala Gln Lys Ala Arg Ala Cys Gly
 1085 1090 1095

Ile His Met Leu Val Ala Thr Gln Arg Pro Ser Val Asn Val Ile
 1100 1105 1110

Thr Gly Leu Leu Lys Ala Asn Ile Pro Thr Arg Ile Ala Phe Met
 1115 1120 1125

Val Ser Ser Ser Val Asp Ser Arg Thr Ile Leu Asp Ser Gly Gly
 1130 1135 1140

Ala Glu Arg Leu Leu Gly Tyr Gly Asp Met Leu Tyr Leu Gly Ser
 1145 1150 1155

Gly Met Asn Lys Pro Ile Arg Val Gln Gly Thr Phe Val Ser Asp
 1160 1165 1170

Asp Glu Ile Asp Asp Val Val Asp Phe Ile Lys Gln Gln Arg Glu
 1175 1180 1185

Pro Asp Tyr Leu Phe Glu Glu Lys Glu Leu Leu Lys Lys Thr Gln
 1190 1195 1200

Thr Gln Ser Gln Asp Glu Leu Phe Asp Asp Val Cys Ala Phe Met
 1205 1210 1215

Val Asn Glu Gly His Ile Ser Thr Ser Leu Ile Gln Arg His Phe
 1220 1225 1230

Gln Ile Gly Tyr Asn Arg Ala Ala Arg Ile Ile Asp Gln Leu Glu
 1235 1240 1245

Gln Leu Gly Tyr Val Ser Ser Ala Asn Gly Ser Lys Pro Arg Asp
 1250 1255 1260

Val Tyr Val Thr Glu Ala Asp Leu Asn Lys Glu
 1265 1270

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<210> SEQ ID NO 113
<211> LENGTH: 239
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 113

Met Asn Lys Asn Ile Ile Ile Lys Ser Leu Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu
1           5           10           15

Thr Ser Ile Thr Gly Val Gly Thr Thr Met Val Glu Gly Ile Gln Gln
20           25           30

Thr Ala Lys Ala Glu Asn Thr Val Lys Gln Ile Thr Asn Thr Asn Val
35           40           45

Ala Pro Tyr Ser Gly Val Thr Trp Met Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Phe Val
50           55           60

Val Gly Asn His Thr Ile Ile Thr Asn Lys His Val Thr Tyr His Met
65           70           75           80

Lys Val Gly Asp Glu Leu Lys Ala His Pro Asn Gly Phe Tyr Asn Asn
85           90           95

Gly Gly Gly Leu Tyr Lys Val Thr Lys Ile Val Asp Tyr Pro Gly Lys
100          105          110

Glu Asp Ile Ala Val Val Gln Val Glu Glu Lys Ser Thr Gln Pro Lys
115          120          125

Gly Arg Lys Phe Lys Asp Phe Thr Ser Lys Phe Asn Ile Ala Ser Glu
130          135          140

Ala Lys Glu Asn Glu Pro Ile Ser Val Ile Gly Tyr Pro Asn Pro Asn
145          150          155          160

Gly Asn Lys Leu Gln Met Tyr Glu Ser Thr Gly Lys Val Leu Ser Val
165          170          175

Asn Gly Asn Ile Val Ser Ser Asp Ala Ile Ile Gln Pro Gly Ser Ser
180          185          190

Gly Ser Pro Ile Leu Asn Ser Lys His Glu Ala Ile Gly Val Ile Tyr
195          200          205

Ala Gly Asn Lys Pro Ser Gly Glu Ser Thr Arg Gly Phe Ala Val Tyr
210          215          220

Phe Ser Pro Glu Ile Lys Lys Phe Ile Ala Asp Asn Leu Asp Lys
225          230          235

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<210> SEQ ID NO 114
<211> LENGTH: 238
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 114

Met Asn Lys Asn Ile Ile Ile Lys Ser Leu Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu
1           5           10           15

Thr Ser Val Thr Gly Val Gly Thr Thr Val Val Glu Gly Ile Gln Gln
20           25           30

Thr Ala Lys Ala Glu His Asn Val Lys Leu Ile Lys Asn Thr Asn Val
35           40           45

Ala Pro Tyr Asn Gly Val Val Ser Ile Gly Ser Gly Thr Gly Phe Ile
50           55           60

Val Gly Lys Asn Thr Ile Val Thr Asn Lys His Val Val Ala Gly Met
65           70           75           80

Glu Ile Gly Ala His Ile Ile Ala His Pro Asn Gly Glu Tyr Asn Asn
85           90           95

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Gly Gly Phe Tyr Lys Val Lys Lys Ile Val Arg Tyr Ser Gly Gln Glu
 100 105 110

Asp Ile Ala Ile Leu His Val Glu Asp Lys Ala Val His Pro Lys Asn
 115 120 125

Arg Asn Phe Lys Asp Tyr Thr Gly Ile Leu Lys Ile Ala Ser Glu Ala
 130 135 140

Lys Glu Asn Glu Arg Ile Ser Ile Val Gly Tyr Pro Glu Pro Tyr Ile
 145 150 155 160

Asn Lys Phe Gln Met Tyr Glu Ser Thr Gly Lys Val Leu Ser Val Lys
 165 170 175

Gly Asn Met Ile Ile Thr Asp Ala Phe Val Glu Pro Gly Asn Ser Gly
 180 185 190

Ser Ala Val Phe Asn Ser Lys Tyr Glu Val Val Gly Val His Phe Gly
 195 200 205

Gly Asn Gly Pro Gly Asn Lys Ser Thr Lys Gly Tyr Gly Val Tyr Phe
 210 215 220

Ser Pro Glu Ile Lys Lys Phe Ile Ala Asp Asn Thr Asp Lys
 225 230 235

<210> SEQ ID NO 115
 <211> LENGTH: 239
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 115

Met Asn Lys Asn Ile Ile Ile Lys Ser Leu Ala Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu
 1 5 10 15

Thr Ser Ile Thr Gly Val Gly Thr Thr Val Val Asp Gly Ile Gln Gln
 20 25 30

Thr Ala Lys Ala Glu Asn Ser Val Lys Leu Ile Thr Asn Thr Asn Val
 35 40 45

Ala Pro Tyr Ser Gly Val Thr Trp Met Gly Ala Gly Thr Gly Phe Val
 50 55 60

Val Gly Asn His Thr Ile Ile Thr Asn Lys His Val Thr Tyr His Met
 65 70 75 80

Lys Val Gly Asp Glu Leu Lys Ala His Pro Asn Gly Phe Tyr Asn Asn
 85 90 95

Gly Gly Gly Leu Tyr Lys Val Thr Lys Ile Val Asp Tyr Pro Gly Lys
 100 105 110

Glu Asp Ile Ala Val Val Gln Val Glu Glu Lys Ser Thr Gln Pro Lys
 115 120 125

Gly Arg Lys Phe Lys Asp Phe Thr Ser Lys Phe Asn Ile Ala Ser Glu
 130 135 140

Ala Lys Glu Asn Glu Pro Ile Ser Val Ile Gly Tyr Pro Asn Pro Asn
 145 150 155 160

Gly Asn Lys Leu Gln Met Tyr Glu Ser Thr Gly Lys Val Leu Ser Val
 165 170 175

Asn Gly Asn Ile Val Thr Ser Asp Ala Val Val Gln Pro Gly Ser Ser
 180 185 190

Gly Ser Pro Ile Leu Asn Ser Lys Arg Glu Ala Ile Gly Val Met Tyr
 195 200 205

Ala Ser Asp Lys Pro Thr Gly Glu Ser Thr Arg Ser Phe Ala Val Tyr
 210 215 220

Phe Ser Pro Glu Ile Lys Lys Phe Ile Ala Asp Asn Leu Asp Lys
 225 230 235

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Gly Gly Ile Tyr Ser Ile Lys Lys Ile Ile Asn Tyr Pro Gly Lys Glu
 100 105 110
 Asp Val Ser Val Ile Gln Val Glu Glu Arg Ala Ile Glu Arg Gly Pro
 115 120 125
 Lys Gly Phe Asn Phe Asn Asp Asn Val Thr Pro Phe Lys Tyr Ala Ala
 130 135 140
 Gly Ala Lys Ala Gly Glu Arg Ile Lys Val Ile Gly Tyr Pro His Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Lys Asn Lys Tyr Val Leu Tyr Glu Ser Thr Gly Pro Val Met Ser
 165 170 175
 Val Glu Gly Ser Ser Ile Val Tyr Ser Ala His Thr Glu Ser Gly Asn
 180 185 190
 Ser Gly Ser Pro Val Leu Asn Ser Asn Asn Glu Leu Val Gly Ile His
 195 200 205
 Phe Ala Ser Asp Val Lys Asn Asp Asp Asn Arg Asn Ala Tyr Gly Val
 210 215 220
 Tyr Phe Thr Pro Glu Ile Lys Lys Phe Ile Ala Glu Asn Ile Asp Lys
 225 230 235 240

<210> SEQ ID NO 118

<211> LENGTH: 235

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 118

Met Asn Lys Asn Val Met Val Lys Gly Leu Thr Ala Leu Thr Ile Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Thr Ser Leu Gly Phe Ala Glu Asn Ile Ser Asn Gln Pro His Ser Ile
 20 25 30
 Ala Lys Ala Glu Lys Asn Val Lys Glu Ile Thr Asp Ala Thr Lys Glu
 35 40 45
 Pro Tyr Asn Ser Val Val Ala Phe Val Gly Gly Thr Gly Val Val Val
 50 55 60
 Gly Lys Asn Thr Ile Val Thr Asn Lys His Ile Ala Lys Ser Asn Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Ile Phe Lys Asn Arg Val Ser Ala His His Ser Ser Lys Gly Lys Gly
 85 90 95
 Gly Gly Asn Tyr Asp Val Lys Asp Ile Val Glu Tyr Pro Gly Lys Glu
 100 105 110
 Asp Leu Ala Ile Val His Val His Glu Thr Ser Thr Glu Gly Leu Asn
 115 120 125
 Phe Asn Lys Asn Val Ser Tyr Thr Lys Phe Ala Asp Gly Ala Lys Val
 130 135 140
 Lys Asp Arg Ile Ser Val Ile Gly Tyr Pro Lys Gly Ala Gln Thr Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Lys Met Phe Glu Ser Thr Gly Thr Ile Asn His Ile Ser Gly Thr
 165 170 175
 Phe Met Glu Phe Asp Ala Tyr Ala Gln Pro Gly Asn Ser Gly Ser Pro
 180 185 190
 Val Leu Asn Ser Lys His Glu Leu Ile Gly Ile Leu Tyr Ala Gly Ser
 195 200 205
 Gly Lys Asp Glu Ser Glu Lys Asn Phe Gly Val Tyr Phe Thr Pro Gln
 210 215 220
 Leu Lys Glu Phe Ile Gln Asn Asn Ile Glu Lys

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Gly Leu Phe Lys Tyr Pro His Phe Leu Trp Phe Asp Leu Gly Arg Pro
 165 170 175
 Asp Ile Trp Ile Thr Ile Ile Ala Gly Val Leu Tyr Phe Ile Gln Ala
 180 185 190
 Tyr Val Ser Ser Lys Thr Met Pro Asp Glu Gln Arg Gln Met Gly Tyr
 195 200 205
 Met Met Met Val Ile Ser Pro Ile Met Ile Ile Trp Ile Ser Leu Ser
 210 215 220
 Ser Ala Ser Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr Trp Ser Val Ser Ala Ala Phe Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Val Val Gln Thr His Phe Ala Asn Ile Tyr Tyr Glu Lys Val Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Lys Glu Val Gln Pro Phe Ile Glu Ala Tyr Glu Arg Glu His Asn Gly
 260 265 270
 Gly Ser Asn Lys Lys Gly Lys Asn Thr Gln Val Val Ser Lys Lys Lys
 275 280 285
 Lys Lys
 290

<210> SEQ ID NO 121

<211> LENGTH: 460

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 121

Met Lys Ser Cys Pro Lys Cys Gly Gln Gln Ala Gln Asp Asp Val Gln
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Cys Thr Gln Cys Gly His Lys Phe Asp Ser Arg Gln Ala Leu Tyr
 20 25 30
 Arg Lys Ser Thr Asp Glu Asp Ile Gln Thr Asn Asn Ile Lys Met Arg
 35 40 45
 Lys Met Val Pro Trp Ala Ile Gly Phe Phe Ile Leu Ile Leu Ile Ile
 50 55 60
 Ile Leu Phe Phe Leu Leu Arg Asn Phe Asn Ser Pro Glu Ala Gln Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Ile Leu Val Asn Ala Ile Glu Asn Asn Asp Lys Gln Lys Val Ala
 85 90 95
 Thr Leu Leu Ser Thr Lys Asp Asn Lys Val Asp Ser Glu Glu Ala Lys
 100 105 110
 Val Tyr Ile Asn Tyr Ile Lys Asp Glu Val Gly Leu Lys Gln Phe Val
 115 120 125
 Ser Asp Leu Lys Asn Thr Val His Lys Leu Asn Lys Ser Lys Thr Ser
 130 135 140
 Val Ala Ser Tyr Ile Gln Thr Arg Ser Gly Gln Asn Ile Leu Arg Val
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Lys Asn Gly Thr Arg Tyr Ile Phe Phe Asp Asn Met Ser Phe Thr
 165 170 175
 Ala Pro Thr Lys Gln Pro Ile Val Lys Pro Lys Glu Lys Thr Lys Tyr
 180 185 190
 Glu Phe Lys Ser Gly Gly Lys Lys Lys Met Val Ile Ala Glu Ala Asn
 195 200 205
 Lys Val Thr Pro Ile Gly Asn Phe Ile Pro Gly Thr Tyr Arg Ile Pro
 210 215 220
 Ala Met Lys Ser Thr Glu Asn Gly Asp Phe Ala Gly His Leu Lys Phe

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225                230                235                240
Asp Phe Arg Gln Ser Asn Ser Glu Thr Val Asp Val Thr Glu Asp Phe
                245                250                255

Glu Glu Ala Asn Ile Ser Val Thr Leu Lys Gly Asp Thr Lys Leu Asn
                260                265                270

Asp Ser Ser Lys Lys Val Thr Ile Asn Asp His Glu Met Ala Phe Ser
                275                280                285

Ser Ser Lys Thr Tyr Gly Pro Tyr Pro Gln Asn Lys Asp Ile Thr Ile
                290                295                300

Ser Ala Ser Gly Lys Ala Lys Asp Lys Thr Phe Thr Thr Gln Thr Lys
305                310                315                320

Thr Leu Lys Ala Ser Asp Leu Lys Tyr Asn Thr Glu Ile Thr Leu Asn
                325                330                335

Phe Asp Ser Glu Asp Ile Glu Asp Tyr Val Glu Lys Lys Glu Lys Glu
                340                345                350

Glu Asn Ser Leu Lys Asn Lys Leu Ile Glu Phe Phe Ala Gly Tyr Ser
                355                360                365

Leu Ala Asn Asn Ala Ala Phe Asn Gln Ser Asp Phe Asp Phe Val Ser
                370                375                380

Ser Tyr Ile Lys Lys Gly Ser Ser Phe Tyr Asp Asp Val Lys Lys Arg
385                390                395                400

Val Ser Lys Gly Ser Leu Met Met Ile Ser Ser Pro Gln Ile Ile Asp
                405                410                415

Ala Glu Lys His Gly Asp Lys Ile Thr Ala Thr Val Arg Leu Ile Asn
                420                425                430

Glu Asn Gly Lys Gln Val Asp Lys Glu Tyr Glu Leu Glu Gln Gly Ser
                435                440                445

Gln Asp Arg Leu Gln Leu Ile Lys Thr Ser Glu Lys
                450                455                460

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<210> SEQ ID NO 122

<211> LENGTH: 322

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 122

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Met Arg Lys Lys Trp Ser Thr Leu Ala Phe Gly Phe Leu Val Ala Ala
1                5                10                15

Tyr Ala His Ile Arg Ile Lys Glu Lys Arg Ser Val Lys Ser Tyr Met
                20                25                30

Leu Glu Gln Gly Ile Arg Leu Ser Arg Ala Lys Arg Arg Phe Met Tyr
                35                40                45

Lys Glu Glu Ala Met Lys Ala Leu Glu Lys Met Ala Pro Gln Thr Ala
                50                55                60

Gly Glu Tyr Glu Gly Thr Asn Tyr Gln Phe Lys Met Pro Val Lys Val
65                70                75                80

Asp Lys His Phe Gly Ser Thr Val Tyr Thr Val Asn Asp Lys Gln Asp
                85                90                95

Lys His Gln Arg Val Val Leu Tyr Ala His Gly Gly Ala Trp Phe Gln
                100                105                110

Asp Pro Leu Lys Ile His Phe Glu Phe Ile Asp Glu Leu Ala Glu Thr
                115                120                125

Leu Asn Ala Lys Val Ile Met Pro Val Tyr Pro Lys Ile Pro His Gln
130                135                140

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Asp Tyr Gln Ala Thr Tyr Val Leu Phe Glu Lys Leu Tyr His Asp Leu
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Asn Gln Val Ala Asp Ser Lys Gln Ile Val Val Met Gly Asp Ser
 165 170 175
 Ala Gly Gly Gln Ile Ala Leu Ser Phe Ala Gln Leu Leu Lys Glu Lys
 180 185 190
 His Ile Val Gln Pro Gly His Ile Val Leu Ile Ser Pro Val Leu Asp
 195 200 205
 Ala Thr Met Gln His Pro Glu Ile Pro Asp Tyr Leu Lys Lys Asp Pro
 210 215 220
 Met Val Gly Val Asp Gly Ser Val Phe Leu Ala Glu Gln Trp Ala Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Asp Thr Pro Leu Asp Asn Tyr Lys Val Ser Pro Ile Asn Gly Asp Leu
 245 250 255
 Asp Gly Leu Gly Arg Ile Thr Leu Thr Val Gly Thr Lys Glu Val Leu
 260 265 270
 Tyr Pro Asp Ala Leu Asn Leu Ser Gln Leu Leu Ser Ala Lys Gly Ile
 275 280 285
 Glu His Asp Phe Ile Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Phe His Ile Tyr Pro Val
 290 295 300
 Phe Pro Ile Pro Glu Arg Arg Arg Phe Leu Tyr Gln Val Lys Asn Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Ile Asn

<210> SEQ ID NO 123

<211> LENGTH: 143

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 123

Met Glu Tyr Lys Lys Ile Leu Ile Arg Leu Leu Ile Ala Phe Ala Val
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Phe Ser Ala Asp Phe Thr Tyr Gln Ser Val Glu Gln Thr His Gln
 20 25 30
 Ser His Ala Ala Val Asn Tyr Tyr Ser Lys Asn Gln Cys Thr Trp Trp
 35 40 45
 Ala Phe Lys Arg Arg Ala Gln Val Gly Lys Pro Val Ser Asn Arg Trp
 50 55 60
 Gly Asn Ala Lys Asn Trp Tyr Tyr Asn Ala Arg Lys Ser Lys Tyr Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Gly Arg Thr Pro Arg Lys Phe Ala Val Met Gln Ser Thr Ala Gly
 85 90 95
 Tyr Tyr Gly His Val Ala Val Val Glu Gln Val Tyr Lys Asn Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Ile Lys Val Ser Glu Tyr Asn Phe Tyr Arg Pro Leu Lys Tyr Asn Thr
 115 120 125
 Arg Val Leu Ser Lys Lys Ala Ala Arg Asn Phe Asn Tyr Ile Tyr
 130 135 140

<210> SEQ ID NO 124

<211> LENGTH: 255

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 124

Met Lys Lys Ile Val Thr Ala Thr Ile Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Ala Thr

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1           5           10           15
Ile Ala Phe Ala Gly His Asp Ala Gln Ala Ala Glu Gln Asn Asn Asn
      20           25           30
Gly Tyr Asn Ser Asn Asp Ala Gln Ser Tyr Ser Tyr Thr Tyr Thr Ile
      35           40           45
Asp Ala Gln Gly Asn Tyr His Tyr Thr Trp Thr Gly Asn Trp Asn Pro
      50           55           60
Ser Gln Leu Thr Gln Asn Asn Thr Tyr Tyr Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Asn Thr
      65           70           75           80
Tyr Ser Tyr Asn Asn Ala Ser Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Tyr Asn His Ser Tyr
      85           90           95
Gln Tyr Asn Asn Tyr Thr Asn Asn Ser Gln Thr Ala Thr Asn Asn Tyr
      100          105          110
Tyr Thr Gly Gly Ser Gly Ala Ser Tyr Ser Thr Thr Ser Asn Asn Val
      115          120          125
His Val Thr Thr Thr Ala Ala Pro Ser Ser Asn Gly Arg Ser Ile Ser
      130          135          140
Asn Gly Tyr Ala Ser Gly Ser Asn Leu Tyr Thr Ser Gly Gln Cys Thr
      145          150          155          160
Tyr Tyr Val Phe Asp Arg Val Gly Gly Lys Ile Gly Ser Thr Trp Gly
      165          170          175
Asn Ala Ser Asn Trp Ala Asn Ala Ala Ala Ser Ser Gly Tyr Thr Val
      180          185          190
Asn Asn Thr Pro Lys Val Gly Ala Ile Met Gln Thr Thr Gln Gly Tyr
      195          200          205
Tyr Gly His Val Ala Tyr Val Glu Gly Val Asn Ser Asn Gly Ser Val
      210          215          220
Arg Val Ser Glu Met Asn Tyr Gly His Gly Ala Gly Val Val Thr Ser
      225          230          235          240
Arg Thr Ile Ser Ala Asn Gln Ala Gly Ser Tyr Asn Phe Ile His
      245          250          255

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<210> SEQ ID NO 125

<211> LENGTH: 131

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 125

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Met Lys Lys Leu Ile Ile Ser Leu Met Ala Val Met Leu Phe Leu Thr
1           5           10           15
Gly Cys Gly Lys Ser Gln Glu Lys Ala Thr Leu Glu Lys Asp Ile Asp
      20           25           30
Asn Leu Gln Lys Glu Asn Lys Glu Leu Lys Asp Lys Lys Glu Lys Leu
      35           40           45
Gln Gln Glu Lys Glu Lys Leu Ala Asp Lys Gln Lys Asp Leu Glu Lys
      50           55           60
Glu Val Lys Asp Leu Lys Pro Ser Lys Glu Asp Asn Lys Asp Asp Lys
      65           70           75           80
Lys Asp Glu Asp Lys Asn Lys Asp Lys Asp Lys Asp Lys Glu Ala Ser
      85           90           95
Gln Asp Lys Gln Ser Lys Asp Gln Thr Lys Ser Ser Asp Lys Asp Asn
      100          105          110
His Lys Lys Pro Thr Ser Ala Asp Lys Asp Gln Lys Ala Asn Asp Lys
      115          120          125

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His Gln Ser
130

<210> SEQ ID NO 126
<211> LENGTH: 192
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 126

Met Thr Lys Arg Pro Lys Arg Ile Leu Ala Thr Ile Ile Ile Phe Leu
1 5 10 15
Ser Leu Leu Phe Thr Ile Ile Tyr Ile Asp Asp Ile Gln Lys Trp Phe
20 25 30
Asn Gln Tyr Thr Asp Lys Leu Thr Gln Asn His Lys Gly Gln Gly His
35 40 45
Ser Lys Trp Glu Asp Phe Phe Arg Gly Ser Arg Ile Thr Glu Thr Phe
50 55 60
Gly Lys Tyr Gln His Ser Pro Phe Asp Gly Lys His Tyr Gly Ile Asp
65 70 75 80
Phe Ala Leu Pro Lys Gly Thr Pro Leu Lys Ala Pro Thr Asn Gly Lys
85 90 95
Val Thr Arg Ile Phe Asn Asn Glu Leu Gly Gly Lys Val Leu Gln Ile
100 105 110
Ala Glu Asp Asn Gly Glu Tyr His Gln Trp Tyr Leu His Leu Asp Lys
115 120 125
Tyr Asn Val Lys Val Gly Asp Arg Val Lys Ala Gly Asp Ile Ile Ala
130 135 140
Tyr Ser Gly Asn Thr Gly Ile Gln Thr Thr Gly Ala His Leu His Phe
145 150 155 160
Gln Arg Met Lys Gly Gly Val Gly Asn Ala Tyr Ala Glu Asp Pro Lys
165 170 175
Pro Phe Ile Asp Gln Leu Pro Asp Gly Glu Arg Ser Leu Tyr Asp Leu
180 185 190

<210> SEQ ID NO 127
<211> LENGTH: 505
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 127

Met Thr Gln Gln Gln Asn Asp Lys Arg Thr Leu Lys Asn Lys His Thr
1 5 10 15
Tyr Gln Asn Glu Pro Leu Pro Asn Arg Lys Asp Phe Val Val Ser Phe
20 25 30
Ile Thr Gly Ala Leu Val Gly Ser Ala Leu Gly Leu Tyr Phe Lys Asn
35 40 45
Lys Val Tyr Gln Lys Ala Asp Asp Leu Lys Val Lys Glu Gln Glu Leu
50 55 60
Ser Gln Lys Phe Glu Glu Arg Lys Thr Gln Leu Glu Glu Thr Val Ala
65 70 75 80
Tyr Thr Lys Glu Arg Val Glu Gly Phe Leu Asn Lys Ser Lys Asn Glu
85 90 95
Gln Ala Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Gln Ala Ala Ile Lys Glu Glu Ala Ser
100 105 110
Ala Asn Asn Leu Ser Asp Thr Ser Gln Glu Ala Gln Glu Ile Gln Glu
115 120 125

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Ala Lys Arg Glu Ala Gln Ala Glu Ala Asp Lys Ser Val Ala Val Ser
130 135 140

Asn Lys Glu Ser Lys Ala Val Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Gln Ala Ala Ile
145 150 155 160

Lys Glu Glu Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Leu Ser Asp Thr Ser Gln Glu Ala
165 170 175

Gln Glu Ile Gln Glu Ala Lys Lys Glu Ala Gln Ala Glu Thr Asp Lys
180 185 190

Ser Ala Ala Val Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Lys Ala Val Ala Leu Lys Ala
195 200 205

Gln Gln Ala Ala Ile Lys Glu Glu Ala Ser Ala Asn Asn Leu Ser Asp
210 215 220

Thr Ser Gln Glu Ala Gln Glu Val Gln Glu Ala Lys Lys Glu Ala Gln
225 230 235 240

Ala Glu Thr Asp Lys Ser Ala Ala Val Ser Asn Glu Glu Pro Lys Ala
245 250 255

Val Ala Leu Lys Ala Gln Gln Ala Ala Ile Lys Glu Glu Ala Ser Ala
260 265 270

Asn Asn Leu Ser Asp Ile Ser Gln Glu Ala Gln Glu Val Gln Glu Ala
275 280 285

Lys Lys Glu Ala Gln Ala Glu Lys Asp Ser Asp Thr Leu Thr Lys Asp
290 295 300

Ala Ser Ala Ala Lys Val Glu Val Ser Lys Pro Glu Ser Gln Ala Glu
305 310 315 320

Arg Leu Ala Asn Ala Ala Lys Gln Lys Gln Ala Lys Leu Thr Pro Gly
325 330 335

Ser Lys Glu Ser Gln Leu Thr Glu Ala Leu Phe Ala Glu Lys Pro Val
340 345 350

Ala Lys Asn Asp Leu Lys Glu Ile Pro Gln Leu Val Thr Lys Lys Asn
355 360 365

Asp Val Ser Glu Thr Glu Thr Val Asn Ile Asp Asn Lys Asp Thr Val
370 375 380

Lys Gln Lys Glu Ala Lys Phe Glu Asn Gly Val Ile Thr Arg Lys Ala
385 390 395 400

Asp Glu Lys Thr Thr Asn Asn Thr Ala Val Asp Lys Lys Ser Gly Lys
405 410 415

Gln Ser Lys Lys Thr Thr Pro Ser Asn Lys Arg Asn Ala Ser Lys Ala
420 425 430

Ser Thr Asn Lys Thr Ser Gly Gln Lys Lys Gln His Asn Lys Lys Ser
435 440 445

Ser Gln Gly Ala Lys Lys Gln Ser Ser Ser Ser Lys Ser Thr Gln Lys
450 455 460

Asn Asn Gln Thr Ser Asn Lys Asn Ser Lys Thr Thr Asn Ala Lys Ser
465 470 475 480

Ser Asn Ala Ser Lys Thr Pro Asn Ala Lys Val Glu Lys Ala Lys Ser
485 490 495

Lys Ile Glu Lys Arg Thr Phe Asn Asp
500 505

<210> SEQ ID NO 128

<211> LENGTH: 305

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 128

-continued

Met Phe Lys Arg Thr Lys Leu Ile Leu Ile Ala Thr Leu Leu Leu Ser
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Cys Ser Thr Thr Asn Asn Glu Ser Asn Lys Glu Thr Lys Ser Val
 20 25 30
 Pro Glu Glu Met Glu Ala Ser Lys Tyr Val Gly Gln Gly Phe Gln Pro
 35 40 45
 Pro Ala Glu Lys Asp Val Val Glu Phe Ala Lys Lys His Lys Asp Lys
 50 55 60
 Ile Ala Lys Arg Gly Glu Gln Phe Phe Met Asp Asn Phe Gly Leu Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Val Lys Ala Thr Asn Val Val Gly Ser Gly Lys Gly Val Glu Val Phe
 85 90 95
 Val His Cys Asp Asp His Asp Ile Val Phe Asn Ala Ser Ile Pro Phe
 100 105 110
 Asp Lys Ser Ile Ile Glu Ser Asp Ser Ser Leu Arg Ser Glu Asp Lys
 115 120 125
 Gly Asp Asp Met Ser Thr Leu Val Gly Thr Val Leu Ser Gly Phe Glu
 130 135 140
 Tyr Arg Thr Gln Lys Glu Lys Tyr Asp Asn Leu Tyr Lys Phe Phe Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Asn Glu Glu Lys Tyr Gln Tyr Thr Gly Phe Thr Lys Glu Ala Ile
 165 170 175
 Asn Lys Thr Gln Asn Val Gly Tyr Lys Asn Glu Tyr Phe Tyr Ile Thr
 180 185 190
 Tyr Ser Ser Arg Ser Leu Lys Glu Tyr Arg Lys Tyr Tyr Glu Pro Leu
 195 200 205
 Ile His Lys Asn Asp Lys Glu Phe Lys Glu Gly Met Glu Gln Ala Arg
 210 215 220
 Lys Glu Val Asn Tyr Ala Ala Asn Thr Asp Thr Val Thr Thr Leu Phe
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Thr Lys Glu Asn Phe Thr Lys Asp Asn Thr Val Asp Asp Val Ile
 245 250 255
 Glu Leu Ser Asp Lys Leu Tyr Asn Phe Lys Asn Lys Pro Glu Lys Ser
 260 265 270
 Thr Ile Thr Ile Gln Ile Gly Lys Pro Thr Ile Asn Thr Lys Lys Ala
 275 280 285
 Phe Tyr Asp Asp Asn Asp Pro Ile Glu Tyr Gly Val Tyr Arg Lys Asp
 290 295 300
 Glu
 305

<210> SEQ ID NO 129

<211> LENGTH: 226

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 129

Met Lys Phe Lys Ala Ile Ala Lys Ala Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Met Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Ser Asn Val Gln Ser Val Gln Ala Lys Ala
 20 25 30
 Glu Val Lys Gln Gln Ser Glu Ser Glu Leu Lys His Tyr Tyr Asn Lys
 35 40 45
 Pro Ile Leu Glu Arg Lys Asn Val Thr Gly Phe Lys Tyr Thr Asp Glu

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Lys Lys Tyr Tyr Gly Lys Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu Asp Lys Lys Leu Gln
 195 200 205
 Glu Asp Arg Met Ser Asp Val Ile Asn Val Thr Asp Ile Asp Arg Ile
 210 215 220
 Glu Ile Lys Val Leu Lys Ala
 225 230
 <210> SEQ ID NO 131
 <211> LENGTH: 356
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp
 <400> SEQUENCE: 131
 Met Lys Met Arg Thr Ile Ala Lys Thr Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Thr Thr Gly Ala Ile Thr Val Thr Thr Gln Ser Val Lys Ala Glu Lys
 20 25 30
 Ile Gln Ser Thr Lys Val Asp Lys Val Pro Thr Leu Lys Ala Glu Arg
 35 40 45
 Leu Ala Met Ile Asn Ile Thr Ala Gly Ala Asn Ser Ala Thr Thr Gln
 50 55 60
 Ala Ala Asn Thr Arg Gln Glu Arg Thr Pro Lys Leu Glu Lys Ala Pro
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Thr Asn Glu Glu Lys Thr Ser Ala Ser Lys Ile Glu Lys Ile Ser
 85 90 95
 Gln Pro Lys Gln Glu Glu Gln Lys Thr Leu Asn Ile Ser Ala Thr Pro
 100 105 110
 Ala Pro Lys Gln Glu Gln Ser Gln Thr Thr Thr Glu Ser Thr Thr Pro
 115 120 125
 Lys Thr Lys Val Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser Thr Asn Thr Pro Gln Pro Met
 130 135 140
 Gln Ser Thr Lys Ser Asp Thr Pro Gln Ser Pro Thr Ile Lys Gln Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Gln Thr Asp Met Thr Pro Lys Tyr Glu Asp Leu Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Thr
 165 170 175
 Lys Pro Ser Phe Glu Phe Glu Lys Gln Phe Gly Phe Met Leu Lys Pro
 180 185 190
 Trp Thr Thr Val Arg Phe Met Asn Val Ile Pro Asn Arg Phe Ile Tyr
 195 200 205
 Lys Ile Ala Leu Val Gly Lys Asp Glu Lys Lys Tyr Lys Asp Gly Pro
 210 215 220
 Tyr Asp Asn Ile Asp Val Phe Ile Val Leu Glu Asp Asn Lys Tyr Gln
 225 230 235 240
 Leu Lys Lys Tyr Ser Val Gly Gly Ile Thr Lys Thr Asn Ser Lys Lys
 245 250 255
 Val Asn His Lys Val Glu Leu Ser Ile Thr Lys Lys Asp Asn Gln Gly
 260 265 270
 Met Ile Ser Arg Asp Val Ser Glu Tyr Met Ile Thr Lys Glu Glu Ile
 275 280 285
 Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg Lys Gln Leu Ile Glu Lys
 290 295 300
 His Asn Leu Tyr Gly Asn Met Gly Ser Gly Thr Ile Val Ile Lys Met
 305 310 315 320
 Lys Asn Gly Gly Lys Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu His Lys Lys Leu Gln Glu
 325 330 335

-continued

His Arg Met Ala Asp Val Ile Asp Gly Thr Asn Ile Asp Asn Ile Glu
 340 345 350

Val Asn Ile Lys
 355

<210> SEQ ID NO 132

<211> LENGTH: 308

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 132

Met Lys Ile Thr Thr Ile Ala Lys Thr Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15

Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Thr Thr Thr Gln Ala Ala Asn Ala Thr Thr
 20 25 30

Leu Ser Ser Thr Lys Val Glu Ala Pro Gln Ser Thr Pro Pro Ser Thr
 35 40 45

Lys Ile Glu Ala Pro Gln Ser Lys Pro Asn Ala Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser
 50 55 60

Thr Lys Val Glu Ala Pro Gln Gln Thr Ala Asn Ala Thr Thr Pro Pro
 65 70 75 80

Ser Thr Lys Val Thr Thr Pro Pro Ser Thr Asn Thr Pro Gln Pro Met
 85 90 95

Gln Ser Thr Lys Ser Asp Thr Pro Gln Ser Pro Thr Thr Lys Gln Val
 100 105 110

Pro Thr Glu Ile Asn Pro Lys Phe Lys Asp Leu Arg Ala Tyr Tyr Thr
 115 120 125

Lys Pro Ser Leu Glu Phe Lys Asn Glu Ile Gly Ile Ile Leu Lys Lys
 130 135 140

Trp Thr Thr Ile Arg Phe Met Asn Val Val Pro Asp Tyr Phe Ile Tyr
 145 150 155 160

Lys Ile Ala Leu Val Gly Lys Asp Asp Lys Lys Tyr Gly Glu Gly Val
 165 170 175

His Arg Asn Val Asp Val Phe Val Val Leu Glu Glu Asn Asn Tyr Asn
 180 185 190

Leu Glu Lys Tyr Ser Val Gly Gly Ile Thr Lys Ser Asn Ser Lys Lys
 195 200 205

Val Asp His Lys Ala Gly Val Arg Ile Thr Lys Glu Asp Asn Lys Gly
 210 215 220

Thr Ile Ser His Asp Val Ser Glu Phe Lys Ile Thr Lys Glu Gln Ile
 225 230 235 240

Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg Lys Gln Leu Ile Glu Lys
 245 250 255

Asn Asn Leu Tyr Gly Asn Val Gly Ser Gly Lys Ile Val Ile Lys Met
 260 265 270

Lys Asn Gly Gly Lys Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu His Lys Lys Leu Gln Glu
 275 280 285

Asn Arg Met Ala Asp Val Ile Asp Gly Thr Asn Ile Asp Asn Ile Glu
 290 295 300

Val Asn Ile Lys
 305

<210> SEQ ID NO 133

<211> LENGTH: 234

<212> TYPE: PRT

-continued

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 133

Met Lys Met Thr Ala Ile Ala Lys Ala Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Ile Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Thr Gly Thr Ile Thr Ser Leu His Gln Thr Val Asn Ala Ser Glu
 20 25 30
 His Lys Ala Lys Tyr Glu Asn Val Thr Lys Asp Ile Phe Asp Leu Arg
 35 40 45
 Asp Tyr Tyr Ser Gly Ala Ser Lys Glu Leu Lys Asn Val Thr Gly Tyr
 50 55 60
 Arg Tyr Ser Lys Gly Gly Lys His Tyr Leu Ile Phe Asp Lys Asn Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Lys Phe Thr Arg Val Gln Ile Phe Gly Lys Asp Ile Glu Arg Phe Lys
 85 90 95
 Ala Arg Lys Asn Pro Gly Leu Asp Ile Phe Val Val Lys Glu Ala Glu
 100 105 110
 Asn Arg Asn Gly Thr Val Phe Ser Tyr Gly Gly Val Thr Lys Lys Asn
 115 120 125
 Gln Asp Ala Tyr Tyr Asp Tyr Ile Asn Ala Pro Arg Phe Gln Ile Lys
 130 135 140
 Arg Asp Glu Gly Asp Gly Ile Ala Thr Tyr Gly Arg Val His Tyr Ile
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Lys Glu Glu Ile Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg Gln
 165 170 175
 Tyr Leu Ile Gln Asn Phe Asp Leu Tyr Lys Lys Phe Pro Lys Asp Ser
 180 185 190
 Lys Ile Lys Val Ile Met Lys Asp Gly Gly Tyr Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu
 195 200 205
 Asn Lys Lys Leu Gln Thr Asn Arg Met Ser Asp Val Ile Asp Gly Arg
 210 215 220
 Asn Ile Glu Lys Ile Glu Ala Asn Ile Arg
 225 230

<210> SEQ ID NO 134

<211> LENGTH: 231

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 134

Met Lys Leu Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Ala Thr Leu Val Leu Gly Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ala Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Thr Glu Ser Gln Thr Val Lys Ala Ala Glu
 20 25 30
 Ser Thr Gln Gly Gln His Asn Tyr Lys Ser Leu Lys Tyr Tyr Tyr Ser
 35 40 45
 Lys Pro Ser Ile Glu Leu Lys Asn Leu Asp Gly Leu Tyr Arg Gln Lys
 50 55 60
 Val Thr Asp Lys Gly Val Tyr Val Trp Lys Asp Arg Lys Asp Tyr Phe
 65 70 75 80
 Val Gly Leu Leu Gly Lys Asp Ile Glu Lys Tyr Pro Gln Gly Glu His
 85 90 95
 Asp Lys Gln Asp Ala Phe Leu Val Ile Glu Glu Glu Thr Val Asn Gly
 100 105 110
 Arg Gln Tyr Ser Ile Gly Gly Leu Ser Lys Thr Asn Ser Lys Glu Phe

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115	120	125
Ser Lys Glu Val Asp Val Lys Val Thr Arg Lys Ile Asp Glu Ser Ser 130 135 140		
Glu Lys Ser Lys Asp Ser Lys Phe Lys Ile Thr Lys Glu Glu Ile Ser 145 150 155 160		
Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg Lys Lys Leu Met Glu Glu Glu 165 170 175		
Lys Leu Tyr Gly Ala Val Asn Asn Arg Lys Gly Lys Ile Val Val Lys 180 185 190		
Met Glu Asp Asp Lys Phe Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu Thr Lys Lys Leu Gln 195 200 205		
Pro His Arg Met Gly Asp Thr Ile Asp Gly Thr Lys Ile Lys Glu Ile 210 215 220		
Asn Val Glu Leu Glu Tyr Lys 225 230		

<210> SEQ ID NO 135

<211> LENGTH: 231

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 135

Met Lys Leu Lys Thr Leu Ala Lys Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu 1 5 10 15		
Thr Thr Gly Val Ile Thr Ser Glu Gly Gln Ala Val Gln Ala Lys Glu 20 25 30		
Lys Gln Glu Arg Val Gln His Leu Tyr Asp Ile Lys Asp Leu His Arg 35 40 45		
Tyr Tyr Ser Ser Glu Ser Phe Glu Phe Ser Asn Ile Ser Gly Lys Val 50 55 60		
Glu Asn Tyr Asn Gly Ser Asn Val Val Arg Phe Asn Gln Glu Asn Gln 65 70 75 80		
Asn His Gln Leu Phe Leu Leu Gly Lys Asp Lys Glu Lys Tyr Lys Glu 85 90 95		
Gly Ile Glu Gly Lys Asp Val Phe Val Val Lys Glu Leu Ile Asp Pro 100 105 110		
Asn Gly Arg Leu Ser Thr Val Gly Gly Val Thr Lys Lys Asn Asn Lys 115 120 125		
Ser Ser Glu Thr Asn Thr His Leu Phe Val Asn Lys Val Tyr Gly Gly 130 135 140		
Asn Leu Asp Ala Ser Ile Asp Ser Phe Ser Ile Asn Lys Glu Glu Val 145 150 155 160		
Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Ile Arg Gln His Leu Val Lys Asn 165 170 175		
Tyr Gly Leu Tyr Lys Gly Thr Thr Lys Tyr Gly Lys Ile Thr Ile Asn 180 185 190		
Leu Lys Asp Gly Glu Lys Gln Glu Ile Asp Leu Gly Asp Lys Leu Gln 195 200 205		
Phe Glu Arg Met Gly Asp Val Leu Asn Ser Lys Asp Ile Asn Lys Ile 210 215 220		
Glu Val Thr Leu Lys Gln Ile 225 230		

<210> SEQ ID NO 136

<211> LENGTH: 232

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<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 136

Met Lys Phe Thr Val Ile Ala Lys Ala Ile Phe Ile Leu Gly Ile Leu
1           5           10           15

Thr Thr Ser Val Met Ile Thr Glu Asn Gln Ser Val Asn Ala Lys Gly
20          25          30

Lys Tyr Glu Lys Met Asn Arg Leu Tyr Asp Thr Asn Lys Leu His Gln
35          40          45

Tyr Tyr Ser Gly Pro Ser Tyr Glu Leu Thr Asn Val Ser Gly Gln Ser
50          55          60

Gln Gly Tyr Tyr Asp Ser Asn Val Leu Leu Phe Asn Gln Gln Asn Gln
65          70          75          80

Lys Phe Gln Val Phe Leu Leu Gly Lys Asp Glu Asn Lys Tyr Lys Glu
85          90          95

Lys Thr His Gly Leu Asp Val Phe Ala Val Pro Glu Leu Val Asp Leu
100         105         110

Asp Gly Arg Ile Phe Ser Val Ser Gly Val Thr Lys Lys Asn Val Lys
115         120         125

Ser Ile Phe Glu Ser Leu Arg Thr Pro Asn Leu Leu Val Lys Lys Ile
130         135         140

Asp Asp Lys Asp Gly Phe Ser Ile Asp Glu Phe Phe Phe Ile Gln Lys
145         150         155         160

Glu Glu Val Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Ile Arg Lys Leu Leu
165         170         175

Ile Lys Lys Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Glu Gly Ser Ala Asp Lys Gly Arg Ile
180         185         190

Val Ile Asn Met Lys Asp Glu Asn Lys Tyr Glu Ile Asp Leu Ser Asp
195         200         205

Lys Leu Asp Phe Glu Arg Met Ala Asp Val Ile Asn Ser Glu Gln Ile
210         215         220

Lys Asn Ile Glu Val Asn Leu Lys
225         230

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<210> SEQ ID NO 137
<211> LENGTH: 232
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 137

Met Lys Leu Thr Thr Ile Ala Lys Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Gly Ile Leu
1           5           10           15

Thr Thr Gly Val Phe Thr Ala Glu Ser Gln Thr Gly His Ala Lys Val
20          25          30

Glu Leu Asp Glu Thr Gln Arg Lys Tyr Tyr Ile Asn Met Leu His Gln
35          40          45

Tyr Tyr Ser Glu Glu Ser Phe Glu Pro Thr Asn Ile Ser Val Lys Ser
50          55          60

Glu Asp Tyr Tyr Gly Ser Asn Val Leu Asn Phe Lys Gln Arg Asn Lys
65          70          75          80

Ala Phe Lys Val Phe Leu Leu Gly Asp Asp Lys Asn Lys Tyr Lys Glu
85          90          95

Lys Thr His Gly Leu Asp Val Phe Ala Val Pro Glu Leu Ile Asp Ile
100         105         110

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Lys Gly Gly Ile Tyr Ser Val Gly Gly Ile Thr Lys Lys Asn Val Arg
 115 120 125

Ser Val Phe Gly Phe Val Ser Asn Pro Ser Leu Gln Val Lys Lys Val
 130 135 140

Asp Ala Lys Asn Gly Phe Ser Ile Asn Glu Leu Phe Phe Ile Gln Lys
 145 150 155 160

Glu Glu Val Ser Leu Lys Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Ile Arg Lys Leu Leu
 165 170 175

Ile Glu Lys Tyr Arg Leu Tyr Lys Gly Thr Ser Asp Lys Gly Arg Ile
 180 185 190

Val Ile Asn Met Lys Asp Glu Lys Lys His Glu Ile Asp Leu Ser Glu
 195 200 205

Lys Leu Ser Phe Glu Arg Met Phe Asp Val Met Asp Ser Lys Gln Ile
 210 215 220

Lys Asn Ile Glu Val Asn Leu Asn
 225 230

<210> SEQ ID NO 138
 <211> LENGTH: 227
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 138

Met Lys Phe Thr Ala Leu Ala Lys Ala Thr Leu Ala Leu Gly Ile Leu
 1 5 10 15

Thr Thr Gly Thr Leu Thr Thr Glu Val His Ser Gly His Ala Lys Gln
 20 25 30

Asn Gln Lys Ser Val Asn Lys His Asp Lys Glu Ala Leu Tyr Arg Tyr
 35 40 45

Tyr Thr Gly Lys Thr Met Glu Met Lys Asn Ile Ser Ala Leu Lys His
 50 55 60

Gly Lys Asn Asn Leu Arg Phe Lys Phe Arg Gly Ile Lys Ile Gln Val
 65 70 75 80

Leu Leu Pro Gly Asn Asp Lys Ser Lys Phe Gln Gln Arg Ser Tyr Glu
 85 90 95

Gly Leu Asp Val Phe Phe Val Gln Glu Lys Arg Asp Lys His Asp Ile
 100 105 110

Phe Tyr Thr Val Gly Gly Val Ile Gln Asn Asn Lys Thr Ser Gly Val
 115 120 125

Val Ser Ala Pro Ile Leu Asn Ile Ser Lys Glu Lys Gly Glu Asp Ala
 130 135 140

Phe Val Lys Gly Tyr Pro Tyr Tyr Ile Lys Lys Glu Lys Ile Thr Leu
 145 150 155 160

Lys Glu Leu Asp Tyr Lys Leu Arg Lys His Leu Ile Glu Lys Tyr Gly
 165 170 175

Leu Tyr Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Asp Gly Arg Val Lys Ile Ser Leu Lys
 180 185 190

Asp Gly Ser Phe Tyr Asn Leu Asp Leu Arg Ser Lys Leu Lys Phe Lys
 195 200 205

Tyr Met Gly Glu Val Ile Glu Ser Lys Gln Ile Lys Asp Ile Glu Val
 210 215 220

Asn Leu Lys
 225

<210> SEQ ID NO 139

-continued

<211> LENGTH: 225
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

 <400> SEQUENCE: 139

 Met Lys Leu Lys Asn Ile Ala Lys Ala Ser Leu Ala Leu Gly Ile Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Thr Thr Gly Met Ile Thr Thr Thr Ala Gln Pro Val Lys Ala Ser Thr
 20 25 30
 Leu Glu Val Arg Ser Gln Ala Thr Gln Asp Leu Ser Glu Tyr Tyr Asn
 35 40 45
 Arg Pro Phe Phe Glu Tyr Thr Asn Gln Ser Gly Tyr Lys Glu Glu Gly
 50 55 60
 Lys Val Thr Phe Thr Pro Asn Tyr Gln Leu Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Asn Glu Lys Gln Asn Phe Gly Glu Asp Ile Ser Asn Val Asp Ile
 85 90 95
 Phe Val Val Arg Glu Asn Ser Asp Arg Ser Gly Asn Thr Ala Ser Ile
 100 105 110
 Gly Gly Ile Thr Lys Thr Asn Gly Ser Asn Tyr Ile Asp Lys Val Lys
 115 120 125
 Asp Val Asn Leu Ile Ile Thr Lys Asn Ile Asp Ser Val Thr Ser Thr
 130 135 140
 Ser Thr Ser Ser Thr Tyr Thr Ile Asn Lys Glu Glu Ile Ser Leu Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Glu Leu Asp Phe Lys Leu Arg Lys His Leu Ile Asp Lys His Asn Leu
 165 170 175
 Tyr Lys Thr Glu Pro Lys Asp Ser Lys Ile Arg Ile Thr Met Lys Asp
 180 185 190
 Gly Gly Phe Tyr Thr Phe Glu Leu Asn Lys Lys Leu Gln Thr His Arg
 195 200 205
 Met Gly Asp Val Ile Asp Gly Arg Asn Ile Glu Lys Ile Glu Val Asn
 210 215 220

 Leu
 225

<210> SEQ ID NO 140
 <211> LENGTH: 116
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

 <400> SEQUENCE: 140

 Met Lys Phe Lys Lys Tyr Ile Leu Thr Gly Thr Leu Ala Leu Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Ser Thr Gly Ile Ala Thr Ile Glu Gly Asn Lys Ala Asp Ala Ser
 20 25 30
 Ser Leu Asp Lys Tyr Leu Thr Glu Ser Gln Phe His Asp Lys Arg Ile
 35 40 45
 Ala Glu Glu Leu Arg Thr Leu Leu Asn Lys Ser Asn Val Tyr Ala Leu
 50 55 60
 Ala Ala Gly Ser Leu Asn Pro Tyr Tyr Lys Arg Thr Ile Met Met Asn
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Tyr Arg Ala Lys Ala Ala Leu Lys Lys Asn Asp Phe Val Ser Met
 85 90 95
 Ala Asp Ala Lys Val Ala Leu Glu Lys Ile Tyr Lys Glu Ile Asp Glu
 100 105 110

-continued

Ile Ile Asn Arg
115

<210> SEQ ID NO 141
<211> LENGTH: 203
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 141

Met Phe Lys Lys Tyr Asp Ser Lys Asn Ser Ile Val Leu Lys Ser Ile
1 5 10 15
Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile Ile Tyr Gly Gly Thr Phe Gly Ile Tyr Pro Lys
20 25 30
Ala Asp Ala Ser Thr Gln Asn Ser Ser Ser Val Gln Asp Lys Gln Leu
35 40 45
Gln Lys Val Glu Glu Val Pro Asn Asn Ser Glu Lys Ala Leu Val Lys
50 55 60
Lys Leu Tyr Asp Arg Tyr Ser Lys Asp Thr Ile Asn Gly Lys Ser Asn
65 70 75 80
Lys Ser Arg Asn Trp Val Tyr Ser Glu Arg Pro Leu Asn Glu Asn Gln
85 90 95
Val Arg Ile His Leu Glu Gly Thr Tyr Thr Val Ala Gly Arg Val Tyr
100 105 110
Thr Pro Lys Arg Asn Ile Thr Leu Asn Lys Glu Val Val Thr Leu Lys
115 120 125
Glu Leu Asp His Ile Ile Arg Phe Ala His Ile Ser Tyr Gly Leu Tyr
130 135 140
Met Gly Glu His Leu Pro Lys Gly Asn Ile Val Ile Asn Thr Lys Asp
145 150 155 160
Gly Gly Lys Tyr Thr Leu Glu Ser His Lys Glu Leu Gln Lys Asp Arg
165 170 175
Glu Asn Val Lys Ile Asn Thr Ala Asp Ile Lys Asn Val Thr Phe Lys
180 185 190
Leu Val Lys Ser Val Asn Asp Ile Glu Gln Val
195 200

<210> SEQ ID NO 142
<211> LENGTH: 146
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 142

Met Asn Thr Lys Tyr Phe Leu Ala Ala Gly Ala Val Ile Thr Thr Leu
1 5 10 15
Ala Leu Gly Ala Cys Gly Asn Ser Asn Ser Gln Asp Gln Gly Asn Lys
20 25 30
Thr Glu Gln Lys Thr Lys Ser Glu Asp Ser Asn Val Lys Thr Asp Lys
35 40 45
Thr Lys His Leu Thr Gly Thr Phe Ser Ser Lys Asn Gly Glu Thr Val
50 55 60
Glu Gly Lys Ala Glu Ile Lys Asn Gly Lys Leu Met Leu Thr Asn Tyr
65 70 75 80
Lys Ser Ser Lys Gly Pro Asp Leu Tyr Val Tyr Leu Thr Lys Asn Gly
85 90 95
Asp Ile Lys Asn Gly Lys Glu Ile Ala Met Val Asp Tyr Asp Lys Glu
100 105 110

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Lys Gln Thr Phe Asp Leu Lys Asn Val Asp Leu Ser Lys Tyr Asp Glu
 115 120 125

Val Thr Ile Tyr Cys Lys Lys Ala His Val Ile Phe Gly Gly Ala Lys
 130 135 140

Leu Lys
 145

<210> SEQ ID NO 143
 <211> LENGTH: 619
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 143

Met Pro Lys Asn Lys Ile Leu Ile Tyr Leu Leu Ser Thr Thr Leu Val
 1 5 10 15

Leu Pro Thr Leu Val Ser Pro Thr Ala Tyr Ala Asp Thr Pro Gln Lys
 20 25 30

Asp Thr Thr Ala Lys Thr Thr Ser His Asp Ser Lys Lys Ser Asn Asp
 35 40 45

Asp Glu Thr Ser Lys Asp Thr Thr Ser Lys Asp Ile Asp Lys Ala Asp
 50 55 60

Lys Asn Asn Thr Ser Asn Gln Asp Asn Asn Asp Lys Lys Phe Lys Thr
 65 70 75 80

Ile Asp Asp Ser Thr Ser Asp Ser Asn Asn Ile Ile Asp Phe Ile Tyr
 85 90 95

Lys Asn Leu Pro Gln Thr Asn Ile Asn Gln Leu Leu Thr Lys Asn Lys
 100 105 110

Tyr Asp Asp Asn Tyr Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Ile Gln Asn Leu Phe Asn
 115 120 125

Leu Asn Ser Asp Ile Ser Asp Tyr Glu Gln Pro Arg Asn Gly Glu Lys
 130 135 140

Ser Thr Asn Asp Ser Asn Lys Asn Ser Asp Asn Ser Ile Lys Asn Asp
 145 150 155 160

Thr Asp Thr Gln Ser Ser Lys Gln Asp Lys Ala Asp Asn Gln Lys Ala
 165 170 175

Pro Lys Ser Asn Asn Thr Lys Pro Ser Thr Ser Asn Lys Gln Pro Asn
 180 185 190

Ser Pro Lys Pro Thr Gln Pro Asn Gln Ser Asn Ser Gln Pro Ala Ser
 195 200 205

Asp Asp Lys Ala Asn Gln Lys Ser Ser Ser Lys Asp Asn Gln Ser Met
 210 215 220

Ser Asp Ser Ala Leu Asp Ser Ile Leu Asp Gln Tyr Ser Glu Asp Ala
 225 230 235 240

Lys Lys Thr Gln Lys Asp Tyr Ala Ser Gln Ser Lys Lys Asp Lys Asn
 245 250 255

Glu Lys Ser Asn Thr Lys Asn Pro Gln Leu Pro Thr Gln Asp Glu Leu
 260 265 270

Lys His Lys Ser Lys Pro Ala Gln Ser Phe Asn Asn Asp Val Asn Gln
 275 280 285

Lys Asp Thr Arg Ala Thr Ser Leu Phe Glu Thr Asp Pro Ser Ile Ser
 290 295 300

Asn Asn Asp Asp Ser Gly Gln Phe Asn Val Val Asp Ser Lys Asp Thr
 305 310 315 320

Arg Gln Phe Val Lys Ser Ile Ala Lys Asp Ala His Arg Ile Gly Gln

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325					330					335					
Asp	Asn	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Ala	Ser	Val	Met	Ile	Ala	Gln	Ala	Ile	Leu	Glu
			340					345						350	
Ser	Asp	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ser	Ala	Leu	Ala	Lys	Ser	Pro	Asn	His	Asn	Leu
			355				360					365			
Phe	Gly	Ile	Lys	Gly	Ala	Phe	Glu	Gly	Asn	Ser	Val	Pro	Phe	Asn	Thr
			370				375					380			
Leu	Glu	Ala	Asp	Gly	Asn	Gln	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Ile	Asn	Ala	Gly	Phe	Arg
			385				390					395			400
Lys	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Thr	Lys	Glu	Ser	Leu	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ile
				405					410					415	
Lys	Asn	Gly	Ile	Asp	Gly	Asn	Arg	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Pro	Thr	Trp	Lys
			420					425						430	
Ser	Glu	Ala	Asp	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Asp	Ala	Thr	Ser	His	Leu	Ser	Lys	Thr
			435				440					445			
Tyr	Ala	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asn	Tyr	Ala	Lys	Lys	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ile	Ile	Lys
			450				455					460			
His	Tyr	Gln	Leu	Thr	Gln	Phe	Asp	Asp	Glu	Arg	Met	Pro	Asp	Leu	Asp
			465				470					475			480
Lys	Tyr	Glu	Arg	Ser	Ile	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ser	Asp	Glu	Phe
				485					490					495	
Lys	Pro	Phe	Arg	Glu	Val	Ser	Asp	Ser	Met	Pro	Tyr	Pro	His	Gly	Gln
			500						505					510	
Cys	Thr	Trp	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Met	Lys	Gln	Phe	Gly	Thr	Ser	Ile
			515				520					525			
Ser	Gly	Asp	Leu	Gly	Asp	Ala	His	Asn	Trp	Asn	Asn	Arg	Ala	Gln	Tyr
			530				535					540			
Arg	Asp	Tyr	Gln	Val	Ser	His	Thr	Pro	Lys	Arg	His	Ala	Ala	Val	Val
			545				550					555			560
Phe	Glu	Ala	Gly	Gln	Phe	Gly	Ala	Asp	Gln	His	Tyr	Gly	His	Val	Ala
				565					570					575	
Phe	Val	Glu	Lys	Val	Asn	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Ile	Val	Ile	Ser	Glu	Ser
			580					585						590	
Asn	Val	Lys	Gly	Leu	Gly	Ile	Ile	Ser	His	Arg	Thr	Ile	Asn	Ala	Ala
			595				600					605			
Ala	Ala	Glu	Glu	Leu	Ser	Tyr	Ile	Thr	Gly	Lys					
			610				615								

<210> SEQ ID NO 144

<211> LENGTH: 208

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 144

Met	Lys	Phe	Gly	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ala	Val	Val	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Leu
1				5					10					15	
Leu	Ala	Gly	Cys	Thr	Thr	Asp	Lys	Lys	Glu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Lys
			20					25					30		
Gln	Val	Asp	Lys	Ile	Lys	Asp	Asp	Glu	Glu	Pro	Ile	Lys	Thr	Val	Gly
			35				40						45		
Lys	Lys	Ile	Ala	Glu	Leu	Asp	Glu	Lys	Lys	Lys	Lys	Leu	Thr	Glu	Asp
			50			55						60			
Val	Asn	Ser	Lys	Asp	Thr	Ala	Val	Arg	Gly	Lys	Ala	Val	Lys	Asp	Leu
					70							75			80

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Ile Lys Asn Ala Asp Asp Arg Leu Lys Glu Phe Glu Lys Glu Glu Asp
85 90 95

Ala Ile Lys Lys Ser Glu Gln Asp Phe Lys Lys Ala Lys Ser His Val
100 105 110

Asp Asn Ile Asp Asn Asp Val Lys Arg Lys Glu Val Lys Gln Leu Asp
115 120 125

Asp Val Leu Lys Glu Lys Tyr Lys Leu His Ser Asp Tyr Ala Lys Ala
130 135 140

Tyr Lys Lys Ala Val Asn Ser Glu Lys Thr Leu Phe Lys Tyr Leu Asn
145 150 155 160

Gln Asn Asp Ala Thr Gln Gln Gly Val Asn Glu Lys Ser Lys Ala Ile
165 170 175

Glu Gln Asn Tyr Lys Lys Leu Lys Glu Val Ser Asp Lys Tyr Thr Lys
180 185 190

Val Leu Asn Lys Val Gly Lys Glu Lys Gln Asp Val Asp Gln Phe Lys
195 200 205

<210> SEQ ID NO 145
 <211> LENGTH: 105
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 145

Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Gln Ser Leu Ser Ala Leu Gly Val Ser Ala Thr
1 5 10 15

Leu Val Thr Pro Asn Leu Asn Ala Asp Ala Thr Thr Asn Thr Thr Pro
20 25 30

Gln Ile Lys Gly Ala Asn Asp Ile Val Ile Lys Lys Gly Gln Asp Tyr
35 40 45

Asn Leu Leu Asn Gly Ile Ser Ala Phe Asp Lys Glu Asp Gly Asp Leu
50 55 60

Thr Asp Lys Ile Lys Val Asp Gly Gln Ile Asp Thr Ser Lys Ser Gly
65 70 75 80

Lys Tyr Gln Ile Lys Tyr His Val Thr Asp Ser Asp Gly Ala Ile Lys
85 90 95

Ile Ser Thr Arg Tyr Ile Glu Val Lys
100 105

<210> SEQ ID NO 146
 <211> LENGTH: 312
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 146

Met Lys Lys Leu Val Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Leu Val Ala
1 5 10 15

Ala Cys Gly Thr Gly Gly Lys Gln Ser Ser Asp Lys Ser Asn Gly Lys
20 25 30

Leu Lys Val Val Thr Thr Asn Ser Ile Leu Tyr Asp Met Ala Lys Asn
35 40 45

Val Gly Gly Asp Asn Val Asp Ile His Ser Ile Val Pro Val Gly Gln
50 55 60

Asp Pro His Glu Tyr Glu Val Lys Pro Lys Asp Ile Lys Lys Leu Thr
65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Asp Val Ile Leu Tyr Asn Gly Leu Asn Leu Glu Thr Gly Asn
85 90 95

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Gly Trp Phe Glu Lys Ala Leu Glu Gln Ala Gly Lys Ser Leu Lys Asp
 100 105 110
 Lys Lys Val Ile Ala Val Ser Lys Asp Val Lys Pro Ile Tyr Leu Asn
 115 120 125
 Gly Glu Glu Gly Asn Lys Asp Lys Gln Asp Pro His Ala Trp Leu Ser
 130 135 140
 Leu Asp Asn Gly Ile Lys Tyr Val Lys Thr Ile Gln Gln Thr Phe Ile
 145 150 155 160
 Asp Asn Asp Lys Lys His Lys Ala Asp Tyr Glu Lys Gln Gly Asn Lys
 165 170 175
 Tyr Ile Ala Gln Leu Glu Lys Leu Asn Asn Asp Ser Lys Asp Ser Lys
 180 185 190
 Asp Lys Phe Asn Asp Ile Pro Lys Glu Gln Arg Ala Met Ile Thr Ser
 195 200 205
 Glu Gly Ala Phe Lys Tyr Phe Ser Lys Gln Tyr Gly Ile Thr Pro Gly
 210 215 220
 Tyr Ile Trp Glu Ile Asn Thr Glu Lys Gln Gly Thr Pro Glu Gln Met
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Gln Ala Ile Glu Phe Val Lys Lys His Lys Leu Lys His Leu Leu
 245 250 255
 Val Glu Thr Ser Val Asp Lys Lys Ala Met Glu Ser Leu Ser Glu Glu
 260 265 270
 Thr Lys Lys Asp Ile Phe Gly Glu Val Tyr Thr Asp Ser Ile Gly Lys
 275 280 285
 Glu Gly Thr Lys Gly Asp Ser Tyr Tyr Lys Met Met Lys Ser Asn Ile
 290 295 300
 Glu Thr Val His Gly Ser Met Lys
 305 310

<210> SEQ ID NO 147

<211> LENGTH: 646

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 147

Met Ser Ser Gln Lys Lys Lys Ile Ser Leu Phe Ala Phe Phe Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Thr Val Ile Thr Ile Thr Leu Lys Thr Tyr Phe Ser Tyr Tyr Val Asp
 20 25 30
 Phe Ser Leu Gly Val Lys Gly Leu Val Gln Asn Leu Ile Leu Leu Met
 35 40 45
 Asn Pro Tyr Ser Leu Val Ala Leu Val Leu Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Phe
 50 55 60
 Lys Gly Lys Lys Ala Phe Trp Phe Met Phe Ile Gly Gly Phe Leu Leu
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Phe Leu Leu Tyr Ala Asn Val Val Tyr Phe Arg Phe Phe Ser Asp
 85 90 95
 Phe Leu Thr Phe Ser Thr Leu Asn Gln Val Gly Asn Val Glu Ser Met
 100 105 110
 Gly Gly Ala Val Ser Ala Ser Phe Lys Trp Tyr Asp Phe Val Tyr Phe
 115 120 125
 Ile Asp Thr Leu Val Tyr Leu Phe Ile Leu Ile Phe Lys Thr Lys Trp
 130 135 140
 Leu Asp Thr Lys Ala Phe Ser Lys Lys Phe Val Pro Val Val Met Ala
 145 150 155 160

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Ala Ser Val Ala Leu Phe Phe Leu Asn Leu Ala Phe Ala Glu Thr Asp
165 170 175

Arg Pro Glu Leu Leu Thr Arg Thr Phe Asp His Lys Tyr Leu Val Lys
180 185 190

Tyr Leu Gly Pro Tyr Asn Phe Thr Val Tyr Asp Gly Val Lys Thr Ile
195 200 205

Glu Asn Asn Gln Gln Lys Ala Leu Ala Ser Glu Asp Asp Leu Thr Lys
210 215 220

Val Leu Asn Tyr Thr Lys Gln Arg Gln Thr Glu Pro Asn Pro Glu Tyr
225 230 235 240

Tyr Gly Val Ala Lys Lys Lys Asn Ile Ile Lys Ile His Leu Glu Ser
245 250 255

Phe Gln Thr Phe Leu Ile Asn Lys Lys Val Asn Gly Lys Glu Val Thr
260 265 270

Pro Phe Leu Asn Lys Leu Ser Ser Gly Lys Glu Gln Phe Thr Tyr Phe
275 280 285

Pro Asn Phe Phe His Gln Thr Gly Gln Gly Lys Thr Ser Asp Ser Glu
290 295 300

Phe Thr Met Asp Asn Ser Leu Tyr Gly Leu Pro Gln Gly Ser Ala Phe
305 310 315 320

Ser Leu Lys Gly Asp Asn Thr Tyr Gln Ser Leu Pro Ala Ile Leu Asp
325 330 335

Gln Lys Gln Gly Tyr Lys Ser Asp Val Met His Gly Asp Tyr Lys Thr
340 345 350

Phe Trp Asn Arg Asp Gln Val Tyr Lys His Phe Gly Ile Asp Lys Phe
355 360 365

Tyr Asp Ala Thr Tyr Tyr Asp Met Ser Asp Lys Asn Val Val Asn Leu
370 375 380

Gly Leu Lys Asp Lys Ile Phe Phe Lys Asp Ser Ala Asn Tyr Gln Ala
385 390 395 400

Lys Met Lys Ser Pro Phe Tyr Ser His Leu Ile Thr Leu Thr Asn His
405 410 415

Tyr Pro Phe Thr Leu Asp Glu Lys Asp Ala Thr Ile Glu Lys Ser Asn
420 425 430

Thr Gly Asp Ala Thr Val Asp Gly Tyr Ile Gln Thr Ala Arg Tyr Leu
435 440 445

Asp Glu Ala Leu Glu Glu Tyr Ile Asn Asp Leu Lys Lys Lys Gly Leu
450 455 460

Tyr Asp Asn Ser Val Ile Met Ile Tyr Gly Asp His Tyr Gly Ile Ser
465 470 475 480

Glu Asn His Asn Asn Ala Met Glu Lys Leu Leu Gly Glu Lys Ile Thr
485 490 495

Pro Ala Lys Phe Thr Asp Leu Asn Arg Thr Gly Phe Trp Ile Lys Ile
500 505 510

Pro Gly Lys Ser Gly Gly Ile Asn Asn Glu Tyr Ala Gly Gln Val Asp
515 520 525

Val Met Pro Thr Ile Leu His Leu Ala Gly Ile Asp Thr Lys Asn Tyr
530 535 540

Leu Met Phe Gly Thr Asp Leu Phe Ser Lys Gly His Asn Gln Val Val
545 550 555 560

Pro Phe Arg Asn Gly Asp Phe Ile Thr Lys Asp Tyr Lys Tyr Val Asn
565 570 575

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Gly Lys Ile Tyr Ser Asn Lys Asn Asn Glu Leu Ile Thr Thr Gln Pro
580 585 590

Ala Asp Phe Glu Lys Asn Lys Lys Gln Val Glu Lys Asp Leu Glu Met
595 600 605

Ser Asp Asn Val Leu Asn Gly Asp Leu Phe Arg Phe Tyr Lys Asn Pro
610 615 620

Asp Phe Lys Lys Val Asn Pro Ser Lys Tyr Lys Tyr Glu Thr Gly Pro
625 630 635 640

Lys Ala Asn Ser Lys Lys
645

<210> SEQ ID NO 148
 <211> LENGTH: 173
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 148

Met Ile Asn Ile Ile Ser Ala Ile Gly Ser Ile Gly Thr Phe Ile Met
1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Phe Tyr Phe Val Ser Val Ser Val Gln Leu Tyr Gln Met Lys
20 25 30

Ile Ser Phe Leu Pro Ala Leu Gly Phe Asn Gln Ile Leu Leu Glu Arg
35 40 45

Glu Glu Asp Gln Leu Asn Ile Met Asn Ser Ala Thr Glu Glu His His
50 55 60

His Lys Asp Tyr Ile Lys Leu Tyr Asn Leu Gly Gly Gly Ala Ala Lys
65 70 75 80

Lys Ile Ala Ile Glu Val Leu Leu Gly Lys Asp Lys Val Ile Gln Lys
85 90 95

Lys Tyr Val His Ile Leu Pro Ser Lys Glu Gly Tyr Met Leu Pro Ile
100 105 110

Asn Lys Asn Val Tyr Glu Glu Leu Glu Arg Thr Ile Glu Asn Asn Gly
115 120 125

His Glu Ala Asp Leu Asn Val Arg Met Thr Tyr Tyr His Asn Val Ser
130 135 140

Arg Lys Gln Gln Glu Val Ile Leu Lys Gly Gln Ile Asp Arg Phe Asn
145 150 155 160

Thr Tyr Asn Asn Lys Glu Ile Tyr Asp Leu Gln Phe Ile
165 170

<210> SEQ ID NO 149
 <211> LENGTH: 156
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 149

Met Lys Arg Lys Val Leu Val Leu Thr Met Gly Val Ile Cys Ala Thr
1 5 10 15

Gln Leu Trp His Ser Asn His Ala Asn Ala Leu Val Thr Glu Ser Gly
20 25 30

Ala Asn Asp Thr Lys Gln Phe Thr Glu Ile Val Ser Glu Glu Lys Val
35 40 45

Ile Thr Val Glu His Ala Gln Ile Asn Ile Phe Gln Ser Asn Ser Asn
50 55 60

Ser Asn Leu Met Glu Phe Asn Ile Leu Thr Met Gly Gly Lys Ser Gly
65 70 75 80

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Ala Met Val Gly Tyr Ser Glu Ile Asp Ser Ser His Phe Thr Asp Arg
85 90 95
Asp Lys Arg Val Ile Arg Arg Asp His Val Lys Glu Ala Gln Ser Leu
100 105 110
Val Glu Asn Tyr Lys Asp Thr Gln Ser Ala Asp Ala Arg Met Lys Ala
115 120 125
Lys Gln Lys Val Asn Thr Leu Ser Lys Pro His Gln Asn Tyr Phe Asn
130 135 140
Lys Gln Ile Asp Lys Val Tyr Asn Gly Leu Gln Arg
145 150 155

<210> SEQ ID NO 150
<211> LENGTH: 133
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 150

Met Lys Lys Asn Ile Thr Lys Thr Ile Ile Ala Ser Thr Val Ile Ala
1 5 10 15
Ala Gly Leu Leu Thr Gln Thr Asn Asp Ala Lys Ala Phe Phe Ser Tyr
20 25 30
Glu Trp Lys Gly Leu Glu Ile Ala Lys Asn Leu Ala Asp Gln Ala Lys
35 40 45
Lys Asp Asp Glu Arg Ile Asp Lys Leu Met Lys Glu Ser Asp Lys Asn
50 55 60
Leu Thr Pro Tyr Lys Ala Glu Thr Val Asn Asp Leu Tyr Leu Ile Val
65 70 75 80
Lys Lys Leu Ser Gln Gly Asp Val Lys Lys Ala Val Val Arg Ile Lys
85 90 95
Asp Gly Gly Pro Arg Asp Tyr Tyr Thr Phe Asp Leu Thr Arg Pro Leu
100 105 110
Glu Glu Asn Arg Lys Asn Ile Lys Val Val Lys Asn Gly Glu Ile Asp
115 120 125
Ser Ile Thr Trp Tyr
130

<210> SEQ ID NO 151
<211> LENGTH: 274
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 151

Met Tyr Pro Asn Trp Gly Gln Tyr Lys Arg Ala Asp Leu Ile Gly Gln
1 5 10 15
Ser Ser Tyr Ile Lys Asn Asn Asp Val Val Ile Phe Asn Glu Ala Phe
20 25 30
Asp Asn Gly Ala Ser Asp Lys Leu Leu Ser Asn Val Lys Lys Glu Tyr
35 40 45
Pro Tyr Gln Thr Pro Val Leu Gly Arg Ser Gln Ser Gly Trp Asp Lys
50 55 60
Thr Glu Gly Ser Tyr Ser Ser Thr Val Ala Glu Asp Gly Gly Val Ala
65 70 75 80
Ile Val Ser Lys Tyr Pro Ile Lys Glu Lys Ile Gln His Val Phe Lys
85 90 95
Ser Gly Cys Gly Phe Asp Asn Asp Ser Asn Lys Gly Phe Val Tyr Thr
100 105 110

-continued

Lys Ile Glu Lys Asn Gly Lys Asn Val His Val Ile Gly Thr His Thr
 115 120 125
 Gln Ser Glu Asp Ser Arg Cys Gly Ala Gly His Asp Arg Lys Ile Arg
 130 135 140
 Ala Glu Gln Met Lys Glu Ile Ser Asp Phe Val Lys Lys Lys Asn Ile
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Lys Asp Glu Thr Val Tyr Ile Gly Gly Asp Leu Asn Val Asn Lys
 165 170 175
 Gly Thr Pro Glu Phe Lys Asp Met Leu Lys Asn Leu Asn Val Asn Asp
 180 185 190
 Val Leu Tyr Ala Gly His Asn Ser Thr Trp Asp Pro Gln Ser Asn Ser
 195 200 205
 Ile Ala Lys Tyr Asn Tyr Pro Asn Gly Lys Pro Glu His Leu Asp Tyr
 210 215 220
 Ile Phe Thr Asp Lys Asp His Lys Gln Pro Lys Gln Leu Val Asn Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Val Val Thr Glu Lys Pro Lys Pro Trp Asp Val Tyr Ala Phe Pro Tyr
 245 250 255
 Tyr Tyr Val Tyr Asn Asp Phe Ser Asp His Tyr Pro Ile Lys Ala Tyr
 260 265 270
 Ser Lys

<210> SEQ ID NO 152

<211> LENGTH: 390

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 152

Met Leu Glu Phe Glu Gln Gly Phe Asn His Leu Ala Thr Leu Lys Val
 1 5 10 15
 Ile Gly Val Gly Gly Gly Gly Asn Asn Ala Val Asn Arg Met Ile Asp
 20 25 30
 His Gly Met Asn Asn Val Glu Phe Ile Ala Ile Asn Thr Asp Gly Gln
 35 40 45
 Ala Leu Asn Leu Ser Lys Ala Glu Ser Lys Ile Gln Ile Gly Glu Lys
 50 55 60
 Leu Thr Arg Gly Leu Gly Ala Gly Ala Asn Pro Glu Ile Gly Lys Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Arg Glu Gln Ile Glu Asp Ala Ile Gln Gly Ala
 85 90 95
 Asp Met Val Phe Val Thr Ser Gly Met Gly Gly Gly Thr Gly Thr Gly
 100 105 110
 Ala Ala Pro Val Val Ala Lys Ile Ala Lys Glu Met Gly Ala Leu Thr
 115 120 125
 Val Gly Val Val Thr Arg Pro Phe Ser Phe Glu Gly Arg Lys Arg Gln
 130 135 140
 Thr Gln Ala Ala Ala Gly Val Glu Ala Met Lys Ala Ala Val Asp Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Ile Val Ile Pro Asn Asp Arg Leu Leu Asp Ile Val Asp Lys Ser
 165 170 175
 Thr Pro Met Met Glu Ala Phe Lys Glu Ala Asp Asn Val Leu Arg Gln
 180 185 190
 Gly Val Gln Gly Ile Ser Asp Leu Ile Ala Val Ser Gly Glu Val Asn
 195 200 205

-continued

Leu Asp Phe Ala Asp Val Lys Thr Ile Met Ser Asn Gln Gly Ser Ala
 210 215 220
 Leu Met Gly Ile Gly Val Ser Ser Gly Glu Asn Arg Ala Val Glu Ala
 225 230 235 240
 Ala Lys Lys Ala Ile Ser Ser Pro Leu Leu Glu Thr Ser Ile Val Gly
 245 250 255
 Ala Gln Gly Val Leu Met Asn Ile Thr Gly Gly Glu Ser Leu Ser Leu
 260 265 270
 Phe Glu Ala Gln Glu Ala Ala Asp Ile Val Gln Asp Ala Ala Asp Glu
 275 280 285
 Asp Val Asn Met Ile Phe Gly Thr Val Ile Asn Pro Glu Leu Gln Asp
 290 295 300
 Glu Ile Val Val Thr Val Ile Ala Thr Gly Phe Asp Asp Lys Pro Thr
 305 310 315 320
 Ser His Gly Arg Lys Ser Gly Ser Thr Gly Phe Gly Thr Ser Val Asn
 325 330 335
 Thr Ser Ser Asn Ala Thr Ser Lys Asp Glu Ser Phe Thr Ser Asn Ser
 340 345 350
 Ser Asn Ala Gln Ala Thr Asp Ser Val Ser Glu Arg Thr His Thr Thr
 355 360 365
 Lys Glu Asp Asp Ile Pro Ser Phe Ile Arg Asn Arg Glu Glu Arg Arg
 370 375 380
 Ser Arg Arg Thr Arg Arg
 385 390

<210> SEQ ID NO 153
 <211> LENGTH: 104
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 153

Met Ala Ile Val Lys Val Thr Asp Ala Asp Phe Asp Ser Lys Val Glu
 1 5 10 15
 Ser Gly Val Gln Leu Val Asp Phe Trp Ala Thr Trp Cys Gly Pro Cys
 20 25 30
 Lys Met Ile Ala Pro Val Leu Glu Glu Leu Ala Ala Asp Tyr Glu Gly
 35 40 45
 Lys Ala Asp Ile Leu Lys Leu Asp Val Asp Glu Asn Pro Ser Thr Ala
 50 55 60
 Ala Lys Tyr Glu Val Met Ser Ile Pro Thr Leu Ile Val Phe Lys Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Gln Pro Val Asp Lys Val Val Gly Phe Gln Pro Lys Glu Asn Leu
 85 90 95
 Ala Glu Val Leu Asp Lys His Leu
 100

<210> SEQ ID NO 154
 <211> LENGTH: 189
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 154

Met Ser Leu Ile Asn Lys Glu Ile Leu Pro Phe Thr Ala Gln Ala Phe
 1 5 10 15
 Asp Pro Lys Lys Asp Gln Phe Lys Glu Val Thr Gln Glu Asp Leu Lys
 20 25 30

-continued

Gly Ser Trp Ser Val Val Cys Phe Tyr Pro Ala Asp Phe Ser Phe Val
 35 40 45

Cys Pro Thr Glu Leu Glu Asp Leu Gln Asn Gln Tyr Glu Glu Leu Gln
 50 55 60

Lys Leu Gly Val Asn Val Phe Ser Val Ser Thr Asp Thr His Phe Val
 65 70 75 80

His Lys Ala Trp His Asp His Ser Asp Ala Ile Ser Lys Ile Thr Tyr
 85 90 95

Thr Met Ile Gly Asp Pro Ser Gln Thr Ile Thr Arg Asn Phe Asp Val
 100 105 110

Leu Asp Glu Ala Thr Gly Leu Ala Gln Arg Gly Thr Phe Ile Ile Asp
 115 120 125

Pro Asp Gly Val Val Gln Ala Ser Glu Ile Asn Ala Asp Gly Ile Gly
 130 135 140

Arg Asp Ala Ser Thr Leu Ala His Lys Ile Lys Ala Ala Gln Tyr Val
 145 150 155 160

Arg Lys Asn Pro Gly Glu Val Cys Pro Ala Lys Trp Glu Glu Gly Ala
 165 170 175

Lys Thr Leu Gln Pro Gly Leu Asp Leu Val Gly Lys Ile
 180 185

<210> SEQ ID NO 155

<211> LENGTH: 207

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Staphylococcus sp

<400> SEQUENCE: 155

Met Ala Met Ile Lys Met Ser Pro Glu Glu Leu Arg Ala Lys Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

Ser Tyr Gly Gln Gly Ser Asp Gln Ile Arg Gln Ile Leu Ser Asp Leu
 20 25 30

Thr Arg Ala Gln Gly Glu Leu Ala Ala Asn Trp Glu Gly Gln Ala Phe
 35 40 45

Ser Arg Phe Glu Glu Gln Phe Gln Gln Leu Ser Pro Lys Val Glu Lys
 50 55 60

Phe Ala Gln Leu Leu Glu Glu Ile Lys Gln Gln Leu Asn Ser Thr Ala
 65 70 75 80

Asp Ala Val Gln Glu Gln Asp Gln Gln Leu Ser Asn Asn Phe Gly Leu
 85 90 95

Gln Ala Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Met Gly Gly Tyr Lys Gly Leu Lys Ala
 100 105 110

Asp Gly Gly Lys Val Asp Gln Ala Lys Gln Leu Ala Ala Lys Thr Ala
 115 120 125

Lys Asp Ile Glu Ala Cys Gln Lys Gln Thr Gln Gln Leu Ala Glu Tyr
 130 135 140

Ile Glu Gly Ser Asp Trp Glu Gly Gln Phe Ala Asn Lys Val Lys Asp
 145 150 155 160

Val Leu Leu Leu Met Ala Lys Phe Gln Glu Glu Leu Val Gln Pro Met
 165 170 175

Ala Asp His Gln Lys Ala Ile Asp Asn Leu Ser Gln Asn Leu Ala Lys
 180 185 190

Tyr Asp Thr Leu Ser Ile Lys Gln Gly Leu Asp Arg Val Asn Pro
 195 200 205

What is claimed is:

1. A method for enhancing an immune response against a *Staphylococcus aureus* bacterium in a subject comprising:
 - (a) providing to the subject a composition comprising an isolated antibody that specifically binds to a nontoxic *Staphylococcus aureus* Protein A (SpA) epitope SpA_{KKAA}; and
 - (b) providing to the subject a staphylococcal antigen, wherein the antigen is selected from the group consisting of: FnBpA, FnBpB, LukD, LukE, LukF, SasA, SasD, SasG, SasI, SasK, SpA variant, Eap, Ebh, Emp, EsaB, EsaC, EsxA, EsxB, SdrC, SdrD, SdrE, IsdA, IsdB, ClfA, ClfB, Coa, Hla, IsdC, SasF, vWbp, and vWh;wherein the antibody enhances an immune response against a *Staphylococcus aureus* antigen.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein the antigen is present in a staphylococcal bacteria.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein the antibody is a polyclonal antibody, a monoclonal antibody, or an antibody fragment.

* * * * *