

## Supplementary Materials for Early formation of the Moon 4.51 billion years ago

Melanie Barboni, Patrick Boehnke, Brenhin Keller, Issaku Kohl, Blair Schoene, Edward D. Young,  
Kevin D. McKeegan

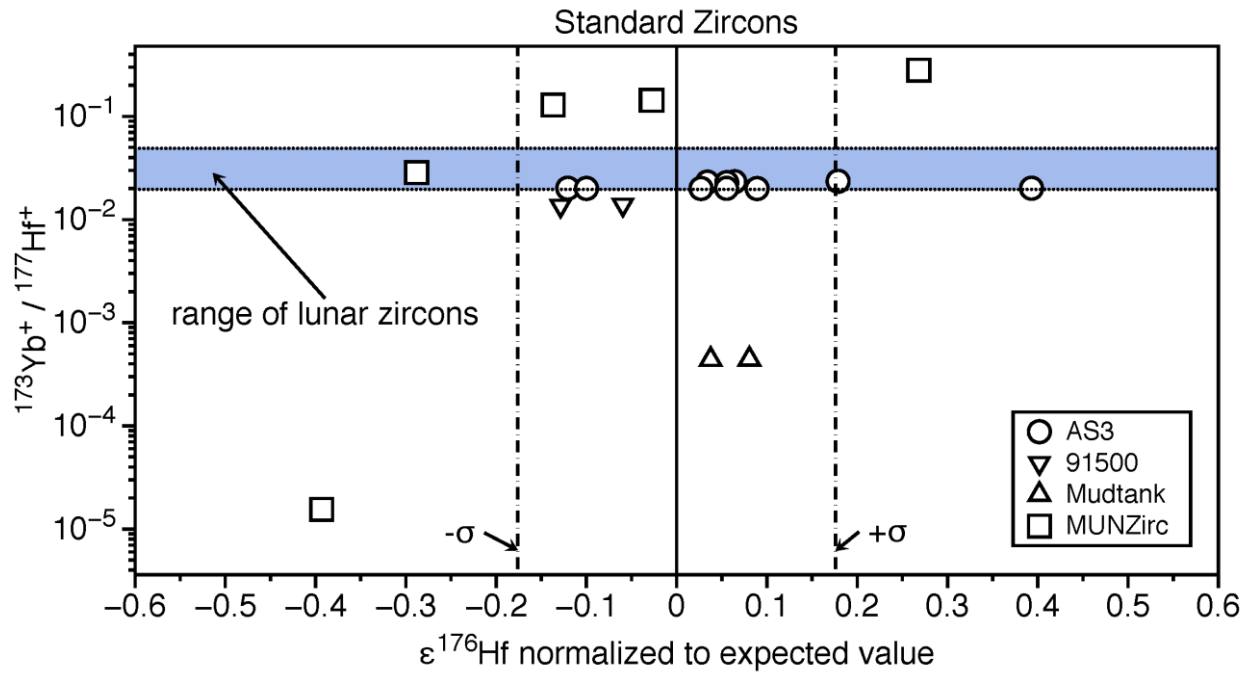
Published 11 January 2017, *Sci. Adv.* **3**, e1602365 (2017)  
DOI: 10.1126/sciadv.1602365

### The PDF file includes:

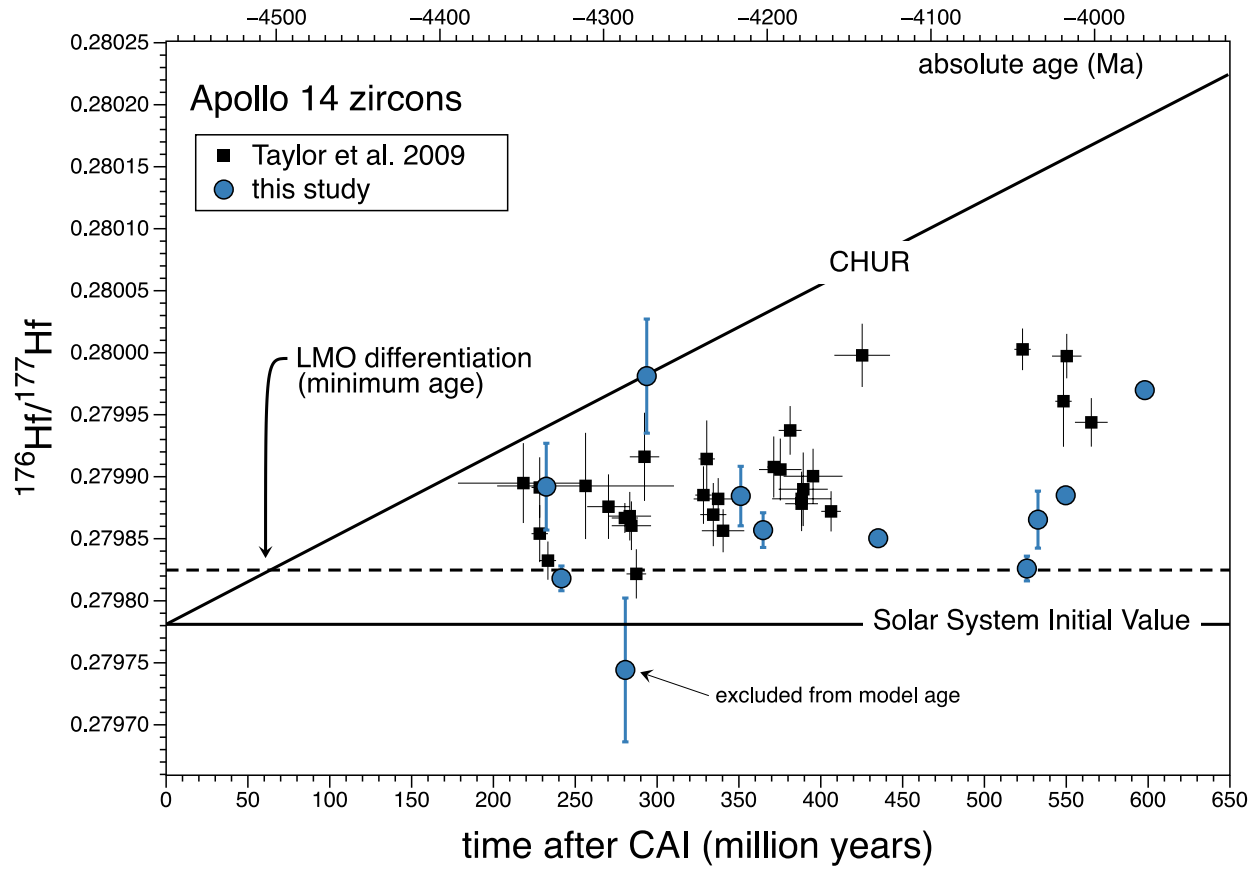
- fig. S1.  $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$  ratios normalized to the expected (present-day) value for standard zircons versus the magnitude of the peak stripping due to interfering Yb, measured as  $^{173}\text{Yb}^+/^{177}\text{Hf}^+$ .
- fig. S2. Initial  $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$  of Apollo 14 zircons versus absolute time (My) and time after the start of the solar system [calcium- and aluminum-rich inclusions (CAIs)] in millions of years.
- fig. S3. Hf model age variations depending on the  $^{176}\text{Lu}/^{177}\text{Hf}$  ratios for the source.
- fig. S4. KREEP  $^{176}\text{Lu}/^{177}\text{Hf}$  evolutions through decreasing melt percent, as given by pMELTS simulations.
- References (58, 59)

**Other Supplementary Material for this manuscript includes the following:**  
(available at [advances.sciencemag.org/cgi/content/full/3/1/e1602365/DC1](http://advances.sciencemag.org/cgi/content/full/3/1/e1602365/DC1))

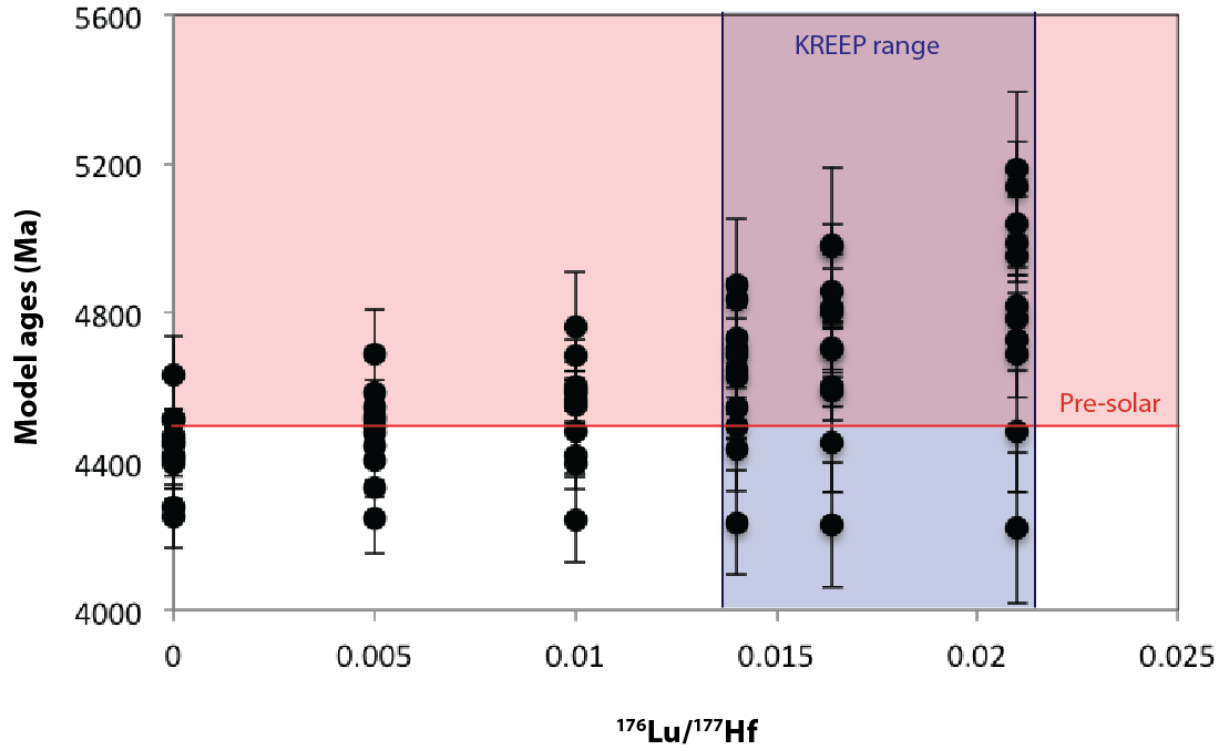
- table S1A (Microsoft Excel format). U-Pb isotopic data (zircons also measured for Hf isotope composition and used for the determination of the age of the Moon).
- table S1B (Microsoft Excel format). U-Pb isotopic data (zircons not measured for Hf isotope composition).
- table S2 (Microsoft Excel format). Tuning parameters of the coupled Cetac “Aridus II” and ThermoFinnigan Neptune MC-ICPMS.
- table S3A (Microsoft Excel format). Hf isotopic data and model age calculations for lunar zircons.
- table S3B (Microsoft Excel format). Summary of Hf isotopes measured on terrestrial standards.



**fig. S1.**  $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$  ratios normalized to the expected (present-day) value for standard zircons versus the magnitude of the peak stripping due to interfering Yb, measured as  $^{173}\text{Yb}^+ / ^{177}\text{Hf}^+$ . The  $\epsilon^{176}\text{Hf}$  values are adjusted by a constant offset of  $-0.54 \epsilon$  measured on standard analyses; one standard deviation are indicated by the dashed lines. No systematic shift in  $\epsilon^{176}\text{Hf}$  is observed for widely variable peak-stripping contributions. The range of Yb contribution for the lunar zircons analyzed here is indicated by the colored area.

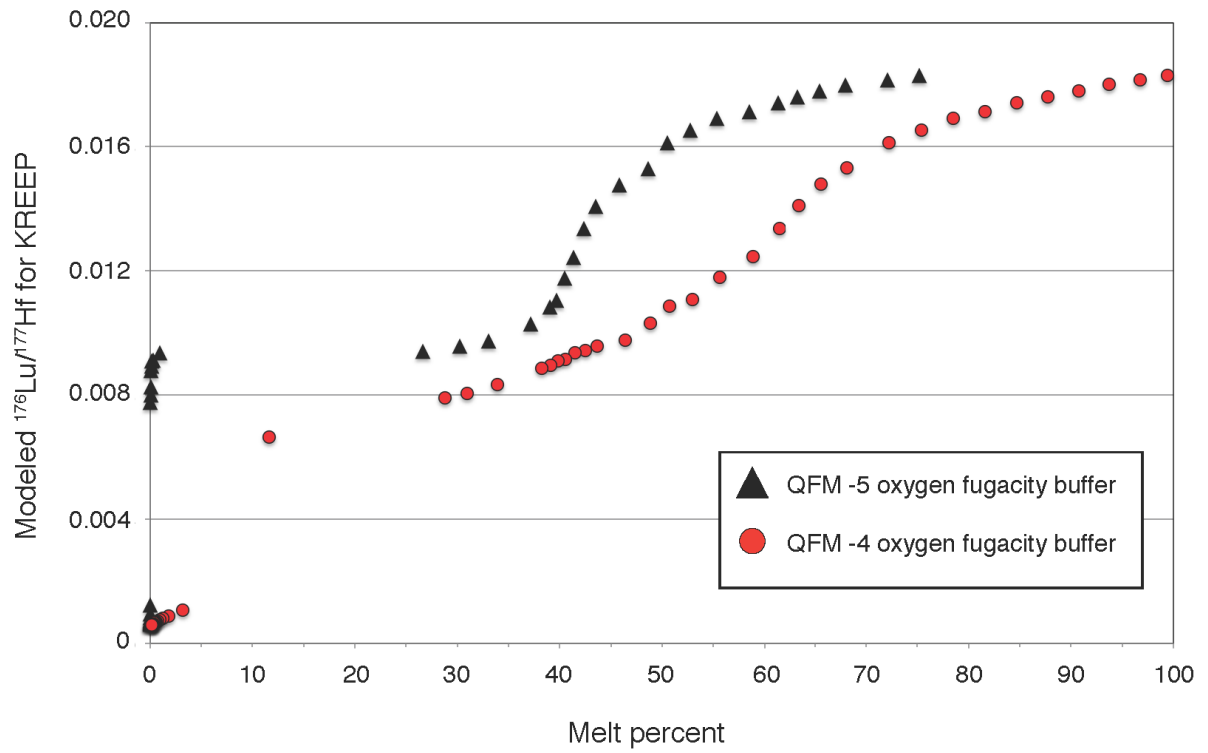


**fig. S2. Initial  $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$  of Apollo 14 zircons versus absolute time (My) and time after the start of the solar system [calcium- and aluminum-rich inclusions (CAIs)] in millions of years. Solar system initial value, the CHUR evolution line, and the Lu/Hf model age for Lu/Hf = 0 in the source magma of the zircons (dashed line) are also shown. Errors are  $1\sigma$ .**



**fig. S3. Hf model age variations depending on the  $^{176}\text{Lu}/^{177}\text{Hf}$  ratios for the source.**

Calculation made for the Apollo 14 zircons analyzed in this study using different  $^{176}\text{Lu}/^{177}\text{Hf}$  ratios for the source. KREEP range from Warren and Wasson (33) and Warren (54)



**fig. S4. KREEP  $^{176}\text{Lu}/^{177}\text{Hf}$  evolutions through decreasing melt percent, as given by pMELTS simulations.**